

THE POETICAL WORKS OF
EDMUND SPENSER

IN THREE VOLUMES

VOLUME II

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SPENSER'S FAERIE QUEENE

EDITED BY

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INTRODUCTION.

I

IN these volumes I seek to present a true text of the *Faerie Queene*, founded upon a fresh collation of the Quartos of 1590 and 1596 and the Folio of 1609. I shall call these editions by their dates for short.

The fragmentary Seventh Book appeared first in 1609; for the rest the text is based on 1596. Some typographical peculiarities—long s, &x, ô, and superscribed m and n (e.g. fr^o, wh^e)—have not been reproduced, but noted only where they first occur. With these exceptions, the readings of 1596 if not adopted in the text are recorded in the notes, so that text and notes together amount, in effect, to a complete reprint of 1596. No such completeness has been attempted in recording variants from 1590 and 1609. But all verbal differences are recorded, and all differences of punctuation that imply a different view of the meaning. Mere changes of spelling that answer to no change of pronunciation are, as a rule, ignored, but I have recorded such differences of spelling as seemed likely to interest students of Elizabethan phonology, grammar, and usage. The evidence of these variants must be used with caution in view of Spenser's deliberate archaism. Yet I believe that they have some value. I give one instance in each kind—

1. A fluid *e*-sound is indicated by the variants 'seeldome' 1590, 'seldome' 1596, 'sildom' 1609, at I iv 23, l. 5.

2. Syllabic *-es* in possessives and plurals, which still lingered in the early fifteen-nineties, has grown quite strange to the editor of 1609. To this point I shall return.

3 The conjunctions 'since' and 'sith' are used indifferently in 1590 and 1596, choice of one or other form being determined by euphony alone. But 1609 makes a deliberate, though not quite consistent, attempt to appropriate 'since' to the temporal, 'sith' to the causal sense. The attempt unfortunately did not avail to save the more primitive form.

I have departed from the punctuation of 1596 only where it seemed likely to puzzle or mislead a modern reader. These departures, which are all recorded, are not very numerous. Spenser's punctuation, though by no means sacrosanct, is less arbitrary than might at first appear, but, as Mr Gregory Smith says of the punctuation of Addison, it has a rhetorical rather than a logical value. We feel its force best when we read the poem aloud. Two peculiarities are so common that the reader may be warned of them here. One is the absence of punctuation with vocatives; the other is the single comma after qualifying phrases. With this warning I leave these peculiarities, as a rule, unchanged.

In the treatment of capitals and in the distribution of roman and italic type I have followed the same principle of adhering, wherever possible, to the original text.

I have regularized the spelling of proper names wherever the variation seemed to be due to the printer rather than the poet. And this is generally the case with double letters. But for many variations in proper names Spenser was himself responsible. He varied them sometimes for the sake of the metre, as *Serena*, *Serene*, or of the rhyme, as *Florimell*, *Florimele*. In two instances he seems actually to have wavered or changed his mind. *Braggadocchio's* name is generally spelt thus in Book II, in Books III and IV it varies, in V and VI it is regularly *Braggadochio*. So we generally find *Arthegall* in Book III, but *Artegall* regularly in Book V, 1609, however, returns to *Arthegall*.

II

Aiming not at a reprint but a true text, I have not hesitated to depart from 1596 wherever I believed it to be in error and the error the printer's. But it is no part of an editor's duty to correct, though he may indicate, mistakes made by the author himself. There are many such in the *Faerie Queene*.

(1) There are mistakes of fact, of literary allusion, of quantity in classical names, hardly to be avoided by a poet writing far from libraries.

(2) There are confusions of personages, or of names of personages, within the poem itself. Sir *Guyon* is confused with the *Redcrosse Knight* in III ii 4, and with Prince *Arthur* in II viii 48 (but not in 1609), *Æmylia* with *Pæana* in IV ix Arg., *Calepine* with *Calidore* in VI vi 17, while over *Serena* Spenser's confusion becomes comical—he calls her *Crispina* in VI iii 23,¹ and *Matilda* in VI v Arg.

(3) Some lines are hypermetrical, some are short by a foot, and there are two or three broken lines. One of these last (III iv 39, l. 7) is certainly intentional, and all may be so, the supposed example of Virgil may have influenced Spenser in this.

(4) Imperfect rhymes and concords are numerous, especially in Books IV, V, and VI.

(5) There is one form of imperfect rhyme so singular as to deserve a fuller discussion. Its nature will be best seen in an example —

‘Like two faire marble pillours they were seene,
Which doe the temple of the Gods support, (2)
Whom all the people decke with girlands greene,
And honour in their festiuall resort, (4)

¹ But this was corrected as the sheet passed through the press. See note *ad loc.* in the Critical Appendix.

Those same with stately grace, and princely port (5) '
 She taught to tread, when she her selfe would grace,
 But with the wooddie Nymphes when she did play, (7)
 Or when the flying Libbard she did chace,
 She could them nimble moue, and after fly apace '
 (II iii 28)

Here 'play' in l. 7 is rhymed to 'support', 'resort', 'port' 'sport' is the obvious correction. There are, in all, nine instances of this singularity in the *Faerie Queene*. I subjoin them all, citing the rhyme-words only: the number following each word shows the line that it ends —

- 1 day (2), dismay (4), way (5), chace (7) (II ii 7)
- 2 make (6), bold (8), told (9) (II ii 42)
- 3 support (2), resort (4), port (5), play (7) (II iii 28)
- 4 leaue (2), cleaue (4), hereaue (5), vpreaue (7)
 (II viii 29)
- 5 spyde (6), law (8), draw (9) (III vi 40)
- 6 enclose (2), plaine (4), Maine (5), complaine (7)
 (III vii 34)
- 7 times (6), equipage (8), parentage (9) (IV xi 17)
- 8 place (2), aread (4), dread (5), read (7) (V Proem 11)
- 9 desyre (2), entyre (4), yie (5), meed (7) (V xi 61)

In every case the correction is obvious. 'chace' should be 'pray' (i.e. prey), 'make', 'hold', 'play', 'sport', 'vpreare', 'vpheau', 'spyde', 'saw', 'enclose', 'containe', 'times', 'age', 'place', 'stead' (as in 1609), 'meed', 'hyre'. The phenomenon may now be described in general terms: in these nine places Spenser substitutes for a rhyming word a metrically equivalent synonym which does not rhyme. Our analysis shows further that, the rhyme-scheme of the Spenserian stanza being *ababbcbcc*, this substitution occurs only in the first or last of the *b*-group, or in the first of the *c*-group. It seems as if, borne along on the swell of his

metre and the easy flow of his imagination, two words identical in sense and metre but different in sound rose to the poet's mind almost simultaneously, and the one which he meant to reject slipped nevertheless from his pen, having been (we infer) the first to occur. This explains why this phenomenon always occurs either in the first word of a rhyme-group, where the rhyme is still undetermined, or, if in the last, then only in the last of the *b*-group, where the ear has already been satisfied with as many as three rhymes, and why it never occurs in the *a*-group, where two rhymeless endings would at once have alarmed the ear. I have dwelt on this phenomenon at some length because it is, so far as I know, peculiar to Spenser.¹

(6) I must glance at another, though a rare, source of error. Our sage and serious Spenser was a thoughtful, even a philosophic writer, but his thought is large, simple, contemplative, not acute and analytic. When he has to deal with a subtle or complex situation he sometimes involves himself inextricably. If any lover of Spenser resent this judgement, let him apply his devotion to explain or emend II v 12, ll 8 and 9, V vi 5, ll 6 and 7, V vi 26, ll 5 and 6 to me these passages appear incorrigible.

III

The first mention of the *Faerie Queene* occurs in a letter of Spenser's to Gabriel Harvey, dated *Quarto Nonas Aprilis* 1580. 'I wil in hande forthwith,' he writes, 'with my *Faery Queene*, whyche I praye you hartly send me with al expedition and your frendly Letteis, and long expected

¹ The peculiarity consists not in the occasional occurrence of a rhymeless line—a thing that can easily be paralleled from Shelley or any poet of equal fluency—but in the fact that the right word is in every case so obvious that we cannot but believe it to have been in Spenser's mind.

Judgement wythal' 'I haue nowe sent hir home at the laste,' writes Harvey in reply. These phrases show that the parcel of the *Faerie Queene* had been in Harvey's hands for some considerable time. The poem must therefore have been begun not later than 1579. Now in 1579 Spenser was an inmate of Leicester House, and the constant associate of Sir Philip Sidney. There is therefore no reason to doubt the assertion of W. L. in his commendatory verses that by Sidney the poem was originally inspired.

Harvey's long-expected judgement, when it came, was far from favourable. But the poet was, not discouraged, and doubtless took the manuscript with him when he went to Ireland with Lord Grey in August, 1580. Though he afterwards spoke of the poem as 'wilde fruit which salvage soyl hath bried', there is some reason to think that he had actually written as much as a book and a half before he left England. For though allusions to Ireland are not rare in the *Faerie Queene*, the first of them occurs in II ix 16.¹ Moreover, the industry of commentators has discovered in Book I only one imitation of Tasso's *Gierusalemme Liberata*,

¹ This argument loses some of its weight from the likelihood that Spenser had been in Ireland before 1580. In his *View of the Present State of Ireland*, Irenæus, who is Spenser's mouthpiece, speaks of himself as an eyewitness of the execution of Muriogh O'Brien, which took place at Limerick in July, 1577. The statement, of course, is not conclusive, as it would be if made in Spenser's own person. Yet Spenser's account of this hideous incident has the stamp of personal observation, and, taken with the evidence of Phillips's *Theatrum Poetarum Anglicorum*, points to the conclusion that in 1577 Spenser had been sent to Ireland by Leicester with letters to Sir Henry Sidney. His visit, however, must have been brief, and may well have left no trace in his poetry.

Upton believed that the *Ruddymane* episode in II ix referred to the O'Neills, whose badge was a bloody hand (v the *View of the Present State of Ireland*). If there be anything in this, it makes against the view that a book and a half had been written by August, 1580, for Spenser is not likely to have known the O'Neill 'badge' till he settled in Ireland.

and that doubtful¹ (I vii 31), undoubted imitations begin to appear in II v, vi, vii, viii, and II xii blazes with spoils from the Garden of Almida. Now the *Gierusalemme Liberata* was published in 1581, an imperfect edition had been issued surreptitiously in 1580.

Our next glimpse of the *Faerie Queene* we owe to Lodovick Bryskett, whose *Discourse of Civill Life*, though not published till 1606, purports to record a conversation held in his cottage near Dublin as early, it would seem, as the spring of 1583. Spenser is one of the interlocutors. He is made to say that he has already undertaken a work 'which is in *heroical verse* under the title of a *Faerie Queene*', which work he has 'already well entered into'. The company express an 'extreme longing' after this *Faerie Queene*, 'whereof some parcels had been by some of them seene'.

Parcels of the *Faerie Queene* had been seen, it appears, not only by Spenser's friends in Dublin, but by his literary contemporaries in London. I v 2 is imitated in Peele's *David and Bethsabe* (date unknown, but probably before 1590). I vii 32 and I viii 11 are imitated in Act IV, Sc 4 and Act IV, Sc 3 respectively of the second part of Marlowe's *Tamburlaine* (published 1590, but acted some years earlier). Finally, Abraham Fraunce in his *Arcadian Rhetorike* (1588) quotes Spenser 'in his *Faerie Queene*, 2 booke, cant 4'. Fraunce's quotation is the more interesting inasmuch as it shows that by 1588 the *F* *Q* had not only been composed, but disposed into its present arrangement of

¹ The passage in Tasso (*G L* 12. 25) is itself an imitation of Virgil, *Aen* vii 785. Yet the 'grecie pawes' and 'golden wings' of Spenser's picture seem due to Tasso's 'Sù le /impe s'alza, e l'ali spande'.

Both these arguments, then, are indecisive, and in the absence of decisive proof I find it hard to believe that Harvey, who though a pedant was no fool, can have seen anything like the whole of Book I without recognizing its superlative merits.

² Fraunce's book was licensed on June 11

books and cantos so far at least as II iv. It is worth remarking that all these imitations of and quotations from *F Q* before it was published are from that part of the poem which we have seen some reason to think was written before Spenser left England. Allusions in the poem shed no certain light on the progress of its composition.

There is no reason to suppose that Spenser composed the whole of the *F Q* in the order in which he gave it to the world. It is more likely that he worked up many incidents and episodes as they occurred to him, and afterwards placed them in the poem. We know that the *Wedding of Thames and Medway*, which now forms IV xi, is a redaction of an *Epithalamium Thamesis* which he originally undertook as an experiment in quantitative metre before April, 1580. And it seems probable that the *Legendes* and *Court of Cupid* mentioned by E. K. in his preface to the *Shepheards Calender*, as well as the *Pageaunts*¹ mentioned in the Glosse on *June*, were similarly worked over and incorporated in the *F Q*.

Combining these pieces of evidence, we receive the impression that for some time after he came to Ireland Spenser worked but intermittently on the *F Q*, resuming the regular composition and arrangement of the poem about the time when he ceased to reside in Dublin.² By 1588—the date of Fraunce's quotation—he may have already been settled at Kilcolman. There, at least, Raleigh found him in 1589, and was shown the poem, with the result that in the autumn of that year Spenser accompanied Raleigh to London, and set about the publication of Books I–III.

¹ From these *Pageaunts* E. K. quotes a line

‘An hundred Graces on her eyelidde sate,’

which appears, slightly altered, in *F Q* II iii 25.

² The ‘fennes of Allan’ (II ix 16) would be near New Abbey in Co. Kildare, where Spenser seems to have occasionally resided in the years 1582–4.

The volume was licensed to William Ponsonby on Dec 1, 1589. Spenser's explanatory letter to Raleigh bears date Jan 23, 1589 (i.e. 1590 N.S.). In the course of 1590, but not before March 25, the volume was published. The printing shows some signs of haste, there is a long list of errata or 'Faults Escaped in the Print'. This list, though not itself faultless, is of paramount authority in determining the text of Books I-III, it is cited in the notes as *F E*.

In 1591 Spenser returned to Ireland, a disappointed man. I fear that Buileigh had taken occasion of the Milesian tone of certain episodes in Book III to stir the ashes of an old resentment. The second part of *F Q* begins and ends with complaints of misconstruction by that 'mighty Pere'. But once back at Kilcolman he resumed his task. At first the stream of poetry flows languidly. The fable rambles, dispersing its force in many channels, like a river choked with sand, the verse flags, the play of alliteration is fitful, and Spenser essays a new, but to my ear an unhappy, variation in the form of a feminine ending¹. But presently he gathers strength again under some new influence, which one would fain associate with his courtship of Elizabeth Boyle. The treatment of *Britomart* in Book V has strong, dramatic touches beyond anything in the earlier books, and in the lovely pastoral episodes of Book VI the poet lives once more in Arcadia. But positive indications of date are very rare. Book V Canto xi must be later than July 25, 1593, when Henri IV heard that mass which was the price of Paris. The singular dislocation of the Argument to Canto xii—half of which refers to the incidents of Canto xi—suggests that this *Burbon* episode was an afterthought, that it was inserted after Book V had been disposed into Cantos, and that Spenser meant it to form part of Canto xii. On the ordinary interpretation

¹ In the whole of Books I-III there is only one feminine ending, viz. in II ix 47. In Books IV-VI such endings abound.

of the *Amoretti*,¹ all these books were finished before, but not long before, his wedding on June 11, 1594 (v. *Sonnet* 80), and on any interpretation they must have been finished by 1595, when Sir Robert Needham brought the manuscript of the *Amoretti* to London. Yet Spenser may have added and retouched up to the date of publication. For, in spite of *Sonnet* 80, I have fancied that when he wrote certain descriptions in Books V and VI Spenser was not only a husband but a father. See especially V v 53 (simile of the nurse and infant), V vi 14 (the child crying in the night), VI iv 18, 23, 24 (*Calepine's* treatment of the foundling, which should be compared with *Guyon's* behaviour in a similar situation, II ii 1), also VI iv 37, particularly line 8. Now Spenser's eldest child was born in 1595. This may be fanciful. What is certain is that towards the close of 1595 Spenser followed Needham to London with the manuscript of the second part of *F. Q.* It was licensed to Ponsonby on Jan. 20, 1596, and published by autumn of that year. James VI took offence at the treatment of *Duessa*, and had to be appeased by the English Ambassador, whose letter detailing the incident is dated Nov. 12, 1596. The new edition was in two volumes, the first being a reprint, with alterations, of 1590.

Late in 1596, or early in 1597, Spenser returned to Ireland. In 1598 Tyrone's rebellion broke out. In October the rebels attacked and burned Kilcolman Castle. Spenser fled to Cork, whence in December he made his way to London, and there, on Jan. 16, 1599, he died. Ten years after his death a folio edition of *F. Q.* was published by Mathew Lownes, which added to the six books already published two Cantos of *Mutabiline*, 'which, both for Forme

¹ 'On the ordinary interpretation,' I say, for an attempt has recently been made (*Mod. Lang. Rev.* 1908) to prove that the lady of the *Amoretti* and the 'country lasse' of *F. Q.* VI was not Elizabeth Boyle, but Lady Elizabeth Carey.

and Matter, appeare to be parcell of some following Booke of the *Faerie Queene*, vnder the Legend of *Constance*' These two cantos, with two stanzas of a third, are all that remain of the third part of *F Q* Whether Spenser wrote more is unknown But the fact that the two cantos are numbered vi and vii makes it fairly certain that he had at least sketched the whole Seventh Book. I cannot accept the view that these two cantos are an independent poem, in the sense that they were not designed to form part of *F Q* The lines (VII vi 37)—

'And, were it not fit fitting for this file,

To sing of hilles and woods, mongst waries and Knights'—show clearly that they were so designed That they may have been written independently, in the sense in which the *Wedding of Thames and Medway* was written independently, I am not concerned to deny The view that these cantos are spurious is unworthy of serious discussion If they are spurious, there must have been living in 1609 an unknown poet who could write the Spenserian style and stanza as well as Spenser at his best For there is nothing of its kind in *F Q* superior to the pageant¹ of the months and seasons, and no one who really knows Spenser can doubt that the two stanzas which alone remain of the 'vnperfite' eighth canto came from his heart

IV

The chief critical problem that confronts an editor of *F Q* concerns the text of Books I–III Should the text of these books be based on 1590 or on 1596? I have chosen the latter And I have done so, in the main, for a quite general

¹ The occurrence of feminine endings makes it very unlikely that this was among the *Pageants* mentioned by E K The greater part of the *Mutabilitie* cantos was certainly written in Ireland, probably in 1597–8

reason 1596 was produced under Spenser's eye and by his authority That authority must be held to cover both volumes, not the second only Behind this we cannot go The case is quite different with the later quartos of the *Shepherds Calender*, which were produced in Spenser's absence

This general position is confirmed by a minute comparison of 1590 and 1596 To take the more massive changes first in 1596 Spenser completely remodelled the conclusion of Book III Instead of bringing *Scudamour* and *Amoret* together, as in 1590, he left them still parted, hoping thus to prolong the interest of their story into Book IV, and so to form a link between the two volumes, which he desired to be read as one continuous poem For this he sacrificed five glorious stanzas, one of them the most rapturous that he ever wrote The three stanzas which he substituted are far inferior, as he must have known, but they served his purpose He also added a new stanza at I vi 3 He rewrote single lines, in the interests of sound or sense, he altered single words or phrases, and he made—what is even more significant—several minute changes of order designed to improve the rhythm Let me add that most of these changes are more happily inspired than the second-thoughts of poets have sometimes been

I hasten to make two admissions The first volume of 1596 was not reset afresh from Spenser's manuscript It was printed from a copy of 1590 In the nature of the case, while it escapes some of the blunders of its original, it reproduces others, and perpetrates some new Nor did Spenser do more than glance at the proof The 1596 volumes, as we have seen, were printed rapidly, the poet was busy,¹ and such time as he had for proof-reading was

¹ The scene of the dialogue on the *Present State of Ireland* is laid in England, so that, unless this is a mere literary device, the tract must have been written, or at least begun, during this visit in 1596

given to the new books I infer that the alterations which he made in 1590 were made not on the proof, but on the copy. In no other way can we account for that combination of author's corrections with printer's errors which marks the first volume of 1596. And this conclusion is strengthened by another consideration. It is one of the worst faults of 1596 that it so often ignores *F E*. But the significance of the fault has been overlooked. Making corrections on the copy, Spenser did not trouble himself about errors that he had already noted in *F E*, had he made his corrections on the proof, they could not have escaped him.

I believe this to be a true account of the relations of these two texts. But when all is said there remain many places where we cannot pronounce on mere inspection whether an alteration is the author's or the printer's, but must be guided by a calculation of probabilities, inclining (e.g.) to the author where there is clear evidence of his hand in the neighbourhood of the vexed passage, to the printer where the *ductus litterarum* in both readings is suspiciously alike. The most important of these places are discussed in the Critical Appendix to Vol. III.

Has 1609 any independent authority? In the main a reprint of 1596, it is certainly a respectable piece of work, in punctuation especially far more logical and consistent than either of the quartos. The editor seldom fails to show exactly how he understands his text. Our respect for 1609 would be enhanced if we could believe that the editor was Gabriel Harvey, as Todd at one time fancied. But that notion is untenable, and Todd himself abandoned it. We may go further: the editor of 1609 did not belong to the generation of Harvey and Spenser. For this conclusion I will adduce only one piece of evidence, but it is decisive. In the last decade of the sixteenth century syllabic *-es* in possessives and plurals still lingered even in verse not deliberately

archaic But it was strange to the editor of 1609 Sometimes he remarks it, and signalizes his discovery by printing it *-ez*, as 'woundez', 'beastez', 'clothez' Sometimes he fails to remark it, and fills up the syllable by conjecture thus 'Nights children' becomes 'Nights diad childien' (I v 23), 'th'Earthes gloomy shade' becomes 'the Earthes gloomy shade' (III x 46) He seems, moreover, to have made little or no use of 1590 When, as sometimes happens, a word has been dropped in 1596, he emends by conjecture thus at I ii 29 —

'For the coole shade him thither hastily got' 1590,

'For the coole shade thither hastily got' 1596,

'For the coole shadow thither hast'ly got' 1609

Cf also III ix 13, l 9, III xi 26, l 7, &c The few instances in which 1590 and 1609 agree as against 1596 may fairly be set down to coincidence

Yet I am disposed to assign some independent authority to 1609¹ The grounds for this view are slight, and may be stated in full —

(1) At I x 20, l 5, 1609 adds the missing line, 'Dy-shod to passe, she parts the fouds in tway'

(2) At II viii 48, l 8, it corrects 'Sir Guyon' to 'Prince Arthur'

(3) At III iii 50, l 9, it completes the imperfect Alexandrine by adding 'as earst'

(4) At III vi 45, l 4, it adds a broken line, 'And dearest loue,' to an eight-line stanza

(5) At IV xii 13, ll 1, 2, 1596 reads —

'Thus whilst his stony heart with tender ruth

Was toucht, and mighty courage mollifide',

¹ No such authority, I think, belongs to the 'Second Folio', though it sometimes corrects printer's errors In the Critical Appendix I have cited some of its characteristic variants in support of this view

1609 reads —

‘Thus whilst his stony heart was toucht with tender ruth,
And mighty courage something mollifide’

(6) At V Proem 11, l 2, it reads ‘stead’ for the non-rhyming ‘place’

Of these changes, (2) and (3) are not beyond the capacity of an ordinary editor, yet it is worth noting that 1609 does not correct other confusions of names almost as obvious as (2). Even the missing line (1), Spenserian as it sounds, might conceivably be editorial. But to add a *broken* line, like (4), seems to me a touch beyond an editor. And (5) is most easily explained by supposing that Spenser altered the text, meaning to omit ‘tender’, but left that word standing. (6) is an instance of a phenomenon that has already been discussed. The significant point is that this is the only instance of that phenomenon which is corrected in 1609. An editor who corrected one of these mistakes might be expected to correct others, but the author who perpetrated these non-rhymes would more easily overlook them.

The addition of the *Mutabiline* cantos in 1609 must be allowed to create a prejudice in favour of the view for which I argue. The editor who recovered so much of Spenser’s manuscript may have recovered more parcels of *F Q*, as we have seen, were handed about in London in Spenser’s absence. Or—and the form of the variants at IV xii 13 makes this the more probable hypothesis—the editor of 1609 may have had a copy of 1596 with some corrections by the author. Finally, it is not impossible that these corrections were actually embodied in exemplars of 1596 which no longer survive. Elizabethan writers were in the habit of correcting sheets as they passed through the press. In *F Q* itself I have noted more than a score of places in which the readings of the copies used for this

edition differ from those of other copies in the Bodleian or the British Museum, or of copies used by previous editors, and the notes of Church, Upton, and Todd show that they had seen copies which differ in minute points from any now available. As the sheets were probably bound indiscriminately, it is possible that no two exemplars exactly correspond. The charges of careless collation freely bandied among Spenser's editors are sometimes due to this cause

It remains for me to acknowledge with gratitude the unwearied help that I have received in preparing this edition, first, from my wife, who read 1609 with me twice, next, from my friend Dr Soutar,* of University College, Dundee, who revised the difficult proofs of Books I-III, last, from an unknown coadjutor, Mr Ostler of the Clarendon Press, to whose skill and vigilance above all I owe whatever measure of accuracy has been secured. An edition like this has little claim to any higher virtue, yet perfect accuracy, even, is too much to hope for in the reproduction, by ordinary typography, of the original spelling and punctuation of a poem which runs to more than 35,000 lines. In the Critical Appendix I have called attention to one or two places in which I have noted what now seem to me to be errors, or on which I have changed my mind since the sheets were printed.

I have also to thank Sir James Murray, Dr Bradley, and Dr Craigie for information on points of lexicography, and Mr Charles Cannan for the protracted loan of his copy of the first folio.

J. C. SMITH

ST. ANDREWS,
September, 1909

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL NOTE

Of the copies collated for this edition, three are in the Bodleian, viz —

- (1) Malone 615, Books I-III, 1590
- (2) Malone 616, Books IV-VI, 1596
- (3) 4^o Art Seld S 22, Books I-VI, 1596 (collated for Books I-III)

For 1609 I have used (4) a copy belonging to Mr Charles Cannan

The following copies, though not collated *verbatim*, have been examined for variants —

- (5) Malone 7, 1609
- (6) M 4 5 Art { Books I-III, 1611
Books IV-VII, 1612 } in the Bodleian
- (7) Douce S 817 { Books I-III, 1609
Books IV-VII, 1613 }

- (8) G 11535, 6 { Books I-III, 1590
Books IV-VI, 1596 }
 - (9) C 12 h 17, 18 { Books I-III, 1590
Books IV-VI, 1596 }
 - (10) 686 g 21, 22, 1596
 - (11) G 11537, 1596
 - (12) C 57 f 6, 1609
 - (13) 78 g 13 { Books I-III, 1609
Books IV-VII, 1613 }
 - (14) 79 h 23 { Books I-III, 1611
Books IV-VII, 1613 }
- } in the British Museum

The bibliographical note on Spenser in the *Dictionary of National Biography* appears to ignore 4^o Art Seld S 22

The 1590, 1596, 1609 editions of *F Q* have been described already. In 1611 Lowndes (the publisher of the 1609 *F Q*) set about a complete edition of Spenser's poems. But having on hand unsold copies of 1609, he incorporated parts of these under the new title page¹. This has happened to (6), the first part of which is identical with 1609, except for the title-page and dedication. The genuine 1611 edition of *F Q* I-III is represented by

¹ From a MS. note of Malone's I learn that Ponsonby had played the same trick in 1596, and even of the 1617 folio Church avers that some copies are made up with sheets of the old 1611

the first part of (14) The second part of (6), bearing date 1612 has been reset it is identical with the second parts of (7), (13) (14) which bear date 1613 No 1611 edition of *F Q* IV-VII is known to me But in the footnotes I have followed the custom of citing this 'Second Folio' as 1611 except where readings not found by me in editions prior to 1612-13 have been attributed to 1609 by previous editors, misled perhaps by the omission from the British Museum catalogue of the second title to (13) In the Critical Appendix on Books IV-VII I cite this Second Folio (for these Books) as 16(11)-12-13

Subsequent editions of Spenser's works —The folios of 1617 1679 (the latter said to have been overseen by Dryden), ed J Hughes, 1715 H J Todd, 1805, F J Child, 1855, J P Collier, 1862, R Morris, 1869, A B Grosart, 1882-4

Separate editions of *Faerie Queene* —ed J Upton, 1758, R Church, 1758-9, Kate M Warren, 1897-1900

Commentaries —*Remarks on Spenser's Poems*, by J Jortin, 1734

Observations on the Faerie Queene, by T Warton, 1754

[For the matter of this note I am largely indebted to Mr Ostler and Mr Percy Simpson]

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THE FAERIE QVEENE

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THE FAERIE QVEENE

Disposed into twelue bookes,

Fashioning

XII Morall vertues



LONDON

Printed for VVilliam Ponfonbie

1596.



TO
THE MOST HIGH,
MIGHTIE
And
MAGNIFICENT
EMPRESSE RENOVV-
MED FOR PIETIE, VER-
TVE, AND ALL GRATIOVS
GOVERNMENT ELIZABETH BY
THE GRACE OF GOD QYEENE
OF ENGLAND' FRAVNCE AND
IRELAND AND OF VIRGI-
NIA, DEFENDOVR OF THE
FAITH, &c . HER MOST
HVMBLE SERVAVNT
EDMVND SPENSER
DOTH IN ALL HV-
MILITIE DEDI-
CATE, PRE-
SENT
AND CONSECRATE THESE
HIS LABOVS TO LIVE
VVITH THE ETERNI-
TIE OF HER
FAME



THE FIRST
BOOKE OF THE
FAERIE QVEENE

Contayning

THE LEGENDE OF THE
KNIGHT OF THE RED CROSSE,

OR

OF HOLINESSE

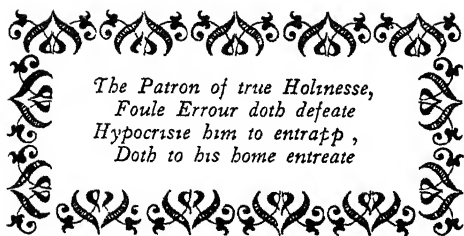
LO I the man, whose Muse whilome did maske,
As time her taught, in lowly Shepheards weeds,
Am now enforst a far vnfitter taske,
For trumpets sterne to chaunge mine Oaten reeds,
And sing of Knights and Ladies gentle deeds,
Whose prayes hauing slept in silence long,
Me, all too meane, the sacred Muse areeds
To blazon broad amongst her learned throng
Fierce warres and faithfull loues shall moralize my song

Helpe then, O holy Virgin chiefe of nine, 11
Thy weaker Nouice to performe thy will,
Lay forth out of thine euerlasting scryne
The antique rolles, which there lye hidden still,
Of Faerie knights and fairest *Tanaquill*,
Whom that most noble Briton Prince so long
Sought through the world, and suffered so much ill,
That I must rue his vnderued wrong
O helpe thou my weake wit, and sharpen my dull tong

1 2 taught 1596 8 'broad, amongst 1609 11 1 O] 8 1596, 1609 *passim*

And thou most dreaded impe of highest *Ioue*, iii
 Faire *Venus* sonne, that with thy cruell dart
 At that good knight so cunningly didst ioue,
 That glorious fire it kindled in his hart,
 •Lay now thy deadly Heben bow apart,
 And with thy mother milde come to mine ayde
 Come both, and with you bring triumphant *Mart*,
 In loues and gentle iollities arrayd,
 After his murdrous spoiles and bloudy rage allayd
 And with them eke, O Goddesses heauenly bright, iv
 Mirrour of grace and Maestie diuine,
 Great Lady of the greatest Isle, whose light
 Like *Phæbus* lampe throughout the world doth shine,
 Shed thy faire beames into my feeble eyne,
 And raise my thoughts too humble and too vile,
 To thinke of that true glorious type of thine,
 The argument of mine afflicted stile
 The which to heare, vouchsafe, O dearest dred a-while

Canto I.



A Gentle Knight was pricking on the plaine,
 Y cladd in mightie armes and siluer shielde,
 Wherein old dints of deepe wounds did remaine,
 The cruell markes of many' a bloudy felde,
 Yet armes till that time did he neuer wield
 } His angry steede did chide his foming bitt,
 } As much disdayning to the curbe to yield
 Full iolly knight he seemd, and faire did sitt,
 As one for knightly giusts and fiece encounters fitt

i

But on his brest a bloudie Crosse he boie,
 The deare remembrance of his dying Lord,
 For whose sweete sake that glorious badge he wore,
 And dead as liuing euer him ador'd
 Vpon his shield the like was also scor'd,
 For soueraine hope, which in his helpe he had
 Right faithfull true he was in deede and word,
 But of his cheere did seeme too solemne sad,
 Yet nothing did he dread, but euer was ydrad

ii

Vpon a great aduenture he was bond,
 That greatest *Gloriana* to him gaue,
 That greatest Glorious Queene of *Faerie* lond,
 To winne him worship, and her grace to haue,
 Which of all earthly things he most did craue,
 And euer as he rode, his hart did earne
 To proue his puissance in battell braue
 Vpon his foe, and his new force to learne,
 Vpon his foe, a Dragon horrible and stearne

Arg 3 *entrape* 1596 *entrap* 1609 1 4 bloody 1590 *passim*
 11 1 But] And 1590

A louely Ladie rode him faire beside, iv
 Vpon a lowly Asse more white then snow,
 Yet she much whiter, but the same did hide
 Vnder a vele, that wimpled was full low,
 And ouer all a blacke stole she did throw,
 As one that inly mournd so was she sad,
 And heaure sat vpon her palfrey slow
 Seemed in heart some hidden care she had,
 And by her in a line a milke white lambe she lad
 So pure an innocent, as that same lambe, v
 She was in life and euery vertuous lore,
 And by descent from Royall lynage came
 Of ancient Kings and Queenes, that had of yore
 Their scepters stretcht from East to Western shore,
 And all the world in their subiection held,
 Till that infernall feend with foule vprore
 Forwasted all their land, and them expeld
 Whom to auenge, she had this Knight from far compeld
 Behind her faire away a Dwarfe did lag, vi
 That lasie seemd in being euer last,
 Or wearied with bearing of her bag
 Of needments at his backe Thus as they past,
 The day with cloudes was suddaine ouercast,
 And angry *Ioue* an hideous storme of raine
 Did poure into his Lemans lap so fast,
 That euery wight to shrowd it did constrain,
 And this faire couple eke to shroud themselues were fain
 Enforst to seeke some couert nigh at hand, vii
 A shadie groue not far away they spide,
 That promist ayde the tempest to withstand
 Whose loftie trees yclad with sommers pride,
 Did spred so broad, that heauens light did hide,
 Not perceable with power of any starre
 And all within were pathes and alleies wide,
 With footing worne, and leading inward farre
 Faire harbour that them seemes, so in they entred arre

iv 7 sat] sate 1590
 9 cōpeld 1590, 1596 *passim*

v i and innocent 1590 an Innocent 1609

And forth they passe, with pleasure forward led,
 Ioying to heare the birdes sweete harmony,
 Which therein shrouded from the tempest dred,
 Seemd in their song to scorne the cruell sky
 Much can they prayse the trees so straight and hy,
 The sayling Pine, the Cedar proud and tall,
 The vine-prop Elme, the Poplar neuer dry,
 The builder Oake, sole king of Forrests all,
 The Aspine good for staues, the Cypresse funerall
 The Laurell, meed of mightie Conquerours
 And Poets sage, the Firre that weepeth still,
 The Willow worne of forlorne Paramours,
 The Eugh obedient to the benders will,
 The Birch for shaftes, the Sallow for the mill,
 The Mirrhe sweete bleeding in the bitter wound,
 The warlike Beech, the Ash for nothing ill,
 The fruitfull Oliue, and the Platane round,
 The caruer Holme, the Maple seeldom inward sound
 Led with delight, they thus beguile the way,
 Vntill the blustering storme is ouerblowne ,
 When weening to returne, whence they did stray,
 They cannot finde that path, which first was showne,
 But wander too and fro in wayes vnknowne,
 Furthest from end then, when they neerest weene,
 That makes them doubt, their wits be not their owne
 So many pathes, so many turnings seene,
 That which of them to take, in diuerse doubt they been
 At last resolving forward still to fare,
 Till that some end they finde or in or out,
 That path they take, that beaten seemd most bare,
 And like to lead the labyrinth about ,
 Which when by tract they hunted had throughout,
 At length it brought them to a hollow caue,
 Amid the thickest woods The Champion stout
 Eftsoones dismounted from his courser braue,
 And to the Dwarf e a while his needlesse spere he gaue

viii

ix

x

x

viii 3 tempests 1609

ix 6 sweet, 1609
x 4 They] The 15969 sildom 1609 *passim*

Be well aware, quoth then that Ladie milde, xii
 Least suddaine mischiefe ye too rash prouoke
 The danger hid, the place vnknowne and wilde,
 Breedes dreadfull doubts Oft fire is without smoke,
 And perill without show therefore your stroke
 Sir knight with-hold, till further triall made
 Ah Ladie (said he) shame were to reuoke
 The forward footing for an hidden shade
 Vertue giues her selfe light, through darkenesse for to wade
 Yea but (quoth she) the perill of this place xiii
 I better wot then you, though now too late
 To wish you backe returne with foule disgrace,
 Yet wisdomes warnes, whilst foot is in the gate,
 To stay the steppe, ere forced to retrate
 This is the wandring wood, this *Errours den*,
 A monster vile, whom God and man does hate
 Therefore I read beware Fly fly (quoth then
 The fearefull Dwarfe) this is no place for liuing men
 But full of fire and greedy hardiment, xiv
 The youthfull knight could not for ought be staide,
 But forth vnto the darksome hole he went,
 And looked in his glistring armor made
 A litle glooming light, much like a shade,
 By which he saw the vgly monster plaine,
 Halfe like a serpent horribly displaide,
 But th'other halfe did womans shape retaine,
 Most lothsom, filthie, foule, and full of vile disdain
 And as she lay vpon the durtie ground, xv
 Her huge long taile her den all ouerspred,
 Yet was in knots and many boughtes vpwound,
 Pointed with mortall sting Of her there bred
 A thousand yong ones, which she dayly fed,
 Sucking vpon her poisonous dugs, eachone
 Of sundry shapes, yet all ill fauored
 Soone as that vncouth light vpon them shone,
 Into her mouth they crept, and suddain all were gone

xii 5 your hardy stroke 1590 8c 1011 F L

xiii 2 late, 1596

xv 6 poisonous 1590

Their dam vpstart, out of her den effraide,
 And rushed forth, hurling her hideous taile xvi
 About her cursed head, whose folds displaid
 Were stretcht now forth at length without entraile
 She lookt about, and seeing one in mayle
 Armed to point, sought backe to turne againe,
 For light she hated as the deadly bale,
 Ay wont in desert daiknesse to remaine,
 Where plaine none might her see, nor she see any plaine
 Which when the valiant Elfe perceiu'd, he leapt xvii
 As Lyon fierce vpon the flying pray,
 And with his trenchand blade her boldly kept
 From turning backe, and forced her to stay
 Therewith enrag'd she loudly gan to bray,
 And turning fierce, her speckled taile aduaunst,
 Threatning her angry sting, him to dismay
 Who nought aghast, his mightie hand enhaunst
 The stroke down from her head vnto hei shoulder glaunst
 Much daunted with that dint, her sence was dazd, xviii
 Yet kindling rage, her selfe she gathered round,
 And all atonce her beastly body raizd
 With doubled forces high aboue the ground
 Tho wrapping vp her wrethed steine arownd,
 Lept fierce vpon his shield, and hei huge traine
 All suddenly about his body wound,
 That hand or foot to sturre he stroue in vaine
 God helpe the man so wrapt in *Errours* endlesse traine
 His Lady sad to see his sore constraint, xix
 Cride out, Now now Sir knight, shew what ye bee,
 Add faith vnto your force, and be not faint
 Strangle her, else she sure will strangle thee
 That when he heard, in great perplexitie,
 His gall did grate for grieve and high disdaine,
 And knitting all his force got one hand free,
 Wherewith he grypt her gorge with so great paine,
 That soone to loose her wicked bands did her constraine

Therewith she spewd out of her filthy maw xx
 A flood of poyson horrible and blacke,
 Full of great lumpes of flesh and gobbets raw,
 Which stunck so vildly, that it forst him slacke
 His grasping hold, and from her turne him backe
 Her vomit full of bookes and papers was,
 With loathly frogs and toades, which eyes did lacke,
 And creeping sought way in the weedy gras
 Her filthy parbreake all the place defiled has
 As when old father *Nilus* gins to swell xxi
 With timely pride aboue the *Aegyptian* vale,
 His fattie waues do fertile slime outwell,
 And ouerflow each plaine and lowly dale
 But when his later spring gins to auale,
 Huge heapes of mudd he leaues, wherein there breed
 Ten thousand kindes of creatures, partly male
 And partly female of his fruitfull seed ,
 Such vgly monstrous shapes elsewhere may no man reed
 The same so sore annoyed has the knight, xxii
 That welnigh choked with the deadly stinke,
 His forces faile, ne can no longer fight
 Whose corage when the feend percei'd to shrinke,
 She poured forth out of her hellish sinke
 Her fruitfull cursed spawne of serpents small,
 Deformed monsters, fowle, and blacke as inke,
 Which swarming all about his legs did crall,
 And him encombred sore, but could not hurt at all
 As gentle Shepheard in sweete euen-tide, xxiii
 When ruddy *Phœbus* gins to welke in west,
 High on an hill, his flocke to vewen wide,
 Markes which do byte their hasty supper best ,
 A cloud of combrous gnattes do him molest,
 All struing to infixe their feeble stings,
 That from their noyance he no where can rest,
 But with his clownish hands their tender wings
 He brusheth oft, and oft doth mar their murmuring

xx 4 vilely 1609 xxi 5 spring] ebbe 1590 &c corr F E t auale
 1590 corr F E xxii 3 lenger 1590 xxiii 2 Phœbus 1590 5 cumbruous
 1590

Thus ill bestedd, and fearefull more of shame,
 Then of the certaine perill he stood in,
 Halfe furious vnto his foe he came,
 Resolv'd in minde all suddenly to win,
 Or soone to lose, before he once would lin,
 And strooke at hei with more then manly foice,
 That from her body full of filthie sin
 He raft her hatefull head without remorse,
 A streame of cole black bloud forth gushed from her corse
 Her scattred brood, soone as their Parent deare
 They saw so rudely falling to the ground,
 Groning full deadly, all with troublous feare,
 Gathred themselves about her body round,
 Weening their wonted entrance to haue found
 At her wide mouth but being there withstood
 They flocked all about hei bleeding wound,
 And sucked vp their dying mothers blood,
 Making her death their life, and eke her hurt their good
 That detestable sight him much amaze,
 To see th'vnkindly Impes of heauen accurst,
 Deuoure their dam, on whom while so he gazd,
 Hauing all satisfide their bloody thirst,
 Their bellies swolne he saw with fulnesse burst,
 And bowels gushing forth well worthy end
 Of such as drunke her life, the which them nuist,
 Now needeth him no lenger labour spend,
 His foes haue slaine themselves, with whom he should contend
 His Ladie seeing all, that chaunst, from farre
 Approcht in hast to greet his victorie,
 And said, Faire knight, borne vnder happy starre,
 Who see your vanquisht foes before you lye
 Well worthy be you of that Armorie,
 Wherein ye haue great glory wonne this day,
 And proou'd your strength on a strong enimie,
 Your first aduenture many such I pray,
 And henceforth euer wish, that like succeed it may

xxiv

xxv

xxvi

xxvii

xxiv 6 stroke 1590 8 left 1609 xxv 7 wound 1596
 xxvi 8 longer 1609 xxvii 2 haste 1609

Then mounted he vpon his Steede againe,
 And with the Lady backward sought to wend,
 That path he kept, which beaten was most plaine,
 Ne euer would to any hy-way bend,
 But still did follow one vnto the end,
 The which at last out of the wood them brought
 So forward on his way (with God to frend)
 He passed forth, and new aduenture sought,
 Long way he trauelled, before he heard of ought

xxviii

At length they chaunst to meet vpon the way
 An aged Sire, in long blacke weedes yclad,
 His feete all bare, his beard all hoarie gray,
 And by his belt his booke he hanging had,
 Sober he seemde, and very sagely sad,
 And to the ground his eyes were lowly bent,
 Simple in shew, and voyde of malice bad,
 And all the way he prayed, as he went,
 And often knockt his brest, as one that did repent

xxix

He faire the knight saluted, louting low,
 Who faire him quited, as that courteous was
 And after asked him, if he did know
 Of straunge aduentures, which abroad did pas
 Ah my deare Sonne (quoth he) how should, alas,
 Silly old man, that liues in hidden cell,
 Bidding his beades all day for his trespas,
 Tydings of warre and worldly trouble tell
 With holy father sits not with such things to mell

xxx

But if of daunger which hereby doth dwell,
 And homebred euill ye desire to heare,
 Of a straunge man I can you tidings tell,
 That wasteth all this countrey farre and neare
 Of such (said he) I chiefly do inquere,
 And shall you well reward to shew the place,
 In which that wicked wight his dayes doth weare
 For to all knighthood it is foule disgrace,
 That such a cursed creature liues so long a space

xxxi

xxviii 8 passeth 1596, 1609 xxx 9 fits 1609 xxxi 1 danger 1609
 2 euill lvs 1596 2 strange 1609 6 vould thee 1600

Far hence (quoth he) in wastfull wilderness
 His dwelling is, by which no liuing wight
 May euer passe, but thorough great distresse
 Now (sayd the Lady) draweth toward night,
 And well I wote, that of your later fight
 Ye all forwearied be for what so strong,
 But wanting rest will also want of might ?
 The Sunne that measures heauen all day long,
 At night doth baite his steedes the *Ocean* waues emong
 Then with the Sunne take Sir, your timely rest,
 And with new day new worke at once begin
 Vntroubled night they say giues counsell best
 Right well Sir knight ye haue aduised bin,
 (Quoth then that aged man,) the way to win
 Is wisely to aduise now day is spent,
 Therefore with me ye may take vp your In
 For this same night The knight was well content
 So with that godly father to his home they went
 A little lowly Hermitage it was,
 Downe in a dale, hard by a forests side,
 Far from resort of people, that did pas
 In trauell to and froe a little wyde
 There was an holy Chappell edifyde,
 Wherein the Hermite dewly wont to say
 His holy things each morne and euentide
 Thereby a Christall streame did gently play,
 Which from a sacred fountaine welled forth alway
 Arriued there, the little house they fill,
 Ne looke for entertainment, where none was
 Rest is their feast, and all things at their will,
 The noblest mind the best contentment has
 With faire discourse the euening so they pas
 For that old man of pleasing wordes had store,
 And well could file his tongue as smooth as glas,
 He told of Saintes and Popes, and euermore
 He strowd an *Aue-Mary* after and before

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiv

xxxv

The drouping Night thus creepeth on them fast, xxxvi
 And the sad humour loading their eye liddes,
 As messenger of *Morpheus* on them cast
 Sweet slombring deaw, the which to sleepe them biddes
 Vnto their lodgings then his guesstes he riddes
 Where when all drownd in deadly sleepe he findes,
 He to his study goes, and there amiddes
 His Magick bookes and artes of sundry kindes,
 He seekes out mighty charmes, to trouble sleepey mindes
 Then choosing out few wordes most horrible, xxxvii
 (Let none them read) thereof did verses frame,
 With which and other spellles like terrible,
 He bad awake blacke *Plutoes* griesly Dame,
 And cursed heauen, and spake reprochfull shame
 Of highest God, the Lord of life and light,
 A bold bad man, that dar'd to call by name
 Great *Gorgon*, Prince of darknesse and dead night,
 At which *Cocytus* quakes, and *Styx* is put to flight
 And forth he cald out of deepe darknesse dred xxxviii
 Legions of Sprights, the which like little flyes
 Fluttring about his euer damned hed,
 A-waite whereto their seruice he applyes,
 To aide his friends, or fray his enemies
 Of those he chose out two, the falsest twoo,
 And fittest for to forge true-seeming lyes,
 The one of them he gaue a message too,
 The other by him selfe staide other worke to doo
 He making speedy way through spersed ayre, xxxix
 And through the world of waters wide and deepe,
 To *Morpheus* house doth hastily repaire
 Amid the bowels of the earth full steepe,
 And low, where dawning day doth neuer peepe,
 His dwelling is, there *Tethys* his wet bed
 Doth euer wash, and *Cynthia* still doth steepe
 In siluer deaw his euer-drouping hed,
 Whiles sad Night ouer him her mantle black cloth spred.

Whose double gates he findeth locked fast, xi
 The one faue fram'd of burnisht Yuory,
 The other all with siluer ouercast,
 And wakefull dogges before them farre do lye,
 Watching to banish Care their enemy,
 Who oft is wont to trouble gentle Sleepe
 By them the Sprite doth passe in quietly,
 And vnto *Morpheus* comes, whom drowned deepe
 In drowsie fit he findes of nothing he takes keepe
 And more, to lulle him in his slumber soft, xli
 A trickling streame from high rocke tumbling downe
 And euer-drizzling raine vpon the loft,
 Mixt with a murmuring winde, much like the sowne
 Of swarming Bees, did cast him in a swowie
 No other noyse, nor peoples troublous cries,
 As still are wont t'annoy the walled towne,
 Might there be heard but carelesse Quiet lyes,
 Wrapt in eternall silence farre from enemyes
 The messenger approaching to him spake, xlii
 But his wast wordes returnd to him in vaine
 So sound he slept, that nought mought him awake
 Then rudely he him thrust, and pusht with paine,
 Whereat he gan to stretch but he againe
 Shooke him so hard, that forced him to speake
 As one then in a dreame, whose dryer braine
 Is tost with troubled sights and fancies weake,
 He mumbled soft, but would not all his silence breake
 The Sprite then gan more boldly him to wake, xliii
 And threatned vnto him the dreaded name
 Of *Hecate* whereat he gan to quake,
 And lifting vp his lumpish head, with blame
 Halfe angry asked him, for what he came
 Hither (quoth he) me *Archimago* sent,
 He that the stubborne Sprites can wisely tame,
 He bids thee to him send for his intent
 A fit false dreame, that can delude the sleepers sent

xl 6 sleepe 1596 sleep 1609 xli 3 euer] euery 1590 corr F E
 xlii 2 waste 1590, 1609 1etournd 1590 4 thrust] trust 1596 8 sights]
 sighes 1590 corr F E xliii 4 lumpish 1590 6 Hethei 1590

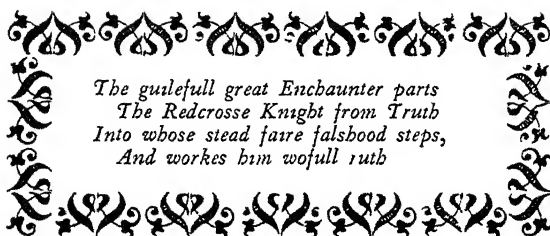
The God obeyde, and calling forth straight way xlii
 A diuerse dreame out of his prison daike,
 Deliuered it to him, and downe did lay
 His heauie head, deuoid of carefull carke,
 Whose sences all were straight benumbd and starke
 He backe returning by the Yuorie dore,
 Remounted vp as light as chearefull Larke,
 And on his litle winges the dreame he boie
 In hast vnto his Lord, where he him left afore
 Who all this while with chaimes and hidden aites, xlii
 Had made a Lady of that other Spright,
 And fram'd of liquid ayre her tender partes
 So liuely, and so like in all mens sight,
 That weaker sence it could haue rausht quight
 The maker selfe for all his wondrous witt,
 Was nigh beguiled with so goodly sight
 Her all in white he clad, and ouer it
 Cast a blacke stole, most like to seeme for *I na* fit
 Now when that ydle dreame was to him brought, xlii
 Vnto that Elfin knight he bad him fly,
 Where he slept soundly void of euill thought,
 And with false shewes abuse his fantasy,
 In sort as he him schooled priuily
 And that new creature borne without her dew,
 Full of the makers guile, with vsage sly
 He taught to imitate that Lady trew,
 Whose semblance she did carrie vnder feigned hew
 Thus well instructed, to their worke they hast, xliii
 And comming where the knight in slomber lay,
 The one vpon his hardy head him plast,
 And made him dreame of loues and lustfull play,
 That nigh his manly hart did melt away,
 Bathed in wanton blis and wicked ioy
 Then seemed him his Lady by him lay,
 And to him playnd, how that false winged boy
 Her chast hart had subdewd, to learne Dame pleasuies toy
 xlii 7 vsage] visage 1609 xliii 8 boy, 1590 1596

And she her selfe of beautie soueraigne Queene,
 Faire *Venus* seemde vnto his bed to bring xlviii
 Her, whom he waking euermore did weene
 To be the chastest flowre, that ay did spring
 On earthly braunch, the daughter of a king,
 Now a loose Leman to vile seruice bound
 And eke the *Graces* seemed all to sing,
Hymen & *Hymen*, dauncing all around,
 Whilst freshest *Flora* her with Yuie girlond crownd
 In this great passion of vnwonted lust, xli x
 Or wonted feare of doing ought amis,
 He started vp, as seeming to mistrust
 Some secret ill, or hidden foe of his
 Lo there before his face his Lady is,
 Vnder blake stole hyding her bayted hooke,
 And as halfe blushing offred him to kis,
 With gentle blandishment and louely looke,
 Most like that virgin true, which for her knight him took
 All cleane dismayd to see so vncouth sight, i
 And halfe enraged at her shamelesse guise,
 He thought haue slaine her in his fierce despight
 But hasty heat tempring with sufferance wise,
 He stayde his hand, and gan himselfe aduise
 To proue his sense, and tempt her faigned truth
 Wringing her hands in wemens pitteous wise,
 Tho can she weepe, to stirre vp gentle ruth,
 Both for her noble bloud, and for her tender youth
 And said, Ah Sir, my liege Lord and my loue, ii
 Shall I accuse the hidden cruell fate,
 And mightie causes wrought in heauen aboue,
 Or the blind God, that doth me thus amate,
 For hoped loue to winne me certaine hate?
 Yet thus perforce he bids me do, or die
 Die is my dew yet rew my wretched state
 You, whom my hard auenging destinie
 Hath made iudge of my life or death indifferently

xlviii 3 weene, 1590, 1596 9 with om 1596, 1609 xlix 3 starteth
 1590 mistrust, 1590, 1596 l 3 r'haue 1609 7 womens 1609

Your owne deare sake forst me at first to leaue iii
 My Fathers kingdome, There she stopt with teares,
 Her swollen hart her speach seemd to bereaue,
 And then againe begun, My weaker yeares
 Captiu'd to fortune and frayle worldly feares,
 Fly to your faith for succour and sure ayde
 Let me not dye in languor and long teares
 Why Dame (quoth he) what hath ye thus dismayd?
 What frayes ye, that were wont to comfort me affrayd?
 Loue of your selfe, she said, and deare constraint lii
 Lets me not sleepe, but wast the wearie night
 In secret anguish and vnpyttied plaint,
 Whiles you in carelesse sleepe are drowned quight
 Her doubtfull words made that redoubted knight
 Suspect her truth yet since no vntruth he knew,
 Her fawning loue with foule disdainfull spight
 He would not shend, but said, Deare dame I rew,
 That for my sake vnknowne such grieve vnto you grew
 Assure your selfe, it fell not all to ground, liii
 For all so deare as life is to my hart,
 I deeme your loue, and hold me to you bound,
 Ne let vaine feares procure your needlesse smart,
 Where cause is none, but to your rest depart
 Not all content, yet seemd she to appease
 Her mournfull plaintes, beguiled of her art,
 And fed with words, that could not chuse but please,
 So slyding softly forth, she turnd as to her ease
 Long after lay he musing at her mood, liii
 Much grieu'd to thinke that gentle Dame so light,
 For whose defence he was to shed his blood
 At last dull wearinesse of former fight
 Hauing yrockt a sleepe his irkesome spight,
 That troublous dreame gan freshly tosse his braine,
 With bowres, and beds, and Ladies deare delight
 But when he saw his labour all was vaine,
 With that misformed spight he backe returnd againe
 lii 4 begonne 1590 liii 6 sith n'vntruth 1609 liii 8 chose 1590

Cant. II.



BY this the Northerne wagoner had set
 His seuenfold teme behind the stedfast starre,
 That was in Océan waues yet neuer wet,
 But firme is fixt, and sendeth light from farre
 To all, that in the wide deepe wandring arre
 And chearefull Chaunticlere with his note shrill
 Had warned once, that *Phabus* fiery carre
 In hast was climbing vp the Easterne hill,
 Full enuious that night so long his roome did fill
 When those accursed messengers of hell,
 That feigning dreame, and that faire-forged Spright
 Came to their wicked maister, and gan tell
 Their bootelesse paines, and ill succeeding night
 Who all in rage to see his skilfull might
 Deluded so, gan threaten hellish paine
 And sad *Proserpines* wrath, them to affright
 But when he saw his threatning was but vaine,
 He cast about, and searcht his balefull bookes againe
 Eftsoones he tooke that miscreated faire,
 And that false other Spright, on whom he spred
 A seeming body of the subtile aire,
 Like a young Squire, in loues and lusty-hed
 His wanton dayes that euer loosely led,
 Without regard of armes and dreaded fight
 Those two he tooke, and in a secret bed,
 Couered with darknesse and misdeeming night,
 Them both together laid, to ioy in vaine delight

Arg 3 *stead*] *steps* 1590 corr F E in 4 lusty-hed 1596

Forthwith he runnes with feigned faithfull hast iv
 Vnto his guest, who after troublous sights
 And dreames, gan now to take more sound repast,
 Whom suddenly he wakes with fearefull frights,
 *As one aghast with feends or damned sprights,
 And to him cals, Rise rise vnhappy Swaine,
 That here wex old in sleepe, whiles wicked wights
 Haue knit themselues in *Venus* shamefull chaine,
 Come see, where your false Lady doth her honour staine
 All in amaze he suddenly vp start v
 With sword in hand, and with the old man went,
 Who soone him brought into a secret part,
 Where that false couple were full closely ment
 In wanton lust and lewd embracement
 Which when he saw, he burnt with gealous fire,
 The eye of reason was with rage yblent,
 And would haue slaine them in his furious ire,
 But hardly was restrained of that aged sire
 Returning to his bed in torment great, vi
 And bitter anguish of his guiltie sight,
 He could not rest, but did his stout heart eat,
 And wast his inward gall with deepe despight,
 Yrkesome of life, and too long lingring night
 At last faire *Hesperus* in highest skie
 Had spent his lampe, and brought forth dawning light,
 Then vp he rose, and clad him hastily,
 The Dwarfe him brought his steed so both away do fly
 Now when the rosy-fingred Morning faire, vii
 Weary of aged *Tithones* saffron bed,
 Had spred her purple robe through deawy aire,
 And the high hils *Titan* discovered,
 The royall virgin shooke off drowsy-hed,
 And rising forth out of her baser bowre,
 Lookt for her knight, who far away was fled,
 And for her Dwarfe, that wont to wait each houre,
 Then gan she waile and weepe, to see that woefull stowre.

iv 9 honor 1590

v 5 embracement 1590

vi 7, vii 9 and] & 1596 *passim*

And after him she rode with so much speede
 As her slow beast could make, but all in vaine
 For him so far had borne his light-foot steede,
 Pricked with wrath and fiery fierce disdaine,
 That him to follow was but fruitlesse paine,
 Yet she her weary limbes would neuer rest,
 But euery hill and dale, each wood and plaine
 Did search, sore griued in her gentle brest,
 He so vngently left her, whom she loued best

But subtill *Archimago*, when his guests ix
 He saw diuided into double parts,
 And *Vna* wandring in woods and forrests,
 Th'end of his drift, he praisd his diuelish arts,
 That had such might ouer true meaning harts,
 Yet rests not so, but other meanes doth make,
 How he may worke vnto her further smarts
 For her he hated as the hissing snake,
 And in her many troubles did most pleasure take

He then deuise himselfe how to disguise, x
 For by his mightie science he could take
 As many formes and shapes in seeming wise,
 As euer *Proteus* to himselfe could make
 Sometime a fowle, sometime a fish in lake,
 Now like a foxe, now like a dragon fell,
 That of himselfe he oft for feare would quake,
 And oft would flie away O who can tell
 The hidden power of herbes, and might of Magicke spell ?

But now seemde best, the person to put on xi
 Of that good knight, his late beguiled guest
 In mighty armes he was yclad anon,
 And siluer shield vpon his coward brest
 A bloudy crosse, and on his crauen crest
 A bounch of haire discoloured diuersly
 Full iolly knight he seemde, and well address,
 And when he sate vpon his courser free,
Saint George himself ye would haue deemed him to be

viii 9 louest 1596 xi 3 anon 1590, 1596 4 shield, 1590, 1596
 6 heares 1590

But he the knight, whose semblaunt he did beare, xii
 The true *Saint George* was wandred far away,
 Still flying from his thoughts and gealous feare,
 Will was his guide, and grieve led him astray
 At last him chaunst to meete vpon the way
 A faithlesse Sarazin all arm'd to point,
 In whose great shield was writ with letters gay
Sans foy full laige of limbe and euery ioint
 He was, and cared not for God or man a point
 He had a faire companion of his way, xiii
 A goodly Lady clad in scarlot red,
 Purfled with gold and pearle of rich assay,
 And like a *Persian* mitre on her hed
 She wore, with crownes and owches garnished,
 The which her lauish louers to her gaue,
 Her wanton palfrey all was ouerspred
 With tinsell trappings, wouen like a waue,
 Whose bridle rung with golden bels and bosses braue
 With faire disport and courting dalliaunce xiv
 She intertaine her louer all the way
 But when she saw the knight his speare aduaunce,
 She soone left off her mirth and wanton play,
 And bad her knight addresse him to the fray
 His foe was nigh at hand He prickt with pride
 And hope to winne his Ladies heart that day,
 Forth spurred fast adowne his coursers side
 The red blood trickling stand the way, as he did ride
 The knight of the *Redcrosse* when him he spide, xv
 Spurring so hote with rage dispiteous,
 Gan fairely couch his speare, and towards ride
 Soone meete they both, both fell and furious,
 That daunted with their forces hideous,
 Their steeds do stagger, and amazed stand,
 And eke themselues too rudely rigorous,
 Astonied with the stroke of their owne hand,
 Do backe rebut, and each to other yeeldeth land

As when two rams stird with ambitious pride,
 Fight for the rule of the rich fleeced flocke,
 Their horned fronts so fiece on either side
 Do meete, that with the teriour of the shooke
 Astonied both, stand sencelesse as a blocke,
 Forgetfull of the hanging victory
 So stood these twaine, vnmoued as a rocke,
 Both staring fiece, and holding idely
 The broken reliques of their former cruelty
 The *Sarazin* sore daunted with the buffe
 Snatcheth his sword, and fiercely to him flies,
 Who well it wards, and quyteth cuff with cuff
 Each others equall puissaunce enuies,
 And through their iron sides with cruell spies
 Does seeke to perce repining courage yields
 No foote to foe The flashing fier flies
 As from a forge out of their burning shields,
 And streames of purple bloud new dies the verdant fields
 Curse on that Crosse (quoth then the *Sarazin*)
 That keepes thy body from the bitter fit,
 Dead long ygoe I wote thou haddest bin,
 Had not that charme from thee forwarned it
 But yet I warne thee now assured sitt,
 And hide thy head Therewith vpon his crest
 With rigour so outrageous he smitt,
 That a large share it hewd out of the rest,
 And glauncing downe his shield, from blame him fauely blest
 Who thereat wondrous wroth, the sleeping spark
 Of natue vertue gan eftsoones reuiue,
 And at his haughtie helmet making mark,
 So hugely stroke, that it the steele did riuie,
 And cleft his head He tumbling downe aliue,
 With bloody mouth his mother earth did kis,
 Greeting his graue his grudging ghost did strue
 With the fraile flesh, at last it flitted is,
 Whither the soules do fly of men, that liue amis

xvi 4 terror 1590 5 stands fencelesse 1590 corr F E 8 idely,
 1590, 1596 idely 1609 xvii 5 cruelties 1590 &c corr F E 9 die
 1609 xviii 1 quoth] qd 1590 *passim* 7 rigor 1590 xix 4 strooke,
 1609 9 Whether 1590 *passim*

The Lady when she saw her champion fall, xx
 Like the old ruines of a broken towre,
 Staid not to waile his woefull funerall,
 But from him fled away with all her powre ,
 • Who after her as hastily gan scowre,
 Bidding the Dwarfe with him to bring away
 The *Sarazins* shield, signe of the conqueroure
 Her soone he ouertooke, and bad to stay,
 For present cause was none of dread her to dismay
 She turning backe with ruefull countenance, xx
 Cride, Mercy mercy Sir vouchsafe to show
 On silly Dame, subiect to hard mischaunce,
 And to your mighty will Her humblesse low
 In so ritche weedes and seeming glorious show,
 Did much emmoue his stout heroicke heart,
 And said, Deare dame, your suddein ouerthrow
 Much rueth me , but now put feare apart,
 And tell, both who ye be, and who that tooke your part
 Melting in teares, then gan she thus lament , xxii
 The wretched woman, whom vnhappy howre
 Hath now made thrall to your commandement,
 Before that angry heauens list to lowre,
 And fortune false betraide me to your powre,
 Was, (O what now auaieth that I was ¹)
 Borne the sole daughter of an Emperour,
 He that the wide West vnder his rule has,
 And high hath set his throne, where *Tiberis* doth pas
 He in the first flowre of my freshest age, xxiii
 Betrothed me vnto the onely haire
 Of a most mighty king, most rich and sage ;
 Was neuer Prince so faithfull and so faire,
 Was neuer Prince so meeke and debonaire ,
 But ere my hoped day of spousall shone,
 My dearest Lord fell from high honours staire,
 Into the hands of his accursed fone,
 And cruelly was slaine, that shall I euer mone

xxii 2 wretched 1590 5 your] thy 1590 6 I was ¹ 1590

His blessed body spoild of liuely breath,
 Was afterward, I know not how, conuaid
 And fro me hid of whose most innocent death
 When tidings came to me vnhappy maid,
 O how great sorrow my sad soule assaid
 Then forth I went his woefull corse to find,
 And many yeares throughout the world I straid,
 A virgin widow, whose deepe wounded mind
 With loue, long time did languish as the stricken hind

xxiv

At last it chaunced this proud *Sarazin*
 To meete me wandring, who perforce me led
 With him away, but yet could neuer win
 The Fort, that Ladies hold in soueraigne dread
 There lies he now with foule dishonour dead,
 Who whiles he liu'de, was called proud *Sans foy*,
 The eldest of three brethren, all three bred
 Of one bad sire, whose youngest is *Sans toy*,
 And twixt them both was borne the bloody bold *Sans loy*

xxv

In this sad plight, friendlesse, vnfortunate,
 Now miserable I *Fidessa* dwell,
 Crauing of you in pittie of my state,
 To do none ill, if please ye not do well
 He in great passion all this while did dwell,
 More busying his quicke eyes, her face to view,
 Then his dull eares, to heare what she did tell,
 And said, Faire Lady hart of flint would rew
 The vnderued woes and sorrowes, which ye shew

xxvi

Henceforth in safe assuraunce may ye rest,
 Hauing both found a new friend you to aid,
 And lost an old foe, that did you molest
 Better new friend then an old foe is said
 With chaunge of cheare the seeming simple maid
 Let fall her eyen, as shamefast to the earth,
 And yeelding soft, in that she nought gain-said,
 So forth they rode, he feining seemely merth,
 And she coy lookes so dainty they say maketh derth

xxvii

xxv i *Sarazin*, 1590, 1596 xxvi 8 faire 1590, 1596
 xxvii 9 so, Dainty 1609

Long time they thus together traueiled, xxviii
 Till weary of their way, they came at last,
 Where grew two goodly trees, that faire did spred
 Their armes abroad, with gray mosse ouercast,
 And their greene leaues trembling with euery blast,
 Made a calme shadow far in compasse round
 The fearefull Shepheard often there aghast
 Vnder them neuer sat, ne wont there sound
 His mery oaten pipe, but shund th'vn lucky ground
 But this good knight soone as he them can spie, xxix
 For the coole shade him thither hastily got
 For golden *Phabus* now ymounted hie,
 From fiery wheelles of his faire chariot
 Hurl'd his beame so scorching cruell hot,
 That liuing creature mote it not abide,
 And his new Lady it endured not
 There they alight, in hope themselues to hide
 From the fierce heat, and rest their weary limbs a tide
 Faire seemely pleasaunce each to other makes, xxx
 With goodly purposes there as they sit
 And in his fals'd fancy he her takes
 To be the fairest wight, that liued yit,
 Which to expresse, he bends his gentle wit,
 And thinking of those braunches greene to frame
 A girlond for her dainty forehead fit,
 He pluckt a bough, out of whose rift there came
 Small drops of gory bloud, that trickled downe the same
 Therewith a piteous yelling voyce was heard, xxxi
 Crying, O spare with guilty hands to teare
 My tender sides in this rough rynd embard,
 But fly, ah fly far hence away, for feare
 Least to you hap, that happened to me heare,
 And to this wretched Lady, my deare loue,
 O too deare loue, loue bought with death too deare
 Astond he stood, and vp his haire did houe,
 And with that sudden horror could no member moue

xxix 2 shade him] shade 1596 shadow 1609 3 ymounted] that
 mounted 1590 &c corr F E xxxi 6 this] his 1609

At last whenas the dreadfull passion
 Was ouerpast, and manhood well awake,
 Yet musing at the straunge occasion,
 And doubting much his sence, he thus bespake,
 What voyce of damned Ghost from *Limbo* lake,
 Or guilefull spright wandring in empty aire,
 Both which fraile men do oftentimes mistake,
 Sends to my doubtfull eares these speaches rare,
 And ruefull plaints, me bidding guiltlesse bloud to spare ?
 Then groning deepe, Noi damned Ghost, (quoth he,) xxxii
 Nor guilefull sprite to thee these wordes doth speake,
 But once a man *Frادubio*, now a tree,
 Wretched man, wretched tree, whose nature weake,
 A cruell witch her cursed will to wreake,
 Hath thus transformd, and plast in open plaines,
 Where *Boreas* doth blow full bitter bleake,
 And scorching Sunne does dry my secret vaines
 For though a tree I seeme, yet cold and heat me paines
 Say on *Frادubio* then, or man, or tree, xxxiii
 Quoth then the knight, by whose mischieuous arts
 Art thou misshaped thus, as now I see ?
 He oft finds med'cine, who his grieve imparts,
 But double griefs afflict concealing harts,
 As raging flames who striueth to suppress
 The author then (said he) of all my smarts,
 Is one *Duessa* a false sorceresse,
 That many errant knights hath brought to wretchednesse
 In prime of youthly yeares, when corage hot xxxiv
 The fire of loue and ioy of cheualree
 First kindled in my brest, it was my lot
 To loue this gentle Lady, whom ye see,
 Now not a Lady, but a seeming tree,
 With whom as once I rode accompanyde,
 Me chaunced of a knight encountred bee,
 That had a like faire Lady by his syde,
 Like a faire Lady, but did fowle *Duessa* hyde

Whose forged beauty he did take in hand, xxxvi
 All other Dames to haue exceeded farre,
 I in defence of mine did likewise stand,
 Mine, that did then shine as the Morning starre
 So both to battell fierce arraunged arre,
 In which his harder fortune was to fall
 Vnder my speare such is the dye of warre
 His Lady left as a prise martiall,
 Did yield her comely person, to be at my call
 So doubly lou'd of Ladies vnlike faire, xxxvii
 Th'one seeming such, the other such indeede,
 One day in doubt I cast for to compare,
 Whether in beauties glorie did exceede,
 A Rosy girlond was the victoiss meede
 Both seemde to win, and both seemde won to bee,
 So hard the discord was to be agreeede
Fræhssa was as faire, as faire mote bee,
 And euer false *Duesssa* seemde as faire as shee
 The wicked witch now seeing all this while xxxviii
 The doubtfull ballaunce equally to sway,
 What not by right, she cast to win by guile,
 And by her hellish science raisd streight way
 A foggy mist, that ouercast the day,
 And a dull blast, that breathing on her face,
 Dimmed her former beauties shining ray,
 And with foule vgly forme did her disgrace
 Then was she faire alone, when none was faire in place
 Then cride she out, Fye, fye, deformed wight, xxxix
 Whose borrowed beautie now appeareth plaine
 To haue before bewitched all mens sight,
 O leaue her soone, or let her soone be slaine
 Her loathly visage viewing with disdaine,
 Eftsoones I thought her such, as she me told,
 And would haue kild her, but with faigned paine,
 The false witch did my wrathfull hand with-hold,
 So left her, where she now is turnd to treen mould

Thens forth I tooke *Duessa* for my Dame,
 And in the witch vnweeting 1oyd long time,
 Ne euer wist, but that she was the same,
 Till on a day (that day is euery Prime,
 When Witches wont do penance for their crime)
 I chaunst to see her in her proper hew,
 Bathing her selfe in origane and thyme
 A filthy foule old woman I did vew,
 That euer to haue toucht her, I did deadly rew

xi

Her neather partes misshapen, monstrous,
 Were hidd in water, that I could not see,
 But they did seeme more foule and hideous,
Then womans shape man would beleue to bee.
 Thens forth from her most beastly companie
 I gan refraine, in minde to slip away,
 Soone as appeard safe opportunitie
 For danger great, if not assur'd decay

xli

I saw before mine eyes, if I were knowne to stray

The diuelish hag by chaunges of my cheare
 Percei'd my thought, and drownd in sleepe night,
 With wicked herbes and ointments did besmeare
 My bodie all, through charmes and magicke might,
 That all my senses were bereaued quight
 Then brought she me into this desert waste,
 And by my wretched louers side me pight,
 Where now enclosd in wooden wals full faste,

xli 1

Banisht from liuing wights, our wearie dayes we waste

But how long time, said then the Elfin knight,

xli 11

Are you in this misformed house to dwell?

We may not chaunge (quoth he) this euil plight,

Till we be bathed in a liuing well,

That is the terme prescribed by the spell

O how, said he, mote I that well out find,

That may restore you to your wonted well?

Time and suffised fates to former kynd

Shall vs restore, none else from hence may vs vnbynd

xl 1, xli 5 Then forth 1590, 1596 corr F E Thenceforth 1609

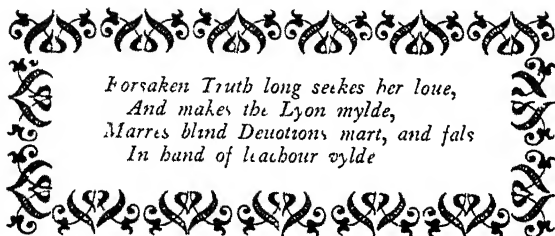
xli 7 oportunitie 1596

The false *Duessa*, now *Fidessa* hight,
Heard how in vaine *Frado* did lament,
And knew well all was true But the good knight
Full of sad feare and ghastly dreriment,
When all this speech the liuing tree had spent,
The bleeding bough did thrust into the ground,
That from the bloud he might be innocent,
And with fresh clay did close the wooden wound
Then turning to his Lady, dead with feare her found
Her seeming dead he found with feigned feare,
As all vnweeting of that well she knew,
And paynd himselfe with busie care to reare
Her out of carelesse swowne Her eylids blew
And dimmed sight with pale and deadly hew
At last she vp gan lift with trembling cheare
Her vp he tooke, too simple and too trew,
And oft her kist At length all passed feare,
He set her on her steede, and forward forth did beare

xlv

xlv

Cant. III.



Nought is there vnder heau'ns wide hollownesse,
 That moues more deare compassion of mind,
 Then beautie brought t'vnworthy wretchednesse
 Through enuies snaies or fortunes freakes vnkind
 I, whether lately through her brightnesse blind,
 Or through alleageance and fast fealtie,
 Which I do owe vnto all woman kind,
 Feele my heart perst with so great agonie,
 When such I see, that all for pittie I could die

i

And now it is empassioned so deepe,
 For fairest *Vnaes* sake, of whom I sing,
 That my fraile eyes these lines with teares do steepe,
 To thinke how she through guilefull handling,
 Though true as touch, though daughter of a king,
 Though faire as euer liuing wight was faire,
 Though nor in word nor deede ill meriting,
 Is from her knight diuorced in despaire
 And her due loues deriu'd to that vile witches share

ii

Yet she most faithfull Ladie all this while
 Forsaken, wofull, solitarie mayd
 Farre from all peoples prease, as in exile,
 In wilderness and wastfull deserts strayd,
 To seeke her knight, who subtilly betrayd
 Through that late vision, which th'Enchaunter wrought,
 Had her abandond She of nought affrayd,
 Through woods and wastnesse wide him daily sought,
 Yet wished tydings none of him vnto her brought

iii

i 5 brightne 1590 brightnes F E

iii 6 wrought 1590

One day nigh wearie of the yrkesome way,
 From her vnhastie beast she did alight,
 And on the grasse her daintie limbes did lay
 In secret shadow, farre from all mens sight
 From her faire head her fillet she vndight,
 And laid her stole aside Her angels face
 As the great eye of heauen shyned bright,
 And made a sunshine in the shadie place,
 Did neuer mortall eye behold such heauenly grace

iv

It fortun'd out of the thickest wood
 A ramping Lyon rushed suddainly,
 Hunting full greedie after saluage blood,
 Soone as the royall virgin he did spy,
 With gaping mouth at her ran greedily,
 To haue attonce deuour'd her tender corse
 But to the pray when as he drew more ny,
 His bloudie rage asswaged with remorse,
 And with the sight amazd, forgot his furious forse

v

In stead thereof he kist her wearie feet,
 And lickt her lilly hands with fawning tong,
 As he her wronged innocence did weet
 O how can beautie maister the most strong,
 And simple truth subdue auenging wrong?
 Whose yeelded pride and proud submission,
 Still dreading death, when she had marked long,
 Her hart gan melt in great compassion,
 And drizling teares did shed for pure affection

vi

The Lyon Lord of euerie beast in field,
 Quoth she, his princely puissance doth abate,
 And mightie proud to humble weake does yield,
 Forgetfull of the hungry rage, which late
 Him prickt, in pittie of my sad estate.
 But he my Lyon, and my noble Lord,
 How does he find in cruell hart to hate
 Her that him lou'd, and euer most adord,
 As the God of my life? why hath he me abhord?

vii

Redounding teares did choke th'end of her plaint,
 Which softly ecchoed from the neighbour wood ,
 And sad to see her sorrowfull constraint
 The kingly beast vpon her gazing stood ,
 With pittie calmd, downe fell his angry mood
 At last in close hart shutting vp her paine,
 Arose the virgin borne of heauenly brood,
 And to hei snowy Palfrey got againe,
 To seeke her strayed Champion, if she might attaine
 The Lyon would not leaue her desolate,
 But with her went along, as a strong gard
 Of her chast person, and a faithfull mate
 Of her sad troubles and misfortunes hard
 Still when she slept, he kept both watch and ward,
 And when she wakt, he waited diligent,
 With humble seruice to her will prepard
 From her faire eyes he tooke commaundement,
 And euer by her lookes conceiued her intent
 Long she thus traueiled through deserts wyde,
 By which she thought her wandring knight shold pas,
 Yet neuer shew of liuing wight espyde,
 Till that at length she found the troden gras,
 In which the tract of peoples footing was,
 Vnder the steepe foot of a mountaine hore ,
 The same she followes, till at last she has
 A damzell spyde slow footing her before,
 That on her shoulders sad a pot of water bore
 To whom approching she to her gan call,
 To weet, if dwelling place were nigh at hand ,
 But the rude wench her answer'd nought at all,
 She could not heare, nor speake, nor vnderstand ,
 Till seeing by her side the Lyon stand,
 With suddaine feare her pitcher downe she threw,
 And fled away for neuer in that land
 Face of faire Ladie she before did vew,
 And that dread Lyons looke her cast in deadly hew

xi 1 Whom 1596 9 dredd 1590

Full fast she fled, ne euer lookt behynd, xii
 As if hei life vpon the wager lay,
 And home she came, whereas hei mother blynd
 Sate in eternall night nought could she say,
 • But suddaine catching hold, did hei dismay
 With quaking hands, and other signes of feare
 Who full of ghastly flight and cold affray,
 Gan shut the dore By this arriued there
 Dame *Una*, wearie Dame, and entrance did requere
 Which when none yeelded, her vnuly Page xiii
 With his rude clawes the wicket open rent,
 And let her in, where of his cruell rage
 Nigh dead with feare, and faint astonishment,
 { She found them both in darkesome corner pent,
 { Where that old woman day and night did pray
 Vpon her beades deuoutly penitent,
 Nine hundred *Pater nosters* euery day,
 And thrise nine hundred *Aues* she was wont to say
 And to augment hei painefull pennance more, xiv
 Thrise euery weeke in ashes she did sit,
 And next her wrinkled skin rough sackcloth wore,
 And thrise three times did fast from any bit
 But now for feare her beads she did forget
 Whose needlesse dread for to remoue away,
 Faire *Vna* framed words and count'nance fit
 Which hardly doen, at length she gan them pray,
 That in their cotage small, that night she rest her may
 The day is spent, and commeth drowsie night, xv
 When euery creature shrowded is in sleepe,
 Sad *Vna* downe her laies in wearie plight,
 And at her feet the Lyon watch doth keepe
 In stead of rest, she does lament, and weepe
 For the late losse of hei deare loued knight,
 And sighes, and grones, and euermore does steepe
 Her tender brest in bitter teares all night,
 All night she thinks too long, and often lookes for light

Now when *Aldeboran* was mounted hie xvi
 Aboue the shynie *Cassiopetas* chaire,
 And all in deadly sleepe did drowned lie,
 One knocked at the dore, and in would fare,
 He knocked fast, and often curst, and sware,
 That readie entrance was not at his call
 For on his backe a heauy load he bare
 Of nightly stelths and pillage seuerall,
 Which he had got abroad by purchase criminall
 He was to weete a stout and sturdie thiefe, xvii
 Wont to robbe Churches of their ornaments,
 And poore mens boxes of their due reliefe,
 Which giuen was to them for good intents,
 The holy Saints of their rich vestiments
 He did disrobe, when all men carelesse slept,
 And spoild the Priests of their habiliments,
 Whiles none the holy things in safety kept,
 Then he by cunning sleights in at the window crept.
 And all that he by right or wrong could find, xviii
 Vnto this house he brought, and did bestow
 Vpon the daughter of this woman blind,
Abessa daughter of *Corceia* slow,
 With whom he whoredome vsd, that few did know,
 And fed her fat with feast of offerings,
 And plentie, which in all the land did grow,
 Ne spared he to giue her gold and rings
 And now he to her brought part of his stolen things
 Thus long the dore with rage and threats he bet, xix
 Yet of those fearefull women none durst rize,
 The Lyon frayed them, him in to let
 He would no longer stay him to aduize,
 But open breakes the dore in furious wize,
 And entring is, when that disdainfull beast
 Encountring fierce, him suddaine doth surprize,
 And seizing cruell clawes on trembling brest,
 Vnder his Lordly foot him proudly hath suppress.

xvi 9 purchas 1590

xvii 9 conning 1590

Him booteth not resist, nor succour call, xx
 His bleeding hart is in the vengers hand,
 Who streight him rent in thousand peeces small,
 And quite dismembred hath the thirstie land
 'Drunke vp his life, his corse left on the strand
 His fearefull friends weare out the wofull night,
 Ne dare to weepe, nor seeme to vnderstand
 The heaue hap, which on them is alight,
 Affraid, least to themselues the like mishappen might
 Now when broad day the world discouered has, xxi
 Vp *Vna* rose, vp rose the Lyon eke,
 And on their former iourney forward pas,
 In wayes vnknowne, her wandring knight to seeke,
 With paines farie passing that long wandring *Greeke*,
 That for his loue refused deitie,
 Such were the labours of this Lady meeke,
 Still seeking him, that from her still did fle,
 Then furthest from her hope, when most she weened he
 Soone as she parted thence, the fearefull twaine, xxii
 That blind old woman and her daughter deare
 Came forth, and finding *Kirkrapine* there slaine,
 For anguish great they gan to rend their heue,
 And beat their breasts, and naked flesh to teare
 And when they both had wept and wayld their fill,
 Then forth they ranne like two amazed deare,
 Halfe mad through malice, and reuenging will,
 To follow her, that was the causer of their ill
 Whom ouertaking, they gan loudly bray, xx iii
 With hollow howling, and lamenting cry,
 Shamefully at her rayling all the way,
 And her accusing of dishonesty,
 That was the flowre of faith and chastity,
 And still amidst her rayling, she did pray,
 That plagues, and mischiefs, and long misery
 Might fall on her, and follow all the way,
 And that in endlesse error she might euer stray
xx 5 Dronke 1590 6 freends 1590

But when she saw her prayeis nought preuaile,
She backe returned with some labour lost,
And in the way as she did weepe and waile,
A knight her met in mighty armes embost,
Yet knight was not for all his bragging bost,
But subtill *Archimag*, that *Vna* sought
By traynes into new troubles to haue tost
Of that old woman tydings he besought,
If that of such a Ladie she could tellen ought
Therewith she gan her passion to renew,
And cry, and curse, and raile, and rend her heare,
Saying, that harlot she too lately knew,
That causd her shed so many a bitter teare,
And so forth told the story of her feare
Much seemed he to mone her haplesse chaunce,
And after for that Ladie did inquere,
Which being taught, he forward gan aduaunce
His fair enchanted steed, and eke his charmed launce
Ere long he came, where *Vna* traueild slow,
And that wilde Champion wayting her besyde
Whom seeing such, for dread he durst not show
Himselfe too nigh at hand, but turned wyde
Vnto an hill, from whence when she him spyde,
By his like seeming shield, her knight by name
She weend it was, and towards him gan ryde
Approching nigh, she wist it was the same,
And with faire fearefull humblesse towards him shee came
And weeping said, Ah my long lacked Lord,
Where haue ye bene thus long out of my sight ?
Much feared I to haue bene quite abhord,
Or ought haue done, that ye displeasen might,
That should as death vnto my deare hart light
For since mine eye your ioyous sight did mis,
My chearefull day is turnd to chearelesse night,
And eke my night of death the shadow is,
But welcome now my light, and shining lampe of blis

xxiv

xxv

xxvi

xxvii

He thereto meeting said, My dearest Dame, xxviii
 Farre be it from your thought, and fro my will,
 To thinke that knighthood I so much should shame,
 As you to leaue, that haue me loued still,
 And chose in Faery court of meere goodwill,
 Where noblest knights were to be found on earth
 The earth shall sooner leaue her kindly skill
 To bring forth fruit, and make eternall derth,
 Then I leaue you, my lief, yborne of heauenly beith
 And sooth to say, why I left you so long, xxix
 Was for to seeke aduenture in strange place,
 Where *Archimago* said a felon strong
 To many knights did daily worke disgrace,
 But knight he now shall neuer more deface
 Good cause of mine excuse, that mote ye please
 Well to accept, and euermore embrace
 My faithfull seruice, that by land and seas
 Haue vowd you to defend, now then your plaint appease
 His louely words her seemd due recompence xxx
 Of all her passed paines one louing howle
 For many yeares of sorrow can dispence
 A dram of sweet is worth a pound of sowle
 She has forgot, how many a wofull stowre
 For him she late endur'd, she speakes no more
 Of past true is, that true loue hath no powre
 To looken backe, his eyes be fixt before
 Before her stands her knight, for whom she toyld so sore
 Much like, as when the beaten marinere, xxxi
 That long hath wandred in the *Ocean* wide,
 Oft soust in swelling *Tethys* saltish teare,
 And long time hauing tand his tawney hide
 With blustring breath of heauen, that none can bide,
 And scorching flames of fierce *Orions* hound,
 Soone as the port from farre he has espide,
 His chearefull whistle merrily doth sound,
 And *Nereus* crownes with cups, his mates him pledg around

Such ioy made *Vna*, when her knight she found , xxxii
 And eke th'enchauter ioyous seemd no lesse,
 Then the glad marchant, that does vew from ground
 His ship farre come from watrie wilderness,
 He hurles out vowes, and *Neptune* oft doth blesse
 So forth they past, and all the way they spent
 Discoursing of her dreadfull late distresse,
 In which he askt her, what the Lyon ment
 † Who told her all that fell in iourney as she went

They had not ridden farre, when they might see xxxiii
 One pricking towards them with hastie heat,
 Full strongly armd, and on a courser free,
 That through his fiercenesse fomed all with sweat,
 And the sharpe yron did for anger eat,
 When his hot ryder spurd his chauffed side,
 His looke was sterne, and seemed still to threat
 Cruell reuenge, which he in hart did hyde,
 And on his shield *Sans loy* in bloudie lines was dyde

When nigh he drew vnto this gentle payre xxxiv
 And saw the Red-crosse, which the knight did beare,
 He burnt in fire, and gan eftsoones prepaie
 Himselfe to battell with his couched speare
 Loth was that other, and did faint through feare,
 To taste th'vntryed dint of deadly steele ,
 But yet his Lady did so well him cheare,
 That hope of new good hap he gan to feele ,
 So bent his speare, and spurnd his horse with yron heele

But that proud Paynim forward came so fierce, xxxv
 And full of wrath, that with his sharp-head speare
 Through vainely crossed shield he quite did pierce,
 And had his staggering steede not shrunke for feare,
 Through shield and bodie eke he should him beare
 Yet so great was the puissance of his push,
 That from his saddle quite he did him beare
 He tombling rudely downe to ground did iush,
 And from his gored wound a well of bloud did gush

xxxii 9 told, 1609 all that her fell sugg ed xxxiv 5 feare,]
 fea, 1596 9 spurd 1590 xxxv 1 ferce 1590 3 perce 1590
 4 shronke 1590

Dismounting lightly from his loftie steed, xxxvi
 He to him lept, in mind to reauue his life,
 And proudly said, Lo there the worthie meed
 Of him, that slew *Sansfoy* with bloudie knife,
 Henceforth his ghost freed from repining strife,
 In peace may passen ouer *Lethe* lake,
 When morning altars purgd with enemies life,
 The blacke infernall *Furies* doen aslake
 Life from *Sansfoy* thou tookst, *Sansloy* shall from thee take
 Therewith in haste his helmet gan vnlace, xxxvii
 Till *Vna* cride, O hold that heauie hand,
 Deare Sir, what euer that thou be in place
 Enough is, that thy foe doth vanquisht stand
 Now at thy mercy Mercie not withstand
 For he is one the truest knight aliuie,
 Though conquered now he lie on lowly land,
 And whilest him fortune fauourd, faire did thriue
 In bloudie field therefore of life him not depriue
 Her piteous words might not abate his rage, xxxviii
 But rudely rending vp his helmet, would
 Haue slaine him straight but when he sees his age,
 And hoarie head of *Archimago* old,
 His hastie hand he doth amazed hold,
 And halfe ashamed, wondred at the sight
 For the old man well knew he, though vntold,
 In charmes and magicke to haue wondrous might,
 Ne euer wont in field, ne in round lists to fight
 And said, Why *Archimago*, lucklesse syre, xxxix
 What doe I see? what hard mishap is this,
 That hath thee hither brought to taste mine yre?
 Or thine the fault, or mine the error is,
 In stead of foe to wound my friend amis?
 He answered nought, but in a traunce still lay,
 And on those guilefull dazed eyes of his
 The cloud of death did sit Which doen away,
 He left him lying so, ne would no lenger stay

xxxvi 7 mourning 1590
F E referring probably to this line

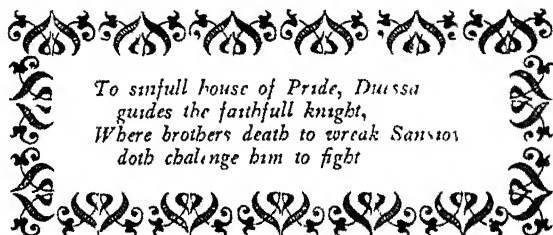
xxxviii 3 streight 1590

7 the | that

But to the virgin comes, who all this while x1
 Amased stands, her selfe so mockt to see
 By him, who has the guerdon of his guile,
 For so misfeigning her true knight to bee
 Yet is she now in more perplexitie,
 Left in the hand of that same Paynim bold,
 From whom her booteth not at all to flie,
 Who by her cleanly garment catching hold,
 Her from her Palfrey pluckt, her visage to behold
 But her fierce seruant full of kingly awe xli
 And high disdaine, whenas his soueraigne Dame
 So rudely handled by her foe he sawe,
 With gaping iawes full greedy at him came,
 And ramping on his shield, did weene the same
 Haue reft away with his sharpe rending clawes
 But he was stout, and lust did now inflame
 His corage more, that from his griping pawes
 He hath his shield redeem'd, and foorth his swerd he drawes
 O then too weake and feeble was the forse xlii
 Of saluage beast, his puissance to withstand
 For he was strong, and of so mightie corse,
 As euer wielded speare in warlike hand,
 And feates of armes did wisely vnderstand
 Eftsoones he perced through his chaufed chest
 With thrilling point of deadly yron brand,
 And launcht his Lordly hart with death opprest
 He roar'd aloud, whiles life forsooke his stubborne brest
 Who now is left to keepe the forlorne maid xliii
 From raging spoile of lawlesse victors will?
 Her faithfull gard remou'd, her hope dismayd,
 Her selfe a yeelded pray to saue or spill
 He now Lord of the field, his pride to fill,
 With foule reproches, and disdainfull spight
 Her vildly entertaines, and will or nill,
 Beares her away vpon his courser light
 Her prayers nought preuaile, his rage is more of might

And all the way, with great lamenting paine,
 And piteous plaints she filleth his dull eares,
 That stony hart could nuen haue in twaine,
 And all the way she wets with flowing teares
 But he enrag'd with rancor, nothing heares
 Her seruile beast yet would not leaue her so,
 But followes hei faire off, ne ought he feares,
 To be partaker of her wandring woe,
 More mild in beastly kind, then that hei beastly foe

Cant. IIII



YOUNG knight, what euer that dost aimes professe,
 And through long labours hunttest after fame,
 Beware of fraud, beware of ficklenesse,
 In choice, and change of thy deare loued Dame,
 Least thou of her beleue too lightly blame,
 And rash misweening doe thy hart remoue
 For vnto knight there is no greater shame,
 Then lightnesse and inconstancie in loue,
 That doth this *Redcrosse* knights ensample plainly proue.
 Who after that he had faue *Vna* lorne,
 Through light misdeeming of her loaltie,
 And false *Duessa* in her sted had borne,
 Called *Fidess'*, and so supposd to bee,
 Long with her traueild, till at last they see
 A goodly building, brauely garnished,
 The house of mightie Prince it seemd to bee
 And towards it a broad high way that led,
 All bare through peoples feet, which thither traueiled

Great troupes of people traueild thitherwaid iii
 Both day and night, of each degree and place,
 But few returned, hauing scaped hard,
 With balefull beggerie, or foule disgrace,
 Which euer after in most wretched case,
 Like loathsome lazars, by the hedges lay
 Thither *Duess*a bad him bend his pace
 For she is wearie of the toilesome way,
 And also nigh consumed is the lingring day

A stately Pallace built of squared bricke, iiv
 Which cunningly was without mortar laid,
 Whose wals were high, but nothing strong, nor thick,
 And golden foile all ouer them displaid,
 That purest skye with brightnesse they dismaid
 High lifted vp were many loftie towres,
 And goodly galleries farre ouer laid,
 Full of faire windowes, and delightfull bowres,
 And on the top a Diall told the timely howres

It was a goodly heape for to behould, v
 And spake the praises of the workmans wit,
 But full great pittie, that so faire a mould
 Did on so weake foundation euer sit
 For on a sandie hill, that still did flit,
 And fall away, it mounted was full hie,
 That euery breath of heauen shaken it
 And all the hinder parts, that few could spie,
 Were ruinous and old, but painted cunningly

Arriued there they passed in forth right, vi
 For still to all the gates stood open wide,
 Yet charge of them was to a Porter hight
 Cald *Malueni*, who entrance none denide
 Thence to the hall, which was on euery side
 With rich array and costly arras dight
 Infinite sorts of people did abide
 There waiting long, to win the wished sight
 Of her, that was the Lady of that Pallace bright

By them they passe, all gazing on them round, vii
 And to the Presence mount, whose glorious vew
 Their frayle amazed senses did confound
 In liuing Princes couit none euer knew
 Such endlesse riches, and so sumptuous shew,
 Ne *Persia* selfe, the nourse of pompous pride
 Like euer saw And there a noble crew
 Of Lordes and Ladies stood on euery side,
 Which with their presence faue, the place much beautifide
 High aboue all a cloth of State was spred, viii
 And a rich throne, as bright as sunny day,
 On which there sate most braue embellished
 With royall robes and gorgeous array,
 A mayden Queene, that shone as *Titans* ray,
 In glistning gold, and peerelesse pretious stone
 Yet her bright blazing beautie did assay
 To dim the brightnesse of her glorious throne,
 As enuying hei selfe, that too exceeding shone
 Exceeding shone, like *Phabus* fairest childe, ix
 That did presume his fathers fire wayne,
 And flaming mouthes of steedes vnwonted wilde
 Through highest heauen with weaker hand to rayne,
 Proud of such glory and aduancement vaine,
 While flashing beames do daze his feeble eyen,
 He leaues the welkin way most beaten plaine,
 And rapt with whirling wheelles, inflames the skyen,
 With fire not made to burne, but fairely for to shyne
 So proud she shyned in her Princely state, x
 Looking to heauen, for earth she did disdayne,
 And sitting high, for lowly she did hate
 Lo vnderneath her scornefull feete, was layne
 A dreadfull Dragon with an hideous trayne,
 And in hei hand she held a mirrhour bright,
 Wherein her face she often vewed fayne,
 And in her selfe-lou'd semblance tooke delight,
 For she was wondrous faire, as any liuing wight

Of griesly *Pluto* she the daughter was,
 And sad *Proserpina* the Queene of hell,
 Yet did she thinke her peaelesse worth to pas
 That parentage, with pride so did she swell,
 And thundring *Ioue*, that high in heauen doth dwell,
 And wield the world, she claymed for hei syre,
 Or if that any else did *Ioue* excell
 For to the highest she did still aspyre,
 Or if ought higher were then that, did it desyre
 And proud *Lucifera* men did her call,
 That made her selfe a Queene, and crownd to be,
 Yet rightfull kingdome she had none at all,
 Ne heritage of natiue soueraintie,
 But did vsurpe with wrong and tyrannie
 Vpon the scepter, which she now did hold
 Ne ruld her Realmes with lawes, but pollicie,
 And strong aduizement of six wisards old,
 That with their counsels bad her kingdome did vphold
 Soone as the Elfin knight in presence came,
 And false *Duessa* seeming Lady faie,
 A gentle Husher, *Vantie* by name
 Made rowme, and passage for them did prepare
 So goodly brought them to the lowest staire
 Of her high throne, where they on humble knee
 Making obeysance, did the cause declare,
 Why they were come, her royall state to see,
 To proue the wide report of her great Maiestee
 With loftie eyes, halfe loth to looke so low,
 She thanked them in her disdainefull wise,
 Ne other grace vouchsafed them to show
 Of Princesse worthy, scarce them bad arise
 Her Lordes and Ladies all this while deuise
 Themselues to setten forth to straungers sight
 Some frounce their curled haire in courtly guise,
 Some prancke their ruffes, and others trimly dight
 Their gay attire each others greater pride does spight

xi

xii

xiii

xiv

xi 3 wroth 1596

xiii 1 Elfin 1596

xii 2 a om 1596

7 obeysaunce 1590

7 Realme 1590

obeisance 1609

Goodly they all that knight do entertaine, xv
 Right glad with him to haue increast their crew
 But to *Duess'* each one himselfe did paine
 All kindnesse and faire courtesie to shew,
 For in that court whylome her well they knew
 Yet the stout Faerie mongst the middest crowd
 Thought all their glorie vaine in knightly vew,
 And that great Princesse too exceeding prowd,
 That to strange knight no better countenance allowd
 Sudden vpriseth from hei stately place xvi
 The royall Dame, and for her coche doth call
 All hurtlen forth, and she with Princely pace,
 As faire *Aurora* in her purple pall,
 Out of the East the dawning day doth call
 So forth she comes her bightnesse brode doth blaze,
 The heapes of people thronging in the hall,
 Do ride each other, vpon her to gaze
 Her glorious glitterand light doth all mens eyes amaze
 So forth she comes, and to her coche does clyme, xvii
 Adorned all with gold, and girlonds gay,
 That seemd as fresh as *Flora* in her prime,
 And stroue to match, in royall rich array,
 Great *Iuno*s golden chaire, the which they say
 The Gods stand gazing on, when she does ride
 To *Ioues* high house through heauens bris-paued way
 Drawne of faire Pecoeks, that excell in pride,
 And full of *Argus* eyes their tailes dispredden wide
 But this was drawne of six vnequall beasts, xviii
 On which her six sage Counsellours did ryde,
 Taught to obay their bestiall beheasts,
 With like conditions to their kinds applyde
 Of which the first, that all the rest did guyde,
 Was sluggish *Idlenesse* the nourse of sin;
 Vpon a slouthfull Asse he chose to ryde,
 Arayd in habit blacke, and amis thin,
 Like to an holy Monck, the seruice to begin

And in his hand his Portesse still he bare,
 That much was worne, but therein little red,
 For of deuotion he had little care,
 Still drownd in sleepe, and most of his dayes ded ,
 Scarse could he once vphold his heaue hed,
 To looken, whether it were night or day
 May seeme the wayne was very euill led,
 When such an one had guiding of the way,
 That knew not, whether right he went, or else astray
 From worldly cares himselfe he did esloyne,
 And greatly shunned manly exercise,
 From euery worke he chalenged essoyne,
 For contemplation sake yet otheiwise,
 His life he led in lawlesse riotise ,
 By which he grew to grieuous malady ,
 For in his lustlesse limbs through euill guise
 A shaking feuer raignd continually
 Such one was *Idlenesse*, first of this company
 And by his side rode loathsome *Gluttony*,
 Deformed creature, on a filthie swyne,
 His belly was vp-blowne with luxury,
 And eke with fatnesse swollen were his eyne,
 And like a Crane his necke was long and fyne,
 With which he swallowd vp excessiue feast,
 For want whereof poore people oft did pyne ,
 And all the way, most like a brutish beast,
 He spued vp his gorge, that all did him deteast
 In greene vine leaues he was right fitly clad ,
 For other clothes he could not weare for heat,
 And on his head an yuie girland had,
 From vnder which fast trickled downe the sweat
 Still as he rode, he somewhat still did eat,
 And in his hand did beare a bouzing can,
 Of which he supt so oft, that on his seat
 His dronken corse he scarce vpholden can,
 In shape and life more like a monster, then a man

xix

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xxi

xxii

Vnfit he was for any worldly thing,
 And eke vnhabable once to stirre or go,
 Not meet to be of counsell to a king,
 Whose mind in meat and drinke was drowned so,
 That from his friend he seldome knew his fo
 Full of diseases was his carcas blew,
 And a dry dropsie through his flesh did flow
 Which by misdiet daily greater grew
 Such one was *Gluttony*, the second of that crew

xxiii

And next to him rode lustfull *Lechery*,
 Vpon a bearded Goat, whose rugged haire,
 And whally eyes (the signe of gelosy,)
 Was like the person selfe, whom he did beare
 Who rough, and blacke, and filthy did appeare,
 Vnseemely man to please faire Ladies eye,
 Yet he of Ladies oft was loued deare,
 When fairer faces were bid standen by
 O who does know the bent of womens fantasy?

xxiv

In a greene gowne he clothed was full faue,
 Which vnderneath did hide his filthinesse,
 And in his hand a burning hart he bare,
 Full of vaine folhes, and new fanglenesse
 For he was false, and fraught with ficklenesse,
 And learned had to loue with secret lookes,
 And well could daunce, and sing with ruefulness,
 And fortunes tell, and read in louing bookes,
 And thousand other wayes, to bait his fleshly hookes

xxv

Inconstant man, that loued all he saw,
 And lusted after all, that he did loue,
 Ne would his looser life be tide to law,
 But ioyd weake wemens hearts to tempt and proue
 If from their loyall loues he might then moue,
 Which lewdnesse fild him with reprochfull paine
 Of that fowle euill, which all men reprove,
 That rots the marrow, and consumes the braine
 Such one was *Lecherie*, the third of all this traine

xxvi

xxiii 1 wordly 1590 2 vnabable 1609 5 seldome 1590 sildom 1609
 xxvi 4 tempt, 1590

And greedy *Auarice* by him did ride,
 Vpon a Camell loaden all with gold,
 Two iron coffers hong on either side,
 With precious mettall full, as they might hold,
 And in his lap an heape of coine he told,
 For of his wicked pelfe his God he made,
 And vnto hell him selfe for money sold,
 Accursed vsurie was all his trade,

xxvii

And right and wrong ylike in equall ballaunce waide

His life was nigh vnto deaths doore yplast,
 And thred-bare cote, and cobled shoes he waie,
 Ne scarce good morsell all his life did tast,
 But both from backe and belly still did spaie,
 To fill his bags, and richesse to compare,
 Yet chylde ne kinsman liuing had he none
 To leaue them to, but thorough daily care
 To get, and nightly feare to lose his owne,
 He led a wretched life vnto him selfe vnknowne

xxviii

Most wretched wight, whom nothing might suffice,
 Whose greedy lust did lacke in greatest store,
 Whose need had end, but no end couetise,
 Whose wealth was want, whose plenty made him pore,
 Who had enough, yet wished euer more,
 A vile disease, and eke in foote and hand
 A grieuous gout tormented him full sore,
 That well he could not touch, nor go, nor stand
 Such one was *Auarice*, the fourth of this faire band

xxix

And next to him malicious *Enuie* rode,
 Vpon a rauinous wolfe, and still did chaw
 Betweene his cankred teeth a venemous tode,
 That all the poison ran about his chaw,
 But inwardly he chawed his owne maw
 At neighbours wealth, that made him euer sad,
 For death it was, when any good he saw,
 And wept, that cause of weeping none he had,
 But when he heard of harme, he waxed wondrous glad

xxx

xxvii 3 coffets 1590 6 pelfe] pelpe 1590 corr F E xxix 5 euermore
 1609 9 fourth] foith 1590 xxx 4 chaw] jaw 1609 6 neibors 1590

All in a kirtle of discolourd say xxxii
 He clothed was, ypainted full of eyes,
 And in his bosome secretly there lay
 An hatefull Snake, the which his taile vptyes
 In many folds, and mortall sting implyes
 Still as he rode, he gnasht his teeth, to see
 Those heapes of gold with griple Couetyse,
 And grudged at the great felicitie
 Of proud *Lucifera*, and his owne companie
 He hated all good workes and vertuous deadds, xxxiii
 And him no lesse, that any like did vse,
 And who with gracious bread the hungry feeds,
 His almes for want of faith he doth accuse,
 So euery good to bad he doth abuse
 And eke the verse of famous Poets witt
 He does backebite, and spightfull poison spues
 From leprous mouth on all, that euer writt
 Such one vile *Enuie* was, that fift in row did sitt
 And him beside rides fierce reuenging *Wrath*, xxxiiii
 Vpon a Lion, loth for to be led,
 And in his hand a burning brond he hath,
 The which he blandisheth about his hed,
 His eyes did hurle forth sparkles fiery red,
 And stared sterne on all, that him beheld,
 As ashes pale of hew and seeming ded,
 And on his dagger still his hand he held,
 Trembling through hasty rage, when choler in him sweld
 His ruffin raiment all was stand with blood, xxxv
 Which he had spilt, and all to rags yrent,
 Through vnaduized rashnesse woxen wood,
 For of his hands he had no gouernement,
 Ne car'd for bloud in his auengement
 But when the furious fit was ouerpast,
 His cruell facts he often would repent;
 Yet wilfull man he neuer would forecast,
 How many mischieues should ensue his heedlesse hast

Full many mischiefes follow cruell *Wrath*,
 Abhorred bloudshed, and tumultuous strife,
 Vnmanly murder, and vnthrifty scath,
 Bitter despight, with rancours rusty knife,
 And fretting grieve the enemy of life,
 All these, and many euils moe haunt ire,
 The swelling Splene, and Frenzy raging rife,
 The shaking Palsey, and Saint *Fraunces* fire
 Such one was *Wrath*, the last of this vngodly tūe

xxxv

And after all, vpon the wagon beame
 Rode *Sathan*, with a smarting whip in hand,
 With which he forward lasht the laesie teme,
 So oft as *Slowth* still in the mire did stand
 Huge routs of people did about them band,
 Showting for ioy, and still before their way
 A foggy mist had couered all the land,
 And vnderneath their feet, all scattered lay
 Dead sculs and bones of men, whose life had gone astray

xxxvi

So forth they marchen in this goodly sort,
 To take the solace of the open aire,
 And in fresh flowring fields themselues to sport,
 Emongst the rest rode that false Lady faire,
 The fowle *Duesssa*, next vnto the chaire
 Of proud *Lucifera*, as one of the traine
 But that good knight would not so nigh repaire,
 Him selfe estraunging from their ioyaunce vaine,
 Whose fellowship seemd far vnfit for warlike swaine

xxxvii

So haung solaced themselues a space
 With pleasaunce of the breathing fields yfed,
 They backe returned to the Princely Place,
 Whereas an errant knight in armes yclod,
 And heathnish shield, wherein with letters red
 Was writ *Sans ioy*, they new arriued find
 Enflam'd with fury and fiers hardy-hed,
 He seemd in hart to harbour thoughts vnkind,
 And nourish bloody vengeance in his bitter mind

xxxviii

xxxvi 2 *Satan* 1609xxxvii 6 *Lucifer* 1590

Who when the shamed shield of slaine *Sans foy* xxxix
 He spide with that same Faery champions page,
 Bewraying him, that did of late destroy
 His eldest brother, burning all with rage
 He to him leapt, and that same enuious gage
 Of victors glory from him snatcht away
 But th'Elfin knight, which ought that wailike wage,
 Disdaind to loose the meed he wonne in fray,
 And him rencounting fierce, reskewd the noble pray
 Therewith they gan to hurtlen greedily, xl
 Redoubted battaile ready to darayne,
 And clash their shields, and shake their swords on hy,
 That with their sturre they troubled all the traine,
 Till that great Queene vpon eternall paine
 Of high displeasure, that ensewen might,
 Commaunded them their fuy to refraine,
 And if that either to that shield had right,
 In equall lists they should the morrow next it fight
 Ah dearest Dame, (quoth then the Paynim bold,) xli
 Pardon the errour of enraged wight,
 Whom great griefe made forget the raines to hold
 Of reasons rule, to see this recicant knight,
 No knight, but treachour full of false despight
 And shamefull treason, who through guile hath slayn
 The prowest knight, that euer field did fight,
 Euen stout *Sans foy* (O who can then refrayn?)
 Whose shield he beares renuerst, the more to heape disdayn
 And to augment the glorie of his guile, xlii
 His dearest loue the faire *Fidessa* loe
 Is there possessed of the traytour vile,
 Who reapes the haruest sown by his foe,
 Sown in bloody field, and bought with woe
 That brothers hand shall dearely well requight
 So be, O Queene, you equall fauour shoue
 Him litle answerd th'angry Elfin knight;
 He neuer meant with words, but swords to plead his right.

xxxix 8 lose 1609 9 re'ncounting 1609 xl 1 hurlen 1609
 3 swerds 1590 xli 2 error 1590 4 recreaunt 1590 9 re'nverst 1609

But threw his gauntlet as a sacred pledge,
 His cause in combat the next day to try
 So been they parted both, with harts on edge,
 To be aueng'd each on his enemy
 That night they pas in ioy and iollity,
 Feasting and courting both in bowre and hall,
 For Steward was excessiue *Gluttonie*,
 That of his plenty poured forth to all,
 Which doen, the Chamberlain *Slowth* did to rest them call

Now whenas darkesome night had all displayd
 Her coleblacke curtein ouer brightest skye,
 The warlike youthes on dayntie couches layd,
 Did chace away sweet sleepe from sluggish eye,
 To muse on meanes of hoped victory
 But whenas *Morpheus* had with leaden mace
 Arrested all that courtly company,
 Vp-rose *Duessa* from her resting place,
 And to the Paynims lodging comes with silent pace

Whom broad awake she finds, in troublous fit,
 Forecasting, how his foe he might annoy,
 And him amoues with speaches seeming fit
 Ah deare *Sans ioy*, next dearest to *Sans foy*,
 Cause of my new grieve, cause of my new ioy,
 Ioyous, to see his ymage in mine eye,
 And greeu'd, to thinke how foe did him destroy,
 That was the flowre of grace and cheualrye,
 Lo his *Fidessa* to thy secret faith I flye

With gentle wordes he can her fairely greet,
 And bad say on the secret of her hart
 Then sighing soft, I learne that litle sweet
 Oft tempred is (quoth she) with muchell smart
 For since my brest was launcht with louely dart
 Of deare *Sansfoy*, I neuer ioyed howre,
 But in eternall woes my weaker hart
 Haue wasted, louing him with all my powre,
 And for his sake haue felt full many an heaue stowre

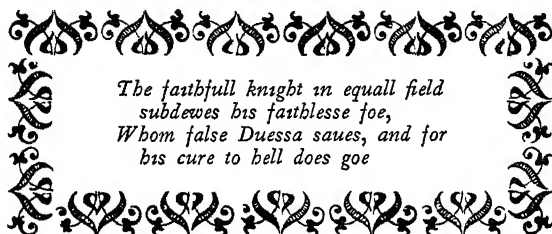
xliii 1 pledg 1590 3 edg 1590 xlv 4 *Sans ioy*] *Sans foy* 1590
 5 cause of new ioy, 1590, 1596 cor 1 F E xlv1 2 secrete 1590

At last when perils all I weened past, xlvii
 And hop'd to scape the crop of all my care,
 Into new woes vnweeting I was cast,
 By this false faytor, who vnworthy waie
 His worthy shield, whom he with guilefull snue
 Entriapped slew, and brought to shametull graue
 Me silly maid away with him he bare,
 And euer since hath kept in darksome caue,
 For that I would not yeeld, that to *Sans-foy* I gaue
 But since faire Sunne hath sperst that lowing clowd, xlviii
 And to my loathed life now shewes some light,
 Vnder your beames I will me safely shrowd,
 From dreaded storme of his disdainfull spight
 To you th'inheritance belongs by right
 Of brothers prayse, to you eke longs his loue
 Let not his loue, let not his restlesse spight
 Be vnreung'd, that calles to you aboue
 From wandring *Stygian* shores, where it doth endlesse moue
 Thereto said he, Faire Dame be nought dismaid xlix
 For sorrowes past, their grieve is with them gone
 Ne yet of present perill be affraid,
 For needlesse feare did neuer vantage none,
 And helplesse hap it booteth not to mone
 Dead is *Sans-foy*, his vitall paines are past,
 Though greeued ghost for vengeance deepe do grone
 He lues, that shall him pay his dewties last,
 And guiltie Elfin bloud shall sacrifice in hast
 O but I feare the fickle freakes (quoth shee) i
 Of fortune false, and oddes of armes in field
 Why dame (quoth he) what oddes can euer bee,
 Where both do fight alike, to win or yeeld?
 Yea but (quoth she) he beares a charmed shield,
 And eke enchaunted armes, that none can perce,
 Ne none can wound the man, that does them wield
 Charmd or enchaunted (answerd he then ferce)
 I no whit reck, ne you the like need to reherce

But faire *Fidessa*, sithens fortunes guile,
 Or enimies powre hath now captiued you,
 Returne from whence ye came, and rest a while
 Till morrow next, that I the Elfe subdew,
 And with *Sans-foyes* dead dowry you endew
 Ay me, that is a double death (she said)
 With proud foes sight my sorrow to renew
 Where euer yet I be, my secrete aid
 Shall follow you So passing forth she him obaid

11

Cant. V.



THe noble hart, that harbours vertuous thought,
 And is with child of glorious great intent,
 Can neuer rest, vntill it forth haue brought
 Th'eternall brood of glorie excellent
 Such restlesse passion did all night torment
 The flaming corage of that Faery knight,
 Deuizing, how that doughtie turnament
 With greatest honour he atchieuen might,
 Still did he wake, and still did watch for dawning light

1

At last the golden Orientall gate
 Of greatest heauen gan to open faire,
 And *Phæbus* fresh, as bridegrome to his mate,
 Came dauncing forth, shaking his deawie haire
 And hurld his glistring beames through gloomy aire
 Which when the wakeful Elfe perceiud, streight way
 He started vp, and did him selfe prepaire,
 In sun-bright armes, and battailous array
 For with that Pagan proud he combat will that day

11

19 he om 1596 11 1 gate, 1590, 1596 5 hurld] hurls 1590, 1596
 huiles 1609 corr F E

And forth he comes into the commune hall,
 Where earely waite him many a gazing eye,
 To weet what end to stranger knights may fall
 There many Minstiales maken melody,
 To driue away the dull melancholy,
 And many Bardes, that to the trembling chord
 Can tune their timely voyces cunningly,
 And many Chroniclers, that can record
 Old loues, and warres for Ladies doen by many a Lord

iii

Soone after comes the cruell Sarazin,
 In wouen maile all armed warily,
 And sternly lookes at him, who not a pin
 Does care for looke of liuing creatures eye
 They bring them wines of *Greece* and *Araby*,
 And daintie spices fetcht from furthest *Ind*,
 To kindle heat of corage priuily
 And in the wine a solemne oth they bynd
 T'obserue the sacred lawes of armes, that are assynd

iv

At last forth comes that far renowned Queene,
 With royall pomp and Princely maestic,
 She is ybrought vnto a paled greene,
 And placed vnder stately canapee,
 The warlike feates of both those knights to see
 On th'other side in all mens open vew
Duessa placed is, and on a tree
Sans-foy his shield is hangd with bloody hew

v

Both those the lawrell girlonds to the victor dew

A shrilling trumpet sownded from on hye,
 And vnto battaill bad them selues addresse
 Their shining shieldes about their wrestes they tye,
 And burning blades about their heads do blesse,
 The instruments of wrath and heauinesse
 With greedy force each other doth assayle,
 And strike so fiercely, that they do impresse
 Deepe dinted furrowes in the battred mayle,
 The yron walles to ward their blowes are weake and fraile

vi

The Sarazin was stout, and wondrous strong,
 And heaped blowes like yron hammers great
 For after bloud and vengeance he did long
 The knight was fiers, and full of youthly heat
 And doubled strokes, like dreaded thunders threat
 For all for prayse and honour he did fight
 Both stricken strike, and beaten both do beat,
 That from their shields forth flyeth fire light,
 And helmets hewen deepe, shew marks of eithers might

vii

So th'one for wrong, the other striues for right
 As when a Gryfon seized of his pray,
 A Dragon fiers encountreth in his flight,
 Through widest ayre making his ydle way,
 That would his rightfull rauine rend away
 With hideous horror both together smight,
 And souce so sore, that they the heauens affray
 The wise Southsayer seeing so sad sight,
 Th'amazed vulgar tels of warres and mortall fight

viii

So th'one for wrong, the other striues for right,
 And each to deadly shame would driue his foe
 The cruell steele so greedily doth bight
 In tender flesh, that streames of bloud down flow,
 With which the armes, that earst so bright did show,
 Into a pure vermillion now are dyde
 Great ruth in all the gazers harts did grow,
 Seeing the gored woundes to gape so wyde,
 That victory they dare not wish to either side

ix

At last the Paynim chaunst to cast his eye,
 His sudden eye, flaming with wrathfull fyre,
 Vpon his brothers shield, which hong thereby
 Therewith redoubled was his raging yre,
 And said, ~~Ab wretched sonne of wofull syre,~~
 Doest thou sit wayling by black ~~Stygian~~ lake,
 Whilest here thy shield is hangd for victors hyre,
 And sluggish german doest thy forces slake,
 To after-send his foe, that him may ouertake?

x

vii 9 hewen helmets 1590 ix 5 show 1590, 1596 shoue 1609
 x 6 Doost 1609 *passim*

Goe caytiue Elfe, him quickly ouertake, xi
 And soone redeeme from his long wandring woe,
 Goe guiltie ghost, to him my message make,
 That I his shield haue quit from dying foe
 Therewith vpon his crest he stroke him so,
 That twise he reeled, readie twise to fall,
 End of the doubtfull battell deemed tho
 The lookers on, and lowd to him gan call
 The false *Duessa*, Thine the shield, and I, and all

Soone as the Faerie heard his Ladie speake, xii
 Out of his swowning dreame he gan awake,
 And quickning faith, that earst was woxen weake,
 The creeping deadly cold away did shake
 Tho mou'd with wrath, and shame, and Ladies sake,
 Of all attonce he cast auengd to bee,
 And with so'exceeding furie at him strake,
 That forced him to stoupe vpon his knee,
 Had he not stouped so, he should haue clouen bee

And to him said, Goe now proud Miscreant, xiii
 Thy selfe thy message doe to german deare,
 Alone he wandring thee too long doth want
 Goe say, his foe thy shield with his doth beare
 Therewith his heauie hand he high gan reare,
 Him to haue slaine, when loe a darkesome clowd
 Vpon him fell he no where doth appeare,
 But vanisht is The Elfe him cals alowd,
 But answai none receiues the darknes him does shrowd

In haste *Duessa* from her place arose, xiv
 And to him running said, O prowest knight,
 That euer Ladie to her loue did chose,
 Let now abate the terror of your might,
 And quench the flame of furious despight,
 And bloudie vengeance, lo th'infernall powres
 Couering your foe with cloud of deadly night,
 Haue borne him hence to *Plutoes* balefull bowres
 The conquest yours, I yours, the shield, and glory yours

Not all so satisfide, with greedie eye
 He sought all round about, his thirstie blade
 To bath in bloud of faithlesse enemy,
 Who all that while lay hid in secret shade
 He standes amazed, how he thence should fade
 At last the trumpets Triumph sound on hie,
 And running Heralds humble homage made,
 Greeting him goodly with new victorie,
 And to him brought the shield, the cause of enmitie

xv

Wherewith he goeth to that soueraigne Queene,
And falling her before on lowly knee,
To her makes present of his seruice seene
Which she accepts, with thankes, and goodly gree,
Greatly aduauncing his gay cheualree
So marcheth home, and by her takes the knight,
Whom all the people follow with great glee,
Shouting, and clapping all their hands on hight,
That all the aire it fills, and flies to heauen bright

XV1

Home is he brought, and laid in sumptuous bed
Where many skilfull leaches him abide,
To salue his hurts, that yet still freshly bled
In wine and oyle they wash his woundes wide,
And softly can embalm on euery side
And all the while, most heavenly melody
About the bed sweet musicke did diuide,
Him to beguile of grieve and agony
And all the while *Duessa* wept full bitterly

xvii

As when a wearie traeller that strays
By muddy shore of broad seuen-mouthed *Nile*,
Vnweeting of the penillous wandring wayes,
Doth meet a cruell craftie Crocodile,
Which in false grieffe hyding his harmefull guile,
Doth weepe full sore, and sheddeth tender teares
The foolish man, that pitties all this while
His mournefull plight, is swallowd vp vnwares,
Forgetfull of his owne, that mindes anothers cares

xvii

xv 2 thristy 1590 3 bathe 1590, 1609 6 trumpets, 1596, 1609
xvii 5 can] gan 1590 xviii 1 traueiler 1590

So wept *Duessa* vntill euentide,
 That shyning lampes in *Ioue*'s high house were light
 Then forth she rose, ne lenger would abide,
 But comes vnto the place, where th'Hethen knight
 In slombring swownd nigh voyd of vitall spright,
 Lay couer'd with inchaunted cloud all day
 Whom when she found, as she him left in plight,
 To wayle his woefull case she would not stay,
 But to the easterne coast of heauen makes speedy way
 Where griesly *Night*, with visage deadly sad,
 That *Phabus* chearefull face durst neuer vew,
 And in a foule blacke pitchie mantle clad,
 She findes forth comming from her darkesome mew,
 Where she all day did hide her hated hew
 Before the dore her yron chalet stood,
 Alreadie harnesssed for iourney new,
 And coleblacke steedes yborne of hellish brood,
 That on their rustie bits did champ, as they were wood
 Who when she saw *Duessa* sunny bright,
 Adorn'd with gold and iewels shining cleare,
 She greatly grew amazed at the sight,
 And th'vnacquainted light began to feare
 For neuer did such brightnesse there appeare,
 And would haue backe retyred to her caue,
 Vntill the witches speech she gan to heare,
 Saying, Yet O thou dreaded Dame, I craue
 Abide, till I haue told the message, which I haue
 She stayd, and foorth *Duessa* gan proceede,
 O thou most auncient Grandmother of all,
 More old then *Ioue*, whom thou at first didst breede,
 Or that great house of Gods cælestiall,
 Which wast begot in *Dæmogorgons* hall,
 And sawst the secrets of the world vnmade,
 Why suffredst thou thy Nephewes deare to fall
 With Elfin sword, most shamefully betrade?
 Lo where the stout *Sansloy* doth sleepe in deadly shade

xix

xx

xxi

xxii

And him before, I saw with bitter eyes
 The bold *Sansfoy* shrink vnderneath his speare,
 And now the pray of fowles in field he lyes,
 Nor wayld of friends, nor laid on groning beare,
 That whylome was to me too dearely deare
 O what of Gods then boots it to be borne,
 If old *Aveugles* sonnes so euill heare?
 Or who shall not great *Nightes* children scorne,
 When two of three her Nephews are so fowle forlorne
 Vp then, vp dreary Dame, of darknesse Queene,
 Go gather vp the reliques of thy race,
 Or else goe them auenge, and let be seene,
 That dreaded *Night* in brightest day hath place,
 And can the children of faire light deface
 Her feeling speeches some compassion moued
 In hart, and chaunge in that great mothers face
 Yet pittie in her hart was neuer proued
 Till then for euer more she hated, neuer loued
 And said, Deare daughter rightly may I rew
 The fall of famous children borne of mee,
 And good successes, which their foes ensew
 But who can turne the streame of destinee,
 Or breake the chayne of strong necessitee,
 Which fast is tyde to *Ioues* eternall seat?
 The sonnes of Day he fauoureth, I see,
 And by my ruines thinke to make them great
 To make one great by others losse, is bad excheat
 Yet shall they not escape so freely all,
 For some shall pay the price of others guilt
 And he the man that made *Sansfoy* to fall,
 Shall with his owne bloud price that he hath spilt
 But what art thou, that telst of Nephews kilt?
 I that do seeme not I, *Duessa* am,
 (Quoth she) how euer now in garments gilt,
 And gorgeous gold arayd I to thee came,
Duessa I, the daughter of Deceit and Shame

xxiii

xxiv

xxv

xxvi

Then bowing downe her aged backe, she kist xxvii
 The wicked witch, saying, In that faue face
 The false resemblance of Deceit, I wist
 Did closely luke, yet so true-seeming grace
 It carried, that I scarce in darkesome place
 Could it discerne, though I the mother bee
 Of falshood, and root of *Duessaes* race
 O welcome child, whom I haue longd to see,
 And now haue seene vnwares Lo now I go with thee
 Then to her yron wagon she betakes, xxviii
 And with her beares the fowle welfauouid witch
 Through mikesome aie her readie way she makes
 Her twyfold Teme, of which two blacke as pitch,
 And two were browne, yet each to each vnlich,
 Did softly swim away, ne euer stampe,
 Vnlesse she chaunst their stubborne mouths to twitch,
 Then foming tarre, their bridles they would champe,
 And trampling the fine element, would hercely rampe
 So well they sped, that they be come at length xxix
 Vnto the place, whereas the Paynim lay,
 Deuoid of outward sense, and natiue strength,
 Couerd with charmed cloud from vew of day,
 And sight of men, since his late luckelesse fray
 His cruell wounds with cruddy bloud congealed,
 They binden vp so wisely, as they may,
 And handle softly, till they can be healed
 So lay him in her charet, close in night concealed
 And all the while she stood vpon the ground, xxx
 The wakefull dogs did neuer cease to bay,
 As giuing warning of th'vnwonted sound,
 With which her yron wheelles did them affray,
 And her darke griesly looke them much dismay,
 The messenger of death, the ghastly Owle
 With drearie shriekes did also her bewray,
 And hungry Wolues continually did howle,
 At her abhorred face, so filthy and so fowle

Thence turning backe in silence soft they stole,
And brought the heauie corse with easie pace
To yawning gulfe of deepe *Auernus* hole
By that same hole an entrance darke and bace
With smoake and sulphure hiding all the place,
Descends to hell there creature neuer past,
That backe returned without heauenly grace,
But dreadfull *Furies*, which their chaines haue brast,
And damned sprights sent forth to make ill men aghast
By that same way the direfull dames doe driue
Their mournfull charet, fild with rusty blood,
And downe to *Plutoes* house are come biliue
Which passing through, on euery side them stood
The trembling ghosts with sad amazed mood,
Chattring their yron teeth, and staring wide
With stonie eyes, and all the hellish brood
Of feends infernall flockt on euery side,
To gaze on earthly wight, that with the Night durst ride
They pas the bitter waues of *Acheron*,
Where many soules sit wailing woefully,
And come to fiery flood of *Phlegeton*,
Whereas the damned ghosts in torments fry,
And with sharpe shrilling shriekes doe bootlesse cry,
Cursing high *Ioue*, the which them thither sent
The house of endlesse paine is built thereby,
In which ten thousand sorts of punishment
The cursed creatures doe eternally torment
Before the threshold dreadfull *Cerberus*
His three deformed heads did lay along,
Curled with thousand adders venomous,
And lilled forth his bloudie flaming tong
At them he gan to reare his bristles strong,
And felly gnarre, vntill dayes enemy
Did him appease, then downe his taile he hong
And suffered them to passen quietly
For she in hell and heauen had power equally

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiii

xxxiv

There was *Ixon* turned on a wheele,
 For daring tempt the Queene of heauen to sin,
 And *Sisyphus* an huge round stone did reele
 Against an hill, ne might from labour lin,
 There thirstie *Tantalus* hong by the chin,
 And *Tityus* fed a vulture on his maw,
Typhaus ioyns were stretched on a gin,
Theseus condemned to endlesse slouth by law,
 And fifty sisters water in leake vessels draw

xxxv

They all beholding worldly wights in place,
 Leauē off their woike, vnmindfull of their smart,
 To gaze on them, who forth by them doe pace,
 Till they be come vnto the furthest part
 Where was a Caue ywrought by wondrous art,
 Deepe, darke, vneasie, dolefull, comfortlesse,
 In which sad *Æsculapius* faire a part
 Emprisoned was in chaines remedlesse,
 For that *Hippolytus* rent corse he did rediesse

xxxvi

Hippolytus a iolly huntsman was,
 That wont in charet chace the foming Boie,
 He all his Peeres in beautie did surpas,
 But Ladies loue as losse of time forboie
 His wanton stepdame loued him the more,
 But when she saw her offred sweets refused
 Her loue she turnd to hate, and him befoie
 His father fierce of treason false accused,
 And with her gealous termes his open eares abused

xxxvii

Who all in rage his Sea-god syre besought,
 Some cursed vengeance on his sonne to cast
 From surging gulf two monsters straight were brought,
 With dread whereof his chasing steedes aghast,
 Both charet swift and huntsman ouercast
 His goodly corps on ragged cliffs yrent,
 Was quite dismembred, and his members chast
 Scattered on euery mountaine, as he went,
 That of *Hippolytus* was left no monument

xxxviii

xxxv 9 leake] lete 1590 leke F E xxxvi 7 apart 1590, 1609
 xxxviii 6 cliffs 1590 &c corr F E

His cruell stepdame seeing what was donne,
 Hei wicked dayes with wretched knife did end,
 In death auowing th'innocence of her sonne
 Which hearing his rash Syre, began to rend
 His haire, and hastie tongue, that did offend
 Tho gathering vp the relicks of his smart
 By *Dianes* meanes, who was *Hippolyts* frend,
 Them brought to *Æsculape*, that by his art
 Did heale them all againe, and ioyned euery part.

xxxix

Such wondrous science in mans wit to raine
 When *Ioue* auizd, that could the dead reuiue,
 And fates expired could renew againe,
 Of endlesse life he might him not depriue,
 But vnto hell did thrust him downe aliue,
 With flashing thunderbolt ywounded sore
 Where long remaining, he did alwaies striue
 Himselfe with salues to health foi to restore,
 And slake the heauenly fire, that raged euermore

xl

There auncient Night arriuing, did alight
 From her nigh wearie waie, and in her armes
 To *Æsculapius* brought the wounded knight
 Whom hauing softly disarayd of armes,
 Tho gan to him discover all his harmes,
 Beseeching him with prayer, and with praise,
 If either salues, or oyles, or herbes, or charmes
 A fordonne wight from dore of death mote raise,
 He would at her request prolong her nephews daies

xli

Ah Dame (quoth he) thou temptest me in vaine,
 To dare the thing, which daily yet I rew,
 And the old cause of my continued paine
 With like attempt to like end to renew
 Is not enough, that thrust from heauen dew
 Here endlesse penance for one fault I pay,
 But that redoubled crime with vengeance new
 Thou biddest me to eeke ? Can Night defray
 The wrath of thundring *Ioue*, that rules both night and day ?

xlii

xxxix 6 reliques 1609 xl 9 fine] sure 1590 corr F E
 xli 2 nigh] high 1596, 1609

Not so (quoth she) but sith that heauens king xlii
 From hope of heauen hath thee excluded quight,
 Why fearest thou, that canst not hope for thing,
 And fearest not, that more thee hurten might,
 Now in the powre of euelasting Night?
 Goe to then, O thou farre renoumed sonne
 Of great *Apollo*, shew thy famous might
 In medicine, that else hath to thee wonne
 Great paines, and greater praise, both neuer to be donne
 Her words preuaild And then the learned leach xliii
 His cunning hand gan to his wounds to lay,
 And all things else, the which his art, did teach
 Which hauing seene, from thence arose awy
 The mother of dread darknesse, and let stay
Aeugles sonne there in the leaches cure,
 And backe returning tooke her wonted way,
 To runne her timely race, whilst *Phabus* pure
 In westerne waues his wearie wagon did recure
 The false *Duessa* leauing noyous Night, xliv
 Returnd to stately pallace of dame Pride,
 Where when she came, she found the Faery knight
 Departed thence, albe his woundes wide
 Not throughly heald, vnreadie were to ride
 Good cause he had to hasten thence away,
 For on a day his wary Dwarfe had spide,
 Where in a dongeon deepe huge numbers lay
 Of caytiue wretched thrals, that wayled night and day
 A ruefull sight, as could be seene with eie, xlii
 Of whom he learned had in secret wise
 The hidden cause of their captiuitie,
 How mortgaging their liues to *Couetise*,
 Through wastfull Pride, and wanton Riotise,
 They were by law of that proud Tyrannesse
 Prouokt with *Wrath*, and *Enuies* false surmise,
 Condemned to that Dongeon merclesse,
 Where they should liue in woe, and die in wretchednesse

xlii 6 renoumed 1590 corr F E

xlii 8 dungeon 1590, 1609

xliv 4 woundez 1609

numbers 1590

There was that great proud king of *Babylon*,
 That would compell all nations to adore,
 And him as onely God to call vpon,
 Till through celestiaall doome throwne out of doie,
 Into an Oxe he was transform'd of yore
 There also was king *Cræsus*, that enhaunst
 His heart too high through his great riches store,
 And proud *Antiochus*, the which aduaunst
 His cursed hand gainst God, and on his altares daunst
 And them long time before, great *Nimrod* was,
 That first the world with sword and fire warrayd,
 And after him old *Ninus* farre did pas
 In princely pompe, of all the world obeyd,
 There also was that mightie Monarch layd
 Low vnder all, yet aboue all in pride,
 That name of natiue syre did fowle vpbrayd,
 And would as *Ammons* sonne be magnifide,
 Till scornd of God and man a shamefull death he dide
 All these together in one heape were throwne,
 Like carkases of beasts in butchers stall
 And in another corner wide were strowne
 The antique ruines of the *Romaines* fall
 Great *Romulus* the Grandsyre of them all,
 Proud *Tarquin*, and too lordly *Lentulus*,
 Stout *Scipio*, and stubborne *Hanniball*,
 Ambitious *Sylla*, and sterne *Marius*,
 High *Cæsar*, great *Pompey*, and fierce *Antonius*
 Amongst these mighty men were wemen mixt,
 Proud wemen, vaine, forgetfull of their yoke
 The bold *Semiramis*, whose sides transfixt
 With sonnes owne blade, her fowle reproches spoke,
 Faire *Sthenobæa*, that her selfe did choke
 With wilfull cord, for wanting of her will,
 High minded *Cleopatra*, that with stroke
 Of *Aspes* sting her selfe did stoutly kill
 And thousands moe the like, that did that dongeon fill

xlvi

xlviii

xlix

i

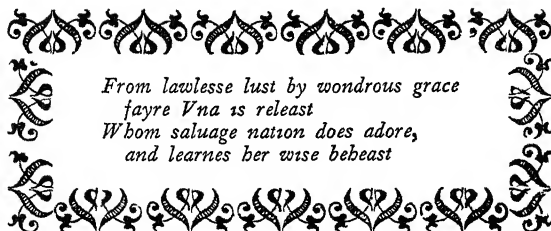
xlvi 9 altares 1590

16 chord 1590

Besides the endlesse routs of wretched thralls, li
 Which thither were assembled day by day,
 From all the world after their wofull falles,
 Through wicked pride, and wasted wealthes decay
 But most of all, which in that Dongeon lay
 Fell from high Princes courts, or Ladies bowres,
 Where they in idle pompe, or wanton play,
 Consumed had their goods, and thriflesse howres,
 And lastly throwne themselues into these heauy stowies
 Whose case when as the carefull Dwarfe had tould, lii
 And made ensample of their mournfull sight
 Vnto his maister, he no lenger would
 Ther e dwell in perill of like painefull plight,
 But early rose, and ere that dawning light
 Discouered had the world to heauen wyde,
 He by a priue Posterne tooke his flight,
 That of no enuious eyes he mote be spyde
 For doubtlesse death ensewd, if any him descryde
 Scarce could he footing find in that fowle way, liii
 For many corses, like a great Lay-stall
 Of mured men which therein strowed lay,
 Without remorse, or decent funerall
 Which all through that great Princesse pride did fill
 And came to shamefull end And them beside
 Forth ryding vnderneath the castell wall,
 A donghill of dead carkases he spide,
 The dreadfull spectacle of that sad house of *Pride*

li 5 that] the 1590 &c (101) F E

Cant. VI.



AS when a ship, that flies faire vnder saile,
 An hidden rocke escaped hath vnwares,
 That lay in waite her wrack for to bewaile,
 The Marriner yet halfe amazed stares
 At perill past, and yet in doubt ne dares
 To ioy at his foole-happie ouersight
 So doubly is distrest twixt ioy and cares
 The dreadlesse courage of this Elfin knight,
 Hauing escapt so sad ensamples in his sight
 Yet sad he was that his too hastie speed
 The faire *Duess'* had forst him leaue behind,
 And yet more sad, that *Vna* his deare dread
 Her truth had staine with treason so vnkind,
 Yet crime in hei could neuer creature find,
 But for his loue, and for her owne selfe sake,
 She wandred had from one to other *Tnd*,
 Him for to seeke, ne euer would forsake,
 Till her vnwares the fierce *Sansloy* did ouertake
 Who after *Archimagoes* fowle defeat,
 Led her away into a forrest wilde,
 And turning wrathfull fire to lustfull heat,
 With beastly sin thought her to haue defilde,
 And made the vassall of his pleasures vilde
 Yet first he cast by treatie, and by traynes,
 Her to perswade, that stubborne fort to yilde
 For greater conquest of hard loue he gaynes,
 That workes it to his will, then he that it constraines

i

ii

iii

With fawning wordes he couited hei a while, iv
 And looking louely, and oft sighing sore,
 Her constant hart did tempt with diuerse guile
 But wordes, and lookes, and sighes she did abhore,
 As rocke of Diamond stedfast euermore
 Yet for to feed his fyrie lustfull eye,
 He snatcht the vele, that hong her face before,
 Then gan her beautie shine, as brightest skye,
 And burnt his beastly hart t'efforce her chastitye

So when he saw his flatt'ring aits to fayle, v
 And subtile engines bet from batteree,
 With greedy force he gan the fort assayle,
 Whereof he weend possessed soone to bee,
 And win rich spoile of ransackt chastetee
 Ah heauens, that do this hideous act behold,
 And heauenly virgin thus outraged see,
 How can ye vengeance iust so long withhold,
 And hurle not flashing flames vpon that Paynim bold?

The pitteous maiden carefull comfortlesse, vi
 Does throw out thrilling shriekes, and shrieking cyes,
 The last vaine helpe of womens great distresse,
 And with loud plaints importuneth the skyes,
 That molten starres do drop like weeping eyes,
 And *Phæbus* flying so most shamefull sight,
 His blushing face in foggy cloud implies,
 And hides for shame What wit of mortall wight
 Can now deuise to quit a thrall from such a plight?

Eternall prouidence exceeding thought, vii
 Where none appeares can make her selfe a way
 A wondrous way it for this Lady wrought,
 From Lyons clawes to pluck the griped pray
 Her shrill outcries and shriekes so loud did bray,
 That all the woodes and forestes did resownd,
 A troupe of *Faunes* and *Satyres* far away
 Within the wood were dauncing in a rownd,
 Whiles old *Sylvanus* slept in shady arber sownd

Who when they heard that pitteous strained voice,
 In hast forsooke their rurall meriment,
 And ran towards the far rebownded noyce,
 To weet, what wight so loudly did lament.
 Vnto the place they come incontinent
 Whom when the raging Sarazin espide,
 A rude, misshapen, monstrous rablement,
 Whose like he neuer saw, he durst not bide,
 But got his ready steed, and fast away gan ride
 The wyld woodgods arriued in the place, viii
 There find the virgin dolefull desolate,
 With ruffled rayments, and faire blubbred face,
 As her outrageous foe had left her late,
 And trembling yet through feare of former hate,
 All stand amazed at so vncouth sight,
 And gin to pittie her vnhappie state,
 All stand astonied at her beautie bright,
 In their rude eyes vnworthie of so wofull plight
 She more amaz'd, in double dread doth dwell, ix
 And euery tender part for feare does shake
 As when a greedie Wolfe through hunger fell
 A seely Lambe farre from the flocke does take,
 Of whom he meanes his bloudie feast to make,
 A Lyon spyes fast running towards him,
 The innocent pray in hast he does forsake,
 Which quit from death yet quakes in euery lim
 With chaunge of feare, to see the Lyon looke so grim
 Such fearefull fit assaid her trembling hart, xi
 Ne word to speake, ne ioynt to moue she had
 The saluage nation feele her secret smart,
 And read her sorrow in her count'nance sad,
 Their frowning forheads with rough hornes yclad,
 And rusticke horror all a side doe lay,
 And gently grenning, shew a semblance glad
 To comfort her, and feare to put away,
 Their backward bent knees teach her humbly to obay.

viii 7 mishappen 1590 mishapen 1596 ix 2 doolfull 1590
 x 3 hunger 1590

The doubtfull Damzell daie not yet commit xii
 Her single person to their barbarous truth,
 But still twixt feaie and hope amazd does sit,
 Late learnd what haime to hastie trust ensu'th,
 They in compassion of her tender youth,
 And wonder of her beautie soueraine,
 Are wonne with pittie and vnwonted ruth,
 And all prostrate vpon the lowly plaine,
 Do kisse her feete, and fawne on her with count'nance faine
 Their harts she ghesseth by their humble guise, xiii
 And yielde her to extiemitie of time,
 So from the ground she feaielesse doth arise,
 And walketh forth without suspect of crime
 They all as glad, as birdes of ioyous Prime,
 Thence lead her forth, about her dauncing round,
 Shouting, and singing all a shepherds ryme,
 And with greene braunches strowing all the ground,
 Do worship her, as Queene, with olue girlond croud.
 And all the way their merry pipes they sound, xiv
 That all the woods with doubled Eccho ring,
 And with their horned feet do weare the ground,
 Leaping like wanton kids in pleasant Spring
 So towards old *Sylvanus* they her bring,
 Who with the noyse awaked, commeth out,
 To weet the cause, his weake steps gouerning,
 And aged limbs on Cypresse stadle stout,
 And with an yuie twyne his wast is girt about.
 Far off he wonders, what them makes so glad, xv
 Or *Bacchus* merry fruit they did inuent,
 Or *Cybeles* franticke rites haue made them mad;
 They drawing nigh, vnto their God present
 That flowre of faith and beautie excellent
 The God himselfe vewing that mirrhour rare,
 Stood long amazd, and burnt in his intent,
 His owne faire *Dryope* now he thinks not faire,
 And *Pholoe* fowle, when her to this he doth compare.

xiv 2 double 1609 9 waste 1590, 1609

xv 2 Or] Of 1596, 1609 If conj Hughes

The woodborne people fall before her flat,
And worship her as Goddesse of the wood,
And old *Sylvanus* selfe bethinkes not, what
To thinke of wight so faire, but gazing stood,
In doubt to deeme her borne of earthly brood,
Sometimes Dame *Venus* selfe he seemes to see,
But *Venus* neuer had so sober mood,
Sometimes *Diana* he her takes to bee,
But misseth bow, and shaftes, and buskins to her knee

By vew of her he ginneth to reuiue
His ancient loue, and dearest *Cyparisse*,
And calles to mind his pourtraiture alieue,
How faire he was, and yet not faire to this,
And how he slew with glauncing dart amisse
A gentle Hynd, the which the louely boy
Did loue as life, aboue all worldly blisse,
For grieve whereof the lad n'ould after 10y,
But pynd away in anguish and selfe-wild annoy

The wooddy Nymphes, faire *Hamadryades*
Her to behold do thither runne apace,
And all the troupe of light-foot *Naiades*,
Flocke all about to see her louely face
But when they vewed haue her heauenly grace,
They enuie her in their malicious mind,
And fly away for feare of fowle disgrace
But all the *Satyres* scorne their woody kind,
And henceforth nothing faire, but her on earth they find

Glad of such lucke, the luckelesse lucky maid,
Did her content to please their feeble eyes,
And long time with that saluage people staid,
To gather breath in many miseries
During which time her gentle wit she plyes,
To teach them truth, which worshipt her in vaine,
And made her th'Image of Idolatryes,
But when their bootlesse zeale she did restraine
From her own worship, they her Asse would worship fayn.

It fortun'd a noble warlike knight xx
 By iust occasion to that foriest came,
 To seeke his kindied, and the lignage right,
 From whence he tooke his well deserued name
 He had in armes abroad wonne muchell fame,
 And fild far landes with glorie of his might,
 Plaine, faithfull, true, and enemy of shame,
 And euer lou'd to fight for Ladies right,
 But in vaine glorious frayes he litle did delight
 A Satyres sonne yborne in foirest wyld, xxi
 By straunge aduenture as it did betyde,
 And there begotten of a Lady myld,
 Faire *Thyamis* the daughter of *Labryde*,
 That was in sacred bands of wedlocke tyde
 To *Theron*, a loose vnruly swayne,
 Who had more ioy to raunge the forrest wyde,
 And chase the saluage beast with busie payne,
 Then serue his Ladies loue, and wast in pleasures vayne
 The forloine mayd did with lous longing burne, xxii
 And could not lacke her louers company,
 But to the wood she goes, to serue her turne,
 And seeke her spouse, that from her still does fly,
 And followes other game and venery
 A Satyre chaunst her wandring for to find,
 And kindling coles of lust in brutish eye,
 The loyall links of wedlocke did vnbind,
 And made her person thrall vnto his beastly kind
 So long in secret cabin there he held xxiii
 Her captiue to his sensuall desire,
 Till that with timely fruit her belly sweld,
 And bore a boy vnto that saluage sire
 Then home he suffred her for to retire,
 For ransome leauing him the late borne childe,
 Whom till to ryper yeares he gan aspire,
 He noursled vp in life and manners wilde,
 Amongst wild beasts and woods, from lawes of men exile

For all he taught the tender ymp, was but xxiv

To banish cowardize and bastard feare,
His trembling hand he would him force to put
Vpon the Lyon and the rugged Beare,
And from the she Beares teats her whelps to teare,
And eke wyld roring Buls he would him make
To tame, and ryde their backes not made to beare,
And the Robuckes in flight to ouertake,

That euery beast for feare of him did fly and quake

Thereby so fearelesse, and so fell he grew, xxv

That his owne sire and maister of his guise
Did often tremble at his horrid vew,
And oft for dread of hurt would him aduise,
The angry beasts not rashly to despise,
Nor too much to prouoke, for he would learne
The Lyon stoup to him in lowly wise,

(A lesson hard) and make the Libbard sterne
Leaue roaring, when in rage he for reuenge did earne

And for to make his powre approued moie, xxvi

Wyld beasts in yron yokes he would compell,
The spotted Panther, and the tusked Bore,
The Pardale swift, and the Tigre cruell,
The Antelope, and Wolfe both fierce and fell,
And them constraine in equall teme to draw
Such ioi he had, their stubborne harts to quell,
And sturdie courage tame with dreadfull aw,

That his beheast they feared, as a tyrans law

His louing mother came vpon a day xxvii

Vnto the woods, to see her little sonne,
And chaunst vnwares to meet him in the way,
After his sportes, and cruell pastime donne,
When after him a Lyonesse did runne,
That roaring all with rage, did lowd requere
Her children deare, whom he away had wonne

The Lyon whelpes she saw how he did beare,
And lull in rugged armes, withouten childish feare

xxvi 5 fierce and fell] swifte and cruell 1590 corr F E 9 a om
1596 proud 1609

The fearefull Dame all quaked at the sight, xxviii
 And turning backe, gan fast to fly away,
 Vntill with loue reuokt from vaine affright,
 She hardly yet perswaded was to stay,
 And then to him these womanish words gan say,
 Ah *Satyraue*, my dearling, and my ioy,
 For loue of me leaue off this dreadfull play,
 To dally thus with death, is no fit toy,
 Go find some other play-fellowes, mine own sweet boy
 In these and like delights of bloudy game xxix
 He trayned was, till ryper yeares he raught,
 And there abode, whilst any beast of name
 Walkt in that forest, whom he had not taught
 To feare his force and then his courage haught
 Desird of forreine foemen to be knowne,
 And far abroad for straunge aduentures sought
 In which his might was neuer ouerthrowne,
 But through all Faery lond his famous worth was blown
 Yet euermore it was his manner faire, xxx
 After long labours and aduentures spent,
 Vnto those natue woods for to repaire,
 To see his sire and ofspring auncient
 And now he thither came for like intent,
 Where he vnwares the fairest *Vna* found,
 Straunge Lady, in so straunge habiliment,
 Teaching the Satyres, which her sat around,
 Trew sacred lore, which from her sweet lips did redound
 He wondred at her wisdomes heauenly rare, xxxi
 Whose like in womens wit he neuer knew,
 And when her curteous deeds he did compare,
 Gan her admire, and her sad sorrowes rew,
 Blaming of Fortune, which such troubles threw,
 And ioyd to make prooffe of her crueltie
 On gentle Dame, so hurtlesse, and so trew
 Thenceforth he kept her goodly company,
 And learnd her discipline of faith and veritie

But she all vowd vnto the *Redcrosse* knight,
 His wandring perill closely did lament,
 Ne in this new acquaintaunce could delight,
 But her deare heart with anguish did torment,
 And all her wit in secret counsels spent,
 How to escape At last in priue wise
 To *Satyrane* she shewed her intent,
 Who glad to gain such fauour, gan deuise,
 How with that pensiue Maid he best might thence arise

xxxii

So on a day when Satyres all were gone,
 To do their seruice to *Syluanus* old,
 The gentle virgin left behind alone
 He led away with courage stout and bold
 Too late it was, to Satyres to be told,
 Or euer hope recouer her againe
 In vaine he seekes that hauing cannot hold
 So fast he carried her with carefull paine,
 That they the woods are past, and come now to the plaine

xxxiii

The better part now of the lingring day,
 They traueild had, when as they farre espide
 A wearie wight forwandring by the way,
 And towards him they gan in hast to ride,
 To weet of newes, that did abroad betide,
 Or tydings of her knight of the *Redcrosse*
 But he them spying, gan to turne aside,
 For feare as seemd, or for some feigned losse,
 More greedy they of newes, fast towards him do crosse

xxxiv

A silly man, in simple weedes forworne,
 And soild with dust of the long dried way,
 His sandales were with toilesome trauell torne,
 And face all tand with scorching sunny ray,
 As he had traueild many a sommers day,
 Through boyling sands of *Arabie* and *Ynde*,
 And in his hand a *Iacobs* staffe, to stay
 His wearie limbes vpon and eke behind,
 His scrip did hang, in which his needments he did bind

xxxv

The knight approching nigh, of him inquerd xxxvi
 Tydings of warre, and of aduentures new,
 But warres, nor new aduentures none he herd
 Then *Vna* gan to aske, if ought he knew,
 Or heard abroad of that her champion trew,
 That in his armour bare a croslet red
 Aye me, Deare dame (quoth he) well may I rew
 To tell the sad sight, which mine eies haue red
 These eyes did see that knight both liuing and eke ded
 That cruell word her tender hart so thrild, xxxvii
 That sudden cold did runne through euery vaine,
 And stony horror all her sences fild
 With dying fit, that downe she fell for paine
 The knight her lightly reared vp againe,
 And comforted with curteous kind reliefe
 Then wonne from death, she bad him tellen plaine
 The further processe of her hidden grieve;
 The lesser pangs can beare, who hath endur'd the chiefe
 Then gan the Pilgrim thus, I chaunst this day, xxxviii
 This fatall day, that shall I euer rew,
 To see two knights in trauell on my way
 (A sory sight) arraung'd in battell new,
 Both breathing vengeaunce, both of wrathfull hew
 My fearefull flesh did tremble at their strife,
 To see their blades so greedily imbrow,
 That drunke with blood, yet thirsted after life
 What more? the *Redcrosse* knight was slaine with Paynim knife
 Ah dearest Lord (quoth she) how might that bee, xxxix
 And he the stoutest knight, that euer wonne?
 Ah dearest dame (quoth he) how might I see
 The thing, that might not be, and yet was donne?
 Where is (said *Satyrane*) that Paynims sonne,
 That him of life, and vs of ioy hath reft?
 Not far away (quoth he) he hence doth wonne
 Foreby a fountaine, where I late him left
 Washing his bloody wounds, that through the steele were cleft.

xxxvii 2 ronne 1590 xxxviii 8 dronke 1590 thirsted 1609
 xxxix 7 quoth he] qd she 1590

Therewith the knight thence marched forth in hast, xi
 Whiles *Vna* with huge heauinesse opprest,
 Could not for sorrow follow him so fast,
 And soone he came, as he the place had ghest,
 Whereas that *Pagan* proud him selfe did rest,
 In secret shadow by a fountaine side
 Euen he it was, that earst would haue suppress
 Faire *Vna* whom when *Satyrane* espide,
 With fowle reprochfull words he boldly him defide

And said, Arise thou cursed Miscreaunt, xli
 That hast with knightlesse guile and trecherous train
 Faire knighthood fowly shamed, and doest vaunt
 That good knight of the *Redcrosse* to haue slain
 Arise, and with like treason now maintain
 Thy guilty wrong, or else thee guilty yield
 The Sarazin this hearing, rose amain,
 And catching vp in hast his three square shield,
 And shining helmet, soone him buckled to the field

And drawing nigh him said, Ah misborne Elfe, xlii
 In euill houre thy foes thee hither sent,
 Anothers wrongs to wreake vpon thy selfe
 Yet ill thou blamest me, for hauing blent
 My name with guile and traiterous intent,
 That *Redcrosse* knight, perdie, I neuer slew,
 But had he beene, where earst his armes were lent,
 Th'enchauter vaine his errour should not rew
 But thou his errour shalt, I hope now prouen trew

Therewith they gan, both furious and fell, xliii
 To thunder blowes, and fiersly to assaile
 Each other bent his enemy to quell,
 That with their force they perst both plate and maile,
 And made wide furrowes in their fleshs fraile,
 That it would pittie any liuing eie
 Large floods of bloud adowne their sides did raile,
 But floods of bloud could not them satisfie
 Both hungred after death both chose to win, or die

So long they fight, and fell reuenge pursue, xliv
 That fainting each, themselues to breathen let,
 And oft refreshed, battell oft renue
 As when two Bores with rancling malice met,
 Their gory sides fresh bleeding fiercely fiet,
 Til breathlesse both them selues aside retire,
 Where foming wrath, their cruell tuskes they whet,
 And trample th'earth, the whiles they may respire,
 Then backe to fight againe, new breathed and entire
 So fiersly, when these knights had breathed once, xlv
 They gan to fight returne, increasing more
 Their puissant force, and cruell rage attonce,
 With heaped strokes more hugely, then before,
 That with their drerie wounds and bloody gore
 They both deformed, scarsely could be known
 By this sad *Vna* fraught with anguish sore,
 Led with their noise, which through the aire was thrown,
 Arriu'd, where they in erth their fruitles bloud had sown
 Whom all so soone as that proud Sarazin xlvi
 Espide, he gan reuiue the memory
 Of his lewd lusts, and late attempted sin,
 And left the doubtfull battell hastily,
 To catch her, newly offred to his eie
 But *Satyrene* with strokes him turning, staid,
 And sternely bad him other businesse plie,
 Then hunt the steps of pure vnspotted Maid
 Wherewith he all enrag'd, these bitter speeches said
 O foolish faeries sonne, what furie mad xlvii
 Hath thee incenst, to hast thy dolefull fate?
 Were it not better, I that Lady had,
 Then that thou hadst repented it too late?
 Most sencelesse man he, that himselfe doth hate,
 To loue another Lo then for thine ayd
 Here take thy louers token on thy pate
 So they to fight, the whiles the royall Mayd
 Fled farre away, of that proud Paynim sore afrajd

xliv 1 fell] full 1590

xlvi 2 fete 1596

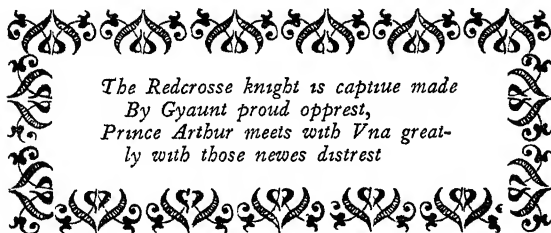
xlv 8 thrown 1590, 1596

8 to] two 1596, 1609

But that false *Pilgrim*, which that leasing told,
 Being in deed old *Archimage*, did stay
 In secret shadow, all this to behold,
 And much reioyced in their bloudy fray
 But when he saw the Damsell passe away
 He left his stond, and her pursewd apace,
 In hope to bring her to her last decay
 But for to tell her lamentable cace,
 And eke this battels end, will need another place

xlviii

Cant. VII.



*The Redcrosse knight is captiue made
 By Gyaunt proud opprest,
 Prince Arthure meets with Vna great-
 ly with those newes distrest*

What man so wise, what earthly wit so ware,
 As to descry the crafty cunning traine,
 By which deceit doth maske in visour faire,
 And cast her colours dyed deepe in graine,
 To seeme like Truth, whose shape she well can faine,
 And fitting gestures to her purpose frame,
 The guiltlesse man with guile to entertaine?
 Great maistresse of her art was that false Dame,
 The false *Duessa*, cloked with *Fidessaes* name

i

Who when returning from the drery *Night*,
 She fownd not in that perilous house of *Pryde*,
 Where she had left, the noble *Redcrosse* knight,
 Her hoped pray, she would no lenger bide,
 But forth she went, to seeke him far and wide
 Ere long she fownd, whereas he wearie sate,
 To rest him selfe, foreby a fountaine side,
 Disarmed all of yron-coted Plate,
 And by his side his steed the grassy forage ate

ii

i 6 frame, 1590, 1596

ii 4 pray, 1590 &c

He feedes vpon the cooling shade, and bayes iij
 His sweatie forehead in the breathing wind,
 Which through the trembling leaues full gently playes
 Wherein the cherefull birds of sundiy kind
 Do chaunt sweet musick, to delight his mind
 The Witch approching gan him fairely greet,
 And with reproch of carelesnesse vnkind
 Vpbrayd, for leauing her in place vnmeet,
 With fowle words tempring faire, soure gall with hony sweet
 Vnkindnesse past, they gan of solace treat, iij
 And bathe in pleasaunce of the ioyous shade,
 Which shielded them against the boyling heat,
 And with greene boughes decking a gloomy glade,
 About the fountaine like a girlond made,
 Whose bubbling waue did euer freshly well,
 Ne euer would through feruent sommer fade
 The sacred Nymph, which therein wont to dwell,
 Was out of *Dianes* fauour, as it then befell
 The cause was this one day when *Phabe* fayre v
 With all her band was following the chace,
 This Nymph, quite tyr'd with heat of scorching ayre
 Sat downe to rest in midst of the race
 The goddesse wroth gan fowly her disgrace,
 And bad the waters, which from her did flow,
 Be such as she her selfe was then in place
 Thencefoith her waters waxed dull and slow,
 And all that drunke thereof, did faint and feeble grow
 Hereof this gentle knight vnweeting was, vi
 And lying downe vpon the sandie graile,
 Drunke of the streame, as cleare as cristall glas,
 Eftsoones his manly forces gan to faile,
 And mightie strong was turnd to feeble fraile
 His chaunged powres at first them selues not felt,
 Till crudled cold his corage gan assaile,
 And chearefull bloud in faintnesse chill did melt,
 Which like a feuer fit through all his body swelt

v 5 her] he 1596

8 waxed 1590

9 did] do 1590

vi 3 glas, 1596

Yet goodly court he made still to his Dame,
 Poured out in loosnesse on the grassy grownd,
 Both carelesse of his health, and of his fame
 Till at the last he heard a dreadfull sownd,
 Which through the wood loud bellowing, did rebownd,
 That all the earth for terroure seemd to shake,
 And trees did tremble Th'Elfe therewith astownd,
 Vpstarted lightly from his looser make,
 And his vnready weapons gan in hand to take

But ere he could his armour on him dight,
 Or get his shield, his monstrous enemy
 With sturdie steps came stalking in his sight,
 An hideous Geant horrible and hye,
 That with his talnesse seemd to threat the skye,
 The ground eke groned vnder him for dreed,
 His liuing like saw neuer liuing eye,
 Ne durst behold his stature did exceed
 The hight of three the tallest sonnes of mortall seed

The greatest Earth his vncouth mother was,
 And blustering *Æolus* his boasted sire,
 Who with his breath, which through the world doth pas,
 Her hollow womb did secretly inspire,
 And fild her hidden caues with stormie yre,
 That she concei'd, and trebling the dew time,
 In which the wombes of women do expire,
 Brought forth this monstrous masse of earthly slime,
 Puft vp with emptie wind, and fild with sinfull crime.

So growen great through arrogant delight
 Of th'high descent, whereof he was yborne,
 And through presumption of his matchlesse might,
 All other powres and knighthood he did scorne.
 Such now he marcheth to this man forlorne,
 And left to losse his stalking steps are stayde
 Vpon a snaggy Oke, which he had torne
 Out of his mothers bowelles, and it made
 His mortall mace, wherewith his foemen he dismayde

ix 7 women] wemen 1590

That when the knight he spide, he gan aduance xi
 With huge force and insupportable mayne,
 And towards him with dreadfull fury prauce,
 Who haplesse, and eke hopelesse, all in vaine
 Did to him pace, sad battaile to darrayne,
 Disarmd, disgrast, and inwardly dismaye,
 And eke so faint in euery ioynt and vaine,
 Through that fraile fountaine, which him feeble made,
 That scarcely could he weeld his bootlesse single blade

The Geaunt strooke so maynly mercilesse, xii
 That could haue ouerthrowne a stony towre,
 And were not heauenly grace, that him did blesse,
 He had beene pouldred all, as thin as flowre
 But he was wary of that deadly stowe,
 And lightly lept from vnderneath the blow
 Yet so exceeding was the villeins powre,
 That with the wind it did him ouerthrow,
 And all his sences stound, that still he lay full low

As when that diuelish yron Engin wrought xiii
 In deepest Hell, and framd by *Furies* skill,
 With windy Nitre and quick Sulphur fraught,
 And ramd with bullet round, ordaind to kill,
 Conceueth fire, the heauens it doth fill
 With thundring noyse, and all the ayre doth choke,
 That none can breath, nor see, nor heare at will,
 Through smouldry cloud of duskish stincking smoke,
 That th'onely breath him daunts, who hath escapt the stroke

So daunted when the Geaunt saw the knight, xiv
 His heaue hand he heaued vp on hye,
 And him to dust thought to haue battred quight,
 Vntill *Duessa* loud to him gan crye,
 O great *Orgoglio*, greatest vnder skye,
 O hold thy mortall hand for Ladies sake,
 Hold for my sake, and do him not to dye,
 But vanquisht thine eternall bondsclaue make,
 And me thy worthy meed vnto thy Leman take

xi 4 hopelesse, 1590, 1596 xii 9 stoond 1590
 xiii 4 bollet 1590 8 smok 1590 xiv 1 knight 1596

He hearkned, and did stay from further harmes, xv
 To gayne so goodly guerdon, as she spake
 So willingly she came into his armes,
 Who her as willingly to grace did take,
 And was possessed of his new found make
 Then vp he tooke the slombred sencelesse corse,
 And ere he could out of his swowne awake,
 Him to his castle brought with hastie forse,
 And in a Dongeon deepe him threw without remorse

From that day forth *Duess*a was his deare, xvi
 And highly honourd in his haughtie eye,
 He gaue her gold and purple pall to weare,
 And triple crowne set on her head full hye,
 And her endowd with royall maiestye
 Then for to make her dreaded more of men,
 And peoples harts with awfull terrour tye,
 A monstrous beast ybred in filthy fen

He chose, which he had kept long time in darksome den

Such one it was, as that renowmed Snake xvii
 Which great *Alcides* in *Stremona* slew,
 Long fostred in the filth of *Lerna* lake,
 Whose many heads out budding euer new,
 Did breed him endlesse labour to subdew
 But this same Monster much more vgly was,
 For seuen great heads out of his body grew,
 An yron brest, and backe of scaly bras,

And all embrewd in bloud, his eyes did shine as glas

His tayle was stretched out in wondrous length, xviii
 That to the house of heauenly gods it raught,
 And with extorted powre, and borrow'd strength,
 The euer-burning lamps from thence it brought,
 And proudly threw to ground, as things of nought,
 And vnderneath his filthy feet did tread
 The sacred things, and holy heasts foretaught
 Vpon this dreadfull Beast with seuenfold head
 He set the false *Duess*a, for more aw and dread

The wofull Dwarfe, which saw his maisters fall, xx
 Whiles he had keeping of his grasing steed,
 And valiant knight become a caytrue thrall,
 When all was past, tooke vp his forlorne weed,
 His mightie armour, missing most at need,
 His siluer shield, now idle maisterlesse,
 His poynant speare, that many made to bleed,
 The ruefull monuments of heauinesse,
 And with them all departes, to tell his great distresse
 He had not trauaild long, when on the way xx
 He wofull Ladie, wofull *Vna* met,
 Fast flying from the Paynims greedy pray,
 Whildest *Satyrane* him from pursuit did let
 Who when her eyes she on the Dwarfe had set,
 And saw the signes, that deadly tydings spake,
 She fell to ground for sorrowfull regret,
 And liuely breath her sad brest did forsake,
 Yet might her pitteous hart be seene to pant and quake
 The messenger of so vnhappy newes xxi
 Would faine haue dyde dead was his hart within,
 Yet outwardly some little comfort shewes
 At last recouering hart, he does begin
 To rub her temples, and to chaufe her chin,
 And euery tender part does tosse and turne
 So hardly he the flitted life does win,
 Vnto her natue prison to retourne
 Then gins her grieued ghost thus to lament and mourne
 Ye dreary instruments of dolefull sight, xxii
 That doe this deadly spectacle behold,
 Why do ye lenger feed on loathed light,
 Or liking find to gaze on earthly mould,
 Sith cruell fates the carefull threeds vnfold,
 The which my life and loue together tyde?
 Now let the stony dart of senselesse cold
 Perce to my hart, and pas through euery side,
 And let eternall night so sad sight fro me hide

xx 3 the] that 1590

xxi 1 newes, 1590 &c

xxii 9 sight om 1590

O lightsome day, the lampe of highest *Ioue*,
First made by him, mens wandring wayes to guyde,
When darknesse he in deepest dongeon droue,
Henceforth thy hated face for euer hyde,
And shut vp heauens windowes shynning wyde
For earthly sight can nought but sorrow breed,
And late repentance, which shall long abyde
Mine eyes no more on vanitie shall feed,
But seeled vp with death, shall haue their deadly meed
Then downe againe she fell vnto the ground,
But he her quickly reared vp againe
Thrise did she sinke adowne in deadly swownd,
And thrise he her reviu'd with busie paine
At last when life recouer'd had the raine,
And ouer-wrestled his strong enemye,
With foltring tong, and trembling euery vaine,
Tell on (quoth she) the wofull Tragedie,
The which these reliques sad present vnto mine eie
Tempestuous fortune hath spent all her spight,
And thrilling sorrow throwne his vtmost dart,
Thy sad tongue cannot tell more heauy plight,
Then that I feele, and harbour in mine hart
Who hath endur'd the whole, can beare each part
If death it be, it is not the first wound,
That launched hath my brest with bleeding smart
Begin, and end the bitter balefull stound,
If lesse, then that I feare, more fauour I haue found
Then gan the Dwarfe the whole discourse declare,
The subtill traines of *Archumago* old,
The wanton loues of false *Fidessa* faire,
Bought with the bloud of vanquisht Paynim bold
The wretched payre transform'd to treen mould,
The house of Pride, and perils round about,
The combat, which he with *Sansloy* did hould,
The lucklesse conflict with the Gyant stout,
Wherein captiu'd, of life or death he stood in doubt
xxv 9 feare 1596

xxiii

xxiv

xxv

xxvi

x

She heard with patience all vnto the end, xxv
 And stroue to maister sorrowfull assay,
 Which greater grew, the more she did contend,
 And almost rent her tender hart in tway,
 And loue fresh coles vnto her fire did lay
 For greater loue, the greater is the losse
 Was neuer Ladie loued dearer day,
 Then she did loue the knight of the *Redcrosse*,
 For whose deare sake so many troubles her did tosse
 At last when feruent sorrow slaked was, xxvii
 She vp arose, resolving him to find
 A liue or dead and forward forth doth pas,
 All as the Dwarfe the way to her assynd
 And euermore in constant carefull mind
 She fed her wound with fresh renewed bale,
 Long tost with stormes, and bet with bitter wind,
 High ouer hils, and low adowne the dale,
 She wandred many a wood, and measurd many a vale
 At last she chaunced by good hap to meet xxix
 A goodly knight, faire marching by the way
 Together with his Squire, arayed meet
 His glitterand armour shined farre away,
 Like glauncing light of *Phæbus* brightest ray,
 From top to toe no place appeared bare,
 That deadly dint of steele endanger may
 Athwart his brest a bauldrick braue he ware,
 That shynd, like twinkling stars, with stons most pretious rare
 And in the midst thereof one pretious stone xxx
 Of wondrous worth, and eke of wondrous might,
 Shapt like a Ladies head, exceeding shone,
 Like *Hesperus* emongst the lesser lights,
 And stroue for to amaze the weaker sights,
 Thereby his mortall blade full comely hong
 In yuory sheath, ycaru'd with curious slights,
 Whose hilts were burnisht gold, and handle strong
 Of mother pearle, and buckled with a golden tong

His haughtie helmet, horrid all with gold,
 Both glorious brightnesse, and great terrour bred,
 For all the crest a Dragon did enfold
 With greedie pawes, and ouer all did spred
 His golden wings his dreadfull hideous hed
 Close couched on the beuer, seem'd to throw
 From flaming mouth bright sparkles fierie red,
 That suddaine horror to faint harts did show,
 And scaly tayle was stretcht adowne his backe full low

xxx1

Vpon the top of all his loftie crest,
 A bunch of haire discolourd diuersly,
 With sprinckled pearle, and gold full richly drest,
 Did shake, and seem'd to daunce for iollity,
 Like to an Almond tree ymounted hye
 On top of greene *Selmis* all alone,
 With blossomes braue bedecked daintily,
 Whose tender locks do tremble euery one
 At euery little breath, that vnder heauen is blowne

xxxii

His warlike shield all closely couer'd was,
 Ne might of mortall eye be euer seene,
 Not made of steele, nor of enduring bras,
 Such earthly mettals soone consumed bene
 But all of Diamond perfect pure and cleene
 It framed was, one massie entire mould,
 Hewen out of Adamant rocke with engines keene,
 That point of speare it neuer percen could,
 Ne dint of direfull sword diuide the substance would

xxxiii

The same to wight he neuer wont disclose,
 But when as monsters huge he would dismay,
 Or daunt vnequall armies of his foes,
 Or when the flying heauens he would affray,
 For so exceeding shone his glistring ray,
 That *Phæbus* golden face it did attaint,
 As when a cloud his beames doth ouer-lay,
 And siluer *Cynthia* waxed pale and faint,
 As when her face is staynd with magicke arts constraint

xxxiv

xxxii 2 bunch 1590 6 Selmis 1596 8 Whose] Hei 1590
 xxxiii 3 steeld 1590 corr F E

No magicke arts hereof had any might, xxxv
 Nor bloudie wordes of bold Enchaunters call,
 But all that was not such, as seemd in sight,
 Before that shield did fade, and suddeine fall
 And when him list the raskall routes appall,
 Men into stones therewith he could transmew,
 And stones to dust, and dust to nought at all,
 And when him list the prouder lookes subdew,
 He would them gazing blind, or turne to other hew

Ne let it seeme, that credence this exceedes, xxxvi
 For he that made the same, was knowne right well
 To haue done much more admirable deedes
 It *Merlin* was, which whylome did excell
 All liuing wightes in might of magicke spell
 Both shield, and sword, and armour all he wrought
 For this young Prince, when first to armes he fell,
 But when he dyde, the Faerie Queene it brought
 To Faerie lond, where yet it may be seene, if sought

A gentle youth, his dearely loued Squire xxxvii
 His speare of heben wood behind him bare,
 Whose harmefull head, thrice heated in the fire,
 Had riuen many a brest with pikehead square,
 A goodly person, and could menage faire
 His stubborne steed with curbed canon bit,
 Who vnder him did trample as the aire,
 And chaufft, that any on his backe should sit,
 The yron rowels into frothy fome he bit

When as this knight nigh to the Ladie drew, xxxviii
 With louely court he gan her entertaine,
 But when he heard her answeres loth, he knew
 Some secret sorrow did her heart distraine
 Which to allay, and calme her storming paine,
 Faire feeling words he wisely gan display,
 And for her humour fitting purpose faine,
 To tempt the cause it selfe for to bewray,
 Wherewith emmou'd, these bleeding words she gan to say

xxxvi i seeme] seene 1590 corr F E xxxvii 5 faire, 1590, 1596
 7 trample] amble 1590 8 chaufft] chanst 1590 corr F E xxxviii 9
 enmoud 1590

What worlds delight, or ioy of liuing speach
 Can heart, so plung'd in sea of sorrowes deepe,
 And heaped with so huge misfortunes, reach?
 The carefull cold beginneth for to creepe,
 And in my heart his yron arrow steepe,
 Soone as I thinke vpon my bitter bale
 Such helplesse harmes yts better hidden keepe,
 Then rip vp grieve, where it may not auaile,
 My last left comfort is, my woes to weepe and waile

xxxix

Ah Ladie deare, quoth then the gentle knight,
 Well may I weene, your grieve is wondrous great,
 For wondrous great grieve groneth in my spright,
 Whiles thus I heare you of your sorrowes treat
 But wofull Ladie let me you intrete,
 For to vnfold the anguish of your hart
 Mishaps are maistred by aduice discrete,
 And counsell mittigates the greatest smart,
 Found neuer helpe, who neuer would his hurts impart

xi

O but (quoth she) great grieve will not be tould,
 And can more easily be thought, then said
 Right so, (quoth he) but he, that neuer would,
 Could neuer will to might giues greatest aid
 But grieve (quoth she) does greater grow displaid,
 If then it find not helpe, and bidees despaire
 Despaire breeds not (quoth he) where faith is staid.
 No faith so fast (quoth she) but flesh does paire
 Flesh may empaire (quoth he) but reason can repaire

xli

His goodly reason, and well guided speach
 So deepe did settle in her gracious thought,
 That her perswaded to disclose the breach,
 Which loue and fortune in her heart had wrought,
 And said, Faire Sir, I hope good hap hath brought
 You to inquire the secrets of my grieve,
 Or that your wisdom will direct my thought,
 Or that your prowess can me yield reliefe
 Then heare the storie sad, which I shall tell you brieve

xlii

The forlorne Maiden, whom your eyes haue seene xliii
 The laughing stocke of fortunes mockeries,
 Am th'only daughter of a King and Queene,
 Whose parents deare, whilest equall destinies
 Did runne about, and their felicities
 The fauourable heauens did not enuy,
 Did spread their rule through all the territories,
 Which *Phison* and *Euphrates* floweth by,
 And *Gehons* golden waues doe wash continually
 Till that their cruell cursed enemy, xliiv
 An huge great Dragon horrible in sight,
 Bred in the loathly lakes of *Tartary*,
 With murderous rauine, and deuouring might
 Their kingdome spoild, and countrey wasted quight
 Themselues, for feare into his iawes to fall,
 He forst to castle strong to take then flight,
 Where fast embard in mightie brasen wall,
 He has them now foure yeres besiegd to make them thrall
 Full many knights aduenturous and stout xlv
 Haue enterprizd that Monster to subdew,
 From euery coast that heauen walks about,
 Haue thither come the noble Martiall crew,
 That famous hard atchieuements still pursew,
 Yet neuer any could that girlond win,
 But all still shronke, and still he greater grew
 All they for want of faith, or guilt of sin,
 The pitteous pray of his fierce crueltie haue bin
 At last yledd with farre reported praise, xlvi
 Which flying fame throughout the world had spred,
 Of doughtie knights, whom Faery land did raise,
 That noble order hight of Maidenhed,
 Forthwith to court of *Gloriane* I sped,
 Of *Gloriane* great Queene of glory bright,
 Whose kingdomes seat *Cleopols* is red,
 There to obtaine some such redoubted knight,
 That Parents deare from tyrants powre deliuer might
 xliii 4 whiles 1590 5 runne] come 1590 ronne F E 9 Gebons
 1596, 1609

It was my chance (my chance was faire and good)
 There for to find a fresh vnproued knight,
 Whose manly hands imbrew'd in guiltie blood
 Had neuer bene, ne euer by his might
 Had throwne to ground the vnregarded right
 Yet of his prowesse prooffe he since hath made
 (I witnesse am) in many a cruell fight,
 The groning ghosts of many one dismaide
 Haue felt the bitter dint of his auenging blade

xlvi

And ye the forlorne reliques of his powre,
 His byting sword, and his deuouring speare,
 Which haue endured many a dreadfull stowre,
 Can speake his prowesse, that did earst you beare,
 And well could rule now he hath left you heare,
 To be the record of his ruefull losse,
 And of my dolefull disauenturous deare
 O heaue record of the good *Redcrosse*,
 Where haue you left your Lord, that could so well you tosse?

xlvi

Well hoped I, and faire beginnings had,
 That he my captiue langour should redeeme,
 Till all vnweeting, an Enchaunter bad
 His sence abusd, and made him to misdeeme
 My loyalty, not such as it did seeme,
 That rather death desire, then such despight
 Be iudge ye heauens, that all things right esteeme,
 How I him lou'd, and loue with all my might,
 So thought I eke of him, and thinke I thought aright

xlix

Thenceforth me desolate he quite forsooke,
 To wander, where wilde fortune would me lead,
 And other bywaies he himselfe betooke,
 Where neuer foot of liuing wight did tread,
 That brought not backe the balefull body dead,
 In which him chaunced false *Duessa* meete,
 Mine onely foe, mine onely deadly dread,
 Who with her witchcraft and misseeming sweete,
 Inueigled him to follow her desires vnmeete

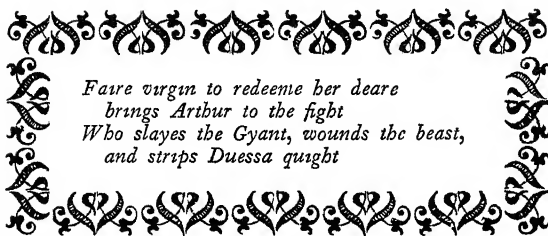
i

xlvi 3 hand 1590 corr F E

xlvi 9 haue you] haue yee 1590 xlix 2 languor 1590

At last by subtile sleights she him betraid li
Vnto his foe, a Gyant huge and tall,
Who him disarmed, dissolute, dismaide,
Vnwares surprised, and with mightie mall
The monstei mercilesse him made to fall,
Whose fall did neuer foe before behold,
And now in darkesome dungeon, wretched thrall,
Remedilesse, for aie he doth him hold,
This is my cause of grieve, more great, then may be told
Ere she had ended all, she gan to faint lii
But he her comforted and faire bespake,
Certes, Madame, ye haue great cause of plaint,
That stoutest heart, I weene, could cause to quake
But be of cheare, and comfort to you take
For till I haue acquit your captiue knight,
Assure your selfe, I will you not forsake
His chearefull words reuiu'd her chearelesse spright,
So forth they went, the Dwarfe them guiding euer right

Cant. VIII.



AY me, how many perils doe enfold
The righteous man, to make him daily fall?
Were not, that heavenly grace doth him vphold,
And stedfast truth acquite him out of all
Her loue is firme, her care continuall,
So oft as he through his owne foolish pride,
Or weaknesse is to sinfull bands made thrall
Else should this *Redcrosse* knight in bands haue dyde,
For whose deliuerance she this Prince doth thither guide

They sadly traueild thus, vntill they came
Nigh to a castle builded strong and hie
Then cryde the Dwarfe, lo yonder is the same,
In which my Lord my liege doth lucklesse lie,
Thrall to that Gyants hatefull tyrannie
Therefore, deare Sir, your mightie powres assay
The noble knight alighted by and by
From loftie steede, and bad the Ladie stay,
To see what end of fight should him befall that day

So with the Squire, th'admirer of his might,
He marched forth towards that castle wall,
Whose gates he found fast shut, ne liuing wight
To ward the same, nor answere commers call
Then tooke that Squire an horne of bugle small,
Which hong adowne his side in twisted gold,
And tassels gay Wyde wonders ouer all
Of that same hornes great vertues weren told,
Which had approued bene in vses manifold

Arg 3 the Gyant] that Gyaunt 1590 &c corr F E
1 6 through] thorough 1590 iii 1 the] his 1590

Was neuer wight, that heard that shrilling sound, iv
 But trembling feare did feele in euery vaine,
 Three miles it might be easie heard around,
 And Ecchoes three answerd it selfe againe
 No false enchauntment, nor deceptfull traine
 Might once abide the terror of that blast,
 But presently was voide and wholly vaine
 No gate so strong, no locke so firme and fast,
 But with that percing noise flew open quite, or brast
 The same before the Geants gate he blew, v
 That all the castle quaked from the ground,
 And euery dore of freewill open flew
 The Gyant selfe dismaied with that sownd,
 Where he with his *Duessa* dalliance fownd,
 In hast came rushing forth from inner bowre,
 With staring countenance sterne, as one astownd,
 And staggering steps, to weet, what sudden stowre
 Had wrought that horror strange, and dar'd hisdreaded powre
 And after him the proud *Duessa* came, vi
 High mounted on her manyheaded beast,
 And euery head with fyrie tongue did flame,
 And euery head was crowned on his creast,
 And bloudie mouthed with late cruell feast
 That when the knight beheld, his mightie shild
 Vpon his manly arme he soone adrest,
 And at him fiercely flew, with courage fild,
 And eger greedinesse through euery member thild
 Therewith the Gyant buckled him to fight, vii
 Inflam'd with scornefull wrath and high disdaine,
 And lifting vp his dreadfull club on hight,
 All arm'd with ragged snubbes and knottie graine,
 Him thought at first encounter to haue slaine
 But wise and warie was that noble Pere,
 And lightly leaping from so monstrous maine,
 Did faire auoide the violence him nere,
 It booted nought, to thinke, such thunderbolts to beare

Ne shame he thought to shunne so hideous might viii
 The idle stroke, enforcing furious way,
 Missing the marke of his misaymed sight
 Did fall to ground, and with his heauie sway
 So deeply dinted in the driuen clay,
 That three yardes deepe a furrow vp did throw
 The sad earth wounded with so sore assay,
 Did grone full grieuous vnderneath the blow,
 And trembling with strange feare, did like an earthquakeshow
 As when almightie *Ioue* in wrathfull mood, ix
 To wreake the guilt of mortall sins is bent,
 Hurles forth his thundring dart with deadly food,
 Enrold in flames, and smouldring dreriment,
 Through riuen cloudes and molten firmament,
 The fierce threeforked engin making way,
 Both loftie towres and highest trees hath rent,
 And all that might his angrie passage stay,
 And shooting in the earth, casts vp a mount of clay
 His boystrous club, so buried in the ground, x
 He could not rearen vp againe so light,
 But that the knight him at auantage found,
 And whiles he stroue his combred clubbe to quight
 Out of the earth, with blade all burning bright
 He smote off his left arme, which like a blocke
 Did fall to ground, depriu'd of natue might,
 Large streames of bloud out of the truncked stocke
 Forth gushed, like fresh water streame from riuen rocke
 Dismaied with so desperate deadly wound, xi
 And eke impatient of vnwonted paine,
 He loudly brayd with beastly yelling sound,
 That all the fields rebellowed againe,
 As great a noyse, as when in Cymbrian plaine
 An heard of Bulles, whom kindly rage doth sting,
 Do for the milkie mothers want complaine,
 And fill the fields with troublous bellowing,
 The neighbour woods around with hollow murmur ring

viii i shonne 1590

x 3 aduantage 1590

xi 9 murmur ring] murmuring 1590 &c corr F E

And high aduauncing his blood-thirstie blade,
 Stroke one of those deformed heads so sore,
 That of his puissance proud ensample made,
 His monstrous scalpe downe to his teeth it tore,
 And that misformed shape mis-shaped more
 A sea of blood gusht from the gaping wound,
 That her gay garments staynd with filthy gore,
 And ouerflowed all the field around,
 That ouer shoes in blood he waded on the ground

xvi

Thereat he roared for exceeding paine,
 That to haue heard, great horror would haue bred,
 And scourging th'emptie ayre with his long traine,
 Through great impatience of his grieued hed
 His gorgeous ryder from her loftie sted
 Would haue cast downe, and trod in durtie myie,
 Had not the Gyant soone her succoured,
 Who all enrag'd with smart and franticke yre,
 Came hurtling in full fierce, and forst the knight retyre

xvii

The force, which wont in two to be disperst,
 In one alone left hand he now vnites,
 Which is through rage more strong then both were erst,
 With which his hideous club aloft he dites,
 And at his foe with furious rigour smites,
 That strongest Oake might seeme to ouerthrow
 The stroke vpon his shield so heaue lites,
 That to the ground it doubleth him full low
 What mortall wight could euer beare so monstrous blow?

xviii

And in his fall his shield, that couered was,
 Did loose his vele by chaunce, and open flew
 The light whereof, that heauens light did pas,
 Such blazing brightnesse through the aier threw,
 That eye mote not the same endure to vew
 Which when the Gyaunt spyde with staring eye,
 He downe let fall his arme, and soft withdrew
 His weapon huge, that heaued was on hye
 For to haue slaine the man, that on the ground did lye

xix

xviii 8 low 1590, 1596 lowe, 1609

And eke the fruitfull-headed beast, amaz'd xx
 At flashing beames of that sunshiny shield,
 Became starke blind, and all his senses daz'd,
 That downe he tumbled on the durtie field,
 And seem'd himselfe as conquered to yield
 Whom when his maistresse proud perceu'd to fall,
 Whiles yet his feeble feet for faintnesse reeld,
 Vnto the Gyant loudly she gan call,
 O helpe *Orgoglio*, helpe, or else we perish all
 At her so pitteous cry was much amou'd xxi
 Her champion stout, and for to ayde his frend,
 Againe his wonted angry weapon proou'd
 But all in vaine for he has read his end
 In that bright shield, and all their forces spend
 Themselues in vaine for since that glauncing sight,
 He hath no powre to hurt, nor to defend,
 As where th'Almighties lightning brond does light,
 It dimmes the dazed eyen, and daunts the senses quight
 Whom when the Prince, to battell new addrest, xxii
 And threatning high his dreadfull stroke did see,
 His sparkling blade about his head he blest,
 And smote off quite his right leg by the knee,
 That downe he tombled, as an aged tree,
 High growing on the top of rocky clift,
 Whose hartstrings with keene steele nigh hewen be,
 The mightie trunck halfe rent, with ragged rift
 Doth roll adowne the rocks, and fall with fearefull drift
 Or as a Castle reared high and round, xxiii
 By subtile engins and malicious slight
 Is vndermined from the lowest ground,
 And her foundation forst, and feebled quight,
 At last downe falles, and with her heaped hight
 Her hastie ruine does more heauie make,
 And yields it selfe vnto the victours might,
 Such was this Gyaunts fall, that seemd to shake
 The stedfast globe of earth, as it for feare did quake

The knight then lightly leaping to the pray,
 With mortall steele him smot againe so sore,
 That headlesse his vnweldy bodie lay,
 All wallowd in his owne fowle bloudy gore,
 Which flowed from his wounds in wondrous store
 But soone as breath out of his breast did pas,
 That huge great body, which the Gyaunt bore,
 Was vanisht quite, and of that monstrous mas
 Was nothing left, but like an emptie bladder was

xxiv

Whose grieuous fall, when false *Duessa* spide,
 Her golden cup she cast vnto the ground,
 And crowned mitre rudely threw aside,
 Such percing griefe her stubborne hart did wound,
 That she could not endure that dolefull stound,
 But leauing all behind her, fled away
 The light-foot Squire her quickly turnd around,
 And by hard meanes enforcing her to stay,
 So brought vnto his Lord, as his deserued pray

xxv

The royall Virgin, which beheld from farre,
 In pensue plight, and sad perplexitie,
 The whole atchieuement of this doubtfull warre,
 Came running fast to greet his victorie,
 With sober gladnesse, and myld modestie,
 And with sweet ioyous cheare him thus bespake,
 Faire braunch of noblesse, flowre of cheualrie,
 That with your worth the world amazed make,
 How shall I quite the paines, ye suffer for my sake?

xxvi

And you fresh bud of vertue springing fast,
 Whom these sad eyes saw nigh vnto deaths dore,
 What hath poore Virgin for such perill past,
 Wherewith you to reward? Accept therefore
 My simple selfe, and seruice euermore,
 And he that high does sit, and all things see
 With equall eyes, their merites to restore,
 Behold what ye this day haue done for mee,
 And what I cannot quite, requite with vsuree

xxvii

xxiv 5 store, 1596 store 1609 6 his] her 1590 xxvii 7 eye 1590

But sith the heauens, and your faire handling xxviii
 Haue made you maister of the field this day,
 Your fortune maister eke with gouerning,
 And well begun end all so well, I pray,
 Ne let that wicked woman scape away,
 For she it is, that did my Lord bethrall,
 My dearest Lord, and deepe in dongeon lay,
 Where he his better dayes hath wasted all
 O heare, how piteous he to you for ayd does call
 Forthwith he gaue in charge vnto his Squire, xxix
 That scarlot whore to keepeen carefully,
 Whiles he himselfe with greedie great desire
 Into the Castle entred forcibly,
 Where liuing creature none he did espye,
 Then gan he lowdly through the house to call
 But no man car'd to answeere to his crye
 There raignd a solemne silence ouer all,
 Nor voice was heard, nor wight was seene in bowre or hall
 At last with creeping crooked pace forth came xxx
 An old old man, with beard as white as snow,
 That on a staffe his feeble steps did frame,
 And guide his wearie gate both too and fro
 For his eye sight him failed long ygo,
 And on his arme a bounch of keyes he bore,
 The which vnused rust did ouergrow
 Those were the keyes of euery inner dore,
 But he could not them vse, but kept them still in store
 But very vncouth sight was to behold, xxxi
 How he did fashion his vntoward pace,
 For as he forward moou'd his footing old,
 So backward still was turnd his wrinckled face,
 Vnlike to men, who euer as they trace,
 Both feet and face one way are wont to lead
 This was the auncient keeper of that place,
 And foster father of the Gyant dead,
 His name *Ignaro* did his nature right aread

xxviii 1 handling 1609

xxix 4 forcibly 1596

2 maister] master 1590

xxx 2 An] And 1596

His reuerend haire and holy grautie xxxii
 The knight much honord, as beseemed well,
 And gently askt, where all the people bee,
 Which in that stately building wont to dwell
 Who answerd him full soft, he could not tell
 Againe he askt, where that same knight was layd,
 Whom great *Orgoglio* with his puissaunce fell
 Had made his caytiue thrall, againe he sayde,
 He could not tell ne euer other answer made
 Then asked he, which way he in might pas xxxiii
 He could not tell, againe he answered
 Thereat the curteous knight displeased was,
 And said, Old sire, it seemes thou hast not red
 How ill it sits with that same siluer hed
 In vaine to mocke, or mockt in vaine to bee
 But if thou be, as thou art pourtrahed
 With natures pen, in ages graue degree,
 Aread in grauer wise, what I demaund of thee
 His answer likewise was, he could not tell xxxiv
 Whose sencelesse speach, and doted ignorance
 When as the noble Prince had marked well,
 He ghest his nature by his countenance,
 And calmd his wrath with goodly temperance
 Then to him stepping, from his arme did reach
 Those keyes, and made himselfe free enterance
 Each dore he opened without any breach,
 There was no barre to stop, nor foe him to empeach
 There all within full rich arayd he found, xxxv
 With royall arras and resplendent gold
 And did with store of euery thing abound,
 That greatest Princes presence might behold
 But all the floore (too filthy to be told)
 With bloud of guiltlesse babes, and innocents trew,
 Which there were slaine, as sheepe out of the fold,
 Defiled was, that dreadfull was to vew,
 And sacred ashes ouer it was strowed new

xxxii 8 thrall, 1596 xxxiii 3 couiteous 1590 5 sits] fits 1596, 1609

And there beside of marble stone was built xxxvi
 An Altare, caru'd with cunning imagery,
 On which true Christians blood was often spilt,
 And holy Martyrs often doen to dye,
 With cruell malice and strong tyranny
 Whose blessed sprites from vnderneath the stone
 To God for vengeance cryde continually,
 And with great grieve were often heard to grone,
 That hardest heart would bleede, to heare their piteous mone
 Through euery rowme he sought, and euery bowr, xxxvii
 But no where could he find that wofull thrall
 At last he came vnto an yron doore,
 That fast was lockt, but key found not at all
 Emongst that bounch, to open it withall,
 But in the same a little grate was pight,
 Through which he sent his voyce, and lowd did call
 With all his powre, to weet, if liuing wight
 Were housed therewithin, whom he enlargen might
 Therewith an hollow, dreary, murmuring voyce xxxviii
 These piteous plaints and dolours did resound,
 O who is that, which brings me happy choyce
 Of death, that here lye dying euery stound,
 Yet liue perforce in balefull darkenesse bound?
 For now three Moones haue changed thrice thei hew,
 And haue beene thrice hid vnderneath the ground,
 Since I the heauens chearefull face did vew,
 O welcome thou, that doest of death bring tydings trew
 Which when that Champion heard, with percing point xxxix
 Of pittie deare his hart was thrilled sore,
 And trembling horror ran through euery ioynt,
 For ruth of gentle knight so fowle forlore
 Which shaking off, he rent that yron dore,
 With furious force, and indignation fell,
 Where entred in, his foot could find no flore,
 But all a deepe descent, as darke as hell,
 That breathed euer forth a filthie banefull smell

But neither darkenesse fowle, nor filthy bands, xli
 Nor noyous smell his purpose could withhold,
 (Entire affection hateth nicer hands)
 But that with constant zeale, and courage bold,
 After long paines and labours manifold,
 He found the meanes that Prisoner vp to reare,
 Whose feeble thighes, vnhabable to vphold
 His pined corse, him scarce to light could beare,
 A ruefull spectacle of death and ghastly drere

His sad dull eyes deepe sunck in hollow pits, xlii
 Could not endure th'vnwonted sunne to view,
 His bare thin cheekes for want of better bits,
 And empty sides deceued of their dew,
 Could make a stony hart his hap to rew,
 His rawbone armes, whose mighty brawned bowrs
 Were wont to riuie steele plates, and helmets hew,
 Were cleane consum'd, and all his vitall powres
 Decayd, and all his flesh shronk vp like withered flowres

Whom when his Lady saw, to him she ran xliii
 With hasty ioi to see him made her glad,
 And sad to view his visage pale and wan,
 Who earst in flowres of freshest youth was clad
 Tho when her well of teares she wasted had,
 She said, Ah dearest Lord, what euill starre
 On you hath fround, and poud his influence bad,
 That of your selfe ye thus berobbed arre,
 And this misseeming hew your manly looks doth marre ?

But welcome now my Lord, in wele or woe, xliv
 Whose presence I haue lackt too long a day,
 And fie on Fortune mine auowed foe,
 Whose wrathfull wreakes them selues do now alay
 And for these wrongs shall treble penaunce pay
 Of treble good good growes of euils priefe
 The chearelesse man, whom sorrow did dismay,
 Had no delight to treaten of his griefe,
 His long endured famine needed more reliefe

- Faire Lady, then said that victorious knight, xlii
 The things, that grieuous were to do, or beare,
 Them to renew, I wote, breeds no delight,
 Best musicke breeds †delight in loathing eare
 But th'onely good, that growes of passed feare,
 Is to be wise, and ware of like agein
 This dayes ensample hath this lesson deare
 Deepe written in my heart with yron pen,
 That blisse may not abide in state of mortall men
- Henceforth sir knight, take to you wonted strength, xliii
 And maister these mishaps with patient might,
 Loe where your foe lyes stretcht in monstrous length,
 And loe that wicked woman in your sight,
 The roote of all your care, and wretched plight,
 Now in your powre, to let her lue, or dye
 To do her dye (quoth *Vna*) were despight,
 And shame t'auenge so weake an enemy,
 But spoile her of her scarlot robe, and let her fly
- So as she bad, that witch they disaraid, xlvi
 And robd of royall robes, and purple pall,
 And ornaments that richly were displaid,
 Ne spared they to strip her naked all
 Then when they had despoild her tire and call,
 Such as she was, their eyes might her behold,
 That her misshaped parts did them appall,
 A loathly, wrinckled hag, ill fauoured, old,
 Whose secret filth good manners biddeth not be told
- Her craftie head was altogether bald, xlvii
 And as in hate of honorable eld,
 Was ouergrowne with scurfe and filthy scald,
 Her teeth out of her rotten gummes were feld,
 And her sowre breath abhominably smeld,
 Her dried dugs, like bladders lacking wind,
 Hong downe, and filthy matter from them weld,
 Her wrizled skin as rough, as maple rind,
 So scabby was, that would haue loathd all womankind
- xlii 4 delight] dislike *cony J Jortin* xlii 7 mishaped 1596

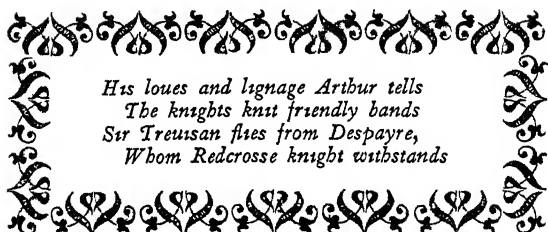
Her neather parts, the shame of all her kind,
 My chaster Muse for shame doth blush to write,
 But at her rompe she growing had behind
 A foxes taile, with dong all fowly dight,
 And eke her feete most monstrous were in sight,
 For one of them was like an Eagles claw,
 With griping talaunts armd to greedy fight,
 The other like a Beares vneuen paw
 More vgly shape yet neuer liuing creature saw
 Which when the knights beheld, amazd they were,
 And wondred at so fowle deformed wight
 Such then (said *Vna*) as she seemeth here,
 Such is the face of falshood, such the sight
 Of fowle *Duessa*, when her borrowed light
 Is laid away, and counterfesaunce knowne
 Thus when they had the witch disrobed quight,
 And all her filthy feature open showne,
 They let her goe at will, and wander wayes vnknowne
 She flying fast from heauens hated face,
 And from the world that her discouered wide,
 Fled to the wastfull wildernesse apace,
 From liuing eyes her open shame to hide,
 And lurkt in rocks and caues long vnespide
 But that faire crew of knights, and *Vna* faire
 Did in that castle afterwards abide,
 To rest them selues, and weary powres repaire,
 Where store they found of all, that dainty was and raie

xlvi

xlix

1

Cant. IX.



O Goodly golden chaine, wherewith yfere 1
 The vertues linked are in louely wize
 And noble minds of yore allyed were,
 In braue poursuit of cheualrous emprise,
 That none did others safety despize,
 Nor aid enuy to him, in need that stands,
 But friendly each did others prayse deuize
 How to aduaunce with fauourable hands,
 As this good Prince redeemd the *Redcrosse* knight from bands
 Who when their powres, empaired through labour long, 11
 With dew repast they had recured well,
 And that weake captiue wight now wexed strong,
 Them list no lenger there at leasure dwell,
 But forward fare, as their aduentures fell,
 But ere they parted, *Vna* faire besought
 That straunger knight his name and nation tell,
 Least so great good, as he for her had wrought,
 Should die vnknown, and buried be in thanklesse thought
 Faire virgin (said the Prince) ye me require 111
 A thing without the compas of my wit
 For both the lignage and the certain Sire,
 From which I sprong, from me are hidden yit
 For all so soone as life did me admit
 Into this world, and shewed heauens light,
 From mothers pap I taken was vnfit
 And streight deliuered to a Faery knight,
 To be vpbrought in gentle thewes and martiall might

Arg 1 tells 1596 2 bands] hands 1590 corr F E
 1 7 deuize, 1590, 1596 11 1 powres 1590, 1596

Vnto old *Timon* he me brought byliue, iv
Old *Timon*, who in youthly yeares hath beene
In warlike feates th'expertest man aliue,
And is the wisest now on earth I weene,
His dwelling is low in a valley greene,
Vnder the foot of *Rauran* mossy hore,
From whence the riuer *Dee* as siluer cleene
His tombling billowes rolls with gentle rore
There all my dayes he traind me vp in vertuous lore
Thither the great Magicien *Merlin* came, v
As was his vse, oftentimes to visit me
For he had charge my discipline to frame,
And Tutours nouriture to ouersee
Him oft and oft I askt in priuitie,
Of what loines and what lignage I did spring
Whose aunswere bad me still assured bee,
That I was sonne and heire vnto a king,
As time in her iust terme the truth to light should bring
Well worthy impe, said then the Lady gent, vi
And Pupill fit for such a Tutours hand
But what aduenture, or what high intent
Hath brought you hither into Faery land,
Aread Prince *Arthur*, crowne of Martiall band?
Full hard it is (quoth he) to read aright
The course of heauenly cause, or vnderstand
The secret meaning of th'eternall might,
That rules mens wayes, and rules the thoughts of liuing wight
For whither he through fatall deepe foresight vii
Me hither sent, for cause to me vnghest,
Or that fresh bleeding wound, which day and night
Whilome doth rangle in my riuen brest,
With forced fury following his behest,
Me hither brought by wayes yet neuer found,
You to haue helpt I hold my selfe yet blest
Ah curteous knight (quoth she) what secret wound
Could euer find, to grieue the gentlest hart on ground?

Deare Dame (quoth he) you sleeping sparkes awake,
 Which troubled once, into huge flames will grow,
 Ne euer will their feruent fury slake,
 Till liuing moysture into smoke do flow,
 And wasted life do lye in ashes low
 Yet sithens silence lesseneth not my fire,
 But told it flames, and hidden it does glow,
 I will reuele, what ye so much desire
 Ah Loue, lay downe thy bow, the whiles I may respire
 It was in freshest flowre of youthly yeares,
 When courage first does creepe in manly chest,
 Then first the coale of kindly heat appears
 To kindle loue in euery liuing brest,
 But me had warnd old *Timons* wise behest,
 Those creeping flames by reason to subdew,
 Before their rage grew to so great vnrest,
 As miserable louers vse to rew,
 Which still wex old in woe, whiles woe still wexeth new
 That idle name of loue, and louers life,
 As losse of time, and vertues enemy
 I euer scornd, and ioyd to stirre vp strife,
 In middest of their mournfull Tragedy,
 Ay wont to laugh, when them I heard to cry,
 And blow the fire, which them to ashes brent
 Their God himselfe, grieu'd at my libertie,
 Shot many a dart at me with fiers intent,
 But I them warded all with wary gouernment
 But all in vaine no fort can be so strong,
 Ne fleshly brest can armed be so sound,
 But will at last be wonne with battrie long,
 Or vnawares at disauantage found,
 Nothing is sure, that growes on earthly ground
 And who most trustes in arme of fleshly might,
 And boasts, in beauties chaine not to be bound,
 Doth soonest fall in disauentrous fight,
 And yeeldes his caytiue neck to victours most despight

viii 9 the] that 1590 corr F E ix 3 the] that 1590 5 *Timons*
Cleons 1590 corr F E xi 4 vnwares 1596

- Ensamle make of him your haplesse ioy,
 And of my selfe now mated, as ye see,
 Whose prouder vaunt that proud auenging boy
 Did soone pluck downe, and curbd my libertie
 For on a day prickt forth with iollitie
 Of looser life, and heat of hardiment,
 Raunging the forest wide on courser free,
 The fields, the floods, the heauens with one consent
 Did seeme to laugh on me, and fauour mine intent
 For-wearied with my sports, I did alight xii
 From loftie steed, and downe to sleepe me layd,
 The verdant gras my couch did goodly dight,
 And pillow was my helmet faire displayd
 Whiles euery sence the humour sweet embayd,
 And slombring soft my hart did steale away,
 Me seemed, by my side a royall Mayd
 Her daintie limbes full softly down did lay
 So faire a creature yet saw neuer sunny day
 Most goodly glee and louely blandishment xiii
 She to me made, and bad me loue her deare,
 For dearly sure her loue was to me bent,
 As when iust time expired should appeare
 But whether dreames delude, or true it were,
 Was neuer hart so rauisht with delight,
 Ne liuing man like words did euer heare,
 As she to me deliuered all that night,
 And at her parting said, She Queene of Faeries hight
 When I awoke, and found her place deuoyd, xiv
 And nought but pressed gras, where she had lyen,
 I sorrowed all so much, as earst I ioyd,
 And washed all her place with watry eyen
 From that day forth I lou'd that face diuine,
 From that day forth I cast in carefull mind,
 To seeke her out with labour, and long tyne,
 And neuer vow to rest, till her I find,
 Nine monethes I seeke in vaine yet ni'll that vow vnbind
xv

- Thus as he spake, his visage waxed pale,
 And chaunge of hew great passion did bewray,
 Yet still he strove to cloke his inward bale,
 And hide the smoke, that did his fire display,
 Till gentle *Vna* thus to him gan say,
 O happy Queene of Faeries, that hast found
 Mongst many, one that with his prowesse may
 Defend thine honour, and thy foes confound
 True Loues are often sown, but seldom grow on ground
 Thine, O then, said the gentle *Redcrosse* knight,
 Next to that Ladies loue, shalbe the place,
 O fairest virgin, full of heavenly light,
 Whose wondrous faith, exceeding earthly race,
 Was firmest fixt in mine extremest case
 And you, my Lord, the Patrone of my life,
 Of that great Queene may well gaine worthy grace
 For onely worthy you through prowes priefe
 Yf liuing man mote worthy be, to be her lief
- So diuersly discoursing of their loues,
 The golden Sunne his glistering head gan shew,
 And sad remembraunce now the Prince amoues,
 With fresh desire his voyage to pursue
 Als *Vna* earnd her traueill to renew
 Then those two knights, fast friendship for to bynd,
 And loue establish each to other trew,
 Gaue goodly gifts, the signes of gratefull mynd,
 And eke as pledges firme, right hands together ioyned
- Prince *Arthur* gaue a boxe of Diamond sure,
 Embowd with gold and gorgeous ornament,
 Wherein were closd few drops of liquor pure,
 Of wondrous worth, and vertue excellent,
 That any wound could heale incontinent
 Which to requite, the *Redcrosse* knight him gaue
 A booke, wherein his Saueours testament
 Was writ with golden letters rich and braue,
 A worke of wondrous grace, and able soules to saue
- xvi
 xvii
 xviii
 xix
- xviii 9 as] the 1596, 1609 xix 7 his] this 1590 corr F E
 9 hable 1590

Thus beene they parted, *Arthur* on his way
To seeke his loue, and th'other for to fight
With *Vnaes* foe, that all her realme did pray
But she now weighing the decayed plight,
And shrunkn synewes of her chosen knight,
Would not a while her forward course pursew,
Ne bring him forth in face of dreadfull fight,
Till he recouered had his former hew
For him to be yet weake and wearie well she knew

xx

So as they traueild, lo they gan espy
An armed knight towards them gallop fast,
That seemed from some feared foe to fly,
Or other griesly thing, that him agast
Still as he fled, his eye was backward cast,
As if his feare still followed him behind,
Als flew his steed, as he his bands had brast,
And with his winged heeles did tread the wind,
As he had beene a fole of *Pegasus* his kind

xxi

Nigh as he drew, they might perceiue his head
To be vnarmd, and curld vncombed heares
Vpstaring stiffe, dismayd with vncouth dread,
Nor drop of bloud in all his face appeares
Nor life in limbe and to increase his feares,
In fowle reproch of knighthoods faire degree,
About his neck an hempen rope he weares,
That with his glistring armes does ill agree,
But he of rope or armes has now no memoree

xxii

The *Redcrosse* knight toward him crossed fast,
To weet, what mister wight was so dismayd.
There him he finds all sencelesse and aghast,
That of him selfe he seemd to be afrayd,
Whom hardly he from flying forward stayd,
Till he these wordes to him deliuer might,
Sir knight, aread who hath ye thus arayd,
And eke from whom make ye this hasty flight
For neuer knight I saw in such misseeming plight

xxiii

He answerd nought at all, but adding new xxiv
 Feare to his first amazment, staring wide
 With stony eyes, and hartlesse hollow hew,
 Astonisht stood, as one that had aspid
 Infernall furies, with their chaines vntide
 Him yet againe, and yet againe bespake
 The gentle knight, who nought to him replide,
 But trembling euery ioynt did inly quake,
 And foltring tongue at last these words seemd forth to shake
 For Gods deare loue, Sir knight, do me not stay, xxv
 For loe he comes, he comes fast after mee
 Eft looking backe would faine haue runne away,
 But he him forst to stay, and tellen free
 The secret cause of his perplexitie
 Yet nathemore by his bold hartie speach,
 Could his bloud-frozen hart emboldned bee,
 But through his boldnesse rather feare did reach,
 Yet forst, at last he made through silence sudden breach
 And am I now in safetie sure (quoth he) xxvi
 From him, that would haue forced me to dye ?
 And is the point of death now turnd fro mee,
 That I may tell this haplesse history ?
 Feare nought (quoth he) no daunger now is nye
 Then shall I you recount a ruefull cace,
 (Said he) the which with this vnlucky eye
 I late beheld, and had not greater grace
 Me reft from it, had bene partaker of the place
 I lately chaunst (Would I had neuer chaunst) xxvii
 With a faire knight to keepen companee,
 Sir *Terwin* hight, that well himselfe aduauunst
 In all affaires, and was both bold and free,
 But not so happie as mote happie bee
 He lou'd, as was his lot, a Ladie gent,
 That him againe lou'd in the least degree
 For she was proud, and of too high intent,
 And ioyd to see her louer languish and lament
xxiv 4 espide 1609 xxvi 5 nye 1590 &c

From whom returning sad and comfortlesse, xxviii
 As on the way together we did fare,
 We met that villen (God from him me blesse)
 That cursed wight, from whom I scapt whyleare,
 A man of hell, that cald himselfe *Despaire*
 Who first vs greets, and after faire areedes
 Of tydings strange, and of aduentures rare
 So creeping close, as Snake in hidden weedes,
 Inquireth of our states, and of our knightly deedes
 Which when he knew, and felt our feeble harts xxix
 Embost with bale, and bitter byting griefe,
 Which loue had launched with his deadly darts,
 With wounding words and termes of foule reprieue
 He pluckt from vs all hope of due reliefe,
 That earst vs held in loue of lingring life,
 Then hopelesse hartlesse, gan the cunning thiefe
 Perswade vs die, to stint all further strife
 To me he lent this rope, to him a rustie knife
 With which sad instrument of hastie death, xxx
 That wofull louer, loathing lenger light,
 A wide way made to let forth liuing breath
 But I more fearefull, or more luckie wight,
 Dismayd with that deformed dismall sight,
 Fled fast away, halfe dead with dying feare
 Ne yet assur'd of life by you, Sir knight,
 Whose like infirmitie like chaunce may beare
 But God you neuer let his charmed speeches heare
 How may a man (said he) with idle speach xxxi
 Be wonne, to spoyle the Castle of his health?
 I wote (quoth he) whom triall late did teach,
 That like would not for all this worldes wealth
 His subtill tongue, like dropping honny, mealt'h
 Into the hart, and searcheth euery vaine,
 That ere one be aware, by secret stealth
 His powre is reft, and weaknesse doth remaine
 O neuer Sir desire to try his guilefull traine

xxix 3 launced 1609 4 reprieue, 1590 &c
 xxxi 5 mealt'h 1590 &c But cf Bk II, Cant II iv 5

Certes (said he) hence shall I neuer rest, xxxii
 Till I that treachours art haue heard and tride,
 And you Sir knight, whose name mote I request,
 Of grace do me vnto his cabin guide
 I that hight *Treusan* (quoth he) will ride
 Against my liking backe, to doe you grace
 But nor for gold nor glee will I abide
 By you, when ye arriue in that same place,
 For leuer had I die, then see his deadly face
 Ere long they come, where that same wicked wight xxxiii
 His dwelling has, low in an hollow caue,
 Farre vnderneath a craggie clift ypyght,
 Darke, dolefull, drearie, like a greedie graue,
 That still for carrion carcasses doth craue
 On top whereof aye dwelt the ghastly Owle,
 Shrieking his balefull note, which euer draue
 Farre from that haunt all other chearefull fowle,
 And all about it wandring ghostes did waile and howle
 And all about old stockes and stubs of trees, xxxiv
 Whereon nor fruit, nor leafe was euer seene,
 Did hang vpon the ragged rocky knees,
 On which had many wretches hanged beene,
 Whose carcasses were scattered on the greene,
 And throwne about the cliffs Arriued there,
 That bare-head knight for dread and dolefull teene,
 Would faine haue fled, ne durst approchen neare,
 But th'other forst him stay, and comforted in feare
 That darkesome caue they enter, where they find xxxv
 That cursed man, low sitting on the ground,
 Musing full sadly in his sullein mind,
 His griesie lockes, long growen, and vnbound,
 Disordred hong about his shoulders round,
 And hid his face, through which his hollow eyne
 Lookt deadly dull, and stared as astound,
 His raw-bone cheekes through penurie and pine,
 Were shronke into his iawes, as he did neuer dine

xxxiii 3 yplight 1590 xxxiv 5 scatted 1590 6 clifts 1590 &c
 corr F E xxxv 9 Were] Where 1596

His garment nought but many ragged clouts,
 With thornes together pind and patched was,
 The which his naked sides he wrapt abouts,
 And him beside there lay vpon the gras
 A drearie corse, whose life away did pas,
 All wallowd in his owne yet luke-warme blood,
 That from his wound yet welled fresh alas,
 In which a rustie knife fast fixed stood,
 And made an open passage for the gushing flood
 Which piteous spectacle, approuing trew
 The wofull tale that *Treuisan* had told,
 When as the gentle *Redcrosse* knight did vew,
 With fire zeale he burnt in couiage bold,
 Him to auenge, before his blood were cold,
 And to the villen said, Thou damned wight,
 The author of this fact, we here behold,
 What iustice can but iudge against thee right,
 With thine owne blood to price his blood, here shed in sight?
 What franticke fit (quoth he) hath thus distraught
 Thee, foolish man, so rash a doome to giue?
 What iustice euer other iudgement taught,
 But he should die, who merites not to liue?
 None else to death this man despayring driue,
 But his owne guiltie mind deseruing death
 Is then vnjust to each his due to giue?
 Or let him die, that loatheth liuing breath?
 Or let him die at ease, that liueth here vneath?
 Who trauels by the wearie wandring way,
 To come vnto his wished home in haste,
 And meetes a flood, that doth his passage stay,
 Is not great grace to helpe him ouer past,
 Or free his feet, that in the myre sticke fast?
 Most enuious man, that grieues at neighbours good,
 And fond, that ioiest in the woe thou hast,
 Why wilt not let him passe, that long hath stood
 Vpon the banke, yet wilt thy selfe not passe the flood?

He there does now enioy eternall rest xi
 And happie ease, which thou doest want and craue,
 And further from it daily wanderest
 What if some litle paine the passage haue,
 That makes fraile flesh to feare the bitter waue?
 Is not short paine well borne, that brings long ease,
 And layes the soule to sleepe in quiet graue?
 Sleepe after toyle, port after stormie seas,
 Ease after warre, death after life does greatly please
 The knight much wondred at his suddeine wit, xli
 And said, The terme of life is limited,
 Ne may a man prolong, nor shorten it,
 The souldier may not moue from watchfull sted,
 Nor leaue his stand, vntill his Captaine bed
 Who life did limit by almightie doome,
 (Quoth he) knowes best the termes established,
 And he, that points the Centonell his roome,
 Doth license him depart at sound of morning droome
 Is not his deed, what euer thing is donne, xlii
 In heauen and earth? did not he all create
 To die againe? all ends that was begonne
 Their times in his eternall booke of fate
 Are written sure, and haue their certaine date
 Who then can strue with strong necessitie,
 That holds the world in his still chaunging state,
 Or shunne the death ordaynd by destinie?
 When houre of death is come, let none aske whence, nor why
 The lenger life, I wote the greater sin, xliii
 The greater sin, the greater punishment
 All those great battels, which thou boasts to win,
 Through strife, and bloud-shed, and auengement,
 Now praysd, hereafter deare thou shalt repent
 For life must life, and bloud must bloud repay
 Is not enough thy euill life forespent?
 For he, that once hath missed the right way,
 The further he doth goe, the further he doth stray

Then do no further goe, no further stray,
 But here lie downe, and to thy rest betake,
 Th'ill to preuent, that life ensewen may
 For what hath life, that may it loued make,
 And giues not rather cause it to forsake?
 Feare, sicknesse, age, losse, labour, sorrow, strife,
 Paine, hunger, cold, that makes the hart to quake,
 And euer fickle fortune rageth rife,
 All which, and thousands mo do make a loathsome life

xliv

Thou wretched man, of death hast greatest need,
 If in true ballance thou wilt weigh thy state
 For neuer knight, that dared warlike deede,
 More lucklesse disauentures did amate
 Witnesse the dongeon deepe, wherein of late
 Thy life shut vp, for death so oft did call,
 And though good lucke prolonged hath thy date,
 Yet death then, would the like mishaps forestall,
 Into the which hereafter thou maiest happen fall

xlv

Why then doest thou, O man of sin, desire
 To draw thy dayes forth to their last degree?
 Is not the measure of thy sinfull hire
 High heaped vp with huge iniquitie,
 Against the day of wrath, to burden thee?
 Is not enough, that to this Ladie milde
 Thou falsed hast thy faith with periurie,
 And sold thy selfe to serue *Duessa* vilde,
 With whom in all abuse thou hast thy selfe defilde?

xlvi

Is not he iust, that all this doth behold
 From highest heauen, and beares an equall eye?
 Shall he thy sins vp in his knowledge fold,
 And guiltie be of thine impietie?
 Is not his law, Let euery sinner die
 Die shall all flesh? what then must needs be donne,
 Is it not better to doe willinglie,
 Then linger, till the glasse be all out ronne?
 Death is the end of woes die soone, O faeries sonne.

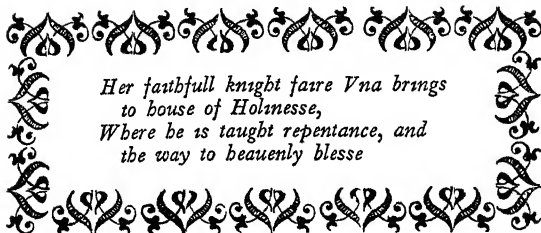
xlvii

The knight was much enmoued with his speach, xlviii
 That as a sword's point through his hart did perse,
 And in his conscience made a secret breach,
 Well knowing true all, that he did reherse,
 And to his fresh remembrance did reuerse
 The vgly vew of his deformed crimes,
 That all his manly powres it did disperse,
 As he were charmed with inchaunted rimes,
 That oftentimes he quakt, and fainted oftentimes
 In which amazement, when the Miscreant xlix
 Perceiued him to wauer weake and fraile,
 Whiles trembling horror did his conscience dant,
 And hellish anguish did his soule assaile,
 To driue him to despaire, and quite to quaile,
 He shew'd him painted in a table plaine,
 The damned ghosts, that doe in torments waile,
 And thousand feends that doe them endlesse paine
 With fire and brimstone, which for euer shall remaine
 The sight whereof so throughly him dismaid, 1
 That nought but death before his eyes he saw,
 And euer burning wrath before him laid,
 By righteous sentence of th'Almighties law
 Then gan the villein him to ouercrow,
 And brought vnto him swords, ropes, poison, fire,
 And all that might him to perdition draw,
 And bad him choose, what death he would desire
 For death was due to him, that had prouokt Gods ire
 But when as none of them he saw him take, li
 He to him raught a dagger sharpe and keene,
 And gaue it him in hand his hand did quake,
 And tremble like a leafe of Aspin greene,
 And troubled bloud through his pale face was seene
 To come, and goe with tydings from the hart,
 As it a running messenger had beene
 At last resolu'd to worke his finall smart,
 He lifted vp his hand, that backe againe did start

Which when as *Vna* saw, through euey vaine lii
 The crudled cold ran to her well of life,
 As in a swowne but soone reliu'd againe,
 Out of his hand she snatcht the cursed knife,
 And threw it to the ground, enraged rife,
 And to him said, Fie, fie, faint harted knight,
 What meanest thou by this reprochfull strife?
 Is this the battell, which thou vauntst to fight
 With that fire-mouthed Dragon, horrible and bright?
 Come, come away, fraile, feeble, fleshly wight, liii
 Ne let vaine words bewitch thy manly hart,
 Ne diuelish thoughts dismay thy constant spright
 In heavenly mercies hast thou not a part?
 Why shouldst thou then despeire, that chosen art?
 Where iustice growes, there grows eke greater grace,
 The which doth quench the brond of hellish smart,
 And that accurst hand-writing doth deface
 Arise, Sir knight arise, and leaue this cursed place
 So vp he rose, and thence amounted streight liii
 Which when the carle beheld, and saw his guest
 Would safe depart, for all his subtill sleight,
 He chose an halter from among the rest,
 And with it hung himselfe, vnbid vnblest
 But death he could not worke himselfe thereby,
 For thousand times he so himselfe had drest,
 Yet nathelesse it could not doe him die,
 Till he should die his last, that is eternally

lin 1 saw] heard 1590 3 relien'd 1609 lin 1 feeble] seely 1596
 silly 1609 But cf Cant VII vi 5, xi 8 8 deface, 1596 deface 1609

Cant. X.



WHat man is he, that boasts of fleshly might,
 And vaine assurance of mortality,
 Which all so soone, as it doth come to fight,
 Against spirituall foes, yeelds by and by,
 Or from the field most cowardly doth fly?
 Ne let the man ascribe it to his skill,
 That thorough grace hath gained victory
 If any strength we haue, it is to ill,
 But all the good is Gods, both power and eke will
 By that, which lately hapned, *Vna* saw,
 That this her knight was feeble, and too faint,
 And all his sinews woxen weake and raw,
 Through long enprisonment, and hard constraint,
 Which he endured in his late restraint,
 That yet he was vnfit for bloudie fight
 Therefore to cherish him with diets daint,
 She cast to bring him, where he chearen might,
 Till he recouered had his late decayed plight
 There was an auntient house not farre away,
 Renowmd throughout tne world for sacred lore,
 And pure vnspotted life so well they say
 It gouerned was, and guided euermore,
 Through wisdom of a matrone graue and hore,
 Whose onely ioy was to relieue the needes
 Of wretched soules, and helpe the helpelesse pore
 All night she spent in bidding of her bedes,
 And all the day in doing good and godly deedes

i

ii

iii

Dame *Cælia* men did her call, as thought iv
From heauen to come, or thither to arise,
The mother of three daughters, well vpbrought
In goodly thewes, and godly exercise
The eldest two most sober, chaste, and wise,
Fidelia and *Speranza* virgins were,
Though spoused, yet wanting wedlocks solemnize,
But faire *Charissa* to a louely fere
Was lincked, and by him had many pledges dere
Arriued there, the dore they find fast lockt, v
For it was warely watched night and day,
For feare of many foes but when they knockt,
The Porter opened vnto them streight way
He was an aged syre, all hory gray,
With lookes full lowly cast, and gate full slow,
Wont on a staffe his feeble steps to stay,
Hight *Humilis* They passe in stouping low,
For streight and narrow was the way, which he did show
Each goodly thing is hardest to begin, vi
But entred in a spacious court they see,
Both plaine, and pleasant to be walked in,
Where them does meete a francklin faire and free,
And entertaines with comely courteous glee,
His name was *Zelee*, that him right well became,
For in his speeches and behauour hee
Did labour liuely to expresse the same,
And gladly did them guide, till to the Hall they came
There fairely them receiues a gentle Squire, vii
Of milde demeanure, and rare courtesie,
Right cleanly clad in comely sad attire,
In word and deede that shew'd great modestie,
And knew his good to all of each degree,
Hight *Reuerence* He them with speeches meet
Does faire entreat, no courting nicetie,
But simple true, and eke vnfained sweet,
As might become a Squire so great persons to greet
vii 8 simple, trew *Morris*

And afterwards them to his Dame he leades, viii
 That aged Dame, the Ladie of the place
 Who all this while was busie at her beades
 Which doen, she vp arose with seemely grace,
 And toward them full matronely did pace
 Where when that fairest *Vna* she beheld,
 Whom well she knew to spring from heavenly race,
 Her hart with ioy vnwonted inly sweld,
 As feeling wondrous comfort in her weaker eld.

And her embracing said, O happie earth, ix
 Whereon thy innocent feet doe euer tread,
 Most vertuous virgin borne of heavenly berth,
 That to redeeme thy woefull parents head,
 From tyrans rage, and euer-dying dread,
 Hast wandred through the world now long a day,
 Yet ceasest not thy wearie soles to lead,
 What grace hath thee now hither brought this way?
 Or doen thy feeble feet vnweeting hither stray?

Strange thing it is an errant knight to see x
 Here in this place, or any other wight,
 That hither turnes his steps So few there bee,
 That chose the narrow path, or seeke the right
 All keepe the broad high way, and take delight
 With many rather for to go astiay,
 And be partakers of their euill plight,
 Then with a few to walke the rightest way,
 O foolish men, why haste ye to your owne decay?

Thy selfe to see, and tyred limbs to rest, xi
 O matrone sage (quoth she) I hither came,
 And this good knight his way with me addrest,
 Led with thy prayes and broad-blazed fame,
 That vp to heauen is blowne The auncient Dame
 Him goodly greeted in her modest guise,
 And entertaynd them both, as best became,
 With all the court'sies, that she could deuise,
 Ne wanted ought, to shew her bounteous or wise

Thus as they gan of sundry things deuise,
 Loe two most goodly virgins came in place,
 Ylinked arme in arme in louely wise,
 With countenance demure, and modest grace,
 They numbred euen steps and equall pace
 Of which the eldest, that *Fideha* hight,
 Like sunny beames threw from her Christall face,
 That could haue dazd the rash beholders sight,
 And round about her head did shine like heauens light

xii

She was araied all in lilly white,
 And in her right hand bore a cup of gold,
 With wine and water fild vp to the hight,
 In which a Serpent did himselfe enfold,
 That horroure made to all, that did behold,
 But she no whit did chaunge her constant mood
 And in her other hand she fast did hold
 A booke, that was both signd and seald with blood,
 Wherein darke things were writ, hard to be vnderstood

xiii

Her younger sister, that *Speranza* hight,
 Was clad in blew, that her beseemed well,
 Not all so chearefull seemed she of sight,
 As was her sister, whether dread did dwell,
 Or anguish in her hart, is hard to tell
 Vpon her arme a siluer anchor lay,
 Whereon she leaned euer, as befell
 And euer vp to heauen, as she did pray,
 Her stedfast eyes were bent, ne swarued other way

xiv

They seeing *Vna*, towards her gan wend,
 Who them encounters with like courtesie,
 Many kind speeches they betwene them spend,
 And greatly ioy each other well to see
 Then to the knight with shamefast modestie
 They turne themselues, at *Vnaes* meeke request,
 And him salute with well beseeming glee,
 Who faire them quites, as him beseemed best,
 And goodly gan discourse of many a noble gest

xv

Then *Vna* thus, But she your sister deare, xvi
 The deare *Charissa* where is she become?
 Or wants she health, or busie is elsewhere?
 Ah no, said they, but forth she may not come
 For she of late is lightned of her wombe,
 And hath encreast the world with one sonne more,
 That her to see should be but troublesome
 Indeede (quoth she) that should her trouble sore,
 But thank't be God, and her encrease so euermore
 Then said the aged *Cælia*, Deare dame, xvii
 And you good Sir, I wote that of your toyle,
 And labours long, through which ye hither came,
 Ye both forwearied be therefore a while
 I read you rest, and to your bowres recoyle
 Then called she a Groome, that forth him led
 Into a goodly lodge, and gan despoile
 Of puissant armes, and laid in easie bed,
 His name was meeke *Obedience* rightfully ared
 Now when their wearie limbes with kindly rest, xviii
 And bodies were refresht with due repast,
 Faire *Vna* gan *Fidela* faire request,
 To haue her knight into her schoolehouse plaste,
 That of her heauenly learning he might taste,
 And heare the wisdom of her words diuine
 She graunted, and that knight so much agraste,
 That she him taught celestiall discipline,
 And opened his dull eyes, that light mote in them shine
 And that her sacred Booke, with bloud ywrit, xlix
 That none could read, except she did them teach,
 She vnto him disclosed euery whit,
 And heauenly documents thereout did preach,
 That weaker wit of man could neuer reach,
 Of God, of grace, of iustice, of free will,
 That wonder was to heare her goodly speach
 For she was able, with her words to kill,
 And raise againe to life the hart, that she did thrill

And when she list poure out her larger spright, xx
 She would commaund the hastie Sunne to stay,
 Or backward turne his course from heauens hight,
 Sometimes great hostes of men she could dismay,
 Dry-shod to passe, she parts the flouds in tway,
 And eke huge mountaines from their natiue seat
 She would commaund, themselues to beare away,
 And throw in raging sea with roaring threat
 Almightye God her gaue such powre, and puissance great

The faithfull knight now grew in litle space, xxi
 By hearing her, and by her sisters lore,
 To such perfection of all heauenly grace,
 That wretched world he gan for to abhore,
 And mortall life gan loath, as thing forlore,
 Greeu'd with remembrance of his wicked wayes,
 And prickt with anguish of his sinnes so sore,
 That he desirde to end his wretched dayes
 So much the dart of sinfull guilt the soule dismayes

But wise *Speranza* gaue him comfort sweet, xxii
 And taught him how to take assured hold
 Vpon her siluer anchor, as was meet,
 Else had his sinnes so great, and manifold
 Made him forget all that *Fidela* told
 In this distressed doubtfull agonie,
 When him his dearest *Vna* did behold,
 Disdeining life, desiring leaue to die,
 She found her selfe assayld with great perplexitie

And came to *Cælia* to declare her smart, xxiii
 Who well acquainted with that commune plight,
 Which sinfull horror workes in wounded hart,
 Her wisely comforted all that she might,
 With goodly counsell and aduisement right,
 And streightway sent with carefull diligence,
 To fetch a Leach, the which had great insight
 In that disease of griued conscience,
 And well could cure the same, His name was *Patience*

Who comming to that soule-diseased knight, xxiv
 Could hardly him intreat, to tell his grieve
 Which knowne, and all that noyd his heauie spright
 Well searcht, eftsoones he gan apply reliefe
 Of salues and med'cines, which had passing priefe,
 And theieto added words of wondrous might
 By which to ease he him recured brieve,
 And much asswag'd the passion of his plight,
 That he his paine endur'd, as seeming now more light
 But yet the cause and root of all his ill, xxv
 Inward corruption, and infected sin,
 Not purg'd nor heald, behind remained still,
 And festring sore did rankle yet within,
 Close creeping twixt the marrow and the skin
 Which to extirpe, he laid him priuily
 Downe in a darkesome lowly place farre in,
 Whereas he meant his corrosiues to apply,
 And with streight diet tame his stubborne malady
 In ashes and sackcloth he did array xxvi
 His daintie corse, proud humors to abate,
 And dieted with fasting euery day,
 The swelling of his wounds to mitigate,
 And made him pray both earely and eke late
 And euer as superfluous flesh did rot
Amendment readie still at hand did wayt,
 To pluck it out with pincers fire whot,
 That soone in him was left no one corrupted iot
 And bitter *Penance* with an yron whip, xxvii
 Was wont him once to disple euery day
 And sharpe *Remorse* his hart did pricke and nip,
 That drops of bloud thence like a well did play,
 And sad *Repentance* vsed to embay
 His bodie in salt water smarting sore,
 The filthy blots of sinne to wash away
 So in short space they did to health restore
 The man that would not liue, but earst lay at deathes dore
 xxiv 3 spright, 1590 &c 4 relief, 1590 reliefe, 1596 xxv 9 streight]
 streict 1609 xxvii 5 embay, 1590 &c 6 His blamefull body in salt
 water sore, 1590

In which his torment often was so great,
 That like a Lyon he would cry and rore,
 And rend his flesh, and his owne synewes eat
 His owne deare *Vna* hearing euermore
 His ruefull shriekes and gronings, often tore
 Her guiltlesse garments, and her golden heare,
 For pittie of his paine and anguish sore,
 Yet all with patience wisely she did beare,
 For well she wist, his crime could else be neuer cleare
 Whom thus recouer'd by wise Patience,
 And trew *Repentance* they to *Vna* brought
 Who ioyous of his cured conscience,
 Him dearely kist, and fairely eke besought
 Himselfe to chearish, and consuming thought
 To put away out of his carefull brest
 By this *Charissa*, late in child-bed brought,
 Was woxen strong, and left her fruitfull nest,
 To her faire *Vna* brought this vnacquainted guest
 She was a woman in her freshest age,
 Of wondrous beauty, and of bountie rare,
 With goodly grace and comely personage,
 That was on earth not easie to compare,
 Full of great loue, but *Cupids* wanton snare
 As hell she hated, chaste in worke and will,
 Her necke and breasts weie euer open bare,
 That ay thereof her babes might sucke their fill,
 The rest was all in yellow robes arayed still
 A multitude of babes about her hong,
 Playing their sports, that ioyd her to behold,
 Whom still she fed, whiles they were weake and young,
 But thrust them forth still, as they waxed old
 And on her head she wore a tyre of gold,
 Adorn'd with gemmes and owches wondrous faire,
 Whose passing price vneath was to be told,
 And by her side there sate a gentle paire
 Of turtle doues, she sitting in an yuorie chaire

xxx1 6 fine 1596

The knight and *Vna* entring, faire her greet, xxxii
 And bid her ioy of that her happie brood,
 Who them requites with court'sies seeming meet,
 And entertaines with friendly chearefull mood
 Then *Vna* her besought, to be so good,
 As in her vertuous rules to schoole her knight,
 Now after all his torment well withstood,
 In that sad house of *Penaunce*, where his spright
 Had past the paines of hell, and long enduring night
 She was right ioyous of her iust request, xxxiii
 And taking by the hand that Faeries sonne,
 Gan him instruct in euery good behest,
 Of loue, and righteousness, and well to donne,
 And wrath, and hatred warely to shonne,
 That drew on men Gods hatred, and his wrath,
 And many soules in dolours had fordonne
 In which when him she well instructed hath,
 From thence to heauen she teacheth him the ready path
 Wherein his weaker wandring steps to guide, xxxiv
 An auncient matrone she to her does call,
 Whose sober lookes her wisdomes well descride
 Her name was *Mercie*, well knowne ouer all,
 To be both gracious, and eke liberall
 To whom the carefull charge of him she gaue,
 To lead aright, that he should neuer fall
 In all his wayes through this wide worldes waue,
 That Mercy in the end his righteous soule might saue
 The godly Matrone by the hand him beares xxxv
 Forth from her presence, by a narrow way,
 Scattered with bushy thornes, and ragged breares,
 Which still before him she remou'd away,
 That nothing might his ready passage stay
 And euer when his feet encombred were,
 Or gan to shrink, or from the right to stray,
 She held him fast, and firmly did vpbear,
 As carefull Nourse her child from falling oft does reare

Eftsoones vnto an holy Hospitall,

xxxvi

That was fore by the way, she did him bring,
In which seuen Bead-men that had vowed all
Their life to seruice of high heauens king
Did spend their dayes in doing godly thing
Their gates to all were open euermore,
That by the wearie way were traueiling,
And one sate wayting euer them before,

To call in commers-by, that needy were and pore

The first of them that eldest was, and best,

xxxvii

Of all the house had charge and gouernement,
As Guardian and Steward of the rest
His office was to giue entertainment
And lodging, vnto all that came, and went
Not vnto such, as could him feast againe,
And double quite, for that he on them spent,
But such, as want of harbour did constraine

Those for Gods sake his dewty was to entertaîne

The second was as Almner of the place,

xxxviii

His office was, the hungry for to feed,
And thristy giue to drinke, a worke of grace
He feard not once him selfe to be in need,
Ne car'd to hoord for those, whom he did breede
The grace of God he layd vp still in store,
Which as a stocke he left vnto his seede,
He had enough, what need him care for more ?

And had he lesse, yet some he would giue to the pore

The third had of their wardrobe custodie,

xxxix

In which were not rich tyres, nor garments gay,
The plumes of pride, and wings of vanitie,
But clothes meet to keepe keene could away,
And naked nature seemely to aray,
With which bare wretched wights he dayly clad,
The images of God in earthly clay,
And if that no spare cloths to giue he had,

His owne coate he would cut, and it distribute glad

xxxvi 6 Then 1609 There 1590, 1596 9 in-commers by 1590, 1596
xxxi 1 as] an 1609 xxxix 4 clothez 1609 8 clothes 1590, 1609

- The fourth appointed by his office was, xi
Poore prisoners to relieue with gracious ayd,
And captiues to redeeme with price of bras,
From Turkes and Sarazins, which them had stayd,
And though they faultie were, yet well he wayd,
That God to vs forgiueth euery howre
Much more then that, why they in bands were layd,
And he that harrowd hell with heaueie stowre,
The faultie soules from thence brought to his heauenly bowre
- The fift had charge sicke persons to attend, xli
And comfort those, in point of death which lay,
For them most needeth comfort in the end,
When sin, and hell, and death do most dismay
The feeble soule departing hence away
All is but lost, that liuing we bestow,
If not well ended at our dying day
O man haue mind of that last bitter throw,
For as the tree does fall, so lyes it euer low
- The sixt had charge of them now being dead, xlii
In seemely sort their corses to engraue,
And deck with dainty flowres their bridall bed,
That to their heauenly spouse both sweet and braue
They might appeare, when he their soules shall saue
The wondrous workemanship of Gods owne mould,
Whose face he made, all beasts to feare, and gaue
All in his hand, euen dead we honour should
Ah dearest God me graunt, I dead be not defould
- The seuenth now after death and buriall done, xliii
Had charge the tender Orphans of the dead
And widowes ayd, least they should be vndone
In face of iudgement he their right would plead,
Ne ought the powre of mighty men did dread
In their defence, nor would for gold or fee
Be wonne their rightfull causes downe to tread
And when they stood in most necessitee,
He did supply their want, and gaue them euer free

There when the Elfin knight arriued was,
The first and chiefest of the seuen, whose care
Was guests to welcome, towards him did pas
Where seeing *Mercie*, that his steps vp bare,
And alwayes led, to her with reuerence rare
He humbly louted in meeke lowlinesse,
And seemely welcome for her did prepare
For of their order she was Patronesse,
Albe *Charissa* were their chiefest founderesse

There she awhile him stayes, him selfe to rest,
That to the rest more able he might bee
During which time, in euery good behest
And godly worke of Almes and charitee
She him instructed with great industree,
Shortly therein so peifect he became,
That from the first vnto the last degree,
His mortall life he learned had to frame

In holy righteousness, without rebuke or blame
Thence forward by that painfull way they pas,
Forth to an hill, that was both steepe and hy,
On top whereof a sacred chappell was,
And eke a litle Hermitage thereby,
Wherein an aged holy man did lye,
That day and night said his deuotion,
Ne other worldly busines did apply,
His name was heauenly *Contemplation*,
Of God and goodnesse was his meditation

Great grace that old man to him giuen had,
For God he often saw from heauens hight,
All were his earthly eyen both blunt and bad,
And through great age had lost their kindly sight,
Yet wondrous quick and persant was his spright,
As Eagles eye, that can behold the Sunne
That hill they scale with all their powre and might,
That his frayle thighes nigh wearie and fordonne
Gan faile, but by her helpe the top at last he wonne

There they do finde that godly aged Sue,
 With snowy lockes adowne his shoulders shed,
 As hoarie frost with spangles doth attire
 The mossy braunches of an Oke halfe ded
 Each bone might through his body well be red,
 And euery sinew seene through his long fast
 For nought he car'd his carcas long vnfed,
 His mind was full of spirituall repast,
 And pyn'd his flesh, to keepe his body low and chast

xlvi

Who when these two approaching he aspide,
 At their first presence grew agrieued sore,
 That forst him lay his heauenly thoughts aside,
 And had he not that Dame respected more,
 Whom highly he did reuerence and adore,
 He would not once haue moued for the knight
 They him saluted standing far afore,
 Who well them greeting, humbly did requight,
 And asked, to what end they clomb that tedious height

xlix

What end (quoth she) should cause vs take such paine,
 But that same end, which euery liuing wight
 Should make his marke, high heauen to attaine ?
 Is not from hence the way, that leadeth right
 To that most glorious house, that glistreth bright
 With burning starres, and euerliuing fire,
 Whereof the keyes are to thy hand behight
 By wise *Fidela* ? she doth thee require,
 To shew it to this knight, according his desire

1

Thrise happy man, said then the father graue,
 Whose staggering steps thy steady hand doth lead,
 And shewes the way, his sinfull soule to saue
 Who better can the way to heauen aread,
 Then thou thy selfe, that was both borne and bred
 In heauenly throne, where thousand Angels shine ?
 Thou doest the prayers of the righteous sead
 Present before the maiestie diuine,
 And his auenging wrath to clemencie incline

11

Yet since thou bidst, thy pleasure shalbe donne lii
 Then come thou man of earth, and see the way,
 That neuer yet was seene of Faeries sonne,
 That neuer leads the traueiler astray,
 But after labours long, and sad delay,
 Brings them to ioyous rest and endlesse blis
 But first thou must a season fast and pray,
 Till from her bands the spright assoiled is,
 And haue her strength recur'd from fraile infirmitis
 That done, he leads him to the highest Mount, liii
 Such one, as that same mighty man of God,
 That bloud-red billowes like a walled front
 On either side disparted with his rod,
 Till that his army dry-foot through them yod,
 Dwelt fortie dayes vpon, where writ in stone
 With bloody letters by the hand of God,
 The bitter doome of death and balefull mone
 He did receiue, whiles flashing fire about him shone
 Or like that sacred hill, whose head full hie, lii
 Adorn'd with fruitfull Oliues all arownd,
 Is, as it were for endlesse memory
 Of that deare Lord, who oft thereon was fownd,
 For euer with a flowring girlond crownd
 Or like that pleasaunt Mount, that is for ay
 Through famous Poets verse each where renown'd,
 On which the thrise three learned Ladies play
 Their heauenly notes, and make full many a louely lay
 From thence, far off he vnto him did shew lii
 A litle path, that was both steepe and long,
 Which to a goodly Citie led his vew,
 Whose wals and towres were builded high and strong
 Of perle and precious stone, that earthly tong
 Cannot describe, nor wit of man can tell,
 Too high a ditty for my simple song,
 The Citie of the great king hight it well,
 Wherein eternall peace and happinesse doth dwell

lii 1 since] sith 1609

6 Brings] Bring 1590, 1596

As he thereon stood gazing, he might see lvi
 The blessed Angels to and fro descend
 From highest heauen, in gladsome companee,
 And with great ioy into that Citie wend,
 As commonly as friend does with his frend
 Whereat he wondred much, and gan enquire,
 What stately building durst so high extend
 Her loftie towres vnto the starry sphere,
 And what vnknown nation there empeopled were
 Faire knight (quoth he) *Hierusalem* that is, lvii
 The new *Hierusalem*, that God has built
 For those to dwell in, that are chosen his,
 His chosen people purg'd from sinfull guilt,
 With pretious blood, which cruelly was spilt
 On cursed tree, of that vnspotted lam,
 That for the sinnes of all the world was kilt
 Now are they Saints all in that Citie sam,
 More deare vnto their God, then younglings to their dam
 Till now, said then the knight, I weened well, lviii
 That great *Cleopols*, where I haue beene,
 In which that fairest *Faerie Queene* doth dwell,
 The fairest Citie was, that might be seene,
 And that bright towie all built of christall cleene,
Panthea, seemd the brightest thing, that was
 But now by prooffe all otherwise I weene,
 For this great Citie that does far surpas,
 And this bright Angels towre quite dims that towie of glas
 Most trew, then said the holy aged man, lix
 Yet is *Cleopols* for earthly frame,
 The fairest peece, that eye beholden can
 And well beseemes all knights of noble name,
 That couet in th'immortall booke of fame
 To be eternized, that same to haunt,
 And doen their seruice to that soueraigne Dame,
 That glorie does to them for guerdon graunt
 For she is heauenly borne, and heauen may iustly vaunt

lvi 5 pretious] piteous 1590 &c corr F E
 lviii 3 dwell 1590 &c lxx 2 frame] fame 1590 &c corr F E

And thou faire ymp, sprong out from English race, lx
 How euer now accompted Elfin's sonne,
 Well worthy doest thy seruice for her grace,
 To aide a virgin desolate foredonne
 But when thou famous victorie hast wonne,
 And high emongst all knights hast hong thy shield,
 Thenceforth the suit of earthly conquest shonne,
 And wash thy hands from guilt of bloody field
 For blood can nought but sin, and wars but sorrowes yield

Then seeke this path, that I to thee presage, lxi
 Which after all to heauen shall thee send,
 Then peaceably thy painefull pilgrimage
 To yonder same *Hierusalem* do bend,
 Where is for thee ordaind a blessed end
 For thou emongst those Saints, whom thou doest see,
 Shalt be a Saint, and thine owne nations frend
 And Patrone thou Saint *George* shalt called bee,
 Saint *George* of mery England, the signe of victoree

Vnworthy wretch (quoth he) of so great grace, lxii
 How dare I thinke such glory to attaine?
 These that haue it attaind, were in like cace
 (Quoth he) as wretched, and liu'd in like paine
 But deeds of armes must I at last be faine,
 And Ladies loue to leaue so dearely bought?
 What need of armes, where peace doth ay remaine,
 (Said he) and battailes none are to be fought?
 As for loose loues are vaine, and vanish into nought

O let me not (quoth he) then turne againe lxiii
 Backe to the world, whose ioyes so fruitlesse are,
 But let me here for aye in peace remaine,
 Or streight way on that last long voyage fare,
 That nothing may my present hope empare
 That may not be (said he) ne maist thou yit
 Forgo that royall maides bequeathed care,
 Who did her cause into thy hand commit,
 Till from her cursed foe thou haue her freely quit

lx 2 accounted 1609 lxi 3 to thy 1596 lxii 4 As wretched
 men, and liued in like paine 1590 8 and bitter battailes all are fought?
 1590 9 they are vaine, 1590 lxiii 1 then turne] returne 1609

Then shall I soone, (quoth he) so God me grace,
 Abet that virgins cause disconsolate,
 And shortly backe returne vnto this place,
 To walke this way in Pilgrims poore estate
 But now aread, old father, why of late
 Didst thou behight me borne of English blood,
 Whom all a Faeries sonne doen nominate?
 That word shall I (said he) auouchen good,
 Sith to thee is vnknowne the cradle of thy brood

lxiv

For well I wote, thou springst from ancient race
 Of *Saxon* kings, that haue with mightie hand
 And many bloudie battailes fought in place
 High reard their royall throne in *Britane* land,
 And vanquisht them, vnable to withstand
 From thence a Faerie thee vnweeting reft,
 There as thou slepst in tender swadling band,
 And her base Elfin brood there for thee left
 Such men do Chaungelings call, so chaungd by Faeries theft

lxv

Thence she thee brought into this Faerie lond,
 And in an heaped furrow did thee hyde,
 Where thee a Ploughman all vnweeting fond,
 As he his toylesome teme that way did guyde,
 And brought thee vp in ploughmans state to byde,
 Whereof *Georgos* he thee gaue to name,
 Till prickt with courage, and thy forces pryde,
 To Faery court thou cam'st to seeke for fame,
 And proue thy puissaunt armes, as seemes thee best became

lxvi

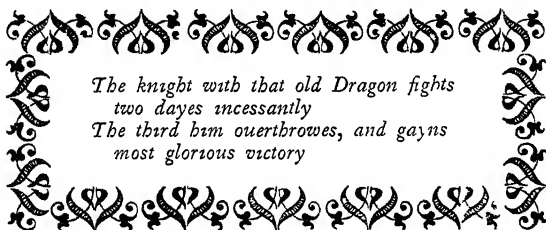
O holy Sire (quoth he) how shall I quight
 The many fauours I with thee haue found,
 That hast my name and nation red aright,
 And taught the way that does to heauen bound?
 This said, adowne he looked to the ground,
 To haue returnd, but dazed were his eyne,
 Through passing brightnesse, which did quite confound
 His feeble sence, and too exceeding shyne
 So darke are earthly things compar'd to things diuine

lxvii

At last whenas himselfe he gan to find,
 To *Vna* back he cast him to retire,
 Who him awaited still with pensiue mind
 Great thanks and goodly meed to that good sye,
 He thence departing gaue for his paines hyre
 So came to *Vna*, who him ioyd to see,
 And after litle rest, gan him desire,
 Of her aduenture mindfull for to bee
 So leaue they take of *Cæha*, and her daughters three

lxviii

Cant. XI.



H^Igh time now gan it wex for *Vna* faire,
 To thinke of those her captiue Parents deare,
 And their forwasted kingdome to repaire
 Whereto whenas they now approched neare,
 With hartie words her knight she gan to cheare,
 And in her modest manner thus bespake,
 Deare knight, as deare, as euer knight was deare,
 That all these sorrowes suffer for my sake,
 High heauen behold the tedious toyle, ye for me take
 Now are we come vnto my natieue soyle,
 And to the place, where all our perils dwell,
 Here haunts that feend, and does his dayly spoyle,
 Therefore henceforth be at your keeping well,
 And euer ready for your foeman fell
 The sparke of noble courage now awake,
 And strue your excellent selfe to excell,
 That shall ye euermore renowmed make,
 Aboue all knights on earth, that batteill vndertake

11

1 I faire] fayre 1590 faire 1596

11 4 at] it 1590 corr F E

And pointing forth, lo yonder is (said she) 111
 The brasen towre in which my parents deare
 For dread of that huge feend emprisond be,
 Whom I from far see on the walles appeare,
 Whose sight my feeble soule doth greatly cheare
 And on the top of all I do espye
 The watchman wayting tydings glad to heare,
 That O my parents might I happily
 Vnto you bring, to ease you of your misery
 With that they heard a roaring hideous sound, 112
 That all the ayre with terroure filled wide,
 And seemd vneath to shake the stedfast ground
 Eftsoones that dreadfull Dragon they espide,
 Where stretcht he lay vpon the sunny side
 Of a great hill, himselfe like a great hill
 But all so soone, as he from far descride
 Those glistring armes, that heauen with light did fill,
 He rousd himselfe full blith, and hastned them vntill
 Then bad the knight his Lady yede aloofe, v
 And to an hill her selfe with draw aside,
 From whence she might behold that battailles proof
 And eke be safe from daunger far descryde
 She him obeyd, and turnd a little wyde
 Now O thou sacred Muse, most learned Dame,
 Faire ympe of *Phæbus*, and his aged bride,
 The Nourse of time, and euerlasting fame,
 That warlike hands ennoblest with immortall name,
 O gently come into my feeble brest, vi
 Come gently, but not with that mighty rage,
 Wherewith the martiall troupes thou doest infest,
 And harts of great Heroes doest enrage,
 That nought their kindled courage may aswage,
 Soone as thy dreadfull trompe begins to sownd,
 The God of warre with his fiers equipage
 Thou doest awake, sleepe neuer he so sownd,
 And scared nations doest with horroure sterne astownd

111 om 1590 3 be 1596 4 fai, appeare 1596 112 5 stretcht]
 stretch 1596 side, 1590, 1596 v 1 his] this 1590 &c corr F E
 vi 5 asswage, 1609 6 sound, 1609 9 scared] feared 1590 &c
 corr F E

Faire Goddesses lay that furious fit aside,
 Till I of warres and bloody *Mars* do sing,
 And Briton fields with Sarazin blood bedyde,
 Twixt that great faery Queene and Paynim king,
 That with their horreur heauen and earth did ring,
 A worke of labour long, and endlesse prayse
 But now a while let downe that haughtie string,
 And to my tunes thy second tenor rayse,
 That I this man of God his godly armes may blaze
 By this the dreadfull Beast drew nigh to hand,
 Halfe flying, and halfe footing in his hast,
 That with his largenesse measured much land,
 And made wide shadow vnder his huge wast,
 As mountaine doth the valley ouercast
 Approching nigh, he reared high afore
 His body monstrous, horrible, and vast,
 Which to increase his wondrous greatnesse more,
 Was swolne with wrath, and poyson, and with bloody goie
 And ouer, all with brasen scales was armd,
 Like plated coate of steele, so couched neare,
 That nought mote perce, ne might his corse be harmd
 With dint of sword, nor push of pointed speare,
 Which as an Eagle, seeing pray appeare,
 His aery plumes doth rouze, full rudely dight,
 So shaked he, that horreur was to heare,
 For as the clashing of an Armour bright,
 Such noyse his rouzed scales did send vnto the knight
 His flaggy wings when forth he did display,
 Were like two sayles, in which the hollow wynd
 Is gathered full, and worketh speedy way
 And eke the pennes, that did his pineons bynd,
 Were like mayne-yards, with flying canuas lynd,
 With which whenas him list the ayre to beat,
 And there by force vnwonted passage find,
 The cloudes before him fled for terrour great,
 And all the heauens stood still amazed with his threat

viii 7 vaste 1590 wast 1596 ix 4 swerd 1590
 x 4 bynd 1596 5 lynd] kynd 1590

His huge long tayle wound vp in hundred foldes, xi
 Does ouerspred his long bras-scaly backe,
 Whose wreathed boughts when euer he vnfoldes,
 And thicke entangled knots adown does slacke,
 Bspotted as with shields of red and blacke,
 It sweepeth all the land behind him farre,
 And of three furlongs does but litle lacke,
 And at the point two stings in-fixed arre,
 Both deadly sharpe, that sharpest steele exceeden farre
 But stings and sharpest steele did far exceed xii
 The sharpnesse of his cruell rending clawes,
 Dead was it sure, as sure as death in deed,
 What euer thing does touch his rauinous pawes,
 Or what within his reach he euer drawes
 But his most hideous head my tounge to tell
 Does tremble for his deepe deuouring iawes
 Wide gaped, like the griesly mouth of hell,
 Through which into his darke abisse all rauin fell
 And that more wondrous was, in either iaw xiii
 Three ranckes of yron teeth enraunged were,
 In which yet trickling bloud and gobbets raw
 Of late deuoured bodies did appeare,
 That sight thereof bred cold congealed feare
 Which to increase, and all atonce to kill,
 A cloud of smothering smoke and sulphur seare
 Out of his stinking gorge forth steemed still,
 That all the ayre about with smoke and stench did fill
 His blazing eyes, like two bright shining shields, xiv
 Did burne with wrath, and sparkled liuing fyre,
 As two broad Beacons, set in open fields,
 Send forth their flames farre off to euery shyre,
 And warning giue, that enemies conspyre,
 With fire and sword the region to inuade,
 So flam'd his eyne with rage and rancorous yre
 But farre within, as in a hollow glade,
 Those glaring lampes weie set, that made a dreadfull shade

xi 4 slack 1590 slacke 1596 slack, 1609 5 as] all 1590 &c
 corr F E xii 6 tell, 1590, 1596

So deadfully he towards him did pas,
Forelifting vp aloft his speckled brest,
And often bounding on the brused gras,
As for great ioyance of his newcome guest
Eftsoones he gan aduance his haughtie crest,
As chauffed Bore his bristles doth vpreare,
And shoke his scales to battell readie drest,
That made the *Redcrosse* knight nigh quake for feare,
As bidding bold defiance to his foeman neare

The knight gan fairely couch his steadie speare,
And fiercely ran at him with rigorous might
The pointed steele arriuing rudely theare,
His harder hide would neither perce, nor bight,
But glauncing by forth passed forward right,
Yet sore amoued with so puissant push,
The wrathfull beast about him turned light,
And him so rudely passing by, did brush
With his long tale, that horse and man to ground did rush

Both horse and man vp lightly rose againe,
And fresh encounter towards him addrest
But th'idle stroke yet backe recoyld in vaine,
And found no place his deadly point to rest
Exceeding rage enflam'd the furious beast,
To be auenged of so great despight,
For neuer felt his imperceable brest
So wondrous force, from hand of liuing wight,
Yet had he prou'd the powre of many a puissant knight

Then with his wauing wings displayed wyde,
Himselfe vp high he lifted from the ground,
And with strong flight did forcibly diuide
The yielding aire, which nigh too feeble found
Her fitting partes, and element vnsound,
To beare so great a weight he cutting way
With his broad sayles, about him soared round
At last low stouping with vnweldie sway,
Snatcht vp both horse and man, to beare them quite away

Long he them bore aboue the subiect plaine, xix
So farre as Ewghen bow a shaft may send,
Till struggling strong did him at last constraine,
To let them downe before his flightes end
As hagar d hauke presuming to contend
With hardie fowle, aboue his hable might,
His wearie pounces all in vaine doth spend,
To trusse the pray too heauie for his flight,
Which comming downe to ground, does free it selfe by fight
He so disseized of his gryping grosse, xx
The knight his thrillant speare againe assayd
In his bras-plated body to embosse,
And three mens strength vnto the stroke he layd,
Wherewith the stiffe beame quaked, as affrayd,
And glauncing from his scaly necke, did glyde
Close vnder his left wing, then broad displayd
The percing steele there wrought a wound full wyde,
That with the vncouth smart the Monster lowdly cryde
He cryde, as raging seas are wont to rore, xxi
When wintry storme his wrathfull wreck does threat,
The rolling billowes beat the ragged shore,
As they the earth would shoulder from her seat,
And greedie gulfe does gape, as he would eat
His neighbour element in his reuenge
Then gin the blustering brethren boldly threat,
To moue the world from off his stedfast henge,
And boystrous battell make, each other to auenge
The steely head stucke fast still in his flesh, xxii
Till with his cruell clawes he snatcht the wood,
And quite a sunder broke Foith flowed fresh
A gushing riuier of blacke goarie blood,
That drowned all the land, whereon he stood,
The streame thereof would driue a water-mill
Trebly augmented was his furious mood
With bitter sense of his deepe rooted ill,
That flames of fire he threw forth from his large nosethrill

His hideous taylor then hurled he about,
 And therewith all enwrapt the nimble thyes
 Of his froth-fomy steed, whose courage stout
 Striving to loose the knot, that fast him tyes,
 Himselfe in streighter bandes too rash implies,
 That to the ground he is perforce constraynd
 To throw his rider who can quickly ryse
 From off the earth, with durty bloud distaynd,
 For that reprochfull fall right fowly he disdaynd

xxiii

And fiercely tooke his trenchand blade in hand,
 With which he stroke so furious and so fell,
 That nothing seemd the puissance could withstand
 Vpon his crest the hardned yron fell,
 But his more hardned crest was armd so well,
 That deeper dint therein it would not make,
 Yet so extremely did the buffe him quell,
 That from thenceforth he shund the like to take,
 But when he saw them come, he did them still forsake

xxiv

The knight was wrath to see his stroke beguyld,
 And smote againe with more outrageous might,
 But backe againe the sparckling steele recoyld,
 And left not any marke, where it did light,
 As if in Adamant rocke it had bene pight
 The beast impatient of his smarting wound,
 And of so fierce and forcible despight,
 Thought with his wings to stye aboue the ground,
 But his late wounded wing vnseruiceable found

xxv

Then full of grieve and anguish vehement,
 He lowdly brayd, that like was neuer heard,
 And from his wide deuouring ouen sent
 A flake of fire, that flashing in his beard,
 Him all amazd, and almost made affeard
 The scorching flame sore swunged all his face,
 And through his armour all his bodie seard,
 That he could not endure so cruell cace,
 But thought his armes to leaue, and helmet to vnlace

xxvi

xxiii 8 off] of 1590 xxv 1 wioth 1590, 1609
 xxvi 6 swunged] singed 1609

Not that great Champion of the antique world, xxvii
 Whom famous Poetes verse so much doth vaunt,
 And hath for twelue huge labours high extold,
 So many furies and sharpe fits did haunt,
 When him the poysoned garment did enchaunt
 With *Centaures* blood, and bloudie verses charm'd,
 As did this knight twelue thousand dolours daunt,
 Whom fyrie steele now burnt, that earst him arm'd,
 That erst him goodly arm'd, now most of all him harm'd
 Faint, wearie, sore, emboyled, griued, brent xxviii
 With heat, toyle, wounds, armes, smart, and inward fire
 That neuer man such mischiefes did torment,
 Death better were, death did he oft desire,
 But death will neuer come, when needes require
 Whom so dismayd when that his foe beheld,
 He cast to suffer him no more respire,
 But gan his sturdie sterne about to weld,
 And him so strongly stroke, that to the ground him feld
 It fortun'd (as faire it then befell) xxix
 Behind his backe vnweeting, where he stood,
 Of auncient time there was a springing well,
 From which fast trickled forth a siluer flood,
 Full of great vertues, and for med'cine good
 Whylome, before that cursed Dragon got
 That happie land, and all with innocent blood
 Defyld those sacred waues, it rightly hot
The well of life, ne yet his vertues had forgot
 For vnto life the dead it could restore, xxx
 And guilt of sinfull crimes cleane wash away,
 Those that with sicknesse were infected sore,
 It could recure, and aged long decay
 Renew, as one were borne that very day
 Both *Silo* this, and *Iordan* did excell,
 And th'English *Bath*, and eke the german *Spau*,
 Ne can *Cephuse*, nor *Hebrus* match this well
 Into the same the knight backe ouerthrowen, fell
 xxvii 2 vaunt] daunt 1596, 1609 xxx 5 one] it 1590 &c corr F E

Now gan the golden *Phæbus* for to steepe
 His fierie face in billowes of the west,
 And his faint steedes watred in Ocean deepe,
 Whiles from their iournall labours they did rest,
 When that infernall Monster, hauing kest
 His wearie foe into that liuing well,
 Can high aduance his broad discoloured biest,
 Aboue his wonted pitch, with countenance fell,
 And clapt his yron wings, as victor he did dwell
 Which when his pensiue Ladie saw from farre,
 Great woe and sorrow did her soule assay,
 As weening that the sad end of the warre,
 And gan to highest God entirely pray,
 That feared chance from her to turne away,
 With folded hands and knees full lowly bent
 All night she watcht, ne once adowne would lay
 Her daintie limbs in her sad dreriment,
 But praying still did wake, and waking did lament
 The morrow next gan early to appeare,
 That *Titan* rose to runne his daily race,
 But early ere the morrow next gan reare
 Out of the sea faire *Titans* deawy face,
 Vp rose the gentle virgin from her place,
 And looked all about, if she might spy
 Her loued knight to moue his manly pace
 For she had great doubt of his safety,
 Since late she saw him fall before his enemy
 At last she saw, where he vpstart braue
 Out of the well, wherein he drenched lay,
 As Eagle fresh out of the Ocean waue,
 Where he hath left his plumes all hoary gray,
 And deckt himselfe with feathers youthly gay,
 Like *Eyas* hauke vp mounts vnto the skies,
 His newly budded pineons to assay,
 And marueiles at himselfe, still as he flies
 So new this new-borne knight to battell new did rise

xxxI

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiv

xxxiv 8 merueiles 1590

Whom when the damned feend so fresh did spy, xxxv
 No wonder if he wondred at the sight,
 And doubted, whether his late enemy
 It were, or other new supplied knight
 He, now to proue his late renewed might,
 High brandishing his bright deaw-burning blade,
 Vpon his crested scalpe so sore did smite,
 That to the scull a yawning wound it made
 The deadly dint his dulled senses all dismayd

I wote not, whether the reuenging steele xxxvi
 Were hardned with that holy water dew,
 Wherein he fell, or sharper edge did feele,
 Or his baptized hands now greater grew,
 Or other secret vertue did ensew,
 Else neuer could the force of fleshly arme,
 Ne molten mettall in his bloud embrew
 For till that stownd could neuer wight him harme,
 By subtilty, nor slight, nor might, nor mighty charme

The cruell wound enraged him so sore, xxxvii
 That loud he yelded for exceeding paine,
 As hundred ramping Lyons seem'd to rore,
 Whom rauinous hunger did thereto constraîne
 Then gan he tosse aloft his stretched traine,
 And therewith scourge the buxome aire so sore,
 That to his force to yeelden it was faine,
 Ne ought his sturdie strokes might stand afore,
 That high trees ouerthrew, and rocks in peeces tore

The same aduauncing high aboue his head, xxxviii
 With sharpe intended sting so rude him smot,
 That to the earth him droue, as stricken dead,
 Ne liuing wight would haue him life behot
 The mortall sting his angry needle shot
 Quite through his shield, and in his shoulder seasd,
 Where fast it stucke, ne would there out be got
 The griefe thereof him wondrous sore diseasd,
 Ne might his ranckling paine with patience be appeasd

But yet more mindfull of his honour deare,
 Then of the grieuous smart, which him did wing,
 From loathed soile he can him lightly reare,
 And stroue to loose the farre infixed sting
 Which when in vaine he tryde with struggeling,
 Inflam'd with wrath, his raging blade he heft,
 And strooke so strongly, that the knotty string
 Of his huge taile he quite a sunder cleft,
 Fiue ioyns thereof he hewd, and but the stump him left

xxxix

Hart cannot thinke, what outrage, and what cryes,
 With foule enfouldred smoake and flashing fire,
 The hell-bred beast threw forth vnto the skyes,
 That all was couered with darknesse dire
 Then fraught with rancour, and engorged ire,
 He cast at once him to auenge for all,
 And gathering vp himselfe out of the mire,
 With his vneuen wings did fiercely fall

xl

Vpon his sunne-bright shield, and gript it fast withall

Much was the man encombred with his hold,
 In feare to lose his weapon in his paw,
 Ne wist yet, how his talants to vnfold,
 Nor harder was from *Cerberus* greedie iaw
 To plucke a bone, then from his cruell claw
 To reauue by strength the griped gage away
 Thrise he assayd it from his foot to draw,
 And thrise in vaine to draw it did assay,

xli

It booted nought to thinke, to robbe him of his pray

Tho when he saw no power might preuaile,
 His trustie sword he cald to his last aid,
 Wherewith he fiercely did his foe assaile,
 And double blowes about him stoutly laid,
 That glauncing fire out of the yron plaid,
 As sparckles from the Anduile vse to fly,
 When heauie hammers on the wedge are swaid,
 Therewith at last he forst him to vnty

xlii

One of his grasping feete, him to defend thereby

xxxxix 4 sting] string 1596, 1609 7 string] sting 1596, 1609 8 in
 sunder 1609 xl 8 fall, 1590, 1596 xli 4 Nor 1609 For 1590, 1596
 6 strength, 1590, 1596

The other foot, fast fixed on his shield, xliii
 Whenas no strength, nor stroks mote him constraine
 To loose, ne yet the wailike pledge to yield,
 He smot thereat with all his might and maine,
 That nought so wondrous puissance might sustaine,
 Vpon the ioynt the lucky steele did light,
 And made such way, that hewd it quite in twaine,
 The paw yet missed not his minisht might,
 But hong still on the shield, as it at first was pight
 For grieve thereof, and diuelish despight, xliv
 From his infernall founace forth he threw
 Huge flames, that dimmed all the heauens light,
 Enrold in duskish smoke and brimstone blew,
 As burning *Aetna* from his boyling stew
 Doth belch out flames, and rockes in peeces broke,
 And ragged ribs of mountaines molten new,
 Enwrapt in coleblacke clouds and filthy smoke,
 That all the land with stench, and heauen with horror choke
 The heate whereof, and haimefull pestilence xlv
 So sore him noyd, that forst him to retire
 A little backward for his best defence,
 To saue his bodie from the scorching fire,
 Which he from hellish entrailes did expire
 It chaunst (eternall God that chaunce did guide)
 As he recoyled backward, in the mire
 His nigh forwearied feeble feet did slide,
 And downe he fell, with dread of shame sore terrifide
 There grew a goodly tree him faire beside, lvi
 Loaden with fruit and apples rosie red,
 As they in pure vermilion had beene dide,
 Whereof great vertues ouer all were red
 For happie life to all, which thereon fed,
 And life eke euerlasting did befall
 Great God it planted in that blessed sted
 With his almightie hand, and did it call
The tree of life, the crime of our first fathers fall

xliii 1 shield 1590, 1596
 But cf xxix 9

xlvii 9 The tree of life, 1590, 1596

In all the world like was not to be found, xlvi
 Saue in that soile, where all good things did grow,
 And freely sprong out of the fruitfull ground,
 As incorrupted Nature did them sow,
 Till that dread Dragon all did ouerthiow
 Another like faire tree eke grew thereby,
 Whereof who so did eat, eftsoones did know
 Both good and ill O moinefull memory
 That tree through one mans fault hath doen vs all to dy
 From that first tie forth flowd, as from a well, xlviii
 A trickling streame of Balme, most soueraine
 And dantie deare, which on the ground still fell,
 And ouerflowed all the fertill plaine,
 As it had deawed bene with timely raine
 Life and long health that gracious ointment gaue,
 And deadly woundes could heale, and reare againe
 The senselesse corse appointed for the graue
 Into that same he fell which did from death him saue
 For nigh thereto the euer damned beast xlix
 Durst not approch, for he was deadly made,
 And all that life preserued, did detest
 Yet he it oft aduentur'd to inuade
 By this the drouping day-light gan to fade,
 And yeeld his roome to sad succeeding night,
 Who with her sable mantle gan to shade
 The face of earth, and wayes of liuing wight,
 And high her burning torch set vp in heauen bright
 When gentle *Vna* saw the second fall 1
 Of her deare knight, who wearie of long fight,
 And faint through losse of blood, mou'd not at all,
 But lay as in a dreame of deepe delight,
 Besmeard with pretious Balme, whose vertuous might
 Did heale his wounds, and scorching heat alay,
 Againe she stricken was with sore affright,
 And for his safetie gan deuoutly pray,
 And watch the noyous night, and wait for ioyous day
 xlviii 7 heale 1596 xlix 6 rowme 1590

The ioyous day gan early to appeare, li
 And faire *Aurora* from the dewy bed
 Of aged *Tithone* gan her selfe to reare,
 With rosie cheekes, for shame as blushing red,
 Her golden lockes for haste were loosely shed
 About her eares, when *Vna* her did marke
 Clymbe to her charet, all with flowers spred,
 From heauen high to chase the chearelesse darke,
 With merry note her loud salutes the mounting larke
 Then freshly vp arose the doughtie knight, lii
 All healed of his hurts and woundes wide,
 And did himselfe to battell readie dight,
 Whose early foe awaiting him beside
 To haue deuourd, so soone as day he spyde,
 When now he saw himselfe so freshly reare,
 As if late fight had nought him damnifyde,
 He woxe dismayd, and gan his fate to feare,
 Nathlesse with wonted rage he him aduanced neare
 And in his first encounter, gaping wide, liii
 He thought attonce him to haue swallowd quight,
 And rusht vpon him with outrageous pride,
 Who him r'encountring fierce, as hauke in flight,
 Perforce rebutted backe The weapon bright
 Taking aduantage of his open iaw,
 Ran through his mouth with so importune might,
 That deepe emperst his darksome hollow maw,
 And back retyrd, his life bloud forth with all did draw
 So downe he fell, and forth his life did breath, liiv
 That vanisht into smoke and cloudes swift,
 So downe he fell, that th'earth him vnderneath
 Did grone, as feeble so great load to lift,
 So downe he fell, as an huge rockie clift,
 Whose false foundation waues haue washt away,
 With dreadfull poyse is from the mayneland rift,
 And rolling downe, great *Neptune* doth dismay,
 So downe he fell, and like an heaped mountaine lay

li 2 the] her 1596, 1609

7 spred, 1590 &c

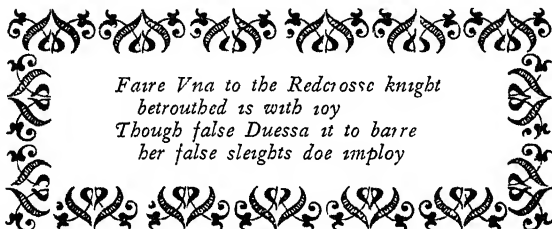
8 darke, 1590 &c

lii 2 woundez 1609

The knight himselfe euen trembled at his fall,
 So huge and horrible a masse it seem'd,
 And his deare Ladie, that beheld it all,
 Durst not approach for dread, which she misdeem'd,
 But yet at last, when as the direfull feend
 She saw not stirre, off-shaking vaine affright,
 She nigher drew, and saw that ioyous end
 Then God she prayds, and thankt her faithfull knight,
 That had atchieu'd so great a conquest by his might

1v

Cant. XII.



BEhold I see the hauen nigh at hand,
 To which I meane my weaie course to bend,
 Vere the maine shete, and beare vp with the land,
 The which afore is fairely to be kend,
 And seemeth safe from stormes, that may offend,
 There this faire virgin wearie of her way
 Must landed be, now at her iourneyes end
 There eke my feeble barke a while may stay,
 Till merry wind and weather call her thence away

1

Scarsely had *Phæbus* in the glooming East
 Yet harnessed his fire-footed teeme,
 Ne reard aboute the earth his flaming creast,
 When the last deadly smoke aloft did steeme,
 That signe of last outbreathed life did seeme
 Vnto the watchman on the castle wall,
 Who thereby dead that balefull Beast did deeme,
 And to his Lord and Ladie lowd gan call,
 To tell, how he had seene the Dragons fatall fall

11

Vprose with hastie ioy, and feeble speed iii
That aged Sie, the Lord of all that land,
And looked forth, to weet, if true indeede
Those tydings were, as he did vnderstand,
Which whenas true by tryall he out fond,
He bad to open wyde his brazen gate,
Which long time had bene shut, and out of hond
Proclaymed ioy and peace through all his state,
Foi dead now was their foe, which them forrayed late
Then gan triumphant Tiompets sound on hie, iv
That sent to heauen the ecchoed report
Of their new ioy, and happie victorie
Gainst him, that had them long opprest with tort,
And fast imprisoned in sieged fort
Then all the people, as in solemne feast,
To him assembled with one full consort,
Reioycing at the fall of that great beast,
From whose eternall bondage now they were releast
Forth came that auncient Lord and aged Queene, v
Arayd in antique robes downe to the ground,
And sad habiliments right well beseene,
A noble crew about them waited round
Of sage and sober Peres, all grauely gownd,
Whom farre before did march a goodly band
Of tall young men, all hable armes to sownd,
But now they laurell braunches bore in hand,
Glad signe of victorie and peace in all their land
Vnto that doughtie Conquerour they came, vi
And him before themselues prostrating low,
Their Lord and Patrone loud did him proclame,
And at his feet their laurell boughes did throw
Soone after them all dauncing on a row
The comely virgins came, with girlands dight,
As fresh as flowres in meadow greene do grow,
When morning deaw vpon their leaues doth light
And in their hands sweet Timbrels all vpheld on hight

And them before, the fry of children young vii
 Their wanton sports and childish mirth did play,
 And to the Maydens sounding tymbrels sung
 In well attuned notes, a ioyous lay,
 And made delightfull musicke all the way,
 Vntill they came, where that faire virgin stood,
 As faire *Diana* in fresh sommers day
 Beholds her Nymphes, enraung'd in shadie wood,
 Some wiestle, some do run, some bathe in christall flood
 So she beheld those maydens meriment viii
 With chearefull vew, who when to her they came,
 Themselues to ground with gracious humblesse bent,
 And her ador'd by honoiable name,
 Lifting to heauen her euerlasting fame
 Then on her head they set a girland greene,
 And crowned her twixt earnest and twixt game,
 Who in her selfe-resemblance well beseene,
 Did seeme such, as she was, a goodly maiden Queene
 And after, all the raskall many ran, ix
 Heaped together in rude iablement,
 To see the face of that victorious man
 Whom all admired, as from heauen sent,
 And gazd vpon with gaping wonderment
 But when they came, where that dead Dragon lay,
 Stretcht on the ground in monstrous large extent,
 The sight with idle feare did them dismay,
 Ne durst approach him nigh, to touch, or once assay
 Some feard, and fled, some feard and well it faynd, x
 One that would wiser seeme, then all the rest,
 Warnd him not touch, for yet perhaps remaynd
 Some lingring life within his hollow brest,
 Or in his wombe might lurke some hidden nest
 Of many Dragonets, his fruitfull seed,
 Another said, that in his eyes did rest
 Yet sparckling fire, and bad thereof take heed,
 Another said, he saw him moue his eyes indeed

vii 3 tymbrel 1590

7 day, 1590, 1596

viii 3 gracious 1590 *passim*

ix 1 after 1590

One mother, when as her foolehardie chylde xi
 Did come too neare, and with his talants play,
 Halfe dead through feare, her litle babe reuyld,
 And to her gossips gan in counsell say,
 How can I tell, but that his talants may
 Yet scratch my sonne, or rend his tender hand?
 So diuersly themselues in vaine they fray,
 Whiles some more bold, to measue him nigh stand,
 To proue how many acres he did spread of land
 Thus flocked all the folke him round about, xii
 The whiles that hoarie king, with all his traine,
 Being arriued, where that champion stout
 After his foes defeasance did remaine,
 Him goodly greetes, and faire does entertaîne,
 With princely gifts of yuorie and gold,
 And thousand thanks him yeelds for all his paine
 Then when his daughter deare he does behold,
 Her dearly doth imbrace, and kisseth manifold
 And after to his Pallace he them brings, xiii
 With shaumes, and trompets, and with Clarions sweet,
 And all the way the ioyous people sings,
 And with their garments strowes the pauered street
 Whence mounting vp, they find purueyance meet
 Of all, that royall Princes court became,
 And all the floore was vnderneath their feet
 Bespred with costly scarlot of great name,
 On which they lowly sit, and fitting purpose frame
 What needs me tell their feast and goodly guize, xiv
 In which was nothing riotous nor vaine?
 What needs of daintie dishes to deuize,
 Of comely seruices, or courtly trayne?
 My narrow leaues cannot in them containe
 The large discourse of royall Princes state
 Yet was their manner then but bare and plaine
 For th'antique world excesse and pride did hate,
 Such proud luxurious pompe is swollen vp but late

xi 1 when as] whenas 1590 2 too] to 1590 4 gossibs 1590
 5 talents 1590 &c corr F E xiv 5 vntayne 1590 corr F E

Then when with meates and drinkes of euery kinde xv

Their feruent appetites they quenched had,
That auncient Lord gan fit occasion finde,
Of straunge aduentures, and of perils sad,
Which in his trauell him befallen had,
For to demaund of his renowmed guest
Who then with vtt'rance graue, and count'nance sad,
From point to point, as is before exprest,
Discourst his voyage long, according his request

Great pleasure mixt with pittifull regard, xvi

That godly King and Queene did passionate,
Whiles they his pittifull aduentures heard,
That oft they did lament his lucklesse state,
And often blame the too importune fate,
That heapd on him so many wrathfull wreakes
For neuer gentle knight, as he of late,
So tossed was in fortunes cruell freakes,

And all the while salt teares bedewd the hearers cheaks

Then said that royall Pere in sober wise, xvii

Deare Sonne, great beene the euils, which ye bore
From first to last in your late enterprise,
That I note, whether prayse, or pittie more
For neuer liuing man, I weene, so sore
In sea of deadly daungers was distrest,
But since now safe ye seised haue the shore,
And well arriued are, (high God be blest)

Let vs deuize of ease and euerlasting rest

Ah dearest Lord, said then that doughty knight, xviii

Of ease or rest I may not yet deuize,
For by the faith, which I to armes haue plight,
I bounden am streight after this emprize,
As that your daughter can ye well aduize,
Backe to returne to that great Faerie Queene,
And her to serue six yeares in warlike wize,
Gainst that proud Paynim king, that workes hei teene
Therefore I ought craue pardon, till I there haue beene

xvi I pleasures 1596, 1609 xvii I that] the 1596, 1609 7 since]
sith 1609 xviii 8 Pynim 1596

Vnhappie falles that hard necessitie, xix
 (Quoth he) the troubler of my happie peace,
 And vowed foe of my felicitie,
 Ne I against the same can iustly preace
 But since that band ye cannot now release,
 Nor doen vndo, (for vowes may not be vaine)
 Soone as the terme of those six yeares shall cease,
 Ye then shall hither backe returne againe,
 The marriage to accomplish vovd betwixt you twain
 Which for my part I couet to performe, xx
 In sort as through the world I did proclame,
 That who so kild that monster most deforme,
 And him in hardy battaile ouercame,
 Should haue mine onely daughter to his Dame,
 And of my kingdome heire apparaunt bee
 Therefore since now to thee pertaines the same,
 By dew desert of noble cheualree,
 Both daughter and eke kingdome, lo I yield to thee
 Then forth he called that his daughter faire, xxi
 The fairest *Vn'* his onely daughter deare,
 His onely daughter, and his onely heyre,
 Who forth proceeding with sad sober cheare,
 As bright as doth the morning starre appeare
 Out of the East, with flaming lockes bedight,
 To tell that dawning day is drawing neare,
 And to the world does bring long wished light,
 So faire and fresh that Lady shewd her selfe in sight
 So faire and fresh, as freshest flowre in May, xxii
 For she had layd her mournefull stole aside,
 And widow-like sad wimple throwne away,
 Wherewith her heauenly beautie she did hide,
 Whiles on her wearie iourney she did ride,
 And on her now a garment she did weare,
 All lilly white, withoutten spot, or pride,
 That seemd like silke and siluer wouen neare,
 But neither silke nor siluer therein did appeare

xix 5, xx 7 since] sith 1609 xxi 7 that] the 1596, 1609 drawing]
 dawning 1596, 1609 xxii 4 heaunnly 1596

The blazing brightnesse of her beauties beame,
And glorious light of her sunshyny face
To tell, were as to striue against the streame
My ragged rimes are all too rude and bace,
Her heauenly lineaments for to enchace
Ne wonder, for her owne deare loued knight,
All were she dayly with himselfe in place,
Did wonder much at her celestially sight
Oft had he seene her faire, but neuer so faire dight

xxii

So fairly dight, when she in presence came,
She to her Sire made humble reuerence,
And bowed low, that her right well became,
And added grace vnto her excellence
Who with great wisdom, and graue eloquence
Thus gan to say But eare he thus had said,
With flying speede, and seeming great pretence,
Came running in, much like a man dismaid,
A Messenger with letters, which his message said

xxiv

All in the open hall amazed stood,
At suddennesse of that vnwarie sight,
And wondred at his breathlesse hastie mood
But he for nought would stay his passage right,
Till fast before the king he did alight,
Where falling flat, great humblesse he did make,
And kist the ground, whereon his foot was pight,
Then to his hands that writ he did betake,
Which he disclosing, red thus, as the paper spake

xxv

To thee, most mighty king of *Eden* faire,
Her greeting sends in these sad lines addrest,
The wofull daughter, and forsaken heire
Of that great Emperour of all the West,
And bids thee be aduized for the best,
Ere thou thy daughter linck in holy band
Of wedlocke to that new vnknownen guest
For he already plighted his right hand
Vnto another loue, and to another land

xxvi

To me sad mayd, or rather widow sad, xxvii
 He was affiaunced long time before,
 And sacred pledges he both gaue, and had,
 False erraunt knight, infamous, and forswore
 Witnesse the burning Altars, which he swore,
 And guiltie heauens of his bold periuuy,
 Which though he hath polluted oft of yore,
 Yet I to them for iudgement iust do fly,
 And them coniure t'auenge this shamefull iniury

Therefore since mine he is, or free or bond, xxviii
 Or false or trew, or liuing or else dead,
 Withhold, O soueraigne Prince, your hasty hond
 From knitting league with him, I you aread,
 Ne weene my right with strength adowne to tread,
 Through weakenesse of my widowhed, or woe
 For truth is strong, her rightfull cause to plead,
 And shall find friends, if need requireth soe,
 So bids thee well to fare, Thy neither friend, nor foe,
Fidessa

When he these bitter byting words had ied, xxix
 The tydings straunge did him abashed make,
 That still he sate long time astonished
 As in great muse, ne word to creature spake
 At last his solemne silence thus he brake,
 With doubtfull eyes fast fixed on his guest,
 Redoubted knight, that for mine onely sake
 Thy life and honou late aduenturest,

Let nought be hid from me, that ought to be exprest
 What meane these bloudy vowes, and idle threats, xxx
 Throwne out from womanish impatient mind?
 What heauens? what altars? what enraged heates
 Here heaped vp with termes of loue vnkind,
 My conscience cleare with guilty bands would bind?
 High God be witnesse, that I guiltlesse ame
 But if your selfe, Sir knight, ye faultie find,
 Or wrapped be in loues of former Dame,
 With crime do not it couer, but disclose the same

To whom the *Redcrosse* knight this answere sent,
 My Lord, my King, be nought hereat dismayd,
 Till well ye wote by graue intendiment,
 What woman, and wherefore doth me vpbrayd
 With breach of loue, and loyalty betrayd
 It was in my mishaps, as hitherward
 I lately traueild, that vnwares I strayd
 Out of my way, through perils straunge and hard;
 That day should faile me, ere I had them all declar'd

xxx1

There did I find, or rather I was found
 Of this false woman, that *Fidessa* hight,
Fidessa hight the falsest Dame on ground,
 Most false *Duessa*, royall richly dight,
 That easie was t' inuegle weaker sight
 Who by her wicked arts, and wylie skill,
 Too false and strong for earthly skill or might,
 Vnwares me wrought vnto her wicked will,
 And to my foe betrayd, when least I feared ill

xxx11

Then stepped forth the goodly royall Mayd,
 And on the ground her selfe prostrating low,
 With sober countenaunce thus to him sayd,
 O pardon me, my soueraigne Lord, to show
 The secret treasons, which of late I know
 To haue bene wrought by that false sorceresse
 She onely she it is, that earst did throw
 This gentle knight into so great distresse,
 That death him did awaite in dayly wretchednesse.

xxx111

And now it seemes, that she suborned hath
 This craftie messenger with letters vaine,
 To worke new woe and improuided scath,
 By breaking of the band betwixt vs twaine,
 Wherein she vsed hath the practicke paine
 Of this false footman, clokt with simplenesse,
 Whom if ye please for to discouer plaine,
 Ye shall him *Archimago* find, I ghesse,
 The falsest man aliue, who tries shall find no lesse

xxx1v

xxx1 7 strayd] stayd 1590 corr F E xxx11 5 t'] to 1590 &c corr F E
 xxx1v 2 vaine] faine 1590 corr F E 9 who] wo 1590, 1596 corr F E

The king was greatly moued at her speach,
 And all with suddain indignation fraight,
 Bad on that Messenger rude hands to reach
 Eftsoones the Gard, which on his state did wait,
 Attacht that faylor false, and bound him strait
 Who seeming sorely chauffed at his band,
 As chained Beare, whom cruell dogs do bait,
 With idle force did faine them to withstand,
 And often semblaunce made to scape out of their hand
 But they him layd full low in dungeon deepe,
 And bound him hand and foote with yron chains
 And with continuall watch did warely keepe,
 Who then would thinke, that by his subtile trains
 He could escape fowle death or deadly paines?
 Thus when that Princes wrath was pacifide,
 He gan renew the late forbidden banes,
 And to the knight his daughter deare he tyde,
 With sacred rites and vowes for euer to abyde
 His owne two hands the holy knots did knit,
 That none but death for euer can deuide,
 His owne two hands, for such a turne most fit,
 The housling fire did kindle and prouide,
 And holy water thereon sprinckled wide,
 At which the bushy Teade a groome did light,
 And sacred lampe in secret chamber hide,
 Where it should not be quenched day nor night,
 For feare of euill fates, but burnen euer bright
 Then gan they sprinckle all the posts with wine,
 And made great feast to solemnize that day,
 They all perfumde with frankincense diuine,
 And precious odours fetcht from far away,
 That all the house did sweat with great aray
 And all the while sweete Musicke did apply
 Her curious skill, the warbling notes to play,
 To driue away the dull Melancholy,
 The whiles one sung a song of loue and iollity
 xxxv
 xxxvi
 xxxvii
 xxxviii
 xxxvii 6 the] a 1609
 xxxviii 3 frankencense 1596, 1609

During the which there was an heauenly noise
 Heard sound through all the Pallace pleasantly,
 Like as it had bene many an Angels voice,
 Singing before th'eternall maesty,
 In their trinall triplicities on hye,
 Yet wist no creature, whence that heauenly sweet
 Proceeded, yet eachone felt secretly
 Himselfe thereby reft of his senses meet,
 And rauished with rare impression in his sprite

xxxi

Great ioy was made that day of young and old,
 And solemne feast proclaimd throughout the land,
 That their exceeding merth may not be told
 Suffice it heare by signes to vnderstand
 The vsuall ioyes at knitting of loues band
 Thrise happy man the knight himselfe did hold,
 Possessed of his Ladies hart and hand,
 And euer, when his eye did her behold,
 His heart did seeme to melt in pleasures manifold

xi

Her ioyous presence and sweet company
 In full content he there did long enioy,
 Ne wicked enuie, ne vile gealosy
 His deare delights were able to annoy
 Yet swimming in that sea of blisfull ioy,
 He nought forgot, how he whilome had sworne,
 In case he could that monstrous beast destroy,
 Vnto his Farie Queene backe to returne
 The which he shortly did, and Vna left to mourne

xli

Now strike your sailes ye iolly Mariners,
 For we be come vnto a quiet rode,
 Where we must land some of our passengers,
 And light this wearie vessell of her lode
 Here she a while may make her safe abode,
 Till she repaired haue her tackles spent,
 And wants supplide And then againe abroad
 On the long voyage whereto she is bent
 Well may she speede and fairely finish her intent

xlii

FINIS LIB I





THE SECOND

BOOKE OF THE

FAERIE QVEENE

Contayning,

THE LEGEND OF SIR GUYON

OR

Of Temperaunce

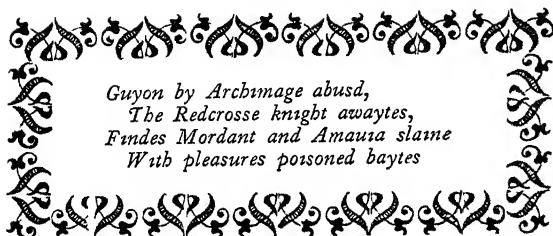
Right well I wote most mighty Soueraigne,
That all this famous antique history,
Of some th'aboundance of an idle braine
Will iudged be, and painted forgery,
Rather then matter of iust memory,
Sith none, that breatheth liuing aire, does know,
Where is that happy land of Faery,
Which I so much do vaunt, yet no where show,
But vouch antiquities, which no body can know
But let that man with better sence aduize,
That of the world least part to vs is red
And dayly how through hardy enterprize,
Many great Regions are discouered,
Which to late age were neuer mentioned
Who euer heard of th'Indian *Peru*?
Or who in venturous vessell measured
The *Amazons* huge riuer now found trew?
Or fruitfullest *Virginia* who did euer vew?

ii

Yet all these were, when no man did them know, iii
 Yet haue from wisest ages hidden beene
 And later times things more vnknowne shall show
 Why then should witlesse man so much misweene
 That nothing is, but that which he hath seene?
 What if within the Moones faire shining spheare?
 What if in euery othei starre vnseene
 Of other worldes he happily should heare?
 He wonder would much more yet such to some appeare
 Of Faerie lond yet if he more inquire, iv
 By certaine signes here set in sundry place
 He may it find, ne let him then admire,
 But yield his sence to be too blunt and bace,
 That no'te without an hound fine footing trace
 And thou, O fairest Princesse vnder sky,
 In this faire mirrhour maist behold thy face,
 And thine owne realmes in lond of Faery,
 And in this antique Image thy great auncestry
 The which O pardon me thus to enfold v
 In couert vele, and wiap in shadowes light,
 That feeble eyes your glory may behold,
 Which else could not endure those beames bright,
 But would be dazled with exceeding light
 O pardon, and vouchsafe with patient eare
 The braue aduentures of this Faery knight
 The good Sir *Guyon* graciously to heare,
 In whom great rule of Temp'raunce goodly doth appeare

 iv 6 thou] then 1590 v 4 else] elles 1590 beamez 1609

Cant. I.



That cunning Architect of cancred guile,
Whom Princes late displeasure left in bands,
For falsed letters and suborned wile,
Soone as the *Redcrosse* knight he vnderstands
To beene departed out of *Eden* lands,
To serue againe his soueraine Elfin Queene,
His artes he moues, and out of caytiues hands
Himselfe he frees by secret meanes vnseene,
His shackles emptie left, him selfe escaped cleene

And forth he fares full of malicious mind,
To worken mischief and auenging woe,
Where euer he that godly knight may find,
His onely hart sore, and his onely foe,
Sith *Vna* now he algates must forgoe,
Whom his victorious hands did earst restore
To natiue crowne and kingdome late ygoe
Where she enioyes sure peace for euermore,
As weather-beaten ship arriu'd on happie shore

Him therefore now the obiect of his spight
And deadly food he makes him to offend
By forged treason, or by open fight
He seekes, of all his drift the aymed end
Thereto his subtile engins he does bend,
His practick wit, and his faire filed tong,
With thousand other sleights for well he kend,
His credit now in doubtfull ballaunce hong,
For hardly could be hurt, who was already stong

¹ 4 vnderstands, 1590 &c

ⁱⁱⁱ 2 food] feude 1609

⁷ caytiue 1609

⁵ bend 1590, 1596

ⁱⁱ 7 natuues 1596, 1609

⁹ be] he 1609

Still as he went, he craftie stales did lay, iv
 With cunning traines him to entrap vnwares,
 And priuie spials plast in all his way,
 To weete what course he takes, and how he fares,
 To ketch him at a vantage in his snaies
 But now so wise and warie was the knight
 By triall of his former harmes and cares,
 That he descride, and shonned still his slight
 The fish that once was caught, new bait will hardly bite
 Nath'lesse th'Enchaunter would not spare his paine, v
 In hope to win occasion to his will,
 Which when he long awaited had in vaine,
 He chaungd his minde from one to other ill
 For to all good he enemy was still
 Vpon the way him fortun'd to meet,
 Faire marching vnderneath a shady hill,
 A goodly knight, all armd in harnesse meete,
 That from his head no place appeared to his feete
 His carriage was full comely and vpright, vi
 His countenaunce demure and temperate,
 But yet so sterne and terrible in sight,
 That cheard his friends, and did his foes amate
 He was an Elfin borne of noble state,
 And mickle worship in his natiue land,
 Well could he tourney and in lists debate,
 And knighthood tooke of good Sir *Huons* hand,
 When with king *Oberon* he came to Faerie land
 Him als accompanyd vpon the way vii
 A comely Palmer, clad in blacke attire,
 Of ripest yeares, and haire all hoarie gray,
 That with a staffe his feeble steps did stire,
 Least his long way his aged limbes should tire
 And if by lookes one may the mind aread,
 He seemd to be a sage and sober sire,
 And euer with slow pace the knight did lead,
 Who taught his trampling steed with equall steps to tread
 iv 1 lay 1590, 1596 5 auantage 1609 6, 7 transposed in 1596, 1606

Such whenas *Archimago* them did view, viii
 He weened well to worke some vncouth wile,
 Eftsoones vntwisting his deceitfull clew,
 He gan to weaue a web of wicked guile,
 And with faire countenance and flattring stile,
 To them approaching, thus the knight bespake
 Faire sonne of *Mars*, that seeke with warlike spoile,
 And great atchieu'ments great your selfe to make,
 Vouchsafe to stay your steed for humble misers sake
 He stayd his steed for humble misers sake, ix
 And bad tell on the tenor of his plaint,
 Who feigning then in euery limbe to quake,
 Through inward feare, and seeming pale and faint
 With piteous mone his percing speach gan paint,
 Deare Lady how shall I declare thy cace,
 Whom late I left in langourous constraint?
 Would God thy selfe now present were in place,
 To tell this ruefull tale, thy sight could win thee grace
 Or rather would, O would it so had chaunst, x
 That you, most noble Sir, had present beene,
 When that lewd ribauld with vile lust aduaunst
 Layd first his filthy hands on virgin cleene,
 To spoile her daintie corse so faire and sheene,
 As on the earth, great mother of vs all,
 With liuing eye more faire was neuer seene,
 Of chastitie and honour virginall
 Winesse ye heauens, whom she in vaine to helpe did call
 How may it be, (said then the knight halfe wroth,) xi
 That knight should knighthood euer so haue shent?
 None but that saw (quoth he) would weene for troth,
 How shamefully that Maid he did torment
 Her looser golden lockes he rudely rent,
 And drew her on the ground, and his sharpe sword
 Against her snowy brest he fiercely bent,
 And threatned death with many a bloudie word,
 Tounge hates to tell the rest, that eye to see abhord

viii 5 with a faire 1596 7 spoile 1596 ix 7 langourous 1590
 x 5 corps 1590 xi 6 sword, 1590 &c

- Therewith amoued from his sober mood,
And liues he yet (said he) that wrought this act, xii
And doen the heauens afford him vitall food?
He liues, (quoth he) and boasteth of the fact,
Ne yet hath any knight his courage crackt
Where may that treachour then (said he) be found,
Or by what meanes may I his footing tract?
That shall I shew (said he) as sure, as hound
The stricken Deare doth challenge by the bleeding wound
He staid not lenger talke, but with fierce ire xiii
And zealous hast away is quickly gone
To seeke that knight, where him that craftie Squire
Supposd to be They do arriue anone,
Where sate a gentle Lady all alone,
With garments rent, and haire discheueled,
Wringing her hands, and making piteous mone,
Her swollen eyes were much dishgured,
And her faire face with teares was fowly blubbered
The knight approching nigh, thus to her said, xiv
Faie Ladie, through foule sorrow ill bedight,
Great pittie is to see you thus dismaid,
And marre the blossome of your beautie bright
For thy appease your grieve and heauie plight,
And tell the cause of your conceued paine
For if he liue, that hath you doen despight,
He shall you doe due recompence againe,
Or else his wrong with greater puissance maintaine
Which when she heard, as in despightfull wise, xv
She wilfully her sorrow did augment,
And offred hope of comfort did despise
Her golden lockes most cruelly she rent,
And scratcht her face with ghastly dreriment,
Ne would she speake, ne see, ne yet be seene,
But hid her visage, and her head downe bent,
Either for grievous shame, or for great teene,
As if her hart with sorrow had transfixed beene
xiv 7 despight, 1596, 1609

Till her that Squire bespake, Madame my lief,
 For Gods deare loue be not so wilfull bent,
 But doe vouchsafe now to receiue reliefe,
 The which good fortune doth to you present
 For what bootes it to weepe and to wayment,
 When ill is chaunst, but doth the ill increase,
 And the weake mind with double woe torment?
 When she her Squire heard speake, she gan appease
 Her voluntarie paine, and feele some secret ease
 Eftsoone she said, Ah gentle trustie Squire,
 What comfort can I wofull wretch conceaue,
 Or why should euer I henceforth desire
 To see faire heauens face, and life not leaue,
 Sith that false Traytour did my honour reauce?
 False traytour certes (said the Faerie knight)
 I read the man, that euer would deceaue
 A gentle Ladie, or her wrong through might
 Death were too little paine for such a foule despight
 But now, faire Ladie, comfort to you make,
 And read, who hath ye wrought this shamefull plight,
 That short reuenge the man may ouertake,
 Where so he be, and soone vpon him light
 Certes (saide she) I wote not how he hight,
 But vnder him a gray steede did he wield,
 Whose sides with dapled circles weren dight,
 Vpright he rode, and in his siluer shield
 He bore a bloudie Crosse, that quartred all the field
 Now by my head (said *Guyon*) much I muse,
 How that same knight should do so foule amis,
 Or euer gentle Damzell so abuse
 For may I boldly say, he surely is
 A right good knight, and true of word ywis
 I present was, and can it witnesse well,
 When armes he swore, and streight did enterpris
 Th'adventure of the *Errant damozell*,
 In which he hath great glorie wonne, as I heare tell

xvi

xvii

xviii

xix

xvi 1 lief] life 1590

xvii 3 desyre, 1590 desire, 1596

xviii 2 plight 1590, 1596

6 did he] he did 1590

Nathlesse he shortly shall againe he tryde, xx
 And fairely quite him of th'imputed blame,
 Else be ye sure he dearly shall abyde,
 Or make you good amendment for the same
 All wrongs haue mends, but no amends of shame
 Now therefore Ladie, rise out of your paine,
 And see the saluing of your blotted name
 Full loth she seemd thereto, but yet did faine,
 For she was inly glad her purpose so to gaine
 Her purpose was not such, as she did faine, xxi
 Ne yet her person such, as it was seene,
 But vnder simple shew and semblant plaine
 Lurckt false *Duessa* secretly vnseene,
 As a chast Virgin, that had wronged beene
 So had false *Archimago* her disguisd,
 To cloke her guile with sorrow and sad teene,
 And eke himselfe had craftily deuisd
 To be her Squire, and do her seruice well aguisd
 Her late forlorne and naked he had found, xxii
 Where she did wander in waste wilderness,
 Lurking in rockes and caues farre vnder ground,
 And with greene mosse cou'ring her nakednesse,
 To hide her shame and loathly filthinesse,
 Sith her Prince *Arthur* of proud ornaments
 And borrow'd beautie spoyld Her nathelesse
 Th'enchauter finding fit for his intents,
 Did thus reuest, and deckt with due habiliments
 For all he did, was to deceiue good knights, xxiii
 And draw them from pursuit of praise and fame,
 To slug in slouth and sensuall delights,
 And end their daies with irrenowmed shame
 And now exceeding grieve him ouercame,
 To see the *Redcrosse* thus aduanced hye,
 Therefore this craftie engine he did frame,
 Against his praise to stirre vp enmitie
 Of such, as vertues like mote vnto him allye
 xx 2 quite] quit 1590 7 blotting 1590

So now he *Guyon* guides an vncouth way xxiv
 Through woods and mountaines, till they came at last
 Into a pleasant dale, that lowly lay
 Betwixt two hils, whose high heads ouerplast,
 The valley did with coole shade ouercast,
 Through midst thereof a little riuer rold,
 By which there sate a knight with helme vnlast,
 Himselfe refreshing with the liquid cold,
 After his trauell long, and labours manifold

Loe yonder he, cryde *Archumage* alowd, xxv
 That wrought the shamefull fact, which I did shew,
 And now he doth himselfe in secret shrowd,
 To flie the vengeance for his outrage dew,
 But vaine for ye shall dearely do him rew,
 So God ye speed, and send you good successe,
 Which we farre off will here abide to vew
 So they him left, inflam'd with wrathfulnesse,
 That streight against that knight his speare he did addresse

Who seeing him from farre so fierce to pricke, xxvi
 His warlike armes about him gan embrace,
 And in the rest his readie speare did sticke,
 Tho when as still he saw him towards pace,
 He gan rencounter him in equall race
 They bene ymet, both readie to affrap,
 When suddenly that warriour gan abace
 His threatned speare, as if some new mishap
 Had him betidde, or hidden daunger did entrap

And cryde, Mercie Sir knight, and mercie Lord, xxvii
 For mine offence and heedlesse hardiment,
 That had almost committed crime abhord,
 And with reprochfull shame mine honour shent,
 Whiles cursed steele against that badge I bent,
 The sacred badge of my Redeemers death,
 Which on your shield is set for ornament
 But his fierce foe his steede could stay vneath,
 Who prickt with courage kene, did cruell battell breath

But when he heard him speake, straight way he knew xxviii
 His eror, and himselfe inclyning sayd,
 Ah deare Sir *Guyon*, well becommeth you,
 But me behoueth rather to vpbriayd,
 Whose hastie hand so farre from reason strayd,
 That almost it did haynous violence
 On that faire image of that heauenly Mayd,
 That decks and armes your shield with faire defence
 Your court'sie takes on you anothers due offence
 So bene they both attone, and doen vpreare xxix
 Their beueis bright, each other for to greete,
 Goodly comportance each to other beare,
 And entertaine themselues with court'sies meet
 Then said the *Rediouse* knight, Now mote I weat,
 Sir *Guyon*, why with so fierce saliaunce,
 And fell intent ye did at earst me meet,
 For sith I know your goodly gouernaunce,
 Great cause, I weene, you guided, or some vncouth chaunce
 Certes (said he) well mote I shame to tell xxx
 The fond encheason, that me hither led
 A false infamous faitour late befell
 Me for to meet, that seemed ill bested,
 And playnd of grieuous outrage, which he red
 A knight had wrought against a Ladie gent,
 Which to auenge, he to this place me led,
 Where you he made the marke of his intent,
 And now is fled, foule shame him follow, where he went
 So can he turne his earnest vnto game, xxxi
 Through goodly handling and wise temperance
 By this his aged guide in presence came,
 Who soone as on that knight his eye did glance,
 Eft soones of him had perfect cognizance,
 Sith him in Faerie court he late auizd,
 And said, Faire sonne, God giue you happie chance,
 And that deare Crosse vpon your shield deuizd,
 Wherewith about all knights ye goodly seeme aguizd
 xxix 1 attone] at one 1590 xxxi 2 handling] handing 1596 4 on]
 one 1590 7 fayre 1590 faire 1596

Ioy may you haue, and euerlasting fame,
 Of late most hard atchieu'ment by you donne,
 For which enrolled is your glorious name
 In heauenly Registers aboue the Sunne,
 Where you a Saint with Saints your seat haue wonne
 But wretched we, where ye haue left your marke,
 Must now anew begin, like race to runne,
 God guide thee, *Guyon*, well to end thy warke,
 And to the wished hauen bring thy weary barke

xxxii

Palmer, (him answered the *Redcrosse* knight)
 His be the praise, that this atchieu'ment wrought,
 Who made my hand the organ of his might,
 More then goodwill to me attribute nought
 For all I did, I did but as I ought
 But you, faire Sir, whose pageant next ensewes,
 Well mote yee thee, as well can wish your thought,
 That home ye may report thrise happie newes,
 For well ye worthie bene for worth and gentle thewes

xxxiii

So courteous conge both did giue and take,
 With right hands plighted, pledges of good will
 Then *Guyon* forward gan his voyage make,
 With his blacke Palmer, that him guided still
 Still he him guided ouer dale and hill,
 And with his steddie staffe did point his way
 His race with reason, and with words his will,
 From foule intemperance he oft did stay,
 And suffred not in wrath his hastie steps to stray

xxxiv

In this faire wize they traueild long yfere,
 Through many hard assayes, which did betide,
 Of which he honour still away did beare,
 And spread his glorie through all countries wide
 At last as chaunst them by a forest side
 To passe, for succour from the scorching ray,
 They heard a ruefull voice, that dearnly cride
 With percing shriekes, and many a dolefull lay,
 Which to attend, a while their forward steps they stay

xxxv

xxxii 7 Must] Most 1590 xxxiii 8 thrise] these 1590 &c corr F E
 xxxiv 6 steedy 1590 steadie 1609

But if that carelesse heauens (quoth she) despise xxxvi
 The doome of iust reuenge, and take delight
 To see sad pageants of mens miseries,
 As bound by them to liue in liues despight,
 Yet can they not warne death from wretched wight
 Come then, come soone, come sweetest death to mee,
 And take away this long lent loathed light
 Sharpe be thy wounds, but sweet the medicines bee,
 That long captiued soules from wearie thraldome free
 But thou, sweet Babe, whom frowning froward fate xxxvii
 Hath made sad witnesse of thy fathers fall,
 Sith heauen thee deignes to hold in liuing state,
 Long maist thou liue, and better thrue withall,
 Then to thy lucklesse parents did befall
 Liue thou, and to thy mother dead attest,
 That cleare she dide from blemish criminall,
 Thy litle hands embrewd in bleeding brest
 Loe I for pledges leaue So giue me leaue to rest
 With that a deadly shrieke she forth did throw, xxxviii
 That through the wood reecchoed againe,
 And after gaue a grone so deepe and low,
 That seemd her tender heart was rent in twaine,
 Or thrild with point of thorough piercing paine,
 As gentle Hynd, whose sides with cruell steele
 Through launched, forth her bleeding life does raine,
 Whiles the sad pang approching she does feelee,
 Brayes out her latest breath, and vp her eyes doth seele
 Which when that warriour heard, dismounting strait xxxix
 From his tall steed, he rusht into the thicke,
 And soone arriued, where that sad pourtraict
 Of death and dolour lay, halfe dead, halfe quicke,
 In whose white alabaster brest did sticke
 A cruell knife, that made a griesly wound,
 From which forth gusht a streme of gorebloud thick,
 That all her goodly garments staine around,
 And into a deepe sanguine dide the grassie ground.

xxxvi 4 liues] lifes 1609

xxxviii 7 launced 1609

xxxix 4 dolour] labour 1596, 1609

Pittifull spectacle of deadly smart,

xi

Beside a bubbling fountaine low she lay,
Which she increased with her bleeding hart,
And the cleane waues with purple gore did ray,
Als in her lap a louely babe did play
His cruell sport, in stead of sorrow dew,
For in her streaming blood he did embay
His litle hands, and tender ioyns embrew,

Pitifull spectacle, as euer eye did view

Besides them both, vpon the soiled gras

xli

The dead corse of an armed knight was spred,
Whose armour all with bloud besprinckled was,
His ruddie lips did smile, and rosy red
Did paint his chearefull cheekes, yet being ded
Seemd to haue beene a goodly personage,
Now in his freshest flowre of lustie hed,
Fit to inflame faire Lady with loues rage,

But that fiers fate did crop the blossome of his age

Whom when the good Sir *Guyon* did behold,

xlii

His hart gan wexe as starke, as marble stone,
And his fresh bloud did frieze with fearefull cold,
That all his senses seemd bereft attone
At last his mightie ghost gan deepe to grone,
As Lyon grudging in his great disdaine,
Mournes inwardly, and makes to himselfe mone,
Till ruth and fraile affection did constraine

His stout courage to stoupe, and shew his inward paine

Out of her gored wound the cruell steele

xliii

He lightly snatcht, and did the floudgate stop
With his faire garment then gan softly feele
Her feeble pulse, to proue if any drop
Of liuing bloud yet in her veynes did hop,
Which when he felt to moue, he hoped faire
To call backe life to her forsaken shop,
So well he did her deadly wounds repaire,

That at the last she gan to breath out liuing aire

xl 4 goie] gold 1596, 1609 5 louely] litle 1609 xli 5 ded,
1590, 1596 xlii 4 attone, 1596 8 constraine, 1590, 1596 9 stout
courage] courage stout 1609

Which he perceiuing greatly gan reioice, xlii
 And goodly counsell, that for wounded hart
 Is meetest med'cine, tempred with sweet voice,
 Ay me, deare Lady, which the image art
 Of ruefull pitie, and impatient smart,
 What direfull chance, armd with reuenging fate,
 Or cursed hand hath plaid this cruell part,
 Thus fowle to hasten your vntimely date,
 Speake, O deare Lady speake help neuer comes too late
 Therewith her dim eie-lids she vp gan reare, xlii
 On which the drery death did sit, as sad
 As lump of lead, and made darke clouds appeare,
 But when as him all in bright armour clad
 Before her standing she espied had,
 As one out of a deadly dreame affright,
 She weakely started, yet she nothing drad
 Streight downe againe her selfe in great despight
 She groueling threw to ground, as hating life and light
 The gentle knight her soone with carefull paine xlii
 Vplifted light, and softly did vphold
 Thrise he her reard, and thrise she sunke againe,
 Till he his armes about her sides gan fold,
 And to her said, Yet if the stony cold
 Haue not all seized on your frozen hart,
 Let one word fall that may your grieve vnfold,
 And tell the secret of your mortall smart,
 He oft finds present helpe, who does his grieve impart
 Then casting vp a deadly looke, full low xlii
 Shee sight from bottome of her wounded brest,
 And after, many bitter throbs did throw
 With lips full pale and foltring tongue opprest,
 These words she breathed forth from riuen chest,
 Leaue, ah leaue off, what euer wight thou bee,
 To let a wearie wretch from her dew rest,
 And trouble dying soules tranquilitie
 Take not away now got, which none would giue to me

xlii 6 reuenging] auenging 1590

1596, 1609

xliii 1 low, 1596

xli 8 despight 1590 despight,

2 sigh't 1609

Ah farre be it (said he) Deare dame fro mee,
 To hinder soule from her desired rest,
 Or hold sad life in long captiuitee
 For all I seeke, is but to haue redrest
 The bitter pangs, that doth your heart infest
 Tell then, O Lady tell, what fatall priefe
 Hath with so huge misfortune you opprest?
 That I may cast to compasse your reliefe,
 Or die with you in sorrow, and partake your grieve
 With feeble hands then stretched forth on hye,
 As heauen accusing guiltie of her death,
 And with dry drops congealed in her eye,
 In these sad words she spent her vtmost breath
 Heare then, O man, the sorrowes that vneath
 My tongue can tell, so farre all sense they pas
 Loe this dead corpse, that lies here vnderneath,
 The gentlest knight, that euer on greene gras
 Gay steed with spurs did pricke, the good Sir *Mordant* was
 Was, (ay the while, that he is not so now)
 My Lord my loue, my deare Lord, my deare loue,
 So long as heauens iust with equall brow
 Vouchsafed to behold vs from aboue,
 One day when him high courage did emmoue,
 As wont ye knights to seeke aduentures wilde,
 He pricked forth, his puissant force to proue,
 Me then he left enwombed of this child,
 This lucklesse child, whom thus ye see with bloud defild
 Him fortun'd (hard fortune ye may ghesse)
 To come, where vile *Acrasia* does wonne,
Acrasia a false enchaunteresse,
 That many errant knights hath foule fordonne
 Within a wandring Island, that doth ronne
 And stray in perillous gulfe, her dwelling is,
 Faire Sir, if euer there ye trauell, shonne
 The cursed land where many wend amis,
 And know it by the name, it hight the *Bowre of blis*

xlvi

xlix

1

11

xlix 9 Mordant 1590, 1596 1 3 brow, 1590, 1596
 11 6 is, 1590, 1596

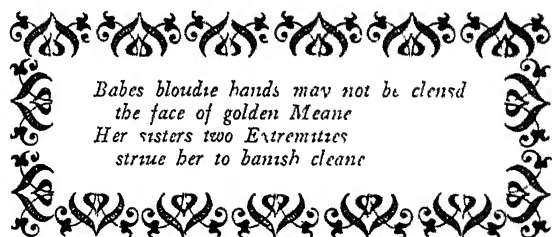
Her blisse is all in pleasure and delight, lii
 Wherewith she makes her louers drunken mad,
 And then with words and weedes of wondrous might,
 On them she workes her will to vses bad
 My lifest Lord she thus beguiled had,
 For he was flesh (all flesh doth frailtie breed)
 Whom when I heard to beene so ill bestad,
 Weake wretch I wrapt my selfe in Palmers weed,
 And cast to seeke him forth through daunger and great deed
 Now had faire *Cynthia* by euen tournes lii
 Full measured three quarters of her yeare,
 And thrise three times had fild her crooked hornes,
 Whenas my wombe her burdein would forbear,
 And bad me call *Lucina* to me neare
Lucina came a manchild forth I brought
 The woods, the Nymphes, my bowres, my midwiues weare,
 Hard helpe at need So deare thee babe I bought,
 Yet nought too deare I deemd, while so my dear I sought
 Him so I sought, and so at last I found, lii
 Where him that witch had thrall'd to her will,
 In chaines of lust and lewd desires ybound,
 And so transformed from his former skill,
 That me he knew not, neither his owne ill,
 Till through wise handling and faire gouernance,
 I him recured to a better will,
 Purged from drugs of foule intemperance
 Then meanes I gan deuise for his deliuerance
 Which when the vile Enchaunteresse percei'd, lii
 How that my Lord from her I would repriue,
 With cup thus charmd, him parting she decei'd,
Sad verse, giue death to him that death does giue,
And losse of loue, to her that loues to lue,
So soone as Bacchus with the Nymphes does lincke
 So parted we and on our iourney driue,
 Till comming to this well, he stoupt to drinke
 The charme fulfilld, dead suddenly he downe did sincke

Which when I wretch, Not one word more she sayd lvi
 But breaking off the end for want of breath,
 And slyding soft, as downe to sleepe her layd,
 And ended all her woe in quiet death
 That seeing good Sir *Guyon*, could vneath
 From teares abstaine, for grieve his hart did grate,
 And from so heauie sight his head did wreath,
 Accusing fortune, and too cruell fate,
 Which plunged had faire Ladie in so wretched state
 Then turning to his Palmer said, Old syre lvii
 Behold the image of mortalitie,
 And feeble nature cloth'd with fleshly tyre,
 When raging passion with fierce tyrannie
 Robs reason of her due regalitie,
 And makes it seruant to her basest part
 The strong it weakens with infirmitie,
 And with bold furie armes the weakest hart, [smart
 The strong through pleasure soonest falles, the weake through
 But temperance (said he) with golden squire lviii
 Betwixt them both can measure out a meane,
 Neither to melt in pleasures whot desire,
 Nor fry in hartlesse grieve and dolefull teene
 Thrise happie man, who fares them both atweene
 But sith this wretched woman ouercome
 Of anguish, rather then of crime hath beene,
 Reserue her cause to her eternall doome,
 And in the meane vouchsafe her honorable toombe
 Palmer (quoth he) death is an equall doome lix
 To good and bad, the common Inne of rest,
 But after death the tryall is to come,
 When best shall be to them, that liued best
 But both alike, when death hath both supprest,
 Religious reuerence doth buriall teene,
 Which who so wants, wants so much of his rest
 For all so great shame after death I weene,
 As selfe to dyen bad, vnburied bad to beene

lvi 2 off] of, 1590 off, 1596 9 plunged 1590 lvii 1 his] the 1609
 lviii 3 whot] hot 1609 *passim* 4 fry] fryze sugg Church
 lix 1 equall] euill 1596, 1609

So both agree their bodies to engraue, lx
 The great earthes wombe they open to the sky,
 And with sad Cypresse seemely it embraue,
 Then couering with a clod their closed eye,
 They lay therein those corses tenderly,
 And bid them sleepe in euerlasting peace
 But ere they did their vtmost obsequy,
 Sir *Guyon* more affection to increace,
 Bynempt a sacred vow, which none should aye releace
 The dead knights sword out of his sheath he drew, lxi
 With which he cut a locke of all their heare,
 Which medling with their bloud and earth, he threw
 Into the graue, and gan deuoutly sweare,
 Such and such euill God on *Guyon* reare,
 And worse and worse young Orphane be thy paine,
 If I or thou dew vengeance doe forbear,
 Till guiltie bloud her guerdon doe obtaine
 So shedding many teares, they clod the earth againe

Cant. II.



THus when Sir *Guyon* with his faithfull guide i
 Had with due rites and dolorous lament
 The end of their sad Tragedie vptyde,
 The litle babe vp in his armes he hent,
 Who with sweet pleasance and bold blandishment
 Gan smyle on them, that rather ought to weepe,
 As carelesse of his woe, or innocent
 Of that was doen, that ruth emperced deepe
 In that knights heart, and wordes with bitter teares did steepe

Arg 1 *clensd*, 1590 &c 3 *Extremities* 1590 &c

Ah lucklesse babe, borne vnder cruell starre,
 And in dead parents balefull ashes bred,
 Full litle weenest thou, what sorrowes are
 Left thee for portion of thy luelihed,
 Poore Oiphanie in the wide world scattered,
 As budding biauunch rent from the natiue tree,
 And throwen forth, till it be withered
 Such is the state of men thus enter wee
 Into this life with woe, and end with miseriee

Then soft himselſe inclyning on his knee
 Downe to that well, did in the water weene
 (So loue does loath disdainfull nicitee)
 His guiltie hands from bloudie gore to cleene
 He washt them oft and oft, yet nought they beene
 For all his washing cleaner Still he stroue,
 Yet still the litle hands were bloudie seene,
 The which him into great amaz'ment droue,
 And into diuerſe doubt his wauering wonder cloue

He wiſt not whether blot of foule offence
 Might not be purgd with water nor with bath,
 Or that high God, in lieu of innocence,
 Imprinted had that token of his wrath,
 To shew how ſore bloudguiltinesse he hat'th,
 Or that the charme and venom, which they druncke,
 Their bloud with ſecret filth infected hath,
 Being diffuſed through the ſenſeleſſe truncke,
 That through the great contagion direfull deadly ſtunck,

Whom thus at gaze, the Palmer gan to bord
 With goodly reaſon, and thus faire beſpake,
 Ye bene right hard amated, gracious Lord,
 And of your ignorance great maruell make,
 Whiles cauſe not well conceiued ye miſtake.
 But know, that ſecret vertues are infuſd
 In euery fountaine, and in euery lake,
 Which who hath ſkill them rightly to haue chuſd,
 To prooſe of paſſing wonders hath full often vsd

iv 3 lieu] loue *sugg Church* 5 hat'th] hat'h 1590 v 3 hard] hart 1590

Of those some were so from their sourse indewd vi
 By great Dame Nature, from whose fruitfull pap
 Their welheads spring, and are with moisture deawd,
 Which feedes each liuing plant with liquid sap,
 And filles with flowres faire *Floraes* painted lap
 But other some by gift of later grace,
 Or by good prayers, or by other hap,
 Had vertue pourd into their waters bace,
 And thenceforth were ienowmd, and sought from place to place
 Such is this well, wrought by occasion straunge, vii
 Which to her Nymph befell Vpon a day,
 As she the woods with bow and shafts did raunge,
 The hartlesse Hind and Robucke to dismay,
Dan Faunus chaunst to meet her by the way,
 And kindling fire at her faire burning eye,
 Inflamed was to follow beauties chace,
 And chaced her, that fast from him did fly,
 As Hind from her, so she fled from her enemy
 At last when fayling breath began to faint, viii
 And saw no meanes to scape, of shame affrayd,
 She set her downe to weepe for sore constraint,
 And to *Diana* calling lowd for ayde,
 Her deare besought, to let her dye a mayd
 The goddesse heard, and suddeine where she sate,
 Welling out streames of teares, and quite dismayd
 With stony feare of that rude rustick mate,
 Transformd her to a stone from stedfast virgins state
 Lo now she is that stone, from whose two heads, ix
 As from two weeping eyes, fresh streames do flow,
 Yet cold through feare, and old conceiued dreads,
 And yet the stone her semblance seemes to show,
 Shapt like a maid, that such ye may her know,
 And yet her vertues in her water byde
 For it is chast and pure, as purest snow,
 Ne lets her waues with any filth be dyde,
 But euer like her selfe vnstained hath beene tryde.

vi 9 to om 1590 cori F E

vii 7 chace] pray sugg Collier Cf II ii 42, II iii 28 &c

viii 3 set] sate 1609

ix 1 whose] those 1596, 1609 8 be] he 1596

From thence it comes, that this babes bloudy hand x
 May not be clensd with water of this well
 Ne certes Sir striue you it to withstand,
 But let them still be bloudy, as befell,
 That they his mothers innocence may tell,
 As she bequeathd in her last testament,
 That as a sacred Symbole it may dwell
 In her sonnes flesh, to minde reuengement,
 And be for all chast Dames an endlesse monument

He hearkned to his reason, and the childe xi
 Vptaking, to the Palmer gaue to beare,
 But his sad fathers armes with bloud defilde,
 An heauie load himselfe did lightly reare,
 And turning to that place, in which whyleare
 He left his loftie steed with golden sell,
 And goodly gorgeous barbes, him found not theare
 By other accident that earst befell,

He is conuaide, but how or where, here fits not tell
 Which when Sir *Guyon* saw, all were he wroth, xii
 Yet algates mote he soft himselfe appease,
 And fairely fare on foot, how euer loth,
 His double burden did him sore disease
 So long they traueiled with litle ease,
 Till that at last they to a Castle came,
 Built on a rocke adioyning to the seas,
 It was an auncient worke of antique fame,
 And wondrous strong by nature, and by skilfull frame

Therein three sisters dwelt of sundry sort, xiii
 The children of one sire by mothers three,
 Who dying whylome did diuide this fort
 To them by equall shares in equall fee
 But strifull minde, and diuerse qualitee
 Drew them in parts, and each made others foe
 Still did they striue, and dayly disagree,
 The eldest did against the youngest goe,
 And both against the middest meant to worken woe

xii 7 seas, 1590, 1596 8 fame] frame 1590 xiii 5 strifefull 1609

Where when the knight arriv'd, he was right well xiv
 Receiv'd, as knight of so much worth became,
 Of second sister, who did far excell
 The other two, *Medina* was her name,
 A sober sad, and comely curteous Dame,
 Who rich arrayd, and yet in modest guise,
 In goodly garments, that her well became,
 Faire marching forth in honorable wize,
 Him at the threshold met, and well did enterprize
 She led him vp into a goodly bowre, xv
 And comely courted with meet modestie,
 Ne in her speach, ne in her hauiour,
 Was lightnesse seene, or looser vanitie,
 But gracious womanhood, and grauitie,
 Aboue the reason of her youthly yeares
 Her golden lockes she roundly did vptye
 In breaded tramels, that no looser heares
 Did out of order stray about her daintie cares
 Whilest she hei selfe thus busily did frame, xvi
 Seemely to entertaine her new-come guest,
 Newes hereof to her other sisters came,
 Who all this while were at their wanton rest,
 Accounting each her friend with lauish fest
 They were two knights of perelesse puissance,
 And famous far abroad for warlike gest,
 Which to these Ladies loue did countenaunce,
 And to his mistresse each himselfe stroue to aduance
 He that made loue vnto the eldest Dame, xvii
 Was hight Sir *Huddibras*, an hardy man,
 Yet not so good of deedes, as great of name,
 Which he by many rash aduentures wan,
 Since errant armes to sew he first began,
 More huge in strength, then wise in workes he was,
 And reason with foole-hardize ouer ran,
 Sterne melancholy did his courage pas,
 And was for terrour more, all armd in shyning bras

But he that lou'd the youngest, was *Sans-lov*,
 He that faire *Vna* late fowle outraged,
 The most vnruely, and the boldest boy,
 That euer warlike weapons menaged,
 And to all lawlesse lust encouraged,
 Thioough strong opinion of his matchlesse might
 Ne ought he cai'd, whom he endamaged
 By tortious wrong, or whom beicau'd of right
 He now this Ladies champion chose for loue to fight

xxiii

These two gay knights, vowd to so diuerse loues,
 Each other does enuie with deadly hate,
 And dayly warre against his foeman moues,
 In hope to win more fauour with his mate,
 And th'others pleasing seruice to abate,
 To magnifie his owne But when they heard,
 How in that place straunge knight arriued late,
 Both knights and Ladies forth right angry far'd,
 And fiercely vnto battell sterne themselues prepar'd

xix

But ere they could proccede vnto the place,
 Where he abode, themselues at discord fell,
 And cruell combat ioyn'd in middle space
 With horrible assault, and furie fell,
 They heapt huge strokes, the scorned life to quell,
 That all on vprore from her settled seat
 The house was raysd, and all that in did dwell,
 Seemd that lowde thunder with amazement great
 Did rend the ratling skyes with flames of fouldring heat.

xx

The noyse thereof cald forth that straunger knight,
 To weet, what dreadfull thing was there in hand;
 Where when as two braue knights in bloudy fight
 With deadly rancour he enraunged fond,
 His sunbroad shield about his wrest he bond,
 And shyning blade vnsheatd, with which he ran
 Vnto that stead, their strife to vnderstond,
 And at his first arriuall, them began
 With goodly meanes to pacifie, well as he can

xxi

xx 6 seat, 1590 §
 xxi 1 cald] calth 1596, 1609 2 hand] hond 1609

- But they him spying, both with greedy forse xxii
 Attonce vpon him ran, and him beset
 With strokes of mortall steele without remouise,
 And on his shield like yron sledges bet
 As when a Beare and Tygre being met
 In cruell fight on lybicke Ocean wide,
 Espye a traueiler with feet surbet,
 Whom they in equall pray hope to deuide,
 They stint their strife, and him assaile on euery side
- But he, not like a wearie traueilere, xxiii
 Their sharpe assault right boldly did rebut,
 And suffred not their blowes to byte him nere,
 But with redoubled buffes them backe did put
 Whose griued mindes, which choler did englut,
 Against themselues turning their wiathfull spight,
 Gan with new rage their shields to hew and cut,
 But still when *Guyon* came to part their fight,
 With heaue load on him they freshly gan to smight
- As a tall ship tossed in troublous seas, xxiv
 Whom raging windes threatning to make the play
 Of the rough rockes, do diuersly disease,
 Meetes two contrary billowes by the way,
 That her on either side do sore assay,
 And boast to swallow her in greedy graue,
 She scorning both their spights, does make wide way,
 And with her brest breaking the fomy waue,
 Does ride on both their backs, and faire her selfe doth saue
- So boldly he him beares, and rusheth forth xxv
 Betweene them both, by conduct of his blade
 Wondrous great prowesse and heroick worth
 He shewd that day, and rare ensample made,
 When two so mighty warriours he dismade
 Attonce he wards and strikes, he takes and payes,
 Now forst to yield, now forcing to inuade,
 Before, behind, and round about him layes
 So double was his paines, so double be his prayse
- xxiii 2 boldly] bloody 1596 boldly 1609

Straunge sort of fight, three valiaunt knights to see xxvi

Three combats ioyne in one, and to darraine
A triple warre with triple enmitee,
All for their Ladies froward loue to gaine,
Which gotten was but hate So loue does raine
In stoutest minds, and maketh monstrous warie,
He maketh warre, he maketh peace againe,
And yet his peace is but continuall iarre

O miserable men, that to him subiect arre

Whilst thus they mingled were in furious armes, xxvii

The faire *Medina* with her tresses torne,
And naked brest, in pittie of their harmes,
Emongst them ran, and falling them beforne,
Besought them by the womb, which them had borne,
And by the loues, which were to them most deare,
And by the knighthood, which they sure had sworne,
Their deadly cruell discord to forbear,

And to her iust conditions of faire peace to heare

But her two other sisters standing by, xxviii

Her lowd gainsaid, and both their champions bad
Pursew the end of their strong enmity,
As euer of their loues they would be glad
Yet she with pittie words and counsell sad,
Still stroue their stubborne rages to reuoke,
That at the last suppressing fury mad,
They gan abstaine from dint of direfull stroke,

And hearken to the sober speeches, which she spoke.

Ah puissaunt Lords, what cursed euill Spright, xxix

Or fell *Erinnys*, in your noble harts
Her hellish brond hath kindled with despight,
And stird you vp to worke your wilfull smarts²
Is this the ioy of armes² be these the parts
Of glorious knighthood, after bloud to thrust,
And not regard dew right and iust desarts²

Vaine is the vaunt, and victory vniust,

That more to mighty hands, then rightfull cause doth trust

xxviii 2 their] her 1590 champion 1596, 1609 xxix 2 *Erinnys*
in your noble harts, 1590, 1596 6 thrust] thurst 1609

And were there rightfull cause of difference, xxx
 Yet were not better, faire it to accord,
 Then with bloud guiltnesse to heape offence,
 And mortall vengeaunce ioyne to crime abhord?
 O fly from wrath, fly, O my liefest Lord
 Sad be the sights, and bitter fruits of warre,
 And thousand furies wait on wrathfull sword,
 Ne ought the prayse of prowesse more doth marre,
 Then fowle reuenging rage, and base contentious iarie
 But louely concord, and most sacred peace xxxi
 Doth nourish vertue, and fast friendship breeds,
 Weake she makes strong, and strong thing does incease,
 Till it the pitch of highest prayse exceeds
 Braue be her warres, and honorable deeds,
 By which she triumphes ouer ire and pride,
 And winnes an Olue girlond for her meeds
 Be therefore, O my deare Lords, pacifide,
 And this misseeming discord meekely lay aside
 Her gracious wordes their rancour did appall, xxxii
 And suncke so deepe into their boyling brests,
 That downe they let their cruell weapons fall,
 And lowly did abase their loftie crests
 To her faire presence, and discrete behests
 Then she began a treatie to procure,
 And stablish termes betwixt both their requests,
 That as a law for euer should endure,
 Which to obserue in word of knights they did assure
 Which to confirme, and fast to bind their league, xxxiii
 After their wearie sweat and bloudy toile,
 She them besought, during their quiet treague,
 Into her lodging to repaire a while,
 To rest themselues, and grace to reconcile
 They soone consent so forth with her they fare,
 Where they are well receiu'd, and made to spoile
 Themselues of soiled armes, and to prepare
 Their minds to pleasure, and their mouthes to dainty fare

xxx i there] their 1590, 1596 3 bloodguiltnesse 1590 bloud guiltnesse
 1596 xxxi 3 make 1590 corr F E

And those two froward sisters, their faire loues xxxiv
 Came with them eke, all were they wondrous loth,
 And fained cheare, as for the time behoues,
 But could not colour yet so well the troth,
 But that their natures bad appeard in both
 For both did at their second sister grutch,
 And inly grieue, as doth an hidden moth
 The inner garment fret, not th'vtter touch,
 One thought their cheare too litle, th'other thought too much

Elissa (so the eldest hight) did deeme xxxv
 Such entertainment base, ne ought would eat,
 Ne ought would speake, but euermore did seeme
 As discontent for want of merth or meat,
 No solace could her Paramour intreat
 Her once to show, ne court, nor dalliance,
 But with bent lowring browes, as she would threat,
 She scould, and frownd with froward countenance,
 Vnworthy of faire Ladies comely gouernaunce

But young *Perissa* was of other mind, xxxvi
 Full of disport, still laughing, loosely light,
 And quite contrary to her sisters kind,
 No measure in her mood, no rule of right,
 But poured out in pleasure and delight,
 In wine and meats she flowd aboue the bancke,
 And in excesse exceeded her owne might,
 In sumptuous tire she ioyd her selfe to prancke,
 But of her loue too lauish (litle haue she thancke)

Fast by her side did sit the bold *Sans-loy*, xxxvii
 Fit mate for such a mincing mineon,
 Who in her loosenesse tooke exceeding ioy,
 Might not be found a franker franion,
 Of her lewd parts to make companion,
 But *Huddibras*, more like a Malecontent,
 Did see and grieue at his bold fashion,
 Hardly could he endure his hardiment,
 Yet still he sat, and inly did him selfe torment

xxxiv 9 thought their] though ther 1590
 xxxvii 1 Fast] First 1590 δc corr F E

Betwixt them both the faire *Medina* sate xxxviii
 With sober grace, and goodly carriage
 With equall measure she did moderate
 The strong extremities of their outrage,
 That forward paire she euer would asswage,
 When they would striue dew reason to exceed,
 But that same froward twaine would accourage,
 And of her plenty adde vnto their need
 So kept she them in order, and her selfe in heed
 Thus fairely she attempered her feast, xxxix
 And pleasd them all with meete satietie,
 At last when lust of meat and drinke was ceast,
 She *Guyon* deare besought of curtesie,
 To tell from whence he came through ieopardie,
 And whither now on new aduenture bound
 Who with bold grace, and comely grauitie,
 Drawing to him the eyes of all around,
 From lofty sieg began these words aloud to sound
 This thy demaund, O Lady, doth reuiue xl
 Fresh memory in me of that great Queene,
 Great and most glorious virgin Queene aliuie,
 That with her soueraigne powre, and scepter shene
 All Faery lond does peaceably sustene
 In widest Ocean she her throne does reare,
 That ouer all the earth it may be seene,
 As morning Sunne her beames dispredden cleare,
 And in her face faire peace, and mercy doth appeare
 In her the richesse of all heauenly grace xli
 In chiefe degree are heaped vp on hye
 And all that else this worlds enclosure bace
 Hath great or glorious in mortall eye,
 Adornes the person of her Maestie,
 That men beholding so great excellence,
 And rare perfection in mortalitie,
 Do her adore with sacred reuerence,
 As th'Idole of her makers great magnificence

xl 5 peaceable 1596, 1609

xli 1 grace, 1590, 1596 3 bace, 1590, 1596 4 eye 1596

To her I homage and my seruice owe,
 In number of the noblest knights on ground,
 Mongst whom on me she deigned to bestowe
 Order of *Maydenhead*, the most renownd,
 That may this day in all the world be found
 An yearely solemne feast she wontes to make
 The day that first doth lead the yeare around,
 To which all knights of worth and courage bold
 Resort, to heare of straunge aduentures to be told

xlii

There this old Palmer shewed himselfe that day,
 And to that mighty Princesse did complaine
 Of grieuous mischiefes, which a wicked Fay
 Had wrought, and many whelmd in deadly paine,
 Whereof he crau'd redresse My Soueraine,
 Whose glory is in gracious deeds, and ioyes
 Throughout the world her mercy to maintaine,
 Eftsoones deuisd redresse for such annoyes,
 Me all vnfit for so great purpose she employes

xlili

Now hath faire *Phæbe* with her siluer face
 Thrise seene the shadowes of the neather world,
 Sith last I left that honorable place,
 In which her royall presence is †introld,
 Ne euer shall I rest in house nor hold,
 Till I that false *Acrasia* haue wonne,
 Of whose fowle deedes, too hideous to be told,
 I witnesse am, and this their wretched sonne,
 Whose wofull parents she hath wickedly fordonne.

xliv

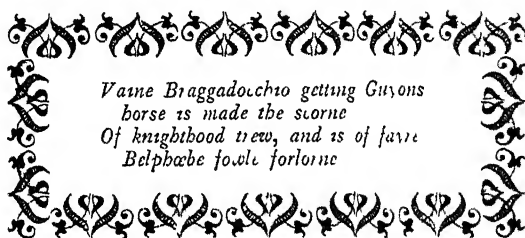
Tell on, faire Sir, said she, that dolefull tale,
 From which sad ruth does seeme you to restraine,
 That we may pittie such vnhappy bale,
 And learne from pleasures poyson to abstaine
 Ill by ensample good doth often gayne
 Then forward he his purpose gan pursue,
 And told the storie of the mortall payne,
 Which *Mordant* and *Amauia* did rew,
 As with lamenting eyes him selfe did lately vew

xlv

xli 5 found, 1590, 1596 6 make] hold *cony edd* Cf II ii 7, iii
 28, &c xliiv 4 introld] entrold 1590 enrold *cony edd* 7 told 1596

Night was far spent, and now in *Ocean* deepe xlvi
Orion, flying fast from hissing snake,
 His flaming head did hasten for to steepe,
 When of his pittious tale he end did make,
 Whilist with delight of that he wisely spake,
 Those guesstes beguiled, did beguile their eyes
 Of kindly sleepe, that did them ouertake
 At last when they had markt the chaunged skyes,
 They wist then houre was spent, then each to rest him hyes

Cant. III.



Soone as the morrow faire with purple beames 1
 Disperst the shadowes of the mistic night,
 And *Titan* playing on the eastern streames,
 Gan cleare the deawy ayre with springing light,
 Sir *Guyon* mindfull of his vow yplight,
 Vprose from drowsie couch, and him address
 Vnto the iourney which he had behight
 His puissaunt armes about his noble brest,
 And many-folded shield he bound about his wrest
 Then taking *Congé* of that virgin pure, 11
 The bloody-handed babe vnto her truth
 Did earnestly commit, and her coniure,
 In vertuous lore to traine his tender youth,
 And all that gentle noriture ensu'th
 And that so soone as ryper yeares he raught,
 He might for memorie of that dayes ruth,
 Be called *Ruddymane*, and thereby taught,
 T'auenge his Parents death on them, that had it wrought.

11 6 raught] rought 1590 corr F L

So forth he far'd, as now befell, on foot,
 Sith his good steed is lately from him gone,
 Patience perforce, helpelesse what may it boot
 To fret for anger, or for grieve to mone?
 His Palmer now shall foot no more alone
 So fortune wrought, as vnder greene woods syde
 He lately heard that dying Lady grone,
 He left his steed without, and speare besyde,
 And rushed in on foot to ayd her, ere she dyde
 The whiles a losell wandring by the way,
 One that to bountie neuer cast his mind,
 Ne thought of honour euer did assay
 His baser brest, but in his kestrell kind
 A pleasing vaine of glory vaine did find,
 To which his flowing tounge, and troublous spright
 Gaue him great ayd, and made him more inclind
 He that braue steed there finding ready dight,
 Purloynd both steed and speare, and ran away full light
 Now gan his hart all swell in iollitie,
 And of him selfe great hope and helpe conceu'd,
 That puffed vp with smoke of vanitie,
 And with selfe-loued personage deceu'd,
 He gan to hope, of men to be receu'd
 For such, as he him thought, or faine would bee
 But for in court gay portaunce he perceu'd,
 And gallant shew to be in greatest gree,
 Eftsoones to court he cast t'auaunce his first degree.
 And by the way he chaunced to espy
 One sitting idle on a sunny bancke,
 To whom auaunting in great brauery,
 As Peacocke, that his painted plumes doth prancke,
 He smote his courser in the trembling flancke,
 And to him threatned his hart-thrilling speare
 The seely man seeing him ryde so rancke,
 And ayme at him, fell flat to ground for feare,
 And crying Mercy lowd, his pitious hands gan reare

111

iv

v

vi

iv 5 glory vaine] glory he 1590 v 9 aduance 1590

Thereat the Scarcrow wexed wondrous prowd, vii
 Through fortune of his first aduentuie faire,
 And with big thundring voyce reuyld him lowd,
 Vile Caytiue, vassall of dread and despaire,
 Vnworthie of the commune breathed aire,
 Why liuest thou, dead dog, a lenger day,
 And doest not vnto death thy selfe prepaire
 Dye, oi thy selfe my captiue yield for ay,
 Great fauour I thee graunt, for aunswere thus to stay
 Hold, O deare Lord, hold your dead-doing hand, viii
 Then loud he cryde, I am your humble thrall
 Ah wretch (quoth he) thy destinies withstand
 My wrathfull will, and do for mercy call
 I giue thee life therefore prostrated fall,
 And kisse my stirrup, that thy homage bee
 The Miser threw him selfe, as an Offall,
 Streight at his foot in base humilitee,
 And cleeped him his liege, to hold of him in fee
 So happy peace they made and faire accord ix
 Eftsoones this liege-man gan to wexe more bold,
 And when he felt the folly of his Lord,
 In his owne kind he gan him selfe vnfold
 For he was wylie witted, and growne old
 In cunning sleights and practick knauery
 From that day forth he cast for to vphold
 His idle humour with fine flattery,
 And blow the bellowes to his swelling vanity
 Trompart fit man for *Braggadocchio*, x
 To serue at court in view of vaunting eye,
 Vaune-glorious man, when fluttring wind does blow
 In his light wings, is lifted vp to skye
 The scorne of knighthood and trew cheualrye,
 To thinke without desert of gentle deed,
 And noble worth to be aduaunced hye
 Such prayse is shame, but honour vertues meed
 Doth beare the fairest flowre in honorable seed

vii 5 common 1609

ix 7 From] For 1596

8 slattery 1590

x 1 *Braggadocchio* 1590 &c

So forth they pas, a well consorted paire,
 Till that at length with *Archimage* they meet
 Who seeing one that shone in armour faire,
 On goodly courser thundring with his feet,
 Eftsoones supposed him a person meet,
 Of his reuenge to make the instrument
 For since the *Redcrosse* knight he earst did weet,
 To beene with *Guyon* knit in one consent,
 The ill, which earst to him, he now to *Guyon* ment
 And comming close to *Trompart* gan inquire
 Of him, what mighty warriour that mote bee,
 That rode in golden sell with single spere,
 But wanted sword to wreake his enmittee
 He is a great aduenturer, (said he)
 That hath his sword through hard assay forgone,
 And now hath vowd, till he auenged bee,
 Of that despight, neuer to wearen none,
 That speare is him enough to doen a thousand grone
 Th'enchauter greatly ioyed in the vaunt,
 And weened well ere long his will to win,
 And both his foen with equall foyle to daunt
 Tho to him louting lowly, did begin
 To plaine of wrongs, which had committed bin
 By *Guyon*, and by that false *Redcrosse* knight,
 Which two through treason and deceitfull gin,
 Had slaine Sir *Mordant*, and his Lady bright
 That mote him honour win, to wreake so foule despight
 Therewith all suddenly he seemd enraged,
 And threatned death with dreadfull countenance,
 As if their liues had in his hand beene gaged,
 And with stiffe force shaking his mortall launce,
 To let him weet his doughtie valiaunce,
 Thus said, Old man, great sure shalbe thy meed,
 If where those knights for feare of dew vengeance
 Do lurke, thou certainly to me areed,
 That I may wreake on them their hainous hatefull deed

xi

xii

xiii

xiv

Certes, my Lord, (said he) that shall I soone, xv
 And giue you eke good helpe to then decay,
 But mote I wisely you aduise to doon,
 Gue no ods to your foes, but do puruay
 Your selfe of sword before that bloody day
 For they be two the prowtest knights on ground,
 And oft approu'd in many hard assay,
 And eke of surest steele, that may be found,
 Do arme your selfe against that day, them to confound
 Dotard (said he) let be thy deepe aduise, xvi
 Seemes that through many yeaies thy wits thee faile,
 And that weake eld hath left thee nothing wise,
 Else neuer should thy iudgement be so fraile,
 To measure manhood by the sword or maile
 Is not enough foure quarters of a man,
 Withouten sword or shield, an host to quaile?
 Thou little wotest, what this right hand can
 Speake^e they, which haue beheld the battailes, which it wan
 The man was much abashed at his boast, xvii
 Yet well he wist, that who so would contend
 With either of those knights on euen coast,
 Should need of all his armes, him to defend,
 Yet feared least his boldnesse should offend,
 When *Braggadocchio* said, Once I did sweare,
 When with one sword seuen knights I brought to end,
 Thence forth in battell neuer sword to beare,
 But it were that, which noblest knight on earth doth weare
 Perdie Sir knight, said then th'enchauter blue, xviii
 That shall I shortly purchase to your hond
 For now the best and noblest knight aliue
 Prince *Arthur* is, that wonnes in Faerie lond,
 He hath a sword, that flames like burning brond
 The same by my deuice I vndertake
 Shall by to morrow by thy side be fond
 At which bold word that boaster gan to quake,
 And wondred in his mind, what mote that monster make

He stayd not for more bidding, but away
 Was sudden vanished out of his sight
 The Northerne wind his wings did broad display
 At his commaund, and reared him vp light
 From off the earth to take his aerie flight
 They lookt about, but no where could espie
 Tract of his foot then dead through great affright
 They both nigh were, and each bad other flie
 Both fled attonce, ne euer backe returned eie

xix

Till that they come vnto a forrest greene,
 In which they shrowd themselues from causelesse feare,
 Yet feare them followes still, where so they beene,
 Each trembling leafe, and whistling wind they heare,
 As ghastly bug their haire on end does reare
 Yet both doe striue their fearfulnessse to faine
 At last they heard a horne, that shrilled cleare
 Throughout the wood, that ecchoed againe,
 And made the forrest ring, as it would riue in twaine

xx

Eft through the thicke they heard one rudely rush,
 With noyse whereof he from his loftie steed
 Downe fell to ground, and crept into a bush,
 To hide his coward head from dying dreed
 But *Trompart* stoutly stayd to taken heed
 Of what might hap Eftsoone there stepped forth
 A goodly Ladie clad in hunters weed,
 That seemd to be a woman of great worth,
 And by her stately portance, borne of heauenly birth

xxi

Her face so faire as flesh it seemed not,
 But heauenly pourtraict of bright Angels hew,
 Cleare as the skie, withouten blame or blot,
 Through goodly mixture of complexions dew,
 And in her cheekes the vermeill red did shew
 Like roses in a bed of lillies shed,
 The which ambrosiall odours from them threw,
 And gazers sense with double pleasure fed,
 Hable to heale the sicke, and to reuiue the ded

xxii

xx 5 does vnto them affeare 1590 vnto corr to greatly in F E

xxii 5 heed, 1590, 1596 xxii 9 Able 1609 passim

In her faire eyes two liuing lamps did flame, xxiii
 Kindled aboue at th'heauenly makers light,
 And darted fyrie beames out of the same,
 So passing persant, and so wondrous bright,
 That quite bereau'd the rash beholders sight
 In them the blinded god his lustfull fire
 To kindle oft assayd, but had no might,
 For with dredd Maiestie, and awfull ire,
 She broke his wanton darts, and quenched base desire

Her iuorie forehead, full of bountie braue, xxiv
 Like a broad table did it selfe dispred,
 For Loue his loftie triumphes to engraue,
 And write the battels of his great godhed
 All good and honour might therein be red
 For there their dwelling was And when she spake,
 Sweet words, like dropping honny she did shed,
 And twixt the perles and rubins softly brake
 A siluer sound, that heauenly musicke seemd to make

Vpon her eyelids many Graces sate, xxv
 Vnder the shadow of her euen browes,
 Working belgards, and amorous retrate,
 And euery one her with a grace endowes
 And euery one with meekenesse to her bowes
 So glorious mirrhour of celestiall grace,
 And soueraine moniment of mortall vowes,
 How shall fraile pen descriue her heauenly face,
 For feare through want of skill her beautie to disgrace?

So faire, and thousand thousand times more faire xxvi
 She seemd, when she presented was to sight,
 And was yclad, for heat of scorching aire,
 All in a silken Camus lyly whight,
 Purfled vpon with many a folded plight,
 Which all aboue besprinckled was throughout
 With golden aygulets, that glistred bright,
 Like twinckling starres, and all the skirt about
 Was hemd with golden fringe

Below her ham her weed did somewhat traine, xxvii
 And her streight legs most brauely were embayld
 In gilden buskins of costly Cordwaine,
 All bard with golden bendes, which were entayld
 With curious antickes, and full faire aumayld
 Before they fastned were vnder her knee
 In a rich Iewell, and therein entrayld
 The ends of all their knots, that none might see,
 How they within their fouldings close enwrapped bee
 Like two faire marble pillours they were seene, xxviii
 Which doe the temple of the Gods support,
 Whom all the people decke with girlands greene,
 And honour in their festiuall resort,
 Those same with stately grace, and princely port
 She taught to tread, when she her selfe would grace,
 But with the wooddie Nymphes when she did play,
 Or when the flying Libbard she did chace,
 She could them nimbly moue, and after fly apace
 And in her hand a sharpe bore-speare she held, xxix
 And at her backe a bow and quier gay,
 Stuft with steele-headed darts, wherewith she queld
 The saluage beastes in her victorious play,
 Knit with a golden bauldricke, which forelay
 Athwart her snowy brest, and did diuide
 Her daintie paps, which like young fruit in May
 Now little gan to swell, and being tide,
 Through her thin weed their places only signifide
 Her yellow lockes crisped, like golden wyre, xxx
 About her shoulders weren loosely shed,
 And when the winde emongst them did inspyre,
 They waued like a penon wide dispred,
 And low behinde her backe were scattered
 And whether art it were, or heedlesse hap,
 As through the flouring forrest rash she fled,
 In her rude haire sweet flowres themselues did lap,
 And flourishing fresh leaues and blossomes did enwrap

xxvii 8 end 1609 their] the 1590 xxviii 1 were] did 1590 *corr*
F E 7 play] sport *conj ed Cf* II ii 7, 42, &c *xxx* 4 dissprede
 1609

Such as *Diana* by the sandie shore

xxx1

Of swift *Eurotas*, or on *Cynthus* greene,
Where all the Nymphes haue hei vnwares folowe,
Wandreth alone with bow and arrowes keene,
To seeke her game Or as that famous Queene
Of *Amazons*, whom *Pyrrhus* did destroy,
The day that first of *Priame* she was seene,
Did shew her selfe in great triumphant ioy,
To succour the weake state of sad afflicted *Troy*

Such when as hartlesse *Trompart* her did vew,

xxxii

He was dismayed in his cowaid mind,
And doubted, whether he himselfe should shew,
Or fly away, or bide alone behind
Both feare and hope he in her face did find,
When she at last him spying thus bespake,
Haile Groome, didst not thou see a bleeding Hind,
Whose right haunch earst my stedfast arrow strake?

If thou didst, tell me, that I may her ouertake

Wherewith reuiu'd, this answere forth he threw,

xxxiii

O Goddess, (for such I thee take to bee)
For neither doth thy face terrestriall shew,
Nor voyce sound mortall, I auow to thee,
Such wounded beast, as that, I did not see,
Sith earst into this forrest wild I came
But mote thy goodlyhed forgiue it mee,
To weet, which of the Gods I shall thee name,

That vnto thee due worship I may rightly frame

To whom she thus, but ere her words ensowed,

xxxiv

Vnto the bush her eye did sudden glaunce,
In which vaine *Braggadocchio* was mewed,
And saw it stirre she left her percing launce,
And towards gan a deadly shaft aduaunce,
In mind to marke the beast At which sad stowre,
Trompart forth stept, to stay the mortall chaunce,
Out crying, O what euer heauenly powre,
Or earthly wight thou be, withhold this deadly howre

O stay thy hand, for yonder is no game xxxv
 For thy fierce arrowes, them to exercize,
 But loe my Lord, my liege, whose warlike name
 Is farre renownd through many bold emprize,
 And now in shade he shrowded yonder lies
 She staid with that he crauld out of his nest,
 Forth creeping on his cartiue hands and thies,
 And standing stoutly vp, his loftie crest
 Did fiercely shake, and rowze, as comming late from rest
 As fearefull fowle, that long in secret caue xxxvi
 For dread of soaring hauke her selfe hath hid,
 Not caring how, hei silly life to saue,
 She her gay painted plumes disorderid,
 Seeing at last her selfe from daunger rid,
 Peepes forth, and soone renewes her natue pride,
 She gins her feathers foule disfigured
 Proudly to prune, and set on euery side,
 So shakes off shame, ne thinks how erst she did her hide
 So when her goodly visage he beheld, xxxvii
 He gan himselfe to vaunt but when he vewed
 Those deadly tooles, which in her hand she held,
 Soone into other fits he was transmewed,
 Till she to him her gracious speach renewed,
 All haile, Sir knight, and well may thee befall,
 As all the like, which honour haue pursewed
 Through deedes of armes and prowesse martiall,
 All vertue merits praise, but such the most of all
 To whom he thus, O fairest vnder skie, xxxviii
 True be thy words, and worthy of thy praise,
 That warlike feats doest highest glorifie
 Therein haue I spent all my youthly daies,
 And many battailes fought, and many fraies
 Throughout the world, wher so they might be found,
 Endeououring my dreadd name to raise
 About the Moone, that fame may it resound
 In her eternall trompe, with laurell girland croud

xxxv 1 hand 1596 hand 1609 3 name, 1590 &c
 xxxvi 6 forth, 1590 xxxviii 4 haue I] I haue 1590

But what art thou, O Ladie, which doest raunge xxxix
 In this wilde Forrest, where no pleasure is,
 And doest not it for ioyous court exchange,
 Emongst thine equall peres, where happie blis
 And all delight does raigne, much more then this?
 There thou maist loue, and dearely loued bee,
 And swim in pleasure, which thou here doest mis,
 There maist thou best be seene, and best maist see
 The wood is fit for beasts, the court is fit for thee
 Who so in pompe of proud estate (quoth she) xi
 Does swim, and bathes himselfe in courtly blis,
 Does waste his dayes in darke obscuritee,
 And in obliuion euer buried is
 Where ease abounds, yt's eath to doe amis,
 But who his limbs with labours, and his mind
 Behaues with cares, cannot so easie mis
 Abroad in armes, at home in studious kind
 Who seekes with painfull toile, shall honor soonest find
 In woods, in waues, in warres she wonts to dwell, xli
 And will be found with perill and with paine,
 Ne can the man, that moulds in idle cell,
 Vnto her happie mansion attaine
 Before her gate high God did Sweat ordaine,
 And wakefull watches euer to abide
 But easie is the way, and passage plaine
 To pleasures pallace, it may soone be spide,
 And day and night her dores to all stand open wide
 In Princes court, The rest she would haue said, xlii
 But that the foolish man, fild with delight
 Of her sweet words, that all his sence dismaid,
 And with her wondrous beautie rausht quight,
 Gan burne in filthy lust, and leaping light,
 Thought in his bastard armes her to embrace
 With that she swaruing backe, her Iauelin bright
 Against him bent, and fiercely did menace
 So turned her about, and fled away apace

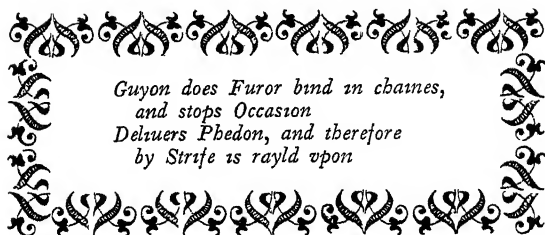
Which when the Peasant saw, amazd he stood, xlii
 And griued at her flight, yet durst he not
 Pursue her steps, through wild vnknownen wood,
 Besides he feard her wrath, and threatned shot
 Whiles in the bush he lay, not yet forgot
 Ne car'd he greatly for her presence vaine,
 But turning said to *Trompart*, What foule blot
 Is this to knight, that Ladie should againe
 Depart to woods vntoucht, and leaue so proud disdaine?

Perdie (said *Trompart*) let her passe at will, xliii
 Least by her presence daunger mote befall
 For who can tell (and sure I feare it ill)
 But that she is some powre celestiall?
 For whiles she spake, her great words did apall
 My feeble courage, and my hart oppresse,
 That yet I quake and tremble ouer all
 And I (said *Braggadocchio*) thought no lesse,
 When first I heard her horne sound with such ghastrinesse

For from my mothers wombe this grace I haue xliv
 Me giuen by eternall destinie,
 That earthly thing may not my courage braue
 Dismay with feare, or cause one foot to flie,
 But either hellish feends, or powres on hie
 Which was the cause, when earst that horne I heard,
 Weening it had beene thunder in the skie,
 I hid my selfe from it, as one affeard,
 But when I other knew, my selfe I boldly reard

But now for feare of worse, that may betide, xlv
 Let vs soone hence depart They soone agree,
 So to his steed he got, and gan to ride,
 As one vnfit therefore, that all might see
 He had not trayned bene in cheualree
 Which well that valiant courser did discerne,
 For he despysd to tread in dew degree,
 But chaufd and fom'd, with courage fierce and sterne,
 And to be easd of that base burden still did erne

xliii 2 griued 1596 xlv 4 one] on 1590, 1596
 xlvii 9 yerne 1609

Cant. IIII.

IN braue pursuit of honoiable deed, 1
 There is I know not what great difference
 Betweene the vulgar and the noble seed,
 Which vnto things of valorous pretence
 Seemes to be borne by natue influence,
 As feates of armes, and loue to entertaine,
 But chiefly skill to ride, seemes a science
 Proper to gentle blood, some others faine
 To menage steeds, as did this vaunter, but in vaine
 But he the rightfull owner of that steed, 11
 Who well could menage and subdew his pride,
 The whiles on foot was forced for to yeed,
 With that blacke Palmer, his most trusty guide,
 Who suffred not his wandring feet to slide
 But when strong passion, or weake fleshlinesse
 Would from the right way seeke to draw him wide,
 He would through temperance and stedfastnesse,
 Teach him the weake to strengthen, and the strong suppress
 It fortun'd forth faring on his way, 111
 He saw from farre, or seemed for to see
 Some troublous vprore or contentious fray,
 Whereto he drew in haste it to agree
 A mad man, or that feigned mad to bee,
 Drew by the haire along vpon the ground,
 A handsome stripling with great crueltee,
 Whom sore he bett, and gor'd with many a wound,
 That cheekes with teares, and sides with blood did all abound

Arg 3 *Phedon*] *Phaon* 1590 4 *strife* 1590, 1596

1 2 (what) 1590

And him behind, a wicked Hag did stalke, iv
In ragged robes, and filthy disaray,
Her other leg was lame, that she no'te walke,
But on a staffe her feeble steps did stay,
Her lockes, that loathly were and hoarie gray,
Grew all afore, and loosely hong vnrold,
But all behind was bald, and worne away,
That none thereof could euer taken hold,
And eke her face ill fauouid, full of wrinckles old
And euer as she went, her tongue did walke v
In foule reproch, and termes of vile despight,
Prouoking him by her outrageous talke,
To heape more vengeance on that wretched wight,
Sometimes she laught him stones, wherwith to smite,
Sometimes her staffe, though it her one leg were,
Withouten which she could not go vpright,
Ne any euill meanes she did foibeare,
That might him moue to wrath, and indignation reare
The noble *Guyon* mou'd with great iemorse, vi
Approching, first the Hag did thrust away,
And after adding more impetuous forse,
His mightie hands did on the madman lay,
And pluckt him backe, who all on fire streight way,
Against him turning all his fell intent,
With beastly brutish rage gan him assay,
And smot, and bit, and kickt, and scratcht, and rent,
And did he wist not what in his auengement
And sure he was a man of mickle might, vii
Had he had gouernance, it well to guide
But when the franticke fit inflamd his spright,
His force was vaine, and strooke more often wide,
Then at the aymed marke, which he had eide
And oft himselfe he chaunst to hurt vnwares,
Whilst reason blent through passion, nought descride,
But as a blindfold Bull at randon fares, [nought cares
And where he hits, nought knowes, and whom he hurts,

His rude assault and rugged handeling viii
 Straunge seemed to the knight, that aye with foe
 In faire defence and goodly menaging
 Of armes was wont to fight, yet nathemoe
 Was he abashed now not fighting so,
 But more enfierced through his currish play,
 Him sternely grypt, and haling to and fro,
 To ouerthrow him strongly did assay,
 But ouerthrew himsele vnwares, and lower lay
 And being downe the villein sore did beat, ix
 And bruze with clownish fistes his manly face
 And eke the Hag with many a bitter threat,
 Still cald vpon to kill him in the place
 With whose reproch and odious menace
 The knight emboying in his haughtie hart,
 Knit all his forces, and gan soone vnbrace
 His grasping hold so lightly did vpstart,
 And drew his deadly weapon, to maintaine his part
 Which when the Palmer saw, he loudly cryde, x
 Not so, O *Guyon*, neuer thinke that so
 That Monster can be maistred or destroyd
 He is not, ah, he is not such a foe,
 As steele can wound, or strength can ouerthroe
 That same is *Furor*, cursed cruell wight,
 That vnto knighthood workes much shame and woe,
 And that same Hag, his aged mother, hight
Occasion, the root of all wrath and despight
 With her, who so will raging *Furor* tame, xi
 Must first begin, and well her amenage
 First her restraine from her reprochfull blame,
 And euill meanes, with which she doth enrage
 Her franticke sonne, and kindles his courage,
 Then when she is withdrawn, or strong withstood,
 It's eath his idle furie to asswage,
 And calme the tempest of his passion wood,
 The bankes are ouerflowen, when stopped is the flood

Thewewith Sir *Guyon* left his first emprise, xii
 And turning to that woman, fast her hent
 By the hoare lockes, that hong before her eyes,
 And to the ground her threw yet n'ould she stent
 Her bitter rayling and foule reulement,
 But still prouokt her sonne to wreake her wrong,
 But nathelesse he did her still torment,
 And catching hold of her vngratious tong,
 Thereon an yron lock did fasten firme and strong
 Then when as vse of speach was from hei left, xiii
 With her two crooked handes she signes did make,
 And beckned him, the last helpe she had left
 But he that last left helpe away did take,
 And both her hands fast bound vnto a stake,
 That she note stirre Then gan her sonne to flie
 Full fast away, and did her quite forsake,
 But *Guyon* after him in haste did hie,
 And soone him ouertooke in sad perplexitie
 In his strong armes he stiffely him embraste, xiv
 Who him gainstriuing, nought at all preuaile
 For all his power was vtterly defaste,
 And furious fits at earst quite weren quaild
 Oft he re'nforst, and oft his forces fayld,
 Yet yield he would not, nor his rancour slacke
 Then him to ground he cast, and rudely hayld,
 And both his hands fast bound behind his backe,
 And both his feet in fetters to an yron racke
 With hundred yron chaines he did him bind, xv
 And hundred knots that did him sore constraîne
 Yet his great yron teeth he still did grind,
 And grimly gnash, threatning reuenge in vaine,
 His burning eyen, whom bloudie strakes did staine,
 Stared full wide, and threw forth sparkes of fire,
 And more for ranck despight, then for great paine,
 Shakt his long lockes, colourd like copper-wire,
 And bit his tawny beard to shew his raging ire

xii 8 tongue 1590 tonge *F E* 9 lock, 1590, 1596

- Thus when as *Guyon Furor* had captiu'd, xvi
 Turning about he saw that wretched Squire,
 Whom that mad man of life nigh late depriu'd,
 Lying on ground, all soild with bloud and mire
 Whom when as he perceiued to respire,
 He gan to comfort, and his wounds to dresse
 Being at last recured, he gan inquire,
 What hard mishap him brought to such distresse,
 And made that caitiues thral, the thral of wretchednesse
- With hart then throbbing, and with watry eyes, xvii
 Faire Sir (quoth he) what man can shun the hap,
 That hidden lyes vnwares him to surpryse?
 Misfortune waites aduantage to entrap
 The man most warie in her whelming lap
 So me weake wretch, of many weakest one,
 Vnweeting, and vnware of such mishap,
 She brought to mischiefe through occasion,
 Where this same wicked villein did me light vpon
- It was a faithlesse Squire, that was the sourse xviii
 Of all my sorrow, and of these sad teares,
 With whom from tender dug of commune nourse,
 Attonce I was vpbrought, and eft when yeares
 More rype vs reason lent to chose our Peares,
 Our selues in league of vowed loue we knit
 In which we long time without gealous feares,
 Or faultie thoughts continewd, as was fit,
 And for my part I vow, dissembled not a whit
- It was my fortune commune to that age, xix
 To loue a Ladie faire of great degree,
 The which was borne of noble parentage,
 And set in highest seat of dignitee,
 Yet seemd no lesse to loue, then loued to bee
 Long I her seru'd, and found her faithfull still,
 Ne euer thing could cause vs disagree
 Loue that two harts makes one, makes eke one will
 Each stroue to please, and others pleasure to fulfill
- xvii 3 surpryse 1590, 1596 6 one] wretch 1590 8 occasion] her
 gulf full trech 1590 9 light vpon] wandring ketch 1590 xviii 8 Or]
 Our 1609 xix 8 one,] one, 1596

My friend, hight *Philemon*, I did partake xx
 Of all my loue and all my priuitie,
 Who greatly ioyous seemed for my sake,
 And gracious to that Ladie, as to mee,
 Ne euer wight, that mote so welcome bee,
 As he to her, withouten blot or blame,
 Ne euer thing, that she could thinke or see,
 But vnto him she would impart the same
 O wretched man, that would abuse so gentle Dame
 At last such grace I found, and meanes I wrought, xxi
 That I that Ladie to my spouse had wonne,
 Accord of friends, consent of parents sought,
 Affiance made, my happinesse begonne,
 There wanted nought but few rites to be donne,
 Which mariage make, that day too farre did seeme
 Most ioyous man, on whom the shining Sunne
 Did shew his face, my selfe I did esteeme,
 And that my false friend did no lesse ioyous deeme
 But ere that wished day his beame disclosd, xxii
 He either enuying my toward good,
 Or of himselfe to treason ill disposd,
 One day vnto me came in friendly mood,
 And told for secret how he vnderstood
 That Ladie whom I had to me assynd,
 Had both distaind her honorable blood,
 And eke the faith, which she to me did bynd,
 And therefore wisht me stay, till I more truth should fynd
 The gnawing anguish and sharpe gelosy, xxiii
 Which his sad speech infixd in my brest,
 Ranckled so sore, and festred inwardly,
 That my engreeued mind could find no rest,
 Till that the truth thereof I did outwrest,
 And him besought by that same sacred band
 Betwixt vs both, to counsell me the best
 He then with solemne oath and plighted hand
 Assur'd, ere long the truth to let me vnderstand.

xx i partake, 1590, 1596
 xxii i ere] ear 1590

xxii 7 Sunne, 1590, 1596
 3 disposd 1590, 1596

Eie long with like againe he boorded mee, xxiv
 Saying, he now had boulded all the flouie,
 And that it was a groome of base degree,
 Which of my loue was paitner Paramoure
 Who vsed in a darkesome inner bowre
 Her oft to meet which better to approue,
 He promised to bring me at that howie,
 When I should see, that would me nearei moue,
 And drue me to withdraw my blind abused loue

This gracelesse man for furtherance of his guile, xxv
 Did court the handmayd of my Lady deare,
 Who glad t'embosome his affection vile,
 Did all she might, more pleasing to appeare
 One day to worke her to his will more neare,
 He woo'd her thus *Pryene* (so she hight)
 What great despyght doth fortune to thee beare,
 Thus lowly to abase thy beautie bright,
 That it should not deface all others lesser light?

But if she had her least helpe to thee lent, xxvi
 T'adorne thy forme according thy desart,
 Their blazing pride thou wouldest soone haue blent,
 And staynd their prayses with thy least good part,
 Ne should faire *Claribell* with all her art,
 Though she thy Lady be, approach thee neare
 For prooffe thereof, this euening, as thou art,
 Aray thy selfe in her most gorgeous geare,
 That I may more delight in thy embracement deare

The Maidenproud through prayse, and mad through loue xxvii
 Him hearkned to, and soone her selfe arayd,
 The whiles to me the treachour did remoue
 His craftie engin, and as he had sayd,
 Me leading, in a secret corner layd,
 The sad spectatour of my Tragedie,
 Where left, he went, and his owne false part playd,
 Disguised like that groome of base degree,
 Whom he had feignd th'abuser of my loue to bee

Eftsoones he came vnto th'appointed place, xxviii
 And with him brought *Pryene*, rich arayd,
 In *Claribellaes* clothes Her proper face
 I not discerned in that darkesome shade,
 But weend it was my loue, with whom he playd
 Ah God, what horroure and tormenting grieve
 My hart, my hands, mine eyes, and all assayd?
 Me liefer were ten thousand deathes priefe,
 Then wound of gealous worme, and shame of such repriefe
 I home returning, fraught with fowle despight, xxix
 And chawing vengeance all the way I went,
 Soone as my loathed loue appeard in sight,
 With wrathfull hand I slew her innocent,
 That after soone I dearely did lament
 For when the cause of that outrageous deede
 Demanded, I made plaine and euident,
 Her faultie Handmayd, which that bale did breede,
 Confest, how *Philemon* her wrought to chaunge her weede
 Which when I heard, with horrible affright xxx
 And hellish fury all enragd, I sought
 Vpon my selfe that vengeable despight
 To punish yet it better first I thought,
 To wreake my wrath on him, that first it wrought
 To *Philemon*, false faytour *Philemon*
 I cast to pay, that I so dearely bought,
 Of deadly drugs I gaue him drinke anon,
 And washt away his guilt with guiltie potion
 Thus heaping crime on crime, and grieve on grieve, xxxi
 To losse of loue adioynning losse of frend,
 I meant to purge both with a third mischiefe,
 And in my woes beginner it to end
 That was *Pryene*, she did first offend,
 She last should smart with which cruell intent,
 When I at her my murderous blade did bend,
 She fled away with ghastly dreriment,
 And I pursewing my fell purpose, after went

Feare gaue her wings, and rage enforst my flight, xxxii
 Through woods and plaines so long I did her chace,
 Till this mad man, whom your victorious might
 Hath now fast bound, me met in middle space,
 As I her, so he me pursewd apace,
 And shortly ouertooke I, breathing yre,
 Sore chauffed at my stay in such a cace,
 And with my heat kindled his cruell fyre,
 Which kindled once, his mother did more rage inspyre
 Betwixt them both, they haue me doen to dye, xxxiii
 Through wounds, and strokes, and stubborne handeling,
 That death were better, then such agony,
 As grieve and furie vnto me did bring,
 Of which in me yet stickes the mortall sting,
 That during life will neuer be appeasd
 When he thus ended had his sorrowing,
 Said *Guyon*, Squire, sore haue ye beene diseasd,
 But all your hurts may soone through temperance be easd
 Then gan the Palmer thus, Most wretched man, xxxiv
 That to affections does the bridle lend,
 In their beginning they are weake and wan,
 But soone through suffrance grow to fearefull end,
 Whiles they aie weake betimes with them contend
 For when they once to perfect strength do grow,
 Strong warres they make, and cruell battry bend
 Gainst fort of Reason, it to ouerthrow
 Wrath, gelosie, grieve, loue this Squire haue layd thus low
 Wrath, gealosie, grieve, loue do thus expell xxxv
 Wrath is a fire, and gealosie a weede,
 Grieve is a flood, and loue a monster fell,
 The fire of sparkes, the weede of little seede,
 The flood of drops, the Monster filth did breede
 But sparks, seed, drops, and filth do thus delay,
 The sparks soone quench, the springing seed outweede,
 The drops dry vp, and filth wipe cleane away
 So shall wrath, gealosie, grieve, loue dye and decay

xxxii 6 I,] I 1590, 1596

xxxiv I most 1590, 1596

xxxv 7 outweede 1590, 1596

Vnlucky Squire (said *Guyon*) sith thou hast xxxvi

Falne into mischiefe through intemperaunce,
Henceforth take heede of that thou now hast past,
And guide thy wayes with warie gouernaunce,
Least worse betide thee by some later chaunce
But read how art thou nam'd, and of what kin
Phedon I hight (quoth he) and do aduaunce
Mine auncestry from famous *Coradin*,

Who first to rayse our house to honour did begin

Thus as he spake, lo far away they spyde xxxvii

A varlet running towards hastily,
Whose flying feet so fast their way applyde,
That round about a cloud of dust did fly,
Which mingled all with sweate, did dim his eye
He soone approched, panting, breathlesse, whot,
And all so soyld, that none could him descry,
His countenaunce was bold, and bashed not

For *Guyons* lookes, but scornefull eyglaunce at him shot

Behind his backe he bore a brasen shield, xxxviii

On which was drawn faire, in colours fit,
A flaming fire in midst of bloudy field,
And round about the wreath this word was writ,
Burnt I do burne Right well beseemed it,
To be the shield of some redoubted knight,
And in his hand two darts exceeding flit,
And deadly sharpe he held, whose heads were dight

In poyson and in bloud, of malice and despight

When he in presence came, to *Guyon* first xxxix

He boldly spake, Sir knight, if knight thou bee,
Abandon this forestalled place at erst,
For feare of further harme, I counsell thee,
Or bide the chaunce at thine owne ieopardie
The knight at his great boldnesse wondered,
And though he scornd his idle vanitie,
Yet mildly him to purpose answered,

For not to grow of nought he it coniectured

Varlet, this place most dew to me I deeme, xi
 Yilded by him, that held it forcibly
 Butwhenceshouldcome that harme, which thou doest seeme
 To threat to him, that minds his chaunce t'abye?
 Perdy (said he) here comes, and is hard by
 A knight of wondrous powre, and great assay,
 That neuer yet encountred enemy,
 But did him deadly daunt, or fowle dismay,
 Ne thou for better hope, if thou his presence stay
 How hight he then (said *Guyon*) and from whence? xli
Pyrochles is his name, renowned farre
 For his bold feats and hardy confidence,
 Full oft approu'd in many a cruell warie,
 The brother of *Cymochles*, both which arise
 The sonnes of old *Acrates* and *Despight*,
Acrates sonne of *Phlegeton* and *Iarre*,
 But *Phlegeton* is sonne of *Herebus* and *Night*,
 But *Herebus* sonne of *Aeternitie* is hight
 So from immortall race he does proceede, xlii
 That mortall hands may not withstand his might,
 Drad for his derring do, and bloody deed,
 For all in bloud and spoile is his delight
 His am I *Atin*, his in wrong and right,
 That matter make for him to worke vpon,
 And stirre him vp to strife and cruell fight
 Fly therefore, fly this fearefull stead anon,
 Least thy foolhardize worke thy sad confusion
 His be that care, whom most it doth concerne, xliii
 (Said he) but whither with such hasty flight
 Art thou now bound? for well mote I discerne
 Great cause, that carries thee so swift and light
 My Lord (quoth he) me sent, and streight behight
 To seeke *Occasion*, where so she bee
 For he is all disposd to bloody fight,
 And breathes out wrath and hainous crueltie,
 Hard is his hap, that first fals in his iopardie

xli 2 *Pyrrhocles* 1590 &c, *passim* corr F E

xliii 6 *Occasion*, 1590, 1596

Madman (said then the Palmer) that does seeke xlv

Occasion to wrath, and cause of strife,
 She comes vnsought, and shonned followes eke
 Happy, who can abstaine, when Rancour rife
 Kindles Reuenge, and threats his rusty knife,
 Woe neuer wants, where euery cause is caught,
 And rash *Occasion* makes vnquiet life

Then loe, where bound she sits, whom thou hast sought,
 (Said *Guyon*,) let that message to thy Lord be brought

That when the varlet heard and saw, streight way xlv

He waxed wondrous wroth, and said, Vile knight,
 That knights and knighthood doest with shame vpbray,
 And shewst th'ensample of thy childish might,
 With silly weake old woman thus to fight
 Great glory and gay spoile sure hast thou got,
 And stoutly prou'd thy puissaunce here in sight,
 That shall *Pyrochles* well requite, I wot,

And with thy blood abolish so reprochfull blot

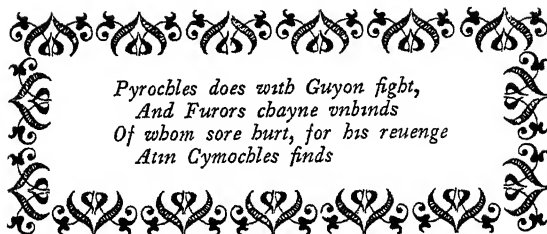
With that one of his thrillant darts he threw, xlv1

Headed with ire and vengeable despight,
 The quivering steele his aymed end well knew,
 And to his brest it selfe intended right
 But he was warie, and ere it empight
 In the meant marke, aduaunst his shield atweene,
 On which it seizing, no way enter might,
 But backe rebounding, left the forckhead keene,

Eftsoones he fled away, and might no where be seene

xlv 5 thus to] that did 1590

Cant. V.



WHo euer doth to temperaunce apply
 His stedfast life, and all his actions frame,
 Trust me, shall find no greater enemy,
 Then stubborne perturbation, to the same,
 To which right well the wise do giue that name,
 For it the goodly peace of stayed mindes
 Does ouerthrow, and troublous warre proclame
 His owne woes authour, who so bound it findes,
 As did *Pyrochles*, and it wilfully vnbindes

After that varlets flight, it was not long,
 Ere on the plaine fast pricking *Guyon* spide
 One in bright armes embatteiled full strong,
 That as the Sunny beames do glaunce and glide
 Vpon the trembling waue, so shined bright,
 And round about him threw forth sparkling fire,
 That seemd him to enflame on euery side
 His steed was bloody red, and fomed ire,
 When with the maistring spur he did him roughly stire
 Approching nigh, he neuer stayd to greete,
 Ne chaffar words, prouwd courage to prouoke,
 But prickt so fiers, that vnderneath his feete
 The smouldring dust did round about him smoke,
 Both horse and man nigh able for to choke,
 And fairly couching his steele-headed speare,
 Him first saluted with a sturdy stroke,
 It booted nought Sir *Guyon* comming neare
 To thinke, such hideous puissaunce on foot to beare

Arg 2 vnbinds] vnbinds 1596 vntyes, 1590 3, 4 as in 1596 (except
 Atin Gymochles 1596) Who him sore wounds, whiles Atin to Gymochles for
 ayd flies 1590 iii 2 chaffar 1609

But lightly shunned it, and passing by, 1v
 With his bright blade did smite at him so fell,
 That the sharpe steele arriuing forcibly
 On his broad shield, bit not, but glauncing fell
 On his horse necke before the quilted sell,
 And from the head the body sundred quight
 So him dismounted low, he did compell
 On foot with him to matchen equall fight,
 The truncked beast fast bleeding, did him fowly dight
 Sore bruized with the fall, he slow vprose, v
 And all enraged, thus him loudly shent,
 Disleall knight, whose coward courage chose
 To wreake it selfe on beast all innocent,
 And shund the marke, at which it should be ment,
 Thereby thine armes seeme strong, but manhood fraile,
 So hast thou oft with guile thine honour blent,
 But litle may such guile thee now auaile,
 If wonted force and fortune do not much me faile
 With that he drew his flaming sword, and strooke vi
 At him so fiercely, that the vpper marge
 Of his seuenfolding shield away it tooke,
 And glauncing on his helmet, made a large
 And open gash therein were not his targe,
 That broke the violence of his intent,
 The weary soule from thence it would discharge,
 Nathelesse so sore a buff to him it lent,
 That made him reele, and to his brest his beuer bent
 Exceeding wroth was *Guyon* at that blow, vii
 And much ashamd, that stroke of liuing arme
 Should him dismay, and make him stoup so low,
 Though otherwise it did him litle harme
 Tho hurling high his yron braced arme,
 He smote so manly on his shoulder plate,
 That all his left side it did quite disarm,
 Yet there the steele stayd not, but inly bate
 Deepe in his flesh, and opened wide a red floodgate

Deadly dismayd, with horreur of that dint viii
Pyrochles was, and grieued eke entyre,
 Yet nathemore did it his fury stint,
 But added flame vnto his former fire,
 That welnigh molt his hart in raging yre,
 Ne thenceforth his approued skill, to ward,
 Or strike, or hurtle round in warlike gyre,
 Remembred he, ne car'd for his saufgard,
 But rudely rag'd, and like a cruell Tygre fai'd
 He hewd, and lasht, and foynd, and thundred blowes, ix
 And euery way did seeke into his life,
 Ne plate, ne male could ward so mighty throwes,
 But yielded passage to his cruell knife
 But *Guyon*, in the heat of all his strife,
 Was warie wise, and closely did awayt
 Auauntage, whilst his foe did rage most rife,
 Sometimes a thwart, sometimes he strooke him strayt,
 And falsed oft his blowes, t'illude him with such bayt
 Like as a Lyon, whose imperiall powre x
 A prowd rebellious Vnicorne defies,
 T'auoide the rash assault and wrathfull stowre
 Of his fiers foe, him to a tree applies,
 And when him running in full course he spies,
 He slips aside, the whiles that furious beast
 His precious horne, sought of his enimies,
 Strikes in the stocke, ne thence can be releast,
 But to the mighty victour yields a bounteous feast
 With such faire slight him *Guyon* often faild, xi
 Till at the last all breathlesse, wearie, faint
 Him spying, with fresh onset he assald,
 And kindling new his courage seeming queint,
 Strooke him so hugely, that through great constraint
 He made him stoup perforce vnto his knee,
 And do vnwilling worship to the Saint,
 That on his shield depainted he did see,
 Such homage till that instant neuer learned hee

viii 7 hurtle] hurle, 1596 hurlen 1609 warlike] warelike 1596
 x 7 enimye 1590 enimies 1596 8 releast 1596

Whom *Guyon* seeing stoup, puisewed fast
 The present offer of faire victory,
 And soone his dreadfull blade about he cast,
 Wherewith he smote his haughty crest so hye,
 That streight on ground made him full low to lye,
 Then on his brest his victour foote he thrust,
 With that he cryde, Mercy, do me not dye,
 Ne deeme thy force by fortunes doome vnjust,
 That hath (maugre her spight) thus low me laid in dust
 Eftsoones his cruell hand Sir *Guyon* stayd, xiii
 Tempring the passion with aduizement slow,
 And maistring might on enemy dismayd
 For th'equall dye of warre he well did know,
 Then to him said, Lye and allegaunce owe,
 To him that giues thee life and libertie,
 And henceforth by this dayes ensample trow,
 That hasty wroth, and heedlesse hazardrie
 Do breede repentaunce late, and lasting infamie
 So vp he let him rise, who with grim looke xiv
 And count'naunce sterne vpstanding, gan to grind
 His grated teeth for great disdeigne, and shooke
 His sandy lockes, long hanging downe behind,
 Knotted in bloud and dust, for grieve of mind,
 That he in ods of armes was conquered,
 Yet in himselfe some comfort he did find,
 That him so noble knight had maistered,
 Whose bounty more then might, yet both he wondered
 Which *Guyon* marking said, Be nought agrieu'd, xv
 Sir knight, that thus ye now subdewd arre
 Was neuer man, who most conquestes atchieu'd,
 But sometimes had the worse, and lost by warre,
 Yet shortly gaynd, that losse exceeded farre
 Losse is no shame, nor to be lesse then foe,
 But to be lesser, then himselfe, doth marre
 Both losers lot, and victours prayse alsoe
 Vaine others ouerthrowes, who selfe doth ouerthrowe
xii 8 by] but cony ed xv 3 atchieu'd 1590 &c 9 who selfe] whose
 selfe 1609

- Fly, O *Pyrochles*, fly the dreadfull warre,
 That in thy selfe thy lesser parts do moue,
 Outrageous anger, and woe-working iarre,
 Direfull impatience, and hart murdring loue,
 Those, those thy foes, those warriours far remoue,
 Which thee to endlesse bale captiued lead
 But sith in might thou didst my mercy proue,
 Of curtesie to me the cause aread,
 That thee against me drew with so impetuous dread
 Dreadlesse (said he) that shall I soone declare
 It was complaind, that thou hadst done great tort
 Vnto an aged woman, poore and bare,
 And thralld her in chaines with strong effort,
 Voide of all succour and needfull comfort
 That ill beseemes thee, such as I thee see,
 To worke such shame Therefore I thee exhort,
 To chaunge thy will, and set *Occasion* free,
 And to her captiue sonne yield his first libertee
 Thereat Sir *Guyon* smilde, And is that all
 (Said he) that thee so sore displeased hath?
 Great mercy sure, for to enlarge a thrall,
 Whose freedome shall thee turne to greatest scath
 Nath'lesse now quench thy whot emboyling wiath
 Loe there they be, to thee I yield them free
 Thereat he wondrous glad, out of the path
 Did lightly leape, where he them bound did see,
 And gan to breake the bands of their captiuitee
 Soone as *Occasion* felt her selfe vntyde,
 Before her sonne could well assoyled bee,
 She to her vse returnd, and streight defyde
 Both *Guyon* and *Pyrochles* th'one (said shee)
 Bycause he wonne, the other because hee
 Was wonne So matter did she make of nought,
 To stirre vp strife, and do them disagreee
 But soone as *Furor* was enlargd, she sought
 To kindle his quencht fire, and thousand causes wrought
- xvi 8 a read, 1596 xvii 8 occasion 1590 Occasion 1596 xviii 5
 embayling 1590 corr F E xix 4 shee] hee 1590, 1596 7 do]
 garre 1590

It was not long, ere she inflam'd him so, xx
 That he would algates with *Pyrochles* fight,
 And his redeemer chalengd for his foe,
 Because he had not well mainteind his right,
 But yielded had to that same straunger knight
 Now gan *Pyrochles* wex as wood, as hee,
 And him affronted with impatient might
 So both together fiers engrasped bee,
 Whiles *Guyon* standing by, their vncouth strife does see
 Him all that while *Occasion* did prouoke xxi
 Against *Pyrochles*, and new matter framed
 Vpon the old, him stirring to be wroke
 Of his late wrongs, in which she oft him blamed
 For suffering such abuse, as knighthood shamed,
 And him dishabled quite But he was wise
 Ne would with vaine occasions be inflamed,
 Yet others she more vrgent did deuise
 Yet nothing could him to impatience entise
 Their fell contention still increased more, xxii
 And more thereby increased *Furors* might,
 That he his foe has hurt, and wounded sore,
 And him in bloud and durt deformed quight
 His mother eke, more to augment his spight,
 Now brought to him a flaming fire brond,
 Which she in *Stygian* lake, ay burning bright,
 Had kindled that she gaue into his hond,
 That armd with fire, more hardly he mote him withstond
 Tho gan that villen wex so fiers and strong, xxiii
 That nothing might sustaine his furious forse,
 He cast him downe to ground, and all along
 Drew him through durt and myre without remorse,
 And fowly battered his comely corse,
 That *Guyon* much disdeignd so loathly sight
 At last he was compeld to cry perforce,
 Helpe, O Sir *Guyon*, helpe most noble knight,
 To rid a wretched man from hands of hellish wight

xx i occasion 1609 xxii 5 spight] spright 1609 6 fyer 1590
 fier 1609 7 bright 1590, 1596 xxiii 1 that] the 1609

The knight was greatly moued at his plaint,
 And gan him dight to succour his distresse,
 Till that the Palmer, by his graue restraint,
 Him stayd from yielding pitifull redresse,
 And said, Deare sonne, thy causelesse ruth repiesse,
 Ne let thy stout hart melt in pittie vayne
 He that his sorrow sought through wilfulnesse,
 And his foe fettred would release agayne,
 Deserues to tast his follies fruit, repented payne

xxiv

Guyon obeyd, So him away he drew
 From needlesse trouble of renewing fight
 Already fought, his voyage to pursue
 But rash *Pyrochles* varlet, *Ann* hight,
 When late he saw his Lord in heauy plight,
 Vnder Sir *Guyons* puissaunt stroke to fall,
 Him deeming dead, as then he seemd in sight,
 Fled fast away, to tell his funerall

xxv

Vnto his brother, whom *Cymochles* men did call

He was a man of rare redoubted might,
 Famous throughout the world for warlike prayse,
 And glorious spoiles, purchast in perilous fight
 Full many doughtie knights he in his dayes
 Had doen to death, subdewde in equall frayes,
 Whose carkases, for terrour of his name,
 Of fowles and beastes he made the piteous prayes,
 And hong their conquered armes for more defame

xxvi

On gallow trees, in honour of his dearest Dame

His dearest Dame is that Enchaunteresse,
 The vile *Acrasia*, that with vaine delightes,
 And idle pleasures in her *Bowre* of *Blisse*,
 Does charme her louers, and the feeble sprightes
 Can call out of the bodies of fraile wightes
 Whom then she does transforme to monstrous hewes,
 And horribly misshapes with vgly sightes,
 Captiu'd eternally in yron mewes,

xxvii

And darksom dens, where *Titan* his face neuer shewes

xxiv 8 agayne 1596
 xxvii 3 her] his 1596 6 trasforme 1590

There *Ann* found *Cymochles* sojourning, xxviii
 To serue his Lemans loue for he, by kind,
 Was giuen all to lust and loose liuing,
 When euer his fiers hands he free mote find
 And now he has pourd out his idle mind
 In daintie delices, and lauish ioyes,
 Hauing his warlike weapons cast behind,
 And flowes in pleasures, and vaine pleasing toyes,
 Mingled amongst loose Ladies and lasciuious boyes
 And ouer him, art struing to compaire xxix
 With nature, did an Arber greene dispred,
 Framed of wanton Yuie, flouing faire,
 Through which the fragrant Eglantine did spread
 His pricking armes, entrayld with roses red,
 Which daintie odours round about them threw,
 And all within with flowres was garnished,
 That when myld *Zephyrus* amongst them blew,
 Did breath out bounteous smels, and painted colors shew
 And fast beside, there trickled softly downe xxx
 A gentle streame, whose murmuring waue did play
 Amongst the pumy stones, and made a sowne,
 To lull him soft a sleepe, that by it lay,
 The wearie Traueiler, wandring that way,
 Therein did often quench his thristy heat,
 And then by it his wearie limbes display,
 Whiles creeping slomber made him to forget
 His former paine, and wypt away his toylsom sweat.
 And on the other side a pleasaunt groue xxxi
 Was shot vp high, full of the stately tree,
 That dedicated is t'*Olympicke Ioue*,
 And to his sonne *Alcides*, whenas hee
 Gaynd in *Nemea* goodly victoree,
 Therein the mery buds of euery sort
 Chaunted alowd their chearefull harmonie
 And made amongst them selues a sweet consort,
 That quickned the dull spright with musicall comfort.

xxviii 2 he,] he 1590, 1596 xxix 5 pricking] prickling 1590
 xxxi 5 Gaynd in *Nemea*] In *Netmus* gayned 1590 *Nemus F E*

There he him found all carelesly displayd, xxxii
 In secret shadow from the sunny ray,
 On a sweet bed of lillies softly layd,
 Amidst a flocke of Damzels fresh and gay,
 That round about him dissolute did play
 Their wanton follies, and light meriment,
 Euery of which did loosely disaray
 Her vpper parts of meet habiliments,
 And shewd them naked, deckt with many ornaments
 And euery of them stroue, with most delights, xxxiii
 Him to aggrate, and greatest pleasures shew,
 Some framd faire lookes, glancing like euening lights,
 Others sweet words, dropping like honny dew,
 Some bathed kisses, and did soft embrew
 The sugred licour through his melting lips
 One boastes her beautie, and does yeeld to vew
 Her daintie limbes aboue her tender hips,
 Another her out boastes, and all for tryall strips
 He, like an Adder, lurking in the weeds, xxxiv
 His wandring thought in deepe desire does steepe,
 And his fraile eye with spoyle of beautie feedes,
 Sometimes he falsely faines himselfe to sleepe,
 Whiles through their lids his wanton eies do peepe,
 To steale a snatch of amorous conceipt,
 Whereby close fire into his heart does creepe
 So, them deceiues, deceru'd in his deceit,
 Made drunke with drugs of deare voluptuous receipt
Ann arriuing there, when him he spide, xxxv
 Thus in still waues of deepe delight to wade,
 Fiercely approching, to him lowdly cride,
Cymochles, oh no, but *Cymochles* shade,
 In which that manly person late did fade,
 What is become of great *Acrates* sonne?
 Or where hath he hong vp his mortall blade,
 That hath so many haughtie conquests wonne?
 Is all his force forlorne, and all his glory donne?
 xxxiii 3 lights 1596 xxxiv 6 conceit 1609 8 So, he them 1590, 1596

Then pricking him with his sharpe-pointed dart,
 He said, Vp, vp, thou womanish weake knight,
 That here in Ladies lap entombed art,
 Vnmindfull of thy praise and prowest might,
 And weetlesse eke of lately wrought despight,
 Whiles sad *Pyrochles* lies on senselesse ground,
 And groneth out his vtmost grudging spright,
 Through many a stroke, and many a streaming wound,
 Calling thy helpe in vaine, that here in ioyes art dround

xxxvi

Suddenly out of his delightfull dreame
 The man awoke, and would haue questiond more,
 But he would not endure that wofull theame
 For to dilate at large, but vrged sore
 With percing words, and pittifull implore,
 Him hastie to arise As one affright
 With hellish feends, or *Furies* mad vprore,
 He then vprose, inflam'd with fell despight,
 And called for his armes, for he would algates fight

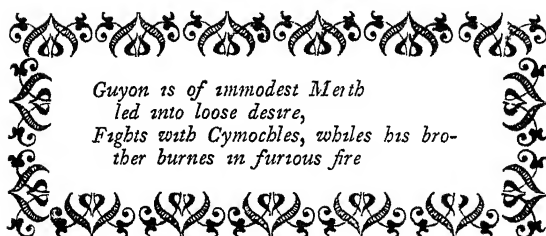
xxxvii

They bene ybrought, he quickly does him dight,
 And lightly mounted, passeth on his way,
 Ne Ladies loues, ne sweete entreaties might
 Appease his heat, or hastie passage stay,
 For he has vowd, to beene aueng'd that day,
 (That day it selfe him seemed all too long)
 On him, that did *Pyrochles* deare dismay
 So proudly pricketh on his courser strong,
 And *Ann* aie him pricks with spurs of shame and wrong.

xxxviii

xxxvi 2 Vp,] vp, 1590, 1596

Cant. VI.



A Harder lesson, to learne Continence
In ioyous pleasure, then in grieuous paine
For sweetnesse doth allure the weaker sence
So strongly, that vneathes it can refraine
From that, which feeble nature couets faine,
But griefe and wrath, that be her enemies,
And foes of life, she better can restraine,
Yet vertue vauntes in both their victories,
And *Guyon* in them all shewes goodly maisteries

Whom bold *Cymochles* traueelling to find,
With cruell purpose bent to wreake on him
The wrath, which *Ann* kindled in his mind,
Came to a riuer, by whose vtmost brim
Wayting to passe, he saw whereas did swim
A long the shore, as swift as glaunce of eye,
A litle Gondelay, bedecked trim
With boughes and arbours wouen cunningly,
That like a litle forrest seemed outwardly

And therein sate a Ladie fresh and faire,
Making sweet solace to her selfe alone,
Sometimes she sung, as loud as larke in aire,
Sometimes she laught, that nigh her breth was gone,
Yet was there not with her else any one,
That might to her moue cause of meriment
Matter of merth enough, though there were none,
She could deuise, and thousand waies inuent,
To feede her foolish humour, and vaine iolliment

Arg 1 *Merth*, 1590, 1596 1 7 restraine] abstaine 1590 8 then] her
1590 iii 4 that nigh her breth was gone,] as merry as Pope Ione, 1590
6 might to her] to her might 1590 7 none 1590 &c

Which when farre off *Cymochles* heard, and saw, iv
 He loudly cald to such, as were a bord,
 The little barke vnto the shore to draw,
 And him to ferrie ouer that deepe ford
 The merry marriner vnto his word
 Soone hearkned, and her painted bote streightway
 Turnd to the shore, where that same warlike Lord
 She in receiu'd, but *Ann* by no way
 She would admit, albe the knight her much did pray
 Eftsoones her shallow ship away did slide, v
 More swift, then swallow sheres the liquid skie,
 Withouten oare or Pilot it to guide,
 Or winged canuas with the wind to flie,
 Only she turn'd a pin, and by and by
 It cut away vpon the yielding waue,
 Ne cared she her course for to apply
 For it was taught the way, which she would haue,
 And both from rocks and flats it selfe could wisely saue
 And all the way, the wanton Damzell found vi
 New merth, her passenger to entertaine
 For she in pleasant purpose did abound,
 And greatly ioyed merry tales to faine,
 Of which a store-house did with her remaine,
 Yet seemed, nothing well they her became,
 For all her words she drownd with laughter vaine,
 And wanted grace in vtt'ring of the same,
 That turned all her pleasance to a scoffing game
 And other whiles vaine toyes she would deuize vii
 As her fantasticke wit did most delight,
 Sometimes her head she fondly would aguize
 With gaudie girlonds, or fresh flowrets dight
 About her necke, or rings of rushes plight,
 Sometimes to doe him laugh, she would assay
 To laugh at shaking of the leaues light,
 Or to behold the water worke, and play
 About her litle frigot, therein making way

Her light behauour, and loose dalliaunce viii
 Gaue wondrous great contentment to the knight,
 That of his way he had no souenaunce,
 Nor care of vow'd reuenge, and cruell fight,
 But to weake wench did yeeld his martiall might
 So easie was to quench his flamed mind
 With one sweet drop of sensuall delight,
 So easie is, t'appease the stormie wind
 Of malice in the calme of pleasant womankind
 Diuerse discourses in their way they spent, ix
 Mongst which *Cymochles* of her questioned,
 Both what she was, and what that vsage ment,
 Which in her cot she daily practised
 Vaine man (said she) that wouldest be reckoned
 A straunger in thy home, and ignoraunt
 Of *Phædria* (for so my name is red)
 Of *Phædria*, thine owne fellow seruauant,
 For thou to serue *Acrasia* thy selfe doest vaunt
 In this wide Inland sea, that hight by name x
 The *Idle lake*, my wandring ship I row,
 That knowes her port, and thither sailes by ayme,
 Ne care, ne feare I, how the wind do blow,
 Or whether swift I wend, or whether slow
 Both slow and swift a like do serue my tourne,
 Ne swelling *Neptune*, ne loud thundring *Ioue*
 Can chaunge my cheare, or make me euer mourne,
 My litle boat can safely passe this perilous bourne
 Whiles thus she talked, and whiles thus she toyd, xi
 They were farre past the passage, which he spake,
 And come vnto an Island, waste and voyd,
 That floted in the midst of that great lake,
 There her small Gondelay her port did make,
 And that gay paire issuing on the shore
 Disburdned her Their way they forward take
 Into the land, that lay them faire before,
 Whose pleasaunce she him shew'd, and plentifull great store

It was a chosen plot of fertile land, xii
 Emongst wide waues set, like a litle nest,
 As if it had by Natures cunning hand
 Bene choisely picked out from all the rest,
 And laid forth for ensample of the best
 No daintie flowre or herbe, that growes on ground,
 No arboret with painted blossomes drest,
 And smelling sweet, but there it might be found
 To bud out faire, and her sweet smels throw all around
 No tree, whose braunches did not brauely spring, xiii
 No braunch, whereon a fine bird did not sit
 No bird, but did her shrill notes sweetly sing;
 No song but did containe a louely dit
 Trees, braunches, birds, and songs were framed fit,
 For to allure fraile mind to carelesse ease
 Carelesse the man soone woxe, and his weake wit
 Was ouercome of thing, that did him please,
 So pleased, did his wrathfull purpose faire appease
 Thus when she had his eyes and senses fed xiv
 With false delights, and fild with pleasures vaine,
 Into a shadie dale she soft him led,
 And laid him downe vpon a grassie plaine,
 And her sweet selfe without dread, or disdaine,
 She set beside, laying his head disarm'd
 In her loose lap, it softly to sustaine,
 Where soone he slumbred, fearing not be harm'd,
 The whiles with a loud lay she thus him sweetly charm'd
 Behold, O man, that toilesome paines doest take, xv
 The flowres, the fields, and all that pleasant growes,
 How they themselues doe thine ensample make,
 Whiles nothing enuious nature them forth throwes
 Out of her fruitfull lap, how, no man knowes,
 They spring, they bud, they blossome fresh and faire,
 And deck the world with their rich pompous showes,
 Yet no man for them taketh paines or care,
 Yet no man to them can his carefull paines compare

xii 3 hand, 1590 &c 9 her sweet smels throw] throwe her sweete smels 1590
 xiv 9 loud] loue 1590 xv 1 take 1590, 1596 5 no man] noman 1590

The lilly, Ladie of the flowring field, xvi
 The Flowie-deluce, her louely Paramoure,
 Bid thee to them thy fruitlesse labours yield,
 And soone leaue off this toylesome wearie stoure,
 Loe loe how braue she decks her bounteous boure,
 With silken curtens and gold couerlets,
 Therein to shrowd her sumptuous Belamoure,
 Yet neither spinnes nor cardes, ne cares nor frets,
 But to her mother Nature all her care she lets

Why then dost thou, O man, that of them all xvii
 Art Lord, and eke of nature Soueraine,
 Wilfully make thy selfe a wretched thrall,
 And wast thy ioyous houres in needlesse paine,
 Seeking for daunger and aduentures vaine?
 What bootes it all to haue, and nothing vse?
 Who shall him rew, that swimming in the maine,
 Will die for thirst, and water doth refuse?
 Refuse such fruitlesse toile, and present pleasures chuse

By this she had him lulled fast a sleepe, xviii
 That of no worldly thing he caie did take,
 Then she with liquors strong his eyes did steepe,
 That nothing should him hastily awake
 So she him left, and did her selfe betake
 Vnto her boat againe, with which she cleft
 The slouthfull waue of that great griesly lake,
 Soone she that Island farre behind her left,
 And now is come to that same place, where first she weft

By this time was the worthy *Guyon* brought xix
 Vnto the other side of that wide strond,
 Where she was rowing, and for passage sought
 Him needed not long call, she soone to hond
 Her ferry brought, where him she byding fond,
 With his sad guide, himselfe she tooke a boord,
 But the *Blacke Palmer* suffred still to stond,
 Ne would for price, or prayers once affoord,
 To ferry that old man ouer the perlous foord

xvii 8 thirst] thirst 1590 xviii 2 worldly] worldly 1590 7 waue]
 waues 1609 griesly] griesly 1590

Guyon was loath to leaue his guide behind,
Yet being entred, might not backe retyre,
For the flit barke, obaying to her mind,
Forth launched quickly, as she did desire,
Ne gaue him leaue to bid that aged sire
Adieu, but nimbly ran her wonted course
Through the dull billowes thicke as troubled mire,
Whom neither wind out of their seat could forse,
Nor timely tides did driue out of their sluggish sourse

xx

And by the way, as was her wonted guize,
Her merry fit she freshly gan to reare,
And did of ioy and iollitie deuize,
Her selfe to cherish, and her guest to cheare
The knight was courteous, and did not forbear
Her honest merth and pleasaunce to partake,
But when he saw her toy, and gibe, and geare,
And passe the bonds of modest merimake,
Her dalliance he despisd, and follies did forsake

xxi

Yet she still followed her former stile,
And said, and did all that mote him delight,
Till they arriued in that pleasant Ile,
Where sleeping late she left her other knight
But when as *Guyon* of that land had sight,
He wist himselfe amisse, and angry said,
Ah Dame, perdie ye haue not doen me right,
Thus to mislead me, whiles I you obaid
Me litle needed from my right way to haue straid

xxii

Faire Sir (quoth she) be not displeasd at all,
Who fares on sea, may not commaund his way,
Ne wind and weather at his pleasure call
The sea is wide, and easie for to stray,
The wind vnstable, and doth neuer stay
But here a while ye may in safety rest,
Till season serue new passage to assay,
Better safe port, then be in seas distrest
Therewith she laught, and did her earnest end in iest

xxiii

But he halfe discontent, mote nathelasse xxiv
 Himselfe appease, and issewd forth on shore
 The ioyes whereof, and happie fruitfulnessse,
 Such as he saw, she gan him lay before,
 And all though pleasant, yet she made much more
 The fields did laugh, the flowres did freshly spring,
 The trees did bud, and earely blossomes bore,
 And all the quire of birds did sweetly sing,
 And told that gardins pleasures in their caroling
 And she more sweet, then any bird on bough, xxv
 Would oftentimes emongst them beare a part,
 And strue to passe (as she could well enough)
 Their natiue musicke by her skilfull art
 So did she all, that might his constant hart
 Withdraw from thought of warlike enterprize,
 And drowne in dissolute delights apart,
 Where noyse of armes, or vew of martiall guize
 Might not reuiue desire of knightly exercize
 But he was wise, and warie of her will, xxvi
 And euer held his hand vpon his hart
 Yet would not seeme so rude, and thewed ill,
 As to despise so courteous seeming part,
 That gentle Ladie did to him impart,
 But fairely tempring fond desire subdewd,
 And euer her desired to depart
 She list not heare, but her disports poursewd,
 And euer bad him stay, till time the tide renewd
 And now by this, *Cymochles* howre was spent, xxvii
 That he awoke out of his idle dreme,
 And shaking off his drowzie dreriment,
 Gan him auize, how ill did him beseeme,
 In slouthfull sleepe his molten hart to steme,
 And quench the brond of his conceued ire
 Tho vp he started, stird with shame extreme,
 Ne staid for his Damzell to inquire,
 But marched to the strond, there passage to require

And in the way he with Sir *Guyon* met, xxviii
 Accompanyde with *Phædria* the faire,
 Eftsoones he gan to rage, and inly fret,
 Crying, Let be that Ladie debonaire,
 Thou recreant knight, and soone thy selfe prepare
 To battell, if thou meane her loue to gaine
 Loe, loe alreadie, how the fowles in aire
 Doe flocke, awaiting shortly to obtaine
 Thy carcasse for their pray, the guerdon of thy paine
 And therewithall he fiercely at him flew, xxix
 And with importune outrage him assayld,
 Who soone prepard to field, his sword forth drew,
 And him with equall value counteruayld
 Their mightie strokes their haberieons dismayld,
 And naked made each others manly spalles,
 The mortall steele despiteously entayld
 Deepe in their flesh, quite through the yron walles,
 That a large purple streame adown their giambeux falles
Cymochles, that had neuer met before xxx
 So puissant foe, with enuious despight
 His proud presumed force increased more,
 Disdeigning to be held so long in fight,
 Sir *Guyon* giudging not so much his might,
 As those vnknightly raylings, which he spoke,
 With wrathfull fire his courage kindled bright,
 Thereof deuising shortly to be wroke,
 And doubling all his powres, redoubled euery stroke
 Both of them high attonce their hands enhaunst, xxxi
 And both attonce their huge blowes downe did sway,
Cymochles sword on *Guyons* shield yglaunst,
 And thereof nigh one quarter sheard away,
 But *Guyons* angry blade so fierce did play
 On th'others helmet, which as *Titan* shone,
 That quite it cloue his plumed crest in tway,
 And bared all his head vnto the bone,
 Wherewith astonisht, still he stood, as senselesse stone

xxix 2 importune] importance 1596 important 1609

xxx 1 before, 1590, 1596

Still as he stood, faire *Phædria*, that beheld xxxii
 That deadly daunger, soone atweene them ran,
 And at their feet her selfe most humbly feld,
 Crying with pitteous voice, and count'nance wan,
 Ah well away, most noble Lords, how can
 Your cruell eyes endure so pitteous sight,
 To shed your liues on ground? wo worth the man,
 That first did teach the cursed steele to bight
 In his owne flesh, and make way to the liuing spright
 If euer loue of Ladie did emperce xxxiii
 Your yron brestes, or pittie could find place,
 Withhold your bloudie hands from battell fierce,
 And sith for me ye fight, to me this grace
 Both yeeld, to stay your deadly strife a space
 They stayd a while and forth she gan proceed
 Most wretched woman, and of wicked race,
 That am the author of this hainous deed,
 And cause of death betweene two doughtie knights doe breed
 But if for me ye fight, or me will serue, xxxiv
 Not this rude kind of battell, nor these armes
 Are meet, the which doe men in bale to sterue,
 And dolefull sorrow heape with deadly haimes
 Such cruell game my scarmoges disarmes
 Another warre, and other weapons I
 Doe loue, where loue does giue his sweet alarmes,
 Without bloudshed, and where the enemy
 Does yeeld vnto his foe a pleasant victory
 Debatefull strife, and cruell enmitie xxxv
 The famous name of knighthood fowly shend,
 But louely peace, and gentle amitie,
 And in Amours the passing houres to spend,
 The mightie martiall hands doe most commend,
 Of loue they euer greater glory bore,
 Then of their armes *Mars* is *Cupidoes* frend,
 And is for *Venus* loues renowned more,
 Then all his wars and spoiles, the which he did of yore

Therewith she sweetly smyld They though full bent xxxvi

To proue extremities of bloudie fight,
 Yet at her speach their rages gan relent,
 And calme the sea of their tempestuous spight,
 Such powre haue pleasing words such is the might
 Of courteous clemencie in gentle hart
 Now after all was ceast, the Faery knight
 Besought that Damzell suffer him depart,

And yield him readie passage to that other part

She no lesse glad, then he desirous was xxxvii

Of his departure thence, for of her ioy
 And vaine delight she saw he light did pas,
 A foe of folly and immodest toy,
 Still solemne sad, or still disdainfull coy,
 Delighting all in armes and cruell warre,
 That her sweet peace and pleasures did annoy,
 Troubled with terrour and vnquiet iarre,

That she well pleased was thence to amoue him farre

Tho him she brought aboard, and her swift bote xxxviii

Forthwith directed to that further strand,
 The which on the dull waues did lightly flote
 And soone arriued on the shallow sand,
 Where gladsome *Guyon* salied forth to land,
 And to that Damzell thanks gaue for reward
 Vpon that shore he spied *Atin* stand,
 There by his maister left, when late he far'd

In *Phedrias* flit barke ouer that perlous shard

Well could he him remember, sith of late xxxix

He with *Pyrochles* sharp debatement made,
 Streight gan he him reuile, and bitter rate,
 As shepherds curre, that in darke euenings shade
 Hath tracted forth some saluage beastes trade,
 Vile Miscreant (said he) whither doest thou fle
 The shame and death, which will thee soone inuade?

What coward hand shall doe thee next to die,

That art thus foully fled from famous enemie?

xxxvi 1 bent, 1590, 1596

xxxviii 5 salied] sailed 1609

8 Thereby 1590, 1596

9 flit] fleet 1609

xxxix 5 beastes 1609

With that he stiffely shooke his steelehead dart xi
 But sober *Guyon*, hearing him so raile,
 Though somewhat moued in his mightie hart,
 Yet with strong reason maistred passion fraile,
 And passed fairely forth He turning taile,
 Backe to the strond retyrd, and there still stayd,
 Awaiting passage, which him late did faile,
 The whiles *Cymochles* with that wanton mayd
 The hastie heat of his auowd reuenge delayd

Whylest there the varlet stood, he saw from farre xii
 An armed knight, that towards him fast ran,
 He ran on foot, as if in lucklesse warre
 His forlorne steed from him the victour wan,
 He seemed breathlesse, hartlesse, faint, and wan,
 And all his armour sprinckled was with bloud,
 And soylde with durtie gore, that no man can
 Discerne the hew thereof He neuer stood,
 But bent his hastie course towards the idle flood

The varlet saw, when to the flood he came, xiii
 How without stop or stay he fiercely lept,
 And deepe him selfe beducked in the same,
 That in the lake his loftie crest was steept,
 Ne of his safetie seemed care he kept,
 But with his raging armes he rudely flasht
 The waues about, and all his armour swept,
 That all the bloud and filth away was washt,
 Yet still he bet the water, and the billowes dasht

Ann drew nigh, to weet what it mote bee, xlii
 For much he wondred at that vncouth sight,
 Whom should he, but his owne deare Lord, there see,
 His owne deare Lord *Pyrochles*, in sad plight,
 Readie to drowne himselfe for fell despight
 Harrow now out, and well away, he cryde,
 What dismall day hath lent this cursed light,
 To see my Lord so deadly damnifyde?
Pyrochles, O *Pyrochles*, what is thee betyde?

xli 1 Whiles 1609

xlii 3 beducked 1596

6 flasht, 1590 8c

xliii 7 lent but this his cursed light, 1590

8 damnifyde 1590, 1596

I burne, I burne, I burne, then loud he cryde, xlii
 O how I burne with implacable fire,
 Yet nought can quench mine inly flaming syde,
 Nor sea of licour cold, nor lake of mire,
 Nothing but death can doe me to respire.
 Ah be it (said he) from *Pyrochles* farre
 After pursewing death once to require,
 Or think, that ought those puissant hands may marre
 Death is for wretches borne vnder vnhappy starre

Perdie, then is it fit for me (said he) xlii
 That am, I weene, most wretched man aliue,
 Burning in flames, yet no flames can I see,
 And dying daily, daily yet reuiue
 O *Attin*, helpe to me last death to giue
 The varlet at his plaint was grieued so sore,
 That his deepe wounded hart in two did riuie,
 And his owne health remembring now no more,
 Did follow that ensample, which he blam'd afore

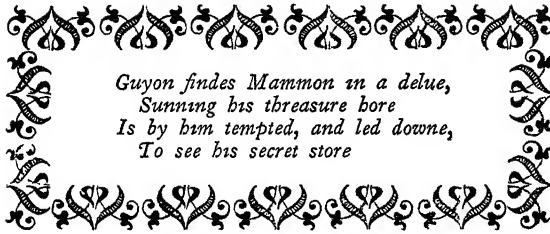
Into the lake he leapt, his Lord to ayd, xliii
 (So Loue the dread of daunger doth despise)
 And of him catching hold him strongly stayd
 From drowning But more happy he, then wise
 Of that seas nature did him not auise
 The waues thereof so slow and sluggish were,
 Engrost with mud, which did them foule agrise,
 That euery weightie thing they did vpbeare,
 Ne ought mote euer sinke downe to the bottome there

Whiles thus they strugled in that idle waue, xliv
 And stroue in vaine, the one himselfe to drowne,
 The other both from drowning for to saue,
 Lo, to that shore one in an auncient gowne,
 Whose hoarie locks great grautie did crowne,
 Holding in hand a goodly arming sword,
 By fortune came, led with the troublous sowne
 Where drenched deepe he found in that dull ford
 The carefull seruant, striuing with his raging Lord.

Him *Ann* spying, knew right well of yoie, xlvi
 And loudly cald, Helpe helpe, O *Archimage*,
 To saue my Lord, in wretched plight forlore,
 Helpe with thy hand, or with thy counsell sage
 Weake hands, but counsell is most strong in age
 Him when the old man saw, he wondred sore,
 To see *Pyrochles* there so rudely rage
 Yet sithens helpe, he saw, he needed moie
 Then pittie, he in hast approached to the shore
 And cald, *Pyrochles*, what is this, I see? xlii
 What hellish furie hath at earst thee hent?
 Furious euer I thee knew to bee,
 Yet neuer in this straunge astonishment
 These flames, these flames (he cryde) do me torment
 What flames (quoth he) when I thee present see,
 In daunger rather to be drent, then brent?
 Harrow, the flames, which me consume (said hee)
 Ne can be quencht, within my secret bowels bee
 That cursed man, that cruell feend of hell, 1
Furor, oh *Furor* hath me thus bedight
 His deadly wounds within my liuers swell,
 And his whot fire burnes in mine entrails bright,
 Kindled through his infernall brond of spight,
 Sith late with him I battel vaine would boste,
 That now I weene *Ioues* dreaded thunder light
 Does scorch not halfe so sore, nor damned ghoste
 In flaming *Phlegeton* does not so felly 1oste
 Which when as *Archimago* heard, his grieve li
 He knew right well, and him attonce disarmd
 Then searcht his secret wounds, and made a priefe
 Of euery place, that was with brusing harmd,
 Or with the hidden fire too inly warmd
 Which done, he balmes and herbes thereto applyde,
 And euermore with mighty spels them charmd,
 That in short space he has them qualifyde,
 And him restor'd to health, that would haue algates dyde

xlviii 6 man, saw 1590 corr F E 1 3 liuer 1609
 li 5 fire too] fier 1590 7 euemore 1596

Cant. VII.



AS Pilot well expert in perilous waue, i
 That to a stedfast starre his course hath bent,
 When foggy mistes, or cloudy tempests haue
 The faithfull light of that faire lampe yblent,
 And couer'd heauen with hideous dreriment,
 Vpon his card and compas firmes his eye,
 The maisters of his long experiment,
 And to them does the steddy helme apply,
 Bidding his winged vessell fairely forward fly
 So *Guyon* hauing lost his trusty guide, ii
 Late left beyond that *Ydle lake*, proceedes
 Yet on his way, of none accompanide,
 And euermore himselfe with comfort feedes,
 Of his owne vertues, and prayse-worthy deedes.
 So long he yode, yet no aduenture found,
 Which fame of her shrill trompet worthy reedes.
 For still he traueild through wide wastfull ground,
 That nought but desert wilderness shew'd all around
 At last he came vnto a gloomy glade, iii
 Couer'd with boughes and shrubs from heauens light,
 Whereas he sitting found in secret shade
 An vncouth, saluage, and vnciuile wight,
 Of griesly hew, and fowle ill fauour'd sight,
 His face with smoke was tand, and eyes were beard,
 His head and beard with sout were ill bedight,
 His cole-blacke hands did seeme to haue beene seard
 In smithes fire-spitting forge, and nayles like clawes appeard.

Arg 1 *Mamon* 1590, 1596 1 9 fly 1590, 1596 iii 9 spetting 1609

His yron coate all ouergrowne with rust, iv
 Was vnderneath enueloped with gold,
 Whose glistring glosse darkned with filthy dust,
 Well yet appeared, to haue beene of old
 A worke of rich entayle, and curious mould,
 Wouen with antickes and wild Imagery
 And in his lap a masse of coyne he told,
 And turned vpsidowne, to feede his eye
 And couetous desire with his huge thieasury
 And round about him lay on euery side v
 Great heapes of gold, that neuer could be spent
 Of which some were rude owre, not purifide
 Of *Mulcibers* deuouring element,
 Some others were new driuen, and distent
 Into great Ingoes, and to wedges square,
 Some in round plates withouten monument,
 But most were stampd, and in their metall bare
 The antique shapes of kings and kesars straunge and rare
 Soone as he *Guyon* saw, in great affright vi
 And hast he rose, for to remoue aside
 Those pretious hils from straungers enuious sight,
 And downe them poured through an hole full wide,
 Into the hollow earth, them there to hide
 But *Guyon* lightly to him leaping, stayd
 His hand, that trembled, as one terrifyde,
 And though him selfe were at the sight dismayd,
 Yet him perforce restraynd, and to him doubtfull sayd
 What art thou man, (if man at all thou art) vii
 That here in desert hast thine habitaunce,
 And these rich heapes of wealth doest hide apart
 From the worldes eye, and from her right vsaunce?
 Thereat with staring eyes fixed askaunce,
 In great disdaine, he answerd, Hardy Elfe,
 That darest vew my direfull countenaunce,
 I read thee rash, and heedlesse of thy selfe,
 To trouble my still seate, and heapes of pretious pelfe

iv 4 yet] it 1596, 1609 8 vpside downe 1590 9 And] A 1596
 v 4 *Melcibers* 1590 vii 3 heapes] hils 1590

God of the world and worldlings I me call, viii
 Great *Mammon*, greatest god below the skye,
 That of my plenty poure out vnto all,
 And vnto none my graces do enuye
 Riches, renowme, and principality,
 Honour, estate, and all this worldes good,
 For which men swinck and sweat incessantly,
 Fro me do flow into an ample flood,
 And in the hollow earth haue their eternall brood
 Wherefore if me thou deigne to serue and sew, ix
 At thy commaund lo all these mountaines bee,
 Or if to thy great mind, or greedy vew
 All these may not suffise, there shall to thee
 Ten times so much be numbred francke and free
Mammon (said he) thy godheades vaunt is vaine,
 And idle offers of thy golden fee,
 To them, that couet such eye-glutting gaine,
 Proffer thy giftes, and fitter seruants entertaine
 Me ill besits, that in der-doing armes, x
 And honours suit my vowed dayes do spend,
 Vnto thy bounteous baytes, and pleasing charmes,
 With which weake men thou witchest, to attend
 Regard of worldly mucke doth fowly blend,
 And low abase the high heroicke spright,
 That ioyes for crownes and kingdomes to contend,
 Faire shields, gay steedes, bright armes be my delight
 Those be the riches fit for an aduent'rous knight.
 Vaine glorious Elfe (said he) doest not thou weet, xi
 That money can thy wantes at will supply?
 Shields, steedes, and armes, and all things for thee meet
 It can puruay in twinckling of an eye,
 And crownes and kingdomes to thee multiply
 Do not I kings create, and throw the crowne
 Sometimes to him, that low in dust doth ly?
 And him that raignd, into his rowme thrust downe,
 And whom I lust, do heape with glory and renowne?
 x i besits] befits 1609

All otherwise (said he) I riches read, xii
 And deeme them roote of all disquietnesse,
 First got with guile, and then preseru'd with dread,
 And after spent with pride and lauishnesse,
 Leauing behind them griefe and heaunesse
 Infinite mischiefes of them do arize,
 Strife, and debate, bloudshed, and bitterness,
 Outrageous wrong, and hellish couetize,
 That noble heart as great dishonour doth despize
 Ne thine be kingdomes, ne the scepters thine, xiii
 But realmes and rulers thou doest both confound,
 And loyall truth to treason doest incline,
 Witnesse the guiltlesse bloud pourd oft on ground,
 The crowned often slaine, the slayer croud,
 The sacred Diademe in peeces rent,
 And purple robe gored with many a wound,
 Castles surprizd, great cities sackt and brent
 So mak'st thou kings, and gaynest wrongfull gouernement
 Long were to tell the troublous stormes, that tosse xiv
 The priuate state, and make the life vnsweet
 Who swelling sayles in Caspian sea doth crosse,
 And in frayle wood on *Adrian* gulfe doth fleet,
 Doth not, I weene, so many euils meet
 Then *Mammon* waxing wroth, And why then, said,
 Are mortall men so fond and vndiscreet,
 So euill thing to seeke vnto their ayd,
 And hauing not complaine, and hauing it vpbraid?
 Indeede (quoth he) through fowle intemperaunce, xv
 Frayle men are oft captiu'd to couetise
 But would they thinke, with how small allowaunce
 Vntroubled Nature doth her selfe suffice,
 Such superfluties they would despise,
 Which with sad cares empeach our natue ioyes
 At the well head the purest streames arise.
 But mucky filth his braunching armes annoyes,
 And with vncomely weedes the gentle waue accloyes

- The antique world, in his first flowring youth,
 Found no defect in his Creatours grace,
 But with glad thankes, and vnreproued truth,
 The gifts of soueraigne bountie did embrace
 Like Angels life was then mens happy cace,
 But later ages pride, like corn-fed steed,
 Abusd her plenty, and fat swolne encrease
 To all licentious lust, and gan exceed
 The measure of her meane, and naturall first need
- Then gan a cursed hand the quiet wombe
 Of his great Grandmother with steele to wound,
 And the hid treasures in her sacred tombe,
 With Sacriledge to dig Therein he found
 Fountaines of gold and siluer to abound,
 Of which the matter of his huge desire
 And pompous pride eftsoones he did compound,
 Then auarice gan through his veines inspire
 His greedy flames, and kindled life-deuouring fire
- Sonne (said he then) let be thy bitter scorne,
 And leaue the rudenesse of that antique age
 To them, that liu'd therein in state forlorne,
 Thou that doest liue in later times, must wage
 Thy workes for wealth, and life for gold engage
 If then thee list my offred grace to vse,
 Take what thou please of all this surplusage,
 If thee list not, leaue haue thou to refuse
 But thing refused, do not afterward accuse
- Me list not (said the Elfin knight) receaue
 Thing offred, till I know it well be got,
 Ne wote I, but thou didst these goods bereaue
 From rightfull owner by vnrighteous lot,
 Or that bloud guiltnesse or guile them blot
 Perdy (quoth he) yet neuer eye did vew,
 Ne tounge did tell, ne hand these handled not,
 But safe I haue them kept in secret mew,
 From heauens sight, and powre of all which them pursew
- xviii 2 that om 1596 xix 5 bloodguiltnesse 1590 bloud guiltnesse 1596

xvi

xvii

xviii

xix

- What secret place (quoth he) can safely hold xx
 So huge a masse, and hide from heauens eye?
 Or where hast thou thy wonne, that so much gold
 Thou canst preserue from wrong and robbery?
 Come thou (quoth he) and see So by and by
 Through that thicke couert he him led, and found
 A darkesome way, which no man could descry,
 That deepe descended through the hollow ground,
 And was with dread and horroui compassed around
- At length they came into a larger space, xxi
 That stretcht it selfe into an ample plaine,
 Through which a beaten broad high way did trace,
 That streight did lead to *Plutoes* griesly raine
 By that wayes side, there sate infernall Payne,
 And fast beside him sat tumultuous Strife
 The one in hand an yron whip did straine,
 The other brandished a bloody knife,
 And both did gnash their teeth, and both did threaten life
- On thother side in one consort there sate, xxii
 Cruell Reuenge, and rancorous Despight,
 Disloyall Treason, and hart-burning Hate,
 But gnawing Gealosie out of their sight
 Sitting alone, his bitter lips did bight,
 And trembling Feare still to and fro did fly,
 And found no place, where safe he shroud him might,
 Lamenting Sorrow did in darknesse lye,
 And Shame his vgly face did hide from liuing eye
- And ouer them sad Horroui with grim hew, xxiii
 Did alwayes sore, beating his yron wings,
 And after him Owles and Night-rauens flew,
 The hatefull messengers of heauy things,
 Of death and dolour telling sad tidings,
 Whiles sad *Celeno*, sitting on a clift,
 A song of bale and bitter sorrow sings,
 That hart of flint a sunder could haue rift
 Which hauing ended, after him she flyeth swift
- xxi 5 infernall] internall 1590 xxiii 1 horror 1590 horroui 1596

All these before the gates of *Pluto* lay, xxiv
 By whom they passing, spake vnto them nought.
 But th'Elfin knight with wonder all the way
 Did feed his eyes, and fild his inner thought
 At last him to a litle dore he brought,
 That to the gate of Hell, which gaped wide,
 Was next adioyning, ne them parted ought
 Betwixt them both was but a litle stride,
 That did the house of Richesse from hell-mouth diuide
 Before the dore sat selfe-consuming Care, xxv
 Day and night keeping wary watch and ward,
 For feare least Force or Fraud should vnaware
 Breake in, and spoile the treasure there in gard
 Ne would he suffer Sleepe once thither-ward
 Approach, albe his drowsie den were next,
 For next to death is Sleepe to be compard
 Therefore his house is vnto his annex,
 Here Sleep, there Richesse, and Hel-gate them both betwext
 So soone as *Mammon* there arriu'd, the dore xxvi
 To him did open, and affoorded way,
 Him followed eke Sir *Guyon* euermore,
 Ne darkenesse him, ne daunger might dismay
 Soone as he entred was, the dore streight way
 Did shut, and from behind it forth there lept
 An vgly feend, more fowle then dismall day,
 The which with monstrous stalke behind him stept,
 And euer as he went, dew watch vpon him kept
 Well hoped he, ere long that hardy guest, xxvii
 If euer couetous hand, or lustfull eye,
 Or lips he layd on thing, that likt him best,
 Or euer sleepe his eye-strings did vntye,
 Should be his pray And therefore still on hye
 He ouer him did hold his cruell clawes,
 Threatning with greedy gripe to do him dye
 And rend in peeces with his rauenous pawes,
 If euer he transgrest the fatall *Stygian* lawes

That houses forme within was rude and strong, xxviii
 Like an huge caue, hewne out of rocky clift,
 From whose rough vault the ragged breaches hong,
 Embost with massy gold of glorious gift,
 And with rich metall loaded euery rift,
 That heauy ruine they did seeme to threat,
 And ouer them *Arachne* high did lift
 Her cunning web, and spred her subtil net,
 Enwrapped in fowle smoke and clouds more blacke then Iet
 Both rooffe, and floore, and wals were all of gold, xxix
 But ouergrowne with dust and old decay,
 And hid in darkenesse, that none could behold
 The hew thereof for vew of chearefull day
 Did neuer in that house it selfe display,
 But a faint shadow of vncertain light,
 Such as a lamp, whose life does fade away
 Or as the Moone cloathed with clowdy night,
 Does shew to him, that walkes in feare and sad affright
 In all that rowme was nothing to be seene, xxx
 But huge great yron chests and coffers strong,
 All bard with double bends, that none could weene
 Them to efforce by violence or wrong,
 On euery side they placed were along
 But all the ground with sculs was scattered,
 And dead mens bones, which round about were flong,
 Whose liues, it seemed, whilome there were shed,
 And their vile carcases now left vnburied
 They forward passe, ne *Guyon* yet spoke word, xxxi
 Till that they came vnto an yron dore,
 Which to them opened of his owne accord,
 And shewd of richesse such exceeding store,
 As eye of man did neuer see before,
 Ne euer could within one place be found,
 Though all the wealth, which is, or was of yore,
 Could gathered be through all the world around,
 And that about were added to that vnder ground

The charge thereof vnto a couetous Spright
 Commaunded was, who thereby did attend,
 And warily awaited day and night,
 From other couetous feends it to defend,
 Who it to rob and ransacke did intend
 Then *Mammon* turning to that warriour, said,
 Loe here the worldes blis, loe here the end,
 To which all men do ayme, rich to be made
 Such grace now to be happy, is before thee laid
 Certes (said he) I n'll thine offred grace,
 Ne to be made so happy do intend
 Another blis before mine eyes I place,
 Another happinesse, another end
 To them, that list, these base regards I lend
 But I in armes, and in atchieuements braue,
 Do rather choose my flitting houres to spend,
 And to be Lord of those, that riches haue,
 Then them to haue my selfe, and be their seruile sclaue
 Thereat the feend his gnashing teeth did grate,
 And grieu'd, so long to lacke his greedy pray,
 For well he weened, that so glorious bayte
 Would tempt his guest, to take thereof assay
 Had he so doen, he had him snatcht away,
 More light then Culuer in the Faulcons fist
 Eternall God thee saue from such decay
 But whenas *Mammon* saw his purpose mist,
 Him to entrap vnwares another way he wist
 Thence forward he him led, and shortly brought
 Vnto another rowme, whose dore forthright,
 To him did open, as it had beene taught
 Therein an hundred raunges weren pight,
 And hundred fornaces all burning bright,
 By euery fornace many feends did bide,
 Deformed creatures, horrible in sight,
 And euery feend his busie paines applide,
 To melt the golden metall, ready to be tride

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiv

One with great bellowes gathered filling aire, xxxvi
 And with forst wind the fewell did inflame,
 Another did the dying bronds repaire
 With yron tongs, and sprinckled oft the same
 With liquid waues, fiers *Vulcans* rage to tame,
 Who maistring them, renewd his former heat,
 Some scumd the drosse, that from the metall came,
 Some stird the molten owre with ladles great,
 And euery one did swincke, and euery one did sweat
 But when as earthly wight they present saw, xxxvii
 Glistring in armes and battailous aray,
 From their whot worke they did themselues withdraw
 To wonder at the sight for till that day,
 They neuer creature saw, that cam that way
 Their staring eyes sparckling with feruent fire,
 And vgly shapes did nigh the man dismay,
 That were it not for shame, he would retire,
 Till that him thus bespake their soueraigne Lord and sire
 Behold, thou Faeries sonne, with mortall eye, xxxviii
 That liuing eye before did neuer see
 The thing, that thou didst craue so earnestly,
 To weet, whence all the wealth late shewd by mee,
 Proceeded, lo now is reueald to thee
 Here is the fountaine of the worldes good
 Now therefore, if thou wilt enriched bee,
 Aulse thee well, and chaunge thy wilfull mood,
 Least thou perhaps hereafter wish, and be withstood
 Suffise it then, thou Money God (quoth hee) xxxix
 That all thine idle offers I refuse
 All that I need I haue, what needeth mee
 To couet more, then I haue cause to vse?
 With such vaine shewes thy worldlings vile abuse
 But giue me leaue to follow mine emprise
Mammon was much displeasd, yet no'te he chuse,
 But beare the rigour of his bold mesprise,
 And thence him forward led, him further to entise

xxxvi 4 yron] dying 1590 xxxvii 1 as] an 1590 5 cam 1590
xxxix 8 mesprise] mesprise 1596, 1609

He brought him through a darksome narrow strait, xi
 To a broad gate, all built of beaten gold.
 The gate was open, but therein did wait
 A sturdy vilain, striding stiffe and bold,
 As if that highest God defie he would,
 In his right hand an yron club he held,
 But he himselfe was all of golden mould,
 Yet had both life and sence, and well could weld
 That cursed weapon, when his cruell foes he queld

Disdayne he called was, and did disdaine xii
 To be so cald, and who so did him call
 Sterne was his looke, and full of stomacke vaine,
 His portaunce terrible, and stature tall,
 Far passing th'hight of men terrestriall,
 Like an huge Gyant of the *Titans* race,
 That made him scorne all creatures great and small,
 And with his pride all others powre deface
 More fit amongst blacke fiendes, then men to haue his place

Soone as those glitterand armes he did espye, xlii
 That with their brightnesse made that darknesse light,
 His harmefull club he gan to hurtle hye,
 And threaten batteill to the Faery knight,
 Who likewise gan himselfe to batteill dight,
 Till *Mammon* did his hasty hand withhold,
 And counseld him abstaine from perillous fight
 For nothing might abash the vilain bold,
 Ne mortall steele emperce his miscreated mould

So hauing him with reason pacifide, xliii
 And the fiers Carle commaunding to forbear,
 He brought him in The rowme was large and wide,
 As it some Gyeld or solemne Temple weare
 Many great golden pillours did vpbeare
 The massy rooffe, and riches huge sustayne,
 And euery pillou decked was full deare
 With crownes and Diademes, and titles vaine,
 Which mortall Princes wore, whiles they on earth did rayne

xl 5 if *om* 1596 that] the 1590 &c corr *F E* would 1596
 7 But] And 1590 golden] yron 1590 xli 3 his] to 1596, 1609
 5 terrestiall 1609

A route of people there assembled were, xlii
 Of euery sort and nation vnder skye,
 Which with great vprore preaced to draw nere
 To th'vpper part, where was aduaunced hye
 A stately siege of soueraigne maiestye,
 And thereon sat a woman gorgeous gay,
 And richly clad in robes of royaltie,
 That neuer earthly Prince in such aray
 His glory did enhaunce, and pompous pride display
 Her face right wondrous faire did seeme to bee, xlii
 That her broad beauties beam great brightnes threw
 Through the dim shade, that all men might it see
 Yet was not that same her owne natiue hew,
 But wrought by art and counterfettéd shew,
 Thereby more louers vnto hei to call,
 Nath'lesse most heauenly faire in deed and vew
 She by creation was, till she did fall,
 Thenceforth she sought for helps, to cloke her crime withall
 There, as in glistring glory she did sit, xliii
 She held a great gold chaine ylincked well,
 Whose vpper end to highest heauen was knit,
 And lower part did reach to lowest Hell,
 And all that preace did round about her swell,
 To catchen hold of that long chaine, thereby
 To clime aloft, and others to excell
 That was *Ambition*, rash desire to sty,
 And euery lincke thereof a step of dignity
 Some thought to raise themselues to high degree, xlvi
 By riches and vnrighteous reward,
 Some by close shouldring, some by flatteree,
 Others through friends, others for base regard,
 And all by wrong wayes for themselues prepar'd
 Those that were vp themselues, kept others low,
 Those that were low themselues, held others hard,
 Ne suffred them to rise or greater grow,
 But euery one did striue his fellow downe to throw.

Which whenas *Guyon* saw, he gan inquire, xlvi
 What meant that preace about that Ladies throne,
 And what she was that did so high aspire
 Him *Mammon* answered, That goodly one,
 Whom all that folke with such contention,
 Do flocke about, my deare, my daughter is,
 Honour and dignitie from her alone
 Deriued are, and all this worldes blis
 For which ye men do striue few get, but many mis

And faire *Philotime* she rightly hight, xlii
 The fairest wight that wonneth vnder skye,
 But that this darksome neather world her light
 Doth dim with horroure and deformitie,
 Worthy of heauen and hye felicitie,
 From whence the gods haue her for enuy thrust
 But sith thou hast found fauour in mine eye,
 Thy spouse I will her make, if that thou lust,
 That she may thee aduance for workes and merites iust

Gramercy *Mammon* (said the gentle knight) 1
 For so great grace and offred high estate,
 But I, that am fraile flesh and earthly wight,
 Vnworthy match for such immortall mate
 My selfe well wote, and mine vnequall fate,
 And were I not, yet is my trouth yplight,
 And loue auowd to other Lady late,
 That to remoue the same I haue no might.

To chaunge loue causelesse is reproch to warlike knight

Mammon emmoued was with inward wrath, 11
 Yet forcing it to faine, him forth thence led
 Through griesly shadowes by a beaten path,
 Into a gardin goodly garnished
 With hearbs and fruits, whose kinds mote not be red
 Not such, as earth out of her fruitfull woomb
 Throwes forth to men, sweet and well sauoured,
 But direfull deadly blacke both leafe and bloom,
 Fit to adorne the dead, and decke the drery toombe.

xlvi 6 my deare my, 1596 7 alone, 1590 &c. 11 *Mammon* 1590, 1596

There mournfull *Cypresse* grew in greatest store, li
 And trees of bitter *Gall*, and *Heben* sad,
 Dead sleeping *Poppy*, and blacke *Hellebore*,
 Cold *Coloquintida*, and *Tetra* mad,
 Mortall *Samnits*, and *Cicuta* bad,
 With which th'vniust *Atheniens* made to dy
 Wise *Socrates*, who thereof quaffing glad
 Poured out his life, and last Philosophy
 To the faire *Critias* his dearest Belamy

The *Gardin* of *Proserpina* this hight, liii
 And in the midst thereof a siluer seat,
 With a thicke Arber goodly ouer dight,
 In which she often vsd from open heat
 Her selfe to shroud, and pleasures to entreat
 Next thereunto did grow a goodly tree,
 With branches broad dispred and body great,
 Clothed with leaues, that none the wood mote see
 And loaden all with fruit as thicke as it might bee

Their fruit were golden apples glistring bright, liiv
 That goodly was their glory to behold,
 On earth like neuer grew, ne liuing wight
 Like euer saw, but they from hence were sold,
 For those, which *Hercules* with conquest bold
 Got from great *Atlas* daughters, hence began,
 And planted there, did bring forth fruit of gold
 And those with which th'*Eubæan* young man wan
 Swift *Atalanta*, when through craft he her out ran.

Here also sprong that goodly golden fruit, lv
 With which *Acontus* got his loue trew,
 Whom he had long time sought with fruitlesse suit
 Here eke that famous golden Apple grew,
 The which amongst the gods false *Ate* threw,
 For which th'*Idæan* Ladies disagreed,
 Till partiall *Paris* dempt it *Venus* dew,
 And had of her, faire *Helen* for his meed,
 That many noble *Greekes* and *Troians* made to bleed

li 6 Which with 1590, 1596 Which-with 1609 liii 1 *Gardin* 1596
 liiv 8 th'] the 1590, 1596 corr F E

The warlike Elfe much wondred at this tree, lvi
 So faire and great, that shadowed all the ground,
 And his broad braunches, laden with rich fee,
 Did stretch themselues without the vtmost bound
 Of this great gardin, compast with a mound,
 Which ouer-hanging, they themselues did steepe,
 In a blacke flood which flow'd about it round,
 That is the riuier of *Cocytus* deepe,
 In which full many soules do endlesse waile and weepe
 Which to behold, he clomb vp to the banke, lvii
 And looking downe, saw many damned wights,
 In those sad waues, which direfull deadly stanke,
 Plonged continually of cruell Sprights,
 That with their pitteous cryes, and yelling shrights,
 They made the further shore resounden wide
 Emongst the rest of those same ruefull sights,
 One cursed creature he by chaunce espide,
 That drenched lay full deepe, vnder the Garden side
 Deepe was he drenched to the vpmost chin, lviii
 Yet gaped still, as coueting to drinke
 Of the cold liquor, which he waded in,
 And stretching forth his hand, did often thinke
 To reach the fruit, which grew vpon the brincke
 But both the fruit from hand, and floud from mouth
 Did flie abacke, and made him vainely swinke
 The whiles he steru'd with hunger and with drouth
 He daily dyde, yet neuer throughly dyen couth
 The knight him seeing labour so in vaine, lix
 Askt who he was, and what he ment thereby
 Who groning deepe, thus answerd him againe;
 Most cursed of all creatures vnder skye,
 Lo *Tantalus*, I here tormented lye
 Of whom high *Ioue* wont whylome feasted bee,
 Lo here I now for want of food doe dye
 But if that thou be such, as I thee see,
 Of grace I pray thee, giue to eat and drinke to mee

lvi 1 Elfe, 1590, 1596

lvii 8 creature, 1590, 1596

Nay, nay, thou greedie *Tantalus* (quoth he) lx
 Abide the fortune of thy present fate,
 And vnto all that liue in high degree,
 Ensample be of mind intemperate,
 To teach them how to vse their present state
 Then gan the cursed wretch aloud to cry,
 Accusing highest *Ioue* and gods ingrate,
 And eke blaspheming heauen bitterly,
 As authour of vniustice, there to let him dye
 He lookt a little further, and espyde lxi
 Another wretch, whose carkasse deepe was drent
 Within the riuer, which the same did hyde
 But both his hands most filthy feculent,
 Aboue the water were on high extent,
 And faynd to wash themselues incessantly,
 Yet nothing cleaner were for such intent,
 But rather fowler seemed to the eye,
 So lost his labour vaine and idle industry
 The knight him calling, asked who he was, lxii
 Who lifting vp his head, him answerd thus
 I *Pilate* am the falsest Iudge, alas,
 And most vniust, that by vnrighteous
 And wicked doome, to Iewes despiteous
 Deliuered vp the Lord of life to die,
 And did acquite a murdrer felonous,
 The whiles my hands I washt in puritie,
 The whiles my soule was soyld with foule iniquitie
 Infinite moe, tormented in like paine lxiii
 He there beheld, too long here to be told
 Ne *Mammon* would there let him long remaine,
 For terrour of the tortures manifold,
 In which the damned soules he did behold,
 But roughly him bespake Thou fearefull foole,
 Why takest not of that same fruit of gold,
 Ne sittest downe on that same siluer stoole,
 To rest thy wearie person, in the shadow coole
 lx 4 intemperate] more temperate 1590

All which he did, to doe him deadly fall
 In frayle intemperance through sinfull bayt,
 To which if he inclined had at all,
 That dreadfull feend, which did behind him wayt,
 Would him haue rent in thousand peeces strayt
 But he was warie wise in all his way,
 And well perceiued his deceptfull sleight,
 Ne suffred lust his safetie to betray,
 So goodly did beguile the Guyler of the pray

lxiv

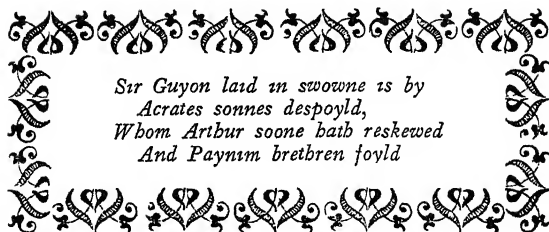
And now he has so long remained there,
 That vitall powres gan wexe both weake and wan,
 For want of food, and sleepe, which two vpbeare,
 Like mightie pillours, this fraile life of man,
 That none without the same enduren can
 For now three dayes of men were full outwrought,
 Since he this hardie enterprize began
 For thy great *Mammon* fairely he besought,
 Into the world to guide him backe, as he him brought

lxv

The God, though loth, yet was constraind t'obay,
 For lenger time, then that, no liuing wight
 Below the earth, might suffred be to stay
 So backe againe, him brought to liuing light
 But all so soone as his enfeebled spright
 Gan sucke this vitall aire into his brest,
 As ouercome with too exceeding might,
 The life did flit away out of her nest,
 And all his senses were with deadly fit opprest

lxvi

lxiv 9 the pray] his pray 1590

Cant. VIII.

AND is there care in heauen[?] and is there loue
 In heavenly spirits to these creatures bace,
 That may compassion of their euils moue[?]
 There is else much more wretched were the cace
 Of men, then beasts But O th'exceeding grace
 Of highest God, that loues his creatures so,
 And all his workes with mercy doth embrace,
 That blessed Angels, he sends to and fro,
 To serue to wicked man, to serue his wicked foe
 How oft do they, their siluer bowers leaue,
 To come to succour vs, that succour want[?]
 How oft do they with golden pineons, cleaue
 The flitting skyes, like flying Pursuiuant,
 Against foule feends to aide vs millitant[?]
 They for vs fight, they watch and dewly ward,
 And their bright Squadrons round about vs plant,
 And all for loue, and nothing for reward
 O why should heavenly God to men haue such regard[?]
 During the while, that *Guyon* did abide
 In *Mammons* house, the Palmer, whom whyleare
 That wanton Mayd of passage had denide,
 By further search had passage found elsewhere,
 And being on his way, approched neare,
 Where *Guyon* lay in traunce, when suddenly
 He heard a voice, that called loud and cleare,
 Come hither, come hither, O come hastily,
 That all the fields resounded with the ruefull cry

iii 2 *Mamons* 1590, 1596 8 Come hithei, hither 1609

The Palmer lent his eare vnto the noyce, iv
To weet, who called so importunely
Againe he heard a more efforced voyce,
That bad him come in haste He by and by
His feeble feet directed to the cry,
Which to that shadie delue him brought at last,
Where *Mammon* earst did sunne his treasury
There the good *Guyon* he found slumbring fast
In senselesse dreame, which sight at first him sore aghast
Beside his head there sate a faire young man, v
Of wondrous beautie, and of freshest yeares,
Whose tender bud to blossome new began,
And flourish faire aboue his equall peares,
His snowy front curled with golden heares,
Like *Phæbus* face adornd with sunny rayes,
Diuinely shone, and two sharpe winged sheares,
Decked with diuerse plumes, like painted layes,
Were fixed at his backe, to cut his ayerie wayes
Like as *Cupido* on *Idæan* hill, vi
When hauing laid his cruell bow away,
And mortall arrowes, wherewith he doth fill
The world with murdrous spoiles and bloudie pray,
With his faire mother he him dights to play,
And with his goodly sisters, *Graces* three,
The Goddesses pleased with his wanton play,
Suffers her selfe through sleepe beguild to bee,
The whiles the other Ladies mind their merry glee
Whom when the Palmer saw, abasht he was vii
Through fear and wonder, that he nought could say,
Till him the child bespoke, Long lackt, alas,
Hath bene thy faithfull aide in hard assay,
While deadly fit thy pupill doth dismay,
Behold this heaue sight, thou reuerend Sire,
But dread of death and dolour doe away,
For life ere long shall to her home retire,
And he that breathlesse seemes, shal corage bold respire

The charge, which God doth vnto me arret,
 Of his deare safetie, I to thee commend,
 Yet will I not forgoe, ne yet forget
 The care thereof my selfe vnto the end,
 But euermore him succour, and defend
 Against his foe and mine watch thou I pray,
 For euill is at hand him to offend
 So hauing said, eftsoones he gan display
 His painted nimble wings, and vanisht quite away

viii

The Palmer seeing his left empty place,
 And his slow eyes beguiled of their sight,
 Woxe sore affraid, and standing still a space,
 Gaz'd after him, as fowle escapt by flight,
 At last him turning to his charge behight,
 With trembling hand his troubled pulse gan try,
 Where finding life not yet dislodged quight,
 He much reioyst, and could it tenderly,
 As chicken newly hatcht, from dreaded destiny

ix

At last he spide, where towards him did pace
 Two Paynim knights, all armd as bright as skie,
 And them beside an aged Sire did trace,
 And farre before a light-foot Page did flie,
 That breathed strife and troublous enmitie,
 Those were the two sonnes of *Acrates* old,
 Who meeting earst with *Archimago* slie,
 Foreby that idle strond, of him were told,
 That he, which earst them combatted, was *Guyon* bold

x

Which to auenge on him they dearely vowd,
 Where euer that on ground they mote him fynd,
 False *Archimago* prouokt their courage prowde,
 And stryfull *Ann* in their stubborne mynd
 Coles of contention and whot vengeance tynd
 Now bene they come, whereas the Palmer sate,
 Keeping that slombred corse to him assynd,
 Well knew they both his person, sith of late
 With him in bloudie armes they rashly did debate

xi

Whom when *Pyrochles* saw, inflam'd with rage, xii
That sire he foule bespake, Thou dotard vile,
That with thy brutenesse shendst thy comely age,
Abandone soone, I read, the cartiue spoile
Of that same outcast carkasse, that erewhile
Made it selfe famous through false trechery,
And crownd his coward crest with knightly stile,
Loe where he now inglorious doth lye,
To proue he liued ill, that did thus foully dye
To whom the Palmer fearelesse answered, xiii
Certes, Sir knight, ye bene too much to blame,
Thus for to blot the honour of the dead,
And with foule cowardize his carkasse shame,
Whose liuing hands immortalizd his name
Vile is the vengeance on the ashes cold,
And enuie base, to barke at sleeping fame
Was neuer wight, that treason of him told,
Your selfe his prowesse prou'd and found him fiers and bold
Then said *Cymochles*, Palmei, thou doest dote, xiv
Ne canst of prowesse, ne of knighthood deeme,
Saue as thou seest or hearst But well I wote,
That of his puissance tryall made extreeme,
Yet gold all is not, that doth golden seeme,
Ne all good knights, that shake well speare and shield
The worth of all men by their end esteeme,
And then due praise, or due reproch them yield,
Bad therefore I him deeme, that thus lies dead on field
Good or bad (gan his brother fierce reply) xv
What doe I recke, sith that he dyde entire?
Or what doth his bad death now satisfy
The greedy hunger of reuenging ire,
Sith wrathfull hand wrought not her owne desire?
Yet since no way is left to wreake my spight,
I will him reauue of armes, the victors hire,
And of that shield, more worthy of good knight,
For why should a dead dog be deckt in armour bright?

Faire Sir, said then the Palmer suppliaunt, xvi
 For knighthoods loue, do not so foule a deed,
 Ne blame your honour with so shamefull vaunt
 Of vile reuenge To spoile the dead of weed
 Is sacrilege, and doth all sinnes exceed,
 But leaue these relicks of his liuing might,
 To decke his heice, and trap his tomb-blacke steed
 What heice or steed (said he) should he haue dight,
 But be entombed in the rauens or the kight?

With that, rude hand vpon his shield he laid, xvii
 And th'other brother gan his helme vnlace,
 Both fiercely bent to haue him disaraid,
 Till that they spide, where towards them did pace
 An armed knight, of bold and bounteous grace,
 Whose squire bore after him an heben launce,
 And couerd shield Well kend him so farre space
 Th'enchauter by his armes and amenaunce,
 When vnder him he saw his Lybian steed to prounce

And to those brethren said, Rise rise by lue, xviii
 And vnto battell doe your selues addresse,
 For yonder comes the prowdest knight alue,
 Prince *Arthur*, flowre of grace and noblesse,
 That hath to Paynim knights wrought great distresse,
 And thousand Sar'zins foully donne to dye
 That word so deepe did in their harts impresse,
 That both eftsoones vpstarte furiously,
 And gan themselues prepare to battell greedily

But fierce *Pyrochles*, lacking his owne sword, xix
 The want thereof now greatly gan to plaine,
 And *Archmage* besought, him that afford,
 Which he had brought for *Braggadocchio* vaine
 So would I (said th'enchauter) glad and faine
 Beteeme to you this sword, you to defend,
 Or ought that else your honour might maintaine,
 But that this weapons powre I well haue kend,
 To be contrarie to the worke, which ye intend

For that same knights owne sword this is of yore, xx
 Which *Merlin* made by his almightie art
 For that his noursling, when he knighthood swore,
 Therewith to doen his foes eternall smart
 The metall first he mixt with *Medewart*,
 That no enchauntment from his dint might saue,
 Then it in flames of *Aetna* wrought apart,
 And seuen times dipped in the bitter waue
 Of hellish *Styx*, which hidden vertue to it gaue

The vertue is, that neither steele, nor stone xxi
 The stroke thereof from entrance may defend,
 Ne euer may be vsed by his fone,
 Ne forst his rightfull owner to offend,
 Ne euer will it breake, ne euer bend
 Wherefore *Morddure* it rightfully is hight
 In vaine therefore, *Pyrochles*, should I lend
 The same to thee, against his lord to fight,
 For sure it would deceiue thy labour, and thy might

Foolish old man, said then the Pagan wroth, xxii
 That weenest words or charmes may force withstond
 Soone shalt thou see, and then beleue for troth,
 That I can carue with this inchaunted brond
 His Lords owne flesh Therewith out of his hond
 That vertuous steele he rudely snatcht away,
 And *Guyons* shield about his wrest he bond,
 So readie dight, fierce battaile to assay,
 And match his brother proud in battailous array.

By this that straunger knight in presence came, xxiii
 And goodly salued them, who nought againe
 Him answered, as courtesie became,
 But with sterne lookes, and stomachous disdaine,
 Gaue signes of grudge and discontentment vaine
 Then turning to the Palmer, he gan spy
 Where at his feete, with sorrowfull demaine
 And deadly hew, an armed corse did lye,
 In whose dead face he red great magnanimity

Said he then to the Palmer, Reuerend syre, xxiv
 What great misfortune hath betidd this knight?
 Or did his life her fatall date expyre,
 Or did he fall by treason, or by fight?
 How euer, sure I rew his pitteous plight
 Not one, nor other, (said the Palmer graue)
 Hath him befallne, but cloudes of deadly night
 A while his heauie eylids couer'd haue,
 And all his senses drowned in deepe senselesse waue
 Which, those his cruell foes, that stand hereby, xxv
 Making aduantage, to reuenge their spight,
 Would him disarm, and threaten shamefully,
 Vnworthy vsage of redoubted knight
 But you, faire Sir, whose honorable sight
 Doth promise hope of helpe, and timely grace,
 Mote I beseech to succour his sad plight,
 And by your powre protect his feeble cace
 First praise of knighthood is, foule outrage to deface
 Palmer, (said he) no knight so rude, I weene, xxvi
 As to doen outrage to a sleeping ghost
 Ne was there euer noble courage seene,
 That in aduantage would his puissance bost
 Honour is least, where oddes appeareth most
 May be, that better reason will asswage
 The rash reuengers heat Words well dispost
 Haue secret powre, t'appease inflamed rage
 If not, leaue vnto me thy knights last patronage
 Tho turning to those brethren, thus bespoke, xxvii
 Ye warlike payre, whose valorous great might
 It seemes, iust wrongs to vengeance doe prouoke,
 To wreake your wrath on this dead seeming knight,
 Mote ought allay the storme of your despight,
 And settle patience in so furious heat?
 Not to debate the chalenge of your right,
 But for this carkasse pardon I entreat,
 Whom fortune hath alreadie laid in lowest seat

xxv 1 his cruell] same 1590, 1596 *corr F E* Which those same foes that
 doen awaite hereby 1609 xxvi 6 asswage, 1590, 1596 9 patonage 1596
 xxvii 3 doe] doth 1609

To whom *Cymochles* said, For what art thou, xxviii
 That mak'st thy selfe his dayes-man, to prolong
 The vengeance prest? Or who shall let me now,
 On this vile bodie from to wreake my wrong,
 And make his carkasse as the outcast dong?
 Why should not that dead carrion satisfie
 The guilt, which if he liued had thus long,
 His life for due reuenge should deare abie?
 The trespasse still doth liue, albe the person die

Indeed (then said the Prince) the euill donne xxix
 Dyes not, when breath the bodie first doth leaue,
 But from the grandsyre to the Nephewes sonne,
 And all his seed the curse doth often cleaue,
 Till vengeance vtterly the guilt bereaue
 So streightly God doth iudge But gentle knight,
 That doth against the dead his hand vpreare,
 His honour staines with rancour and despight,
 And great disparagment makes to his former might

Pyrochles gan reply the second time, xxx
 And to him said, Now felon sure I read,
 How that thou art partaker of his crime
 Therefore by *Termagaunt* thou shalt be dead
 With that his hand, more sad then lomp of lead,
 Vplifting high, he weened with *Morddure*,
 His owne good sword *Morddure*, to cleaue his head
 The faithfull steele such treason no'uld endure,
 But swaruing from the marke, his Lords life did assure.

Yet was the force so furious and so fell, xxxi
 That horse and man it made to reele aside,
 Nath'lesse the Prince would not forsake his sell
 For well of yore he learned had to ride,
 But full of anger fiercely to him cride,
 False traitour miscreant, thou broken hast
 The law of armes, to strike foe vndefide
 But thou thy treasons fruit, I hope, shalt taste
 Right sowre, and feele the law, the which thou hast defast.

xxix 7 vpreare] vpheau MS corr in Malone 615 But cf II iii 28,
 1 7 and note there

With that his balefull speare he fiercely bent xxxii
 Against the Pagans brest, and therewith thought
 His cursed life out of her lodge haue rent
 But ere the point arriued, where it ought,
 That seuen-fold shield, which he from *Guyon* brought
 He cast betwene to ward the bitter stound
 Through all those foldes the steelehead passage wrought
 And through his shoulder pieist, wherwith to ground
 He groueling fell, all gored in his gushing wound.

Which when his brother saw, fraught with great griefe xxxiii
 And wrath, he to him leaped furiously,
 And fowly said, By *Mahoune*, cursed thiefe,
 That direfull stroke thou dearly shalt aby
 Then hurling vp his harmefull blade on hye,
 Smote him so hugely on his haughtie crest,
 That from his saddle forced him to fly
 Else mote it needes downe to his manly brest
 Haue cleft his head in twaine, and life thence dispossess

Now was the Prince in daungerous distresse, xxxiv
 Wanting his sword, when he on foot should fight
 His single speare could doe him small redresse,
 Against two foes of so exceeding might,
 The least of which was match for any knight
 And now the other, whom he earst did daunt,
 Had reard himselfe againe to cruell fight,
 Three times more furious, and more puissaunt,
 Vnmindfull of his wound, of his fate ignoraunt

So both attonce him charge on either side, xxxv
 With hideous strokes, and importable powre,
 That forced him his ground to trauerse wide,
 And wisely watch to ward that deadly stowre
 For in his shield, as thicke as stormie showre,
 Their strokes did raine, yet did he neuer quaile,
 Ne backward shünke, but as a stedfast towre,
 Whom foe with double battry doth assaile,
 Them on her bulwarke beares, and bids them nought auaile

xxxii 1 speare, 1590, 1596

xxxv 5 in] on 1609

2 Pagons 1590 corr F E

8 doubly 1590 corr F E

So stoutly he withstood their strong assay, xxxvi
 Till that at last, when he aduantage spyde,
 His poinant speare he thrust with puissant sway
 At proud *Cymochles*, whiles his shield was wyde,
 That through his thigh the mortall steele did gryde
 He swaruing with the force, within his flesh
 Did breake the launce, and let the head abyde
 Out of the wound the red bloud flowed fresh,
 That vnderneath his feet soone made a purple plesh
 Horribly then he gan to rage, and rayle, xxxvii
 Cursing his Gods, and himselfe damning deepe
 Als when his brother saw the red bloud rayle
 Adowne so fast, and all his armour steepe,
 For very felnesse lowd he gan to weepe,
 And said, Caytiue, cursse on thy cruell hond,
 That twise hath sped, yet shall it not thee keepe
 From the third brunt of this my fatall brond
 Loe where the dreadfull Death behind thy backe doth stond
 With that he strooke, and th'other strooke withall, xxxviii
 That nothing seem'd mote beare so monstrous might
 The one vpon his couered shield did fall,
 And glauncing downe would not his owner byte
 But th'other did vpon his troncheon smyte,
 Which hewing quite a sunder, further way
 It made, and on his hacqueton did lyte,
 The which diuiding with importune sway,
 It seizd in his right side, and there the dint did stay
 Wyde was the wound, and a large lukewarme flood, xxxix
 Red as the Rose, thence gushed grieuously,
 That when the Paynim spyde the streaming blood,
 Gaue him great hart, and hope of victory
 On th'other side, in huge perplexity,
 The Prince now stood, hauing his weapon broke,
 Nought could he hurt, but still at ward did ly
 Yet with his troncheon he so rudely stroke
Cymochles twise, that twise him forst his foot reuoke

Whom when the Palmer saw in such distresse, xi
 Sir *Guyons* sword he lightly to him raught,
 And said, Faire Son, great God thy right hand blesse,
 To vse that sword so wisely as it ought
 Glad was the knight, and with fresh courage fraught,
 When as againe he armed felt his hond,
 Then like a Lion, which hath long time saught
 His robbed whelpes, and at the last them fond
 Emongst the shepheard swaynes, then wexeth wood and yond
 So fierce he laid about him, and dealt blowes xli
 On either side, that neither mayle could hold,
 Ne shield defend the thunder of his throwes
 Now to *Pyrochles* many strokes he told,
 Eft to *Cymochles* twise so many fold
 Then backe againe turning his busie hond,
 Them both attonce compeld with courage bold,
 To yield wide way to his hart-thrilling brond,
 And though they both stood stiffe, yet could not both withstond
 As saluage Bull, whom two fierce mastiues bayt, xlii
 When rancour doth with rage him once engore,
 Forgets with warie ward them to awayt,
 But with his dreadfull hoines them driues afore,
 Or flings aloft, or treads downe in the flore,
 Breathing out wrath, and bellowing disdaine,
 That all the forrest quakes to heare him rore
 So rag'd Prince *Arthur* twixt his foemen twaine,
 That neither could his mightie puissance sustaine
 But euer at *Pyrochles* when he smit, xliii
 Who *Guyons* shield cast euer him before,
 Whereon the Faery Queenes pourtract was writ,
 His hand relented, and the stroke forbore,
 And his deare hart the picture gan adore,
 Which oft the Paynim sau'd from deadly stowre
 But him henceforth the same can saue no more,
 For now arriued is his fatall howre,
 That no'te auoyded be by earthly skill or powre
 xl 3 fayre 1590 faire 1596 4 so wisely as] so well, as he 1590

For when *Cymochles* saw the fowle reproch,
 Which them appeached, prickt with guilty shame,
 And inward griefe, he fiercely gan approach,
 Resolu'd to put away that loathly blame,
 Or dye with honour and desert of fame,
 And on the hauberk stroke the Prince so sore,
 That quite disparted all the linked frame,
 And pierced to the skin, but bit no more,
 Yet made him twise to reele, that neuer moou'd afore

xlv

Whereat renfierst with wrath and sharpe regret,
 He stroke so hugely with his borrowd blade,
 That it empierst the Pagans burganet,
 And cleauing the hard steele, did deepe inuade
 Into his head, and cruell passage made
 Quite through his braine He tombling downe on ground,
 Breathd out his ghost, which to th'infernall shade
 Fast flying, there eternall torment found,
 For all the sinnes, wherewith his lewd life did abound

xlv

Which when his german saw, the stony feare
 Ran to his hart, and all his sence dismayd,
 Ne thenceforth life ne courage did appeare,
 But as a man, whom hellish feends haue frayd,
 Long trembling still he stood at last thus sayd,
 Traytour what hast thou doen? how euer may
 Thy cursed hand so cruelly haue swayd
 Against that knight Harrow and well away,
 After so wicked deed why lu'st thou lenger day?

xlvi

With that all desperate as loathing light,
 And with reuenge desiring soone to dye,
 Assembling all his force and vtmost might,
 With his owne sword he fierce at him did flye,
 And strooke, and foynd, and lasht outrageously,
 Withouten reason or regard Well knew
 The Prince, with patience and sufferaunce sly
 So hasty heat soone cooled to subdew
 Tho when this breathlesse woxe, that batteil gan renew.

xlvii

xlv 2 guiltie 1590 guilty 1596 8 no more] not thore 1590 xlv 3
 empiest 1590 corr F E xlvii 1 feare, 1590, 1596 8 Horrow 1590,
 1596 corr F E weal-away! 1609 xlvii 4 swerd 1590

As when a windy tempest bloweth hye,
 That nothing may withstand his stormy stowre,
 The cloudes, as things affrayd, before him flye,
 But all so soone as his outrageous powre
 Is layd, they fiercely then begin to shoure,
 And as in scorne of his spent stormy spight,
 Now all attonce their malice forth do poure,
 So did Prince *Arthur* beare himselfe in fight,
 And suffred rash *Pyrochles* wast his idle might xlvi

At last when as the Sarazin perceu'd,
 How that straunge sword refusd, to serue his need,
 But when he stroke most strong, the dint deceu'd,
 He flong it from him, and deuoyd of dreed,
 Vpon him lightly leaping without heed,
 Twixt his two mighty armes engrasped fast,
 Thinking to ouerthrow and downe him tred
 But him in strength and skill the Prince surpast,
 And through his nimble sleight did vnder him down cast xlii

Nought booted it the Paynim then to striue,
 For as a Bittur in the Eagles claw,
 That may not hope by flight to scape aloue,
 Still waites for death with dread and trembling aw,
 So he now subiect to the victours law,
 Did not once moue, nor vpward cast his eye,
 For vile disdaine and rancour, which did gnaw
 His hart in twaine with sad melancholy,
 As one that loathed life, and yet despisd to dye 1

But full of Princely bounty and great mind,
 The Conquerour nought cared him to slay,
 But casting wrongs and all reuenge behind,
 More glory thought to giue life, then decay,
 And said, Paynim, this is thy dismall day,
 Yet if thou wilt renounce thy miscreaunce,
 And my trew liegeman yield thy selfe for ay,
 Life will I graunt thee for thy valiaunce, li
 And all thy wrongs will wipe out of my souenaunce

Foole (said the Pagan) I thy gift defye,
 But vse thy fortune, as it doth befall,
 And say, that I not ouercome do dye,
 But in despight of life, for death do call
 Wroth was the Prince, and sory yet withall,
 That he so wilfully refused grace,
 Yet sith his fate so cruelly did fall,
 His shining Helmet he gan soone vnlace,
 And left his headlesse body bleeding all the place
 By this Sir *Guyon* from his traunce awakt,
 Life hauing maistered her sencelesse foe,
 And looking vp, when as his shield he lakt,
 And sword saw not, he wexed wondrous woe
 But when the Palmer, whom he long ygoe
 Had lost, he by him spide, right glad he grew,
 And said, Deare sir, whom wandring to and fro
 I long haue lackt, I ioi thy face to vew,
 Firme is thy faith, whom daunger neuer fro me drew
 But read what wicked hand hath robbed mee
 Of my good sword and shield? The Palmer glad,
 With so fresh hew vprising him to see,
 Him answered, Faire sonne, be no whit sad
 For want of weapons, they shall soone be had
 So gan he to discourse the whole debate,
 Which that straunge knight for him sustained had,
 And those two Sarazins confounded late,
 Whose carcasses on ground were horribly prostrate
 Which when he heard, and saw the tokens trew,
 His hart with great affection was embayd,
 And to the Prince bowing with reuerence dew,
 As to the Patrone of his life, thus sayd,
 My Lord, my liege, by whose most gracious ayd
 I liue this day, and see my foes subdewd,
 What may suffise, to be for meede repayd
 Of so great graces, as ye haue me shewd,
 But to be euer bound

lii

liii

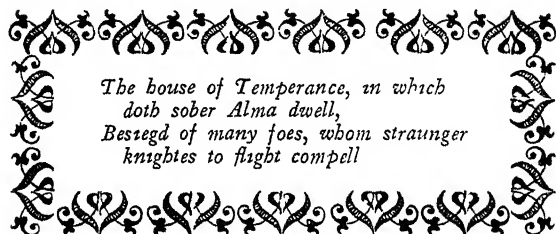
lii

li

lii 6 Had] Hast 1596 lii 4 fayre 1590 fane 1596
 li 3 with bowing 1590 &c bowing F E

To whom the Infant thus, Faire Sū, what need
 Good turnes be counted, as a seruile bond,
 To bind their doers, to receiue their meede?²
 Are not all knights by oath bound, to withstond
 Oppressours powre by armes and puissant hond?²
 Suffise, that I haue done my dew in place
 So goodly purpose they together fond,
 Of kindnesse and of curteous aggrace,
 The whiles false *Archmage* and *Atin* fled apace

lvi

Cant. IX.

OF all Gods workes, which do this world adorne,
 There is no one more faire and excellent,
 Then is mans body both for powre and forme,
 Whiles it is kept in sober gouernment,
 But none then it, more fowle and indecent,
 Distempred through misrule and passions bace
 It growes a Monster, and incontinent
 Doth loose his dignitie and natue grace.

i

Behold, who list, both one and other in this place

After the Paynim brethren conquer'd were,
 The *Briton* Prince recou'ring his stolne sword,
 And *Guyon* his lost shield, they both yfere
 Forth passed on their way in faire accord,
 Till him the Prince with gentle court did bord,
 Sir knight, mote I of you this curt'sie read,
 To weet why on your shield so goodly scord
 Beare ye the picture of that Ladies head?

ii

Full liuely is the semblaunt, though the substance dead

Arg 4 *fight* 1596, 1609

1 5 *incedent* 1590 *corr. F E*

Faire Sir (said he) if in that picture dead
 Such life ye read, and vertue in vaine shew,
 What mote ye weene, if the trew liuely-head
 Of that most glorious visage ye did vew?
 But if the beautie of her mind ye knew,
 That is her bountie, and imperiall powre,
 Thousand times fairer then her mortall hew,
 O how great wonder would your thoughts deuoure,
 And infinite desire into your spirite poure!

iii

She is the mighty Queene of *Faerie*,
 Whose faire retrait I in my shield do beare,
 She is the flowre of grace and chastitie,
 Throughout the world renowned fai and neare,
 My life, my liege, my Soueraigne, my deare,
 Whose glory shineth as the morning starre,
 And with her light the earth enlumines cleare,
 Far reach her mercies, and her prayses farre,
 As well in state of peace, as puissaunce in warre
 Thrise happy man, (said then the *Briton* knight)
 Whom gracious lot, and thy great valiaunce
 Haue made thee souldier of that Princesse bright,
 Which with her bounty and glad countenance
 Doth blesse her seruaunts, and them high aduaunce.
 How may straunge knight hope euer to aspire,
 By faithfull seruice, and meet amenance,
 Vnto such blisse? sufficient were that hire
 For losse of thousand liues, to dye at hei desire
 Said *Guyon*, Noble Lord, what meed so great,
 Or grace of earthly Prince so soueraigne,
 But by your wondrous worth and warlike feat
 Ye well may hope, and easely attaine?
 But were your will, her sold to entertaine,
 And numbred be mongst knights of *Maydenhed*,
 Great guerdon, well I wote, should you remaine,
 And in her fauour high be reckoned,
 As *Arthegall*, and *Sophy* now beene honored.

iv

v

vi

v 3 thee] a 1609 vi 9 Arthogall, 1590

Certes (then said the Prince) I God auow,
 That sith I armes and knighthood first did plight,
 My whole desire hath beene, and yet is now,
 To serue that Queene with all my powre and might
 Now hath the Sunne with his lamp-burning light,
 Walkt round about the world, and I no lesse,
 Sith of that Goddesse I haue sought the sight,
 Yet no where can her find such happinesse
 Heauen doth to me enuy, and fortune fauourlesse

vii

Fortune, the foe of famous cheuisaunce
 Seldome (said *Guyon*) yields to vertue aide,
 But in her way throwes mischief and mischaunce,
 Whereby her course is stopt, and passage staid
 But you, faire Sir, be not herewith dismaid,
 But constant keepe the way, in which ye stand,
 Which were it not, that I am else delaid
 With hard aduventure, which I haue in hand,
 I labour would to guide you through all Faery land

viii

Gramercy Sir (said he) but mote I weete,
 What straunge aduventure do ye now pursew?
 Perhaps my succour, or aduizement meete
 Mote stead you much your purpose to subdew
 Then gan Sir *Guyon* all the story shew
 Of false *Acrasia*, and her wicked wiles,
 Which to auenge, the Palmer him forth drew
 From Faery court So talked they, the whiles
 They wasted had much way, and measurd many miles.

ix

And now faire *Phæbus* gan decline in hast
 His weary wagon to the Westernne vale,
 Whenas they spide a goodly castle, plast
 Foreby a riuer in a pleasaunt dale,
 Which choosing for that euenings hospitale,
 They thither marcht but when they came in sight,
 And from their sweaty Coursers did auale,
 They found the gates fast barred long ere night,
 And euery loup fast lockt, as fearing foes despight

x

vii 5 Now hath] Seuen times 1590 6 Walkt round] Hath walkte 1590
 Cf I ix 15 7 Since 1609 viii 5 you 1596 ix 1 weete,] wote,
 1590 &c MS corr in Malone 615

Which when they saw, they weened fowle reproch xi
 Was to them doen, their entrance to forstall,
 Till that the Squire gan nigher to approch,
 And wind his horne vnder the castle wall,
 That with the noise it shooke, as it would fall
 Eftsoones forth looked from the highest spire
 The watch, and lowd vnto the knights did call,
 To weete, what they so rudely did require
 Who gently answered, They entrance did desire

Fly fly, good knights, (said he) fly fast away xii
 If that your liues ye loue, as meete ye should,
 Fly fast, and saue your selues from neare decay,
 Here may ye not haue entraunce, though we would
 We would and would againe, if that we could,
 But thousand enemies about vs raue,
 And with long siege vs in this castle hould
 Seuen yeares this wize they vs besieged haue,
 And many good knights slaine, that haue vs sought to saue

Thus as he spoke, loe with outrageous cry xiii
 A thousand villeins round about them swarmd
 Out of the rockes and caues adioynning nye,
 Vile caytiue wretches, ragged, rude, deformd,
 All threatning death, all in straunge manner armd,
 Some with vnweldy clubs, some with long speares,
 Some rusty kniues, some staues in fire warmd
 Sterne was their looke, like wild amazed steares,
 Staring with hollow eyes, and stiffe vpstanding heares

Fiersly at first those knights they did assaile, xiv
 And droue them to recoile but when againe
 They gaue fresh charge, their forces gan to faile,
 Vnhable their encounter to sustaine,
 For with such puissaunce and impetuous maine
 Those Champions broke on them, that forst them fly,
 Like scattered Sheepe, whenas the Shepherds swaine
 A Lyon and a Tigre doth espye,
 With greedy pace forth rushing from the forest nye

xiii i spake 1609

A while they fled, but soone returnd againe xv
 With greater fury, then before was found,
 And euermore their cruell Capitaine
 Sought with his raskall routs t'enclose them round,
 And ouerrun to tread them to the ground
 But soone the knights with their bright-burning blades
 Broke their rude troupes, and orders did confound,
 Hewing and slashing at their idle shades,
 For though they bodies seeme, yet substance from them fades

As when a swarme of Gnats at euentide xvi
 Out of the fennes of Allan do arise,
 Their murmuring small trompets sounden wide,
 Whiles in the aire their clustring army flies,
 That as a cloud doth seeme to dim the skies,
 Ne man nor beast may rest, or take repast,
 For their sharpe wounds, and noyous iniuries,
 Till the fierce Northerne wind with blustering blast
 Doth blow them quite away, and in the *Ocean* cast

Thus when they had that troublous rout disperst, xvii
 Vnto the castle gate they come againe,
 And entraunce crau'd, which was denied erst
 Now when report of that their perilous paine,
 And combrous conflict, which they did sustaine,
 Came to the Ladies eare, which there did dwell,
 She forth issewed with a goodly traine
 Of Squires and Ladies equipaged well,
 And entertained them right fairely, as befell

Alma she called was, a virgin bright, xviii
 That had not yet felt *Cupides* wanton rage,
 Yet was she woo'd of many a gentle knight,
 And many a Lord of noble parentage,
 That sought with her to lincke in marriage
 For she was faire, as faire mote euer bee,
 And in the flowre now of her freshest age,
 Yet full of grace and goodly modestee,
 That euen heauen reioyced her sweete face to see.

xv 3 Captaine 1590, 1596

xvii 4 perilous 1590

xvi 8 with om 1596

5 conflict 1596

In robe of lilly white she was arayd, xix
 That from her shoulder to her heele downe raught,
 The traine whereof loose far behind her strayd,
 Braunched with gold and pearle, most richly wrought,
 And borne of two faire Damsels, which were taught
 That seruice well Her yellow golden heare
 Was trimly wouen, and in tresses wrought,
 Ne other tyre she on her head did weare,
 But crowned with a garland of sweete Rosiere
 Goodly she entertaind those noble knights, xx
 And brought them vp into her castle hall,
 Where gentle court and giacious delight
 She to them made, with mildnesse virginall,
 Shewing her selfe both wise and liberall
 There when they rested had a season dew,
 They her besought of fauour speciall,
 Of that faire Castle to affoord them vew,
 She graunted, and them leading forth, the same did shew
 First she them led vp to the Castle wall, xxi
 That was so high, as foe might not it clime,
 And all so faire, and fensible withall,
 Not built of bricke, ne yet of stone and lime,
 But of thing like to that *Ægyptian* slime,
 Whereof king *Nine* whilome built *Babell* towre,
 But O great pittie, that no lenger time
 So goodly workemanship should not endure
 Soone it must turne to earth, no earthly thing is sure
 The frame thereof seemd partly circular, xxii
 And part triangulare, O worke diuine,
 Those two the first and last proportions are,
 The one imperfect, mortall, fœminine,
 Th'other immortall, perfect, masculine,
 And twixt them both a quadrate was the base,
 Proportioned equally by seuen and nine,
 Nine was the circle set in heauens place,
 All which compacted made a goodly diapase

xix 9 crown'd 1590 corr F E xx 6 There] Then 1590 xxi i
 them] him 1590 3 sensible 1596, 1609 7 lenger a time 1590 corr
 F E xxii 9 Diapase 1590 &c corr F E

Therein two gates were placed seemly well xxiii
 The one before, by which all in did pas,
 Did th'other far in workmanship excell,
 For not of wood, nor of enduring bras,
 But of more worthy substance fram'd it was,
 Doubly disparted, it did locke and close,
 That when it locked, none might thorough pas,
 And when it opened, no man might it close,
 Still open to their friends, and closed to their foes
 Of hewen stone the porch was fairely wrought, xxiv
 Stone more of valew, and more smooth and fine,
 Then Iet or Marble far from Ireland brought,
 Ouer the which was cast a wandring vine,
 Enchaced with a wanton yuie twine
 And ouer it a faire Portcullis hong,
 Which to the gate directly did incline,
 With comely compasse, and compacture strong,
 Neither vnseemely short, nor yet exceeding long
 Within the Barbican a Porter sate, xxv
 Day and night duely keeping watch and ward,
 Nor wight, nor word mote passe out of the gate,
 But in good order, and with dew regaid,
 Vtters of secrets he from thence debard,
 Bablers of folly, and blazeis of crime
 His larumbell might lowd and wide be hard,
 When cause requird, but neuer out of time,
 Early and late it rong, at euening and at prime
 And round about the porch on euery side xxvi
 Twise sixteen warders sat, all armed bright
 In glistring steele, and strongly fortifide
 Tall yeomen seemed they, and of great might,
 And were enraunged ready, still for fight
 By them as *Alma* passed with her gwestes,
 They did obeysaunce, as beseemed right,
 And then againe returned to their restes
 The Porter eke to her did lout with humble gestes

Thence she them brought into a stately Hall,
 Wherein were many tables faire dispred,
 And ready dight with drapets festiuall,
 Against the viaundes should be ministred
 At th'upper end there sate, yclad in red
 Downe to the ground, a comely personage,
 That in his hand a white rod menaged,
 He Steward was hight *Diet*, rype of age,
 And in demeanure sober, and in counsell sage
 And through the Hall there walked to and fro
 A iolly yeoman, Marshall of the same,
 Whose name was *Appetite*, he did bestow
 Both gwestes and meate, when euer in they came,
 And knew them how to order without blame,
 As him the Steward bad They both attone
 Did dewty to their Lady, as became,
 Who passing by, forth led her gwestes anone
 Into the kitchin rowme, ne spard for nicenesse none
 It was a vault ybuilt for great dispence,
 With many raunges reard along the wall,
 And one great chimney, whose long tonnell thence
 The smoke forth threw And in the midst of all
 There placed was a caudron wide and tall,
 Vpon a mighty furnace, burning whot,
 More whot, then *Aetn'*, or flaming *Mongiball*
 For day and night it brent, ne ceased not,
 So long as any thing it in the caudron got
 But to delay the heat, least by mischaunce
 It might breake out, and set the whole on fire,
 There added was by goodly ordinaunce,
 An huge great paire of bellowes, which did styre
 Continually, and cooling breath inspyre
 About the Caudron many Cookes accoyld,
 With hookes and ladles, as need did require,
 The whiles the viandes in the vessell boyld
 They did about their businesse sweat, and sorely toyld

xxvii

xxviii

xxix

xxx

The maister Cooke was cald *Concoction*,
 A carefull man, and full of comely guise
 The kitchin Clerke, that hight *Digestion*,
 Did order all th'Achates in seemely wise,
 And set them forth, as well he could deuise
 The rest had seuerall offices assind,
 Some to remoue the scum, as it did rise,
 Others to beare the same away did mind,
 And others it to vse according to his kind

xxxix

But all the liquour, which was fowle and wast,
 Not good nor seruiceable else for ought,
 They in another great round vessell plast,
 Till by a conduit pipe it thence were brought
 And all the rest, that noyous was, and nought,
 By secret wayes, that none might it espy,
 Was close conuaid, and to the back-gate brought,
 That cleped was *Port Esquilne*, whereby

xxxix

It was auoided quite, and throwne out priuily
 Which goodly order, and great workmans skill
 Whenas those knights beheld, with rare delight,
 And gazing wonder they their minds did fill,
 For neuer had they seene so straunge a sight
 Thence backe againe faire *Alma* led them right,
 And soone into a goodly Parlour brought,
 That was with royall arras richly dight,
 In which was nothing pourtrahed, nor wrought,
 Not wrought, nor pourtrahed, but easie to be thought

xxxix

And in the midst thereof vpon the floure,
 A louely beuy of faire Ladies sate,
 Courted of many a iolly Paramoure,
 The which them did in modest wise amate,
 And eachone sought his Lady to aggrate
 And eke emongst them litle *Cupid* playd
 His wanton sports, being returned late
 From his fierce warres, and hauing from him layd
 His cruell bow, wherewith he thousands hath dismayd

xxxix

xxxix 4 th'Achates] the cates 1609

Diuerse delights they found them selues to please, xxxv
 Some song in sweet consort, some laught for ioy,
 Some plaid with strawes, some idly sat at ease,
 But other some could not abide to toy,
 All pleasaunce was to them grieve and annoy
 This frownd, that faund, the third for shame did blush,
 Another seemed enuious, or coy,
 Another in her teeth did gnaw a rush

But at these straungers presence euery one did hush

Soone as the gracious *Alma* came in place, xxxvi
 They all attonce out of their seates arose,
 And to her homage made, with humble grace
 Whom when the knights beheld, they gan dispose
 Themselves to court, and each a Damsell chose
 The Prince by chaunce did on a Lady light,
 That was right faire and fresh as morning rose,
 But somewhat sad, and solemne eke in sight,

As if some pensue thought constraine her gentle spright

In a long purple pall, whose skirt with gold xxxvii
 Was fretted all about, she was arayd,
 And in her hand a Poplar braunch did hold
 To whom the Prince in curteous manner said,
 Gentle Madame, why beene ye thus dismaid,
 And your faire beautie do with sadnesse spill?
 Lues any, that you hath thus ill apaid?
 Or doen you loue, or doen you lacke your will?

What euer be the cause, it sure beseemes you ill

Faire Sir, (said she halfe in disdaine full wise,) xxxviii
 How is it, that this mood in me ye blame,
 And in your selfe do not the same aduise?
 Him ill beseemes, anothers fault to name,
 That may vnwares be blotted with the same
 Pensue I yeeld I am, and sad in mind,
 Through great desire of glory and of fame,
 Ne ought I weene are ye therein behind, (find

That haue twelue moneths sought one, yet no where can her

xxxvii 1 gold, 1590, 1596 8 you loue,] your loue, 1590, 1596 corr
 1609 xxxviii 2 mood] woid 1590 &c corr Morris 9 twelue
 moneths] three years 1590

The Prince was inly moued at her speach, xxxix
 Well weeting trew, what she had rashly told,
 Yet with faire semblaunt sought to hide the breach,
 Which chaunge of colour did perforce vnfold,
 Now seeming flaming whot, now stony cold
 Tho turning soft aside, he did inquire,
 What wight she was, that Poplar braunch did hold
 It answered was, her name was *Prays-desire*,
 That by well doing sought to honour to aspire
 The whiles, the *Faerie* knight did entertaine xli
 Another Damsell of that gentle crew,
 That was right faire, and modest of demaine,
 But that too oft she chaung'd her natue hew
 Straunge was her tyre, and all her garment blew,
 Close round about her tuckt with many a plight
 Vpon her fist the bird, which shonnet vew,
 And keepes in couerts close from liuing wight,
 Did sit, as yet ashamd, how rude *Pan* did her dight
 So long as *Guyon* with her commoned, xlii
 Vnto the ground she cast her modest eye,
 And euer and anone with rosie red
 The bashfull bloud her snowy cheekes did dye,
 That her became, as polisht yuory,
 Which cunning Craftesmans hand hath ouerlayd
 With faire vermilion or pure Castory
 Great wonder had the knight, to see the mayd
 So straungely passioned, and to her gently sayd,
 Faire Damzell, seemeth, by your troubled cheare, xliii
 That either me too bold ye weene, this wise
 You to molest, or other ill to feare
 That in the secret of your hart close lyes,
 From whence it doth, as cloud from sea arise
 If it be I, of pardon I you pray,
 But if ought else that I mote not deuise,
 I will, if please you it discure, assay,
 To ease you of that ill, so wisely as I may

xxxix 3 samblaunt 1596 xli 1 communed 1609 6 Craftesman 1590, 1596
 7 Castory] lastery 1590 &c corr F E xlii 1 cheare] cleare 1590

She answerd nought, but more abasht for shame,
 Held downe her head, the whiles her louely face
 The flashing bloud with blushing did inflame,
 And the strong passion mard her modest grace,
 That *Guyon* meruayld at her vncouth cace
 Till *Alma* him bespake, Why wonder yee
 Faire Sir at that, which ye so much embrace?
 She is the fountaine of your modestee,
 You shamefast are, but *Shamefastnesse* it selfe is shee

xliii

Thereat the Elfe did blush in priuitee,
 And turnd his face away, but she the same
 Dissembled faire, and faynd to ouersee
 Thus they awhile with court and goodly game,
 Themselues did solace each one with his Dame,
 Till that great Ladie thence away them sought,
 To vew her castles other wondrous frame
 Vp to a stately Turret she them brought,
 Ascending by ten steps of Alablaster wrought

xliv

That Turrets frame most admirable was,
 Like highest heauen compassed around,
 And lifted high aboue this earthly masse,
 Which it suruew'd, as hils doen lower ground,
 But not on ground mote like to this be found,
 Not that, which antique *Cadmus* whylome built
 In *Thebes*, which *Alexander* did confound,
 Nor that proud towre of *Troy*, though richly guilt,
 From which young *Hectors* bloud by cruell *Greekes* was spilt

xlv

The roofe hereof was arched ouer head,
 And deckt with flowers and herbars daintily,
 Two goodly Beacons, set in watches stead,
 Therein gaue light, and flam'd continually
 For they of liuing fire most subtilly
 Were made, and set in siluer sockets bright,
 Couer'd with lids deuiz'd of substance sly,
 That readily they shut and open might.
 O who can tell the prayses of that makers might!

xlvi

Ne can I tell, ne can I stay to tell

xlvi

This parts great workmanship, and wondrous powre,
That all this other worlds worke doth excell,
And likest is vnto that heauenly towre,
That God hath built for his owne blessed bowre
Therein were diuerse roomes, and diuerse stages,
But three the chieftest, and of greatest powre,
In which there dwelt three honorable sages,

The wisest men, I weene, that liued in their ages

Not he, whom *Greece*, the Nourse of all good arts,

xlviii

By *Phæbus* doome, the wisest thought aloue,
Might be compar'd to these by many parts
Nor that sage *Pyhan* syre, which did suruiue
Three ages, such as mortall men contriue,
By whose aduise old *Priams* cittie fell,
With these in praise of pollicies mote sturue
These three in these three roomes did sundry dwell,

And counselled faire *Alma*, how to gouerne well

The first of them could things to come foresee

xlix

The next could of things present best aduize,
The third things past could keepe in memoree,
So that no time, nor reason could arize,
But that the same could one of these comprize
For thy the first did in the forepart sit,
That nought mote hinder his quicke preiudize
He had a sharpe foresight, and working wit,

That neuer idle was, ne once could rest a whit

His chamber was dispaunted all within,

1

With sundry colours, in the which were writ
Infinite shapes of things dispersed thin,
Some such as in the world were neuer yit,
Ne can deuized be of mortall wit,
Some daily seene, and knowen by their names,
Such as in idle fantasies doe flit

Infernall Hags, *Centaurs*, feendes, *Hippodames*,
Apes, Lions, *Ægles*, Owles, fooles, louers, children, Dames

xlviii 3 these] this 1590

9 would 1590

xlix 4 reason] season *Drayton* (*teste Collier*)

And all the chamber filled was with flyes, li
Which buzzed all about, and made such sound,
That they encombred all mens eares and eyes,
Like many swarmes of Bees assembled round,
After their huiues with honny do abound
All those were idle thoughts and fantasies,
Deuices, dreames, opinions vnsound,
Shewes, visions, sooth-sayes, and prophesies,
And all that fained is, as leasings, tales, and lies
Emongst them all sate he, which wonned there, lii
That hight *Phantastes* by his nature trew,
A man of yeares yet fresh, as mote appere,
Of swarth complexion, and of crabbed hew,
That him full of melancholy did shew,
Bent hollow beetle browes, sharpe staring eyes,
That mad or foolish seemd one by his vew
Mote deeme him borne with ill disposed skyes,
When oblique *Saturne* sate in the house of agonies
Whom *Alma* hauing shewed to her guesates, liii
Thence brought them to the second roome, whose wals
Were painted faire with memorable gestes,
Of famous Wisards, and with picturals
Of Magistrates, of courts, of tribunals,
Of commen wealthes, of states, of pollicy,
Of lawes, of iudgements, and of decretals,
All artes, all science, all Philosophy,
And all that in the world was aye thought wittily
Of those that roome was full, and them among liiv
There sate a man of ripe and perfect age,
Who did them meditate all his life long,
That through continuall practise and vsage,
He now was growne right wise, and wondrous sage
Great pleasure had those stranger knights, to see
His goodly reason, and graue personage,
That his disciples both desir'd to bee,
But *Alma* thence them led to th'hindmost roome of three.

That chamber seemed ruinous and old, lv
 And therefore was remoued farre behind,
 Yet were the wals, that did the same vphold,
 Right firme and strong, though somewhat they declind,
 And therein sate an old oldman, halfe blind,
 And all decrepit in his feeble corse,
 Yet liuely vigour rested in his mind,
 And recompenst him with a better scorse
 Weake body well is chang'd for minds redoubled forse
 This man of infinite remembrance was, lvi
 And things foregone through many ages held,
 Which he recorded still, as they did pas,
 Ne suffred them to perish through long eld,
 As all things else, the which this world doth weld,
 But laid them vp in his immortall scrine,
 Where they for euer incorrupted dweld
 The warres he well remembred of king *Nine*,
 Of old *Assaracus*, and *Inachus* diuine
 The yeares of *Nestor* nothing were to his, lvii
 Ne yet *Mathusalem*, though longest liu'd,
 For he remembred both their infancies
 Ne wonder then, if that he weie depriu'd
 Of natue strength now, that he them suruiu'd
 His chamber all was hangd about with rolles,
 And old records from auncient times deriu'd,
 Some made in books, some in long parchment scrolles,
 That were all worme-eaten, and full of canker holes
 Amidst them all he in a chaire was set, lviii
 Tossing and turning them withouten end,
 But for he was vnhabable them to fet,
 A litle boy did on him still attend,
 To reach, when euer he for ought did send,
 And oft when things were lost, or laid amis,
 That boy them sought, and vnto him did lend
 Therefore he *Anamnestes* cleped is,
 And that old man *Eumnestes*, by their propertis

The knights there entring, did him reuerence dew

lx

And wondred at his endlesse exercise,
Then as they gan his Librarie to vew,
And antique Registeis for to auisse,
There chaunced to the Princes hand to rize,
An auncient booke, hight *Briton monuments*,
That of this lands first conquest did deuize,
And old diuision into Regiments,

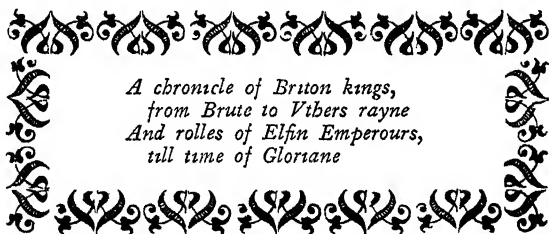
Till it reduced was to one mans gouernments

Sir *Guyon* chaunst eke on another booke,

lx

That hight *Antiquite* of *Faerie* lond,
In which when as he greedily did looke,
Th'off-spring of Elues and Faries there he fond,
As it deliuered was from hond to hond
Whereat they burning both with feruent fire,
Their countries auncestry to vnderstond,
Crau'd leaue of *Alma*, and that aged sire,
To read those bookes, who gladly graunted their desire

Cant. X.



*A chronicle of Bruton kings,
from Brute to Vibers rayne
And rolles of Elfin Emperours,
till time of Gloriane*

W^Ho now shall giue vnto me words and sound,
Equall vnto this haughtie enterprise?

1

Or who shall lend me wings, with which from ground
My lowly verse may loftily arise,
And lift it selfe vnto the highest skies?

More ample spirit, then hitherto was wount,
Here needes me, whiles the famous auncestries
Of my most dreaded Soueraigne I recount,

By which all earthly Princes she doth farre surmount

lx 2 lond 1596 3 looke, 1596, 1609

Ne vnder Sunne, that shines so wide and faie,
 Whence all that liues, does borrow life and light,
 Liues ought, that to her linage may compaire,
 Which though from earth it be deuied right,
 Yet doth it selfe stretch forth to heauens hight,
 And all the world with wonder ouerspied,
 A labour huge, exceeding farie my might
 How shall fraile pen, with feare disparaged,
 Conceiue such soueraine glory, and great bountihed?

Argument worthy of *Mæonian* quill,
 Or rather worthy of great *Phabus* rote,
 Whereon the ruines of great *Ossa* hill,
 And triumphes of *Phlegrean Ioue* he wrote,
 That all the Gods admird his loftie note
 But if some relish of that heavenly lay
 His learned daughters would to me report,
 To decke my song withall, I would assay,
 Thy name, O soueraine Queene, to blazon faie away

Thy name O soueraine Queene, thy realme and iace,
 From this renowmed Prince deriued all,
 Who mightily vpheld that royall mace,
 Which now thou bear'st, to thee descended farre
 From mightie kings and conquerours in warre,
 Thy fathers and great Grandfathers of old,
 Whose noble deedes aboue the Northeine starie
 Immortall fame for euer hath enrold,

As in that old mans booke they were in order told

The land, which warlike Britons now possesse,
 And therein haue their mightie empire raysd,
 In antique times was saluage wilderness,
 Vnpeopled, vnmanurd, vnprou'd, vnpraysd,
 Ne was it Island then, ne was it payzd
 Amid the *Ocean* waues, ne was it sought
 Of marchants farre, for profits therein praysd,
 But was all desolate, and of some thought

By sea to haue bene from the *Celticke* mayn-land brought

^{iv} 3 Whom 1590, 1596 corr F E
 F E. old] gold 1590 corr F E

6 and thy great 1590 corr
 v 7 Marchants 1609

Ne did it then deserue a name to haue,
 Till that the venturous Mariner that way
 Learning his ship from those white rocks to saue,
 Which all along the Southerne sea-coast lay,
 Threatning vnheedie wrecke and rash decay,
 For safeties sake that same his sea-marke made,
 And namd it *Albion* But later day
 Finding in it fit ports for fishers trade,
 Gan more the same frequent, and further to inuade
 But farre in land a saluage nation dwelt,
 Of hideous Giants, and halfe beastly men,
 That neuer tasted grace, nor goodnesse felt,
 But like wild beasts lurking in loathsome den,
 And flying fast as Roebucke through the fen,
 All naked without shame, or care of cold,
 By hunting and by spoiling liued then,
 Of stature huge, and eke of courage bold,
 That sonnes of men amazd their sternnesse to behold
 But whence they sprong, or how they were begot,
 Vneath is to assure, vneath to wene
 That monstrous error, which doth some assot,
 That *Dioclesians* fiftie daughters shene
 Into this land by chaunce haue driuen bene,
 Where companing with feends and filthy Sprights,
 Through vaine illusion of their lust vnclene,
 They brought forth Giants and such dreadfull wights,
 As farre exceeded men in their immeasurd mights
 They held this land, and with their filthinesse
 Polluted this same gentle soyle long time
 That their owne mother loathd their beastlinesse,
 And gan abhorre her broods vnkindly crime,
 All were they borne of her owne natieue slime,
 Vntill that *Brutus* anciently deriu'd
 From royall stocke of old *Assaracs* line,
 Driuen by fatall error, here arriu'd,
 And them of their vniust possession depriu'd

vi 6 safeties sake] safety 1590 vii 7 liued then] liueden 1590

ix 7 *Assaraos* 1596

But ere he had established his throne,
 And spread his empire to the utmost shore,
 He fought great battels with his salvage fone,
 In which he them defeated euer more,
 And many Giants left on groning floie,
 That well can witnesse yet vnto this day
 The western Hogh, bespined with the gore
 Of mightie *Gormot*, whom in stout fray
Corneus conquered, and cruelly did slay

x

And eke that ample Pit, yet farre renowned,
 For the large leape, which *Debon* did compell
Coulin to make, being eight lugs of grownd,
 Into the which returning backe, he fell,
 But those three monstrous stones doe most excell
 Which that huge sonne of hideous *Albion*,
 Whose father *Hercules* in Fraunce did quell,
 Great *Godmer* threw, in fierce contention,
 At bold *Canutus*, but of him was slaine anon

xi

In meed of these great conquests by them got,
Corneus had that Prouince utmost west,
 To him assigned for his worthy lot,
 Which of his name and memorable gest
 He called *Cornewaile*, yet so called best
 And *Debons* shayre was, that is *Deuonshyre*
 But *Canute* had his portion from the rest,
 The which he cald *Canutum*, for his hyre,
 Now *Cantium*, which Kent we commonly inquire.

xii

Thus *Brute* this Realme vnto his rule subdewd,
 And reigned long in great felicitie,
 Lou'd of his friends, and of his foes eschewd,
 He left three sonnes, his famous progeny,
 Borne of faire *Inogene* of *Italy*,
 Mongst whom he parted his imperiall state,
 And *Locrine* left chiefe Lord of *Britany*.
 At last ripe age bad him surrender late
 His life, and long good fortune vnto finall fate.

xiii

Locrine was left the soueraine Lord of all,
 But *Albanact* had all the Northrene part,
 Which of himselfe *Albania* he did call,
 And *Camber* did possesse the Westernne quart,
 Which *Seuerne* now from *Logris* doth depart
 And each his portion peaceably enioyd,
 Ne was there outward breach, nor grudge in hart,
 That once their quiet gouernment annoyd,
 But each his paines to others profit still employd

xiv

Vntill a nation straung, with visage swart,
 And courage fierce, that all men did affray,
 Which through the world then swarmd in euey part,
 And ouerflow'd all countries farre away,
 Like *Noyes* great flood, with their importune sway,
 This land inuaded with like violence,
 And did themselues through all the North display
 Vntill that *Locrine* for his Realmes defence,
 Did head against them make, and strong munifience

xv

He them encountred, a confused rout,
 Foreby the Riuer, that whylome was hight
 The auncient *Abus*, where with courage stout
 He them defeated in victorious fight,
 And chaste so fiercely after fearfull flight,
 That forst their Chieftaine, for his safeties sake,
 (Their Chieftaine *Humber* named was aright)
 Vnto the mightie streame him to betake,
 Where he an end of battell, and of life did make.

xvi

The king returned proud of victorie,
 And insolent wox through vnwonted ease,
 That shortly he forgot the ieopardie,
 Which in his land he lately did appease,
 And fell to vaine voluptuous disease
 He lou'd faire Ladie *Estrild*, lewdly lou'd,
 Whose wanton pleasures him too much did please,
 That quite his hart from *Guendolene* remou'd,
 From *Guendolene* his wife, though alwaies faithfull prou'd

xvii

xv 9 munifience 1590, 1609

The noble daughter of *Corneus*

xviii

Would not endure to be so vile disdaind,
 But gathering force, and courage valorous,
 Encountred him in battell well ordaind,
 In which him vanquisht she to fly constraind
 But she so fast pursewd, that him she tooke,
 And threw in bands, where he till death remaind,
 Als his faire Lemman, flying through a brooke,
 She ouerhent, nought moued with her piteous looke

But both hei selfe, and eke her daughter deare,

xix

Begotten by her kingly Paramoure,
 The faire *Sabrina* almost dead with feare,
 She there attached, farre from all succoure,
 The one she slew in that impatient stoure,
 But the sad virgin innocent of all,
 Adowne the rolling riuer she did poure,
 Which of her name now *Seuerne* men do call
 Such was the end, that to disloyall loue did fall

Then for her sonne, which she to *Locrin* bore,

xx

Madan was young, vnmeet the rule to sway,
 In her owne hand the crowne she kept in store,
 Till ryper yeares he raught, and stronger stay
 During which time her powre she did display
 Through all this realme, the glorie of her sex,
 And first taught men a woman to obey
 But when her sonne to mans estate did wex,
 She it surrendred, ne her selfe would lenger vex

Tho *Madan* raignd, vnworthie of his race

xxi

For with all shame that sacred throne he fild
 Next *Memprise*, as vnworthy of that place,
 In which being consorted with *Manild*,
 For thirst of single kingdome him he kild
 But *Ebranck* salued both their infamies
 With noble deedes, and warreyd on *Brunchild*
 In *Henault*, where yet of his victories

Braue monuments remaine, which yet that land enuies

xix 5 in that impatient stoure] vpon the present flouie 1590

xx 2 of sway 1596, 1609

An happie man in his first dayes he was, xxii
 And happie father of faire progeny
 For all so many weekes as the yeare has,
 So many children he did multiply,
 Of which were twentie sonnes, which did apply
 Their minds to praise, and cheualrous desire
 Those germans did subdew all Germany,
 Of whom it hight, but in the end their Sire
 With foule repulse from Fraunce was forced to retire
 Which blot his sonne succeeding in his seat, xxiii
 The second *Brute*, the second both in name,
 And eke in semblance of his puissance great,
 Right well recur'd, and did away that blame
 With recompence of euerlasting fame
 He with his victour sword first opened
 The bowels of wide Fraunce, a forlorne Dame,
 And taught her first how to be conquered,
 Since which, with sundrie spoiles she hath beene ransacked
 Let *Scalds* tell, and let tell *Hania*, xxiv
 And let the marsh of *Estham bruges* tell,
 What colour were their waters that same day,
 And all the moore twixt *Eluersham* and *Dell*,
 With blood of *Henalows*, which therein fell
 How oft that day did sad *Brunchildis* see
 The greene shield dyde in dolorous vermill?
 That not *Scuth guiridh* it mote seeme to bee,
 But rather y *Scuth gogh*, signe of sad crueltee
 His sonne king *Leill* by fathers labour long, xxv
 Enioyd an heritage of lasting peace,
 And built *Cawleill*, and built *Cairleon* strong
 Next *Huddibras* his realme did not encrease,
 But taught the land from wearie warres to cease
 Whose footsteps *Bladud* following, in arts
 Exceld at *Athens* all the learned preace,
 From whence he brought them to these saluage parts,
 And with sweet science mollifide their stubborne harts

xxii 5 apply, 1590, 1596 xxiii 6 opened, 1590, 1596 xxiv 8 *Scuth*
guiridh om 1590 it] he 1590 9 rather y *Scuth gogh*, signe of sad crueltee
om 1590 But Scuth Scuth F E

Ensample of his wondrous faculty,
 Behold the boyling Bathes at *Cairbadon*,
 Which seeth with secret fire eternally,
 And in their entrails, full of quicke Brimston,
 Nourish the flames, which they are warm'd vpon,
 That to their people wealth they forth do well,
 And health to euery forreine nation
 Yet he at last contending to excell
 The reach of men, through flight into fond mischief fell
 Next him king *Leyr* in happie peace long rained,
 But had no issue male him to succeed,
 But three faire daughters, which were well vptrained,
 In all that seemed fit for kingly seed
 Mongst whom his realme he equally decreed
 To haue diuided Tho when feeble age
 Nigh to his vtmost date he saw proceed,
 He cald his daughters, and with speeches sage
 Inquyrd, which of them most did loue her parentage
 The eldest *Gonorill* gan to protest,
 That she much more then her owne life him lou'd
 And *Regan* greater loue to him profest,
 Then all the world, when euer it were proou'd,
 But *Cordeill* said she lou'd him, as behoou'd
 Whose simple answer, wanting colours faire
 To paint it forth, him to displeasance moou'd,
 That in his crowne he counted her no haire,
 But twixt the other twaine his kingdome whole did shaire
 So wedded th'one to *Maglan* king of Scots,
 And th'other to the king of *Cambria*,
 And twixt them shayrd his realme by equall lots
 But without dowre the wise *Cordelia*
 Was sent to *Aganip* of *Celtica*
 Their aged Syre, thus eased of his crowne,
 A priuate life led in *Albania*,
 With *Gonorill*, long had in great renowne,
 That nought him grieu'd to bene from rule deposed downe
 xxvi 6 their] hei 1590 &c corr F E xxviii 1 Gonerill 1590
 xxix 4 Cordeha, 1590, 1596

But true it is, that when the oyle is spent,
 The light goes out, and weeke is throwne away,
 So when he had resigned his regiment,
 His daughter gan despise his drouping day,
 And wearie waxe of his continuall stay
 Tho to his daughter *Regan* he repayrd,
 Who him at first well vsed euery way,
 But when of his departure she despayrd,
 Her bountie she abated, and his cheare empayrd

xxx

The wretched man gan then aulse too late,
 That loue is not, where most it is profest,
 Too truely tryde in his extreamest state,
 At last resolu'd likewise to proue the rest,
 He to *Cordeha* him selfe addrest,
 Who with entire affection him receau'd,
 As for her Syre and king her seemed best,
 And after all an army strong she leau'd,
 To war on those, which him had of his realme bereau'd

xxx1

So to his crowne she him restor'd againe,
 In which he dyde, made ripe for death by eld,
 And after wild, it should to her remaine
 Who peaceably the same long time did weld
 And all mens harts in dew obedience held
 Till that her sisters children, woxen strong
 Through proud ambition, against her rebeld,
 And ouercommen kept in prison long,
 Till wearie of that wretched life, her selfe she hong

xxxii

Then gan the bloudie brethren both to raine
 But fierce *Cundah* gan shortly to enuie
 His brother *Morgan*, prickt with proud disdaine,
 To haue a pere in part of soueraintie,
 And kindling coles of cruell enmitie,
 Raisd warre, and him in battell ouerthrew
 Whence as he to those woodie hils did fle,
 Which hight of him *Glamorgan*, there him slew
 Then did he raigne alone, when he none equall knew

xxxiii

His sonne *Rinaldo* his dead roome did supply, xxxiv
 In whose sad time blood did from heauen raine
 Next great *Gurgustus*, then faire *Cæcily*
 In constant peace their kingdomes did containe,
 After whom *Lago*, and *Kinmarke* did raine,
 And *Gorbogud*, till farie in yeares he grew
 Then his ambitious sonnes vnto them twaine
 Arraught the rule, and from their father drew,
 Stout *Ferrex* and sterne *Porrex* him in prison threw
 But O, the greedy thirst of royall crowne, xxxv
 That knowes no kinred, nor regards no right,
 Stird *Porrex* vp to put his brother downe,
 Who vnto him assembling forreine might,
 Made warre on him, and fell him selfe in fight
 Whose death t'auenge, his mother merciesse,
 Most merciesse of women, *Wyden* hight,
 Her other sonne fast sleeping did oppresse,
 And with most cruell hand him mured pittilesse
 Here ended *Brutus* sacred progenie, xxxvi
 Which had seuen hundred yeares this scepter borne,
 With high renowme, and great felicitie,
 The noble braunch from th'antique stocke was torne
 Through discord, and the ioyall throne forlorne
 Thenceforth this Realme was into factions rent,
 Whilest each of *Brutus* boasted to be borne,
 That in the end was left no moniment
 Of *Brutus*, nor of Britons glory auncient
 Then vp arose a man of matchlesse might, xxxvii
 And wondrous wit to menage high affaires,
 Who stird with pittie of the stressed plight
 Of this sad Realme, cut into sundry shaires
 By such, as claymd themselues *Brutes* rightfull haire,
 Gathered the Princes of the people loose,
 To taken counsell of their common cares,
 Who with his wisdom won, him streight did choose
 Their king, and swore him fealty to win or loose

xxxiv 1 *Rinall* 1590 *Rinall* 1609 7 Then] Till 1596 When 1609
 xxxvi 3 felicitie? 1596 xxxvii 3 with] vp 1596

Then made he head against his enimies, xxxiiviii
 And *Ymner* slew, of *Logris* miscreate,
 Then *Ruddoc* and proud *Stater*, both allies,
 This of *Albanie* newly nominate,
 And that of *Cambry* king confirmed late,
 He ouerthrew through his owne valiaunce,
 Whose countreis he redus'd to quiet state,
 And shortly brought to ciuill gouernaunce,
 Now one, which earst were many, made through variaunce

Then made he sacred lawes, which some men say xxxix
 Were vnto him reueald in vision,
 By which he freed the Traueilers high way,
 The Churches part, and Ploughmans portion,
 Restraining stealth, and strong extortion,
 The gracious *Numa* of great *Britanie*
 For till his dayes, the chiefe dominion
 By strength was wielded without pollicie,
 Therefore he first wore crowne of gold for dignitie

*Donwall*o dyde (for what may liue for ay?) xli
 And left two sonnes, of pearelesse prowesse both,
 That sacked *Rome* too dearly did assay,
 The recompence of their periured oth,
 And ransackt *Greece* well tryde, when they were wroth,
 Besides subiected *Fraunce*, and *Germany*,
 Which yet their prayes speake, all be they loth,
 And inly tremble at the memory

Of *Brennus* and *Bellinus*, kings of Britany
 Next them did *Gurgunt*, great *Bellinus* sonne xli
 In rule succeede, and eke in fathers prayse,
 He Easterland subdewd, and Danmarke wonne,
 And of them both did foy and tribute raise,
 The which was dew in his dead fathers dayes
 He also gaue to fugitiues of *Spayne*,
 Whom he at sea found wandring from their wayes,
 A seate in *Ireland* safely to remayne,
 Which they should hold of him, as subiect to *Britayne*

After him raigned *Guthelme* his hayre, xlii
 The iustest man and tiwest in his dayes,
 Who had to wife Dame *Mertua* the fayre,
 A woman worthy of immortall prayse,
 Which for this Realme found many goodly layes,
 And wholesome Statutes to her husband brought,
 Her many deemd to haue beene of the *Fayes*,
 As was *Aegerie*, that *Numa* tought,
 Those yet of her be *Mernan* lawes both nam'd and thought
 Her sonne *Sisillus* after her did rayne, xliii
 And then *Kimarus*, and then *Danius*,
 Next whom *Morindus* did the crowne sustaine,
 Who, had he not with wrath outrageous,
 And cruell rancour dim'd his valorous
 And mightie deeds, should matched haue the best
 As well in that same field victorious
 Against the forieine *Morands* he exprest,
 Yet liues his memorie, though carcas sleepe in rest
 Fiue sonnes he left begotten of one wife, xliv
 All which successiuelly by turnes did raine,
 First *Gorboman* a man of vertuous life,
 Next *Archigald*, who for his proud disdaine,
 Deposed was from Princedome soueraine,
 And pitteous *Ehdure* put in his sted,
 Who shortly it to him restord againe,
 Till by his death he it recouered,
 But *Peridure* and *Vigent* him disthronized
 In wretched prison long he did remaine, xlv
 Till they outraigned had then vtmost date,
 And then therein reseized was againe,
 And ruled long with honorable state,
 Till he surrendred Realme and life to fate
 Then all the sonnes of these fiue brethren raynd
 By dew successe, and all their Nephewes late,
 Euen thrise eleuen descents the crowne retaynd,
 Till aged *Hely* by dew heritage it gaynd

He had two sonnes, whose eldest called *Lud*

xlv

Left of his life most famous memory,

And endlesse monuments of his great good

The ruin'd wals he did reädifye

Of *Troynouant*, gainst force of enimy,

And built that gate, which of his name is hight,

By which he lyes entombed solemnly

He left two sonnes, too young to rule aright,

Androgeus and *Tenanius*, pictures of his might

Whilst they were young, *Cassibalane* their Eme

xlvii

Was by the people chosen in their sted,

Who on him tooke the royall Diademe,

And goodly well long time it gouerned,

Till the prowd *Romanes* him disquieted,

And warlike *Cæsar*, tempted with the name

Of this sweet Island, neuer conquered,

And enuying the Britons blazed fame,

(O hideous hunger of dominion) hither came

Yet twise they were repulsed backe againe,

xlviii

And twise renforst, backe to their ships to fly,

The whiles with bloud they all the shore did staine,

And the gray *Ocean* into purple dy

Ne had they footing found at last perdie,

Had not *Androgeus*, false to natue soyle,

And enuious of Vncles soueraintie,

Betrayd his contrey vnto forreine spoyle

Nought else, but treason, from the first this land did foyle

So by him *Cæsar* got the victory,

xlix

Through great bloudshed, and many a sad assay,

In which him selfe was charged heauily

Of hardy *Nennius*, whom he yet did slay,

But lost his sword, yet to be seene this day

Thenceforth this land was tributarie made

T'ambitious *Rome*, and did their rule obay,

Till *Arthur* all that reckoning defrayd,

Yet oft the Briton kings against them strongly swayd

xlix 8 did defray 1596, 1609

Next him *Tenantius* raigned, then *Kimbeline*, 1
 What time th'eternall Loid in fleshly slime
 Enwomb'd was, from wretched *Adams* line
 To purge away the guilt of sinfull crime
 O ioyous memorie of happy time,
 That heauenly grace so plenteously displayd,
 (O too high ditty for my simple rime)
 Soone after this the *Romanes* him warrayd,
 For that their tribute he refusd to let be payd
 Good *Claudius*, that next was Emperour, 1i
 An army brought, and with him battell fought,
 In which the king was by a Treachetour
 Disguis'd slaine, ere any thereof thought
 Yet ceased not the bloody fight for ought,
 For *Arurage* his brothers place supplide,
 Both in his armes, and crowne, and by that draught
 Did driue the *Romanes* to the weaker side,
 That they to peace agreed So all was pacifide
 Was neuer king more highly magnifide, 1ii
 Nor dred of *Romanes*, then was *Arurage*,
 For which the Emperour to him allide
 His daughter *Genuiss'* in marriage
 Yet shortly he renounst the vassalage
 Of *Rome* againe, who hither hastily sent
Vespasian, that with great spoile and rage
 Forwasted all, till *Genuissa* gent
 Perswaded him to ceasse, and her Lord to relent
 He dyde, and him succeeded *Marius*, 1iii
 Who ioyd his dayes in great tranquillity,
 Then *Coyll*, and after him good *Lucius*,
 That first receiued Christianitie,
 The sacred pledge of Christes Euangely,
 Yet true it is, that long before that day
 Hither came *Ioseph* of *Arimathy*,
 Who brought with him the holy grayle, (they say)
 And preacht the truth, but since it greatly did decay

l 8 wrrayd 1596 li 7 his om 1596 In armes, and eke in crowne 1609
 liii 2 in] with 1609

This good king shortly without issew dide,
 Whereof great trouble in the kingdome grew,
 That did her selfe in sundry parts diuide,
 And with her powre her owne selfe ouerthrew,
 Whilest *Romanes* dayly did the weake subdew
 Which seeing stout *Bunduca*, vp arose,
 And taking armes, the *Britons* to her drew,
 With whom she marched streight against her foes,
 And them vnwares besides the *Seuerne* did enclose

liv

There she with them a cruell battell tride,
 Not with so good successe, as she deseru'd,
 By reason that the Captaines on her side,
 Corrupted by *Paulinus*, from her sweru'd
 Yet such, as were through former flight preseru'd,
 Gathering againe, her Host she did renew,
 And with fresh courage on the victour seru'd
 But being all defeated, saue a few,
 Rather then fly, or be captiu'd her selfe she slew

lv

O famous moniment of womens prayse,
 Matchable either to *Semiramis*,
 Whom antique history so high doth raise,
 Or to *Hypsiphil* or to *Thomiris*
 Her Host two hundred thousand numbred is,
 Who whiles good fortune fauoured her might,
 Triumphed oft against her enimis,
 And yet though ouercome in haplesse fight,
 She triumphed on death, in enemies despight

lvi

Her reliques *Fulgent* hauing gathered,
 Fought with *Seuerus*, and him ouerthrew,
 Yet in the chace was slaine of them, that fled
 So made them victours, whom he did subdew
 Then gan *Carausius* tirannize anew,
 And gainst the *Romanes* bent their proper powre,
 But him *Allectus* treacherously slew,
 And took on him the robe of Emperoure
 Nath'lesse the same enioyed but short happy howre

lvii

For *Asclepiodate* him ouercame, lviii
 And left inglorious on the vanquisht playne,
 Without oi robe, or rag, to hide his shame
 Then afterwards he in his stead did rayne ,
 But shortly was by *Coyll* in battell slaine
 Who after long debate, since *Lucies* time,
 Was of the *Britons* first crownd Soueraine
 Then gan this Realme renewe her passed prime
 He of his name *Coylchester* built of stone and lime
 Which when the *Romanes* heard, they hither sent lix
Constantius, a man of mickle might,
 With whom king *Coyll* made an agreement,
 And to him gaue for wife his daughter bright,
 Faire *Helena*, the fairest liuing wight,
 Who in all godly thewes, and goodly prayse
 Did far excell, but was most famous hight
 For skill in Musicke of all in her dayes,
 Aswell in curious instruments, as cunning layes
 Of whom he did great *Constantine* beget, lx
 Who afterward was Emperour of *Rome* ,
 To which whiles absent he his mind did set,
Octavius here lept into his roome,
 And it vsurped by vnrighteous doome
 But he his title iustifide by might,
 Slaying *Traherne*, and hauing ouercome
 The *Romane* legion in dreadfull fight
 So settled he his kingdome, and confirmd his right
 But wanting issew male, his daughter deare lxi
 He gaue in wedlocke to *Maximian*,
 And him with her made of his kingdome heyre,
 Who soone by meanes thereof the Empire wan,
 Till murdred by the friends of *Grattan* ,
 Then gan the Hunnes and Picts inuade this land,
 During the raigne of *Maximian* ,
 Who dying left none heire them to withstand,
 But that they ouerran all parts with easie hand

The weary *Britons*, whose war-hable youth lxii
 Was by *Maximian* lately led away,
 With wretched miseries, and woefull ruth,
 Were to those Pagans made an open pray,
 And dayly spectacle of sad decay
 Whom *Romane* warres, which now foure hundred yeares,
 And more had wasted, could no whit dismay,
 Till by consent of Commons and of Peares,
 They crownd the second *Constantine* with 10yous teares,
 Who hauing oft in battell vanquished lxiii
 Those spoilefull Picts, and swarming Easterlings,
 Long time in peace his Realme established,
 Yet oft annoyd with sundry bordragings
 Of neighbour Scots, and forrein Scatterlings,
 With which the world did in those dayes abound
 Which to outbarre, with painefull pyonings
 From sea to sea he heapt a mightie mound,
 Which from *Alclud* to *Panwelt* did that border bound
 Three sonnes he dying left, all vnder age, lxiv
 By meanes whereof, their vncle *Vorugere*
 Vsurt the crowne, during their pupillage,
 Which th'Infants tutors gathering to feare,
 Them closely into *Armorick* did beare
 For dread of whom, and for those Picts annoyes,
 He sent to *Germanie*, straunge aid to reare,
 From whence eftsoones arriued here three hoyes
 Of *Saxons*, whom he for his safetie employes
 Two brethren were their Capitains, which hight lxv
Hengist and *Horsus*, well approu'd in warre,
 And both of them men of renownmed might,
 Who making vantage of their ciuill iarre,
 And of those forreiners, which came from farre,
 Grew great, and got large portions of land,
 That in the Realme ere long they stronger arre,
 Then they which sought at first their helping hand,
 And *Vortiger* enforst the kingdome to aband

lxv i Capitayns 1590 Captains 1596 9 enforst] haue forst 1590

But by the helpe of *Vortumere* his sonne,
 He is againe vnto his rule restord,
 And *Hengist* seeming sad, for that was donne,
 Receiued is to grace and new accord,
 Through his faire daughters face, and flattring word,
 Soone after which, three hundred Lordes he slew
 Of British blood, all sitting at his bord,
 Whose dolefull monuments who list to rew,
 Th'eternall markes of treason may at *Stonheng* vew
 By this the sonnes of *Constantine*, which fled,
Ambrose and *Viher* did ripe years attaine,
 And here arriuing, strongly challenged
 The crowne, which *Vortiger* did long detaine
 Who flying from his guilt, by them was slaine,
 And *Hengist* eke soone brought to shamefull death
 Thenceforth *Aurelius* peaceably did rayne,
 Till that through poyson stopped was his breath,
 So now entombed lyes at *Stoneheng* by the heath
 After him *Viher*, which *Pendragon* hight,
 Succeding There abruptly it did end,
 Without full point, or other Cesure right,
 As if the rest some wicked hand did rend,
 Or th'Authour selfe could not at least attend
 To finish it that so vntimely breach
 The Prince him selfe halfe seemeth to offend,
 Yet secret pleasure did offence empeach,
 And wonder of antiquitie long stopt his speach
 At last quite rausht with delight, to heare
 The royall Ofspring of his native land,
 Cryde out, Deare countrey, O how dearely deare
 Ought thy remembraunce, and perpetuall band
 Be to thy foster Childe, that from thy hand
 Did commun breath and nouriture receaue?
 How brutish is it not to vnderstand,
 How much to her we owe, that all vs gaue,
 That gaue vnto vs all, what euer good we haue

lxvi

lxvii

lxviii

lxix

lxvii 2 *Ambrise* 1596, 1609

lxviii 7 seemed 1590

But *Guyon* all this while his booke did read, lxx
 Ne yet has ended for it was a great
 And ample volume, that doth far exceed
 My leasure, so long leaues here to repeat
 It told, how first *Prometheus* did create
 A man, of many partes from beasts deriued,
 And then stole fire from heauen, to animate
 His worke, for which he was by *Ioue* depriued
 Of life him selfe, and hart-strings of an *Ægle* riued
 That man so made, he called *Elfe*, to weet lxxi
 Quick, the first authour of all Elfin kind
 Who wandring through the world with wearie feet,
 Did in the gardins of *Adonis* find
 A goodly creature, whom he deemd in mind
 To be no earthly wight, but either Spright,
 Or Angell, th'authour of all woman kind,
 Therefore a *Fay* he her according hight,
 Of whom all *Faeryes* spring, and fetch their lignage right
 Of these a mightie people shortly grew, lxxii
 And puissaunt kings, which all the world warrayd,
 And to them selues all Nations did subdew
 The first and eldest, which that scepter swayd,
 Was *Elfin*, him all *India* obayd,
 And all that now *America* men call
 Next him was noble *Elfinan*, who layd
Cleopols foundation first of all
 But *Elfilne* enclosd it with a golden wall
 His sonne was *Elfinell*, who ouercame lxxiii
 The wicked *Gobbelines* in bloudy field
 But *Elfant* was of most renownmed fame,
 Who all of Christall did *Panthea* build
 Then *Elfar*, who two brethren gyants kild,
 The one of which had two heads, th'other three
 Then *Elfinor*, who was in Magick skild,
 He built by art vpon the glassy See
 A bridge of bras, whose sound heauens thunder seem'd to bee

He left three sonnes, the which in order raynd,
 And all their Ofspring, in their dew descents,
 Euen seuen hundred Princes, which maintaynd
 With mightie deedes their sundry gouernments,
 That were too long their infinite contents
 Here to record, ne much materiall
 Yet should they be most famous monuments,
 And braue ensample, both of martiall,
 And ciuill rule to kings and states imperiall

lxxiv

After all these *Elficleos* did rayne,
 The wise *Elficleos* in great Maiestie,
 Who mightily that scepter did sustayne,
 And with rich spoiles and famous victorie,
 Did high aduaunce the crowne of *Faery*
 He left two sonnes, of which faire *Elferon*
 The eldest brother did vntimely dy,
 Whose emptie place the mightie *Oberon*
 Doubly supplide, in spousall, and dominion

lxxv

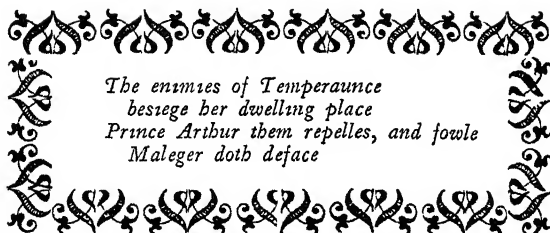
Great was his power and glorie ouer all,
 Which him before, that sacred seate did fill,
 That yet remaines his wide memoriall
 He dying left the fairest *Tanaquill*,
 Him to succeede therein, by his last will
 Fairer and nobler lueth none this howre,
 Ne like in grace, ne like in learned skill,
 Therefore they *Glorian* call that glorious flowre,
 Long mayst thou *Glorian* liue, in glory and great powre

lxxvi

Beguild thus with delight of nouelties,
 And naturall desire of countreys state,
 So long they red in those antiquities,
 That how the time was fled, they quite forgate,
 Till gentle *Alma* seeing it so late,
 Perforce their studies broke, and them besought
 To thinke, how supper did them long awaite
 So halfe vnwilling from their bookes them brought,
 And fairely feasted, as so noble knights she ought

lxxvii

Cant. XI.



WHat warre so cruell, or what siege so sore,
 As that, which strong affections do apply
 Against the fort of reason euermore
 To bring the soule into captiuitie
 Their force is fiercer through infirmities
 Of the fraile flesh, relenting to their rage,
 And exercise most bitter tyranny
 Vpon the parts, brought into their bondage
 No wretchednesse is like to sinfull vellenage
 But in a body, which doth freely yeeld
 His partes to reasons rule obedient,
 And letteth her that ought the scepter weeld,
 All happy peace and goodly gouernment
 Is settled there in sure establishment,
 There *Alma* like a virgin Queene most bright,
 Doth florish in all beautie excellent
 And to her guesstes doth bounteous banket dight,
 Attempted goodly well for health and for delight
 Early before the Morne with cremosin ray,
 The windowes of bright heauen opened had,
 Through which into the world the dawning day
 Might looke, that maketh euery creature glad,
 Vprose Sir *Guyon*, in bright armour clad,
 And to his purposed iourney him prepar'd
 With him the Palmer eke in habit sad,
 Him selfe addrest to that aduenture hard
 So to the riuers side they both together far'd

i

ii

iii

Where they awaited ready at the ford
 The *Ferriman*, as *Alma* had behight,
 With his well rigged boate They go aboard,
 And he eftsoones gan launch his barke forthright
 Ere long they rowed were quite out of sight,
 And fast the land behind them fled away
 But let them pas, whiles wind and weather right
 Do serue their turnes here I a while must stay,
 To see a cruell fight doen by the Prince this day

lv

For all so soone, as *Guyon* thence was gon
 Vpon his voyage with his trustie guide,
 That wicked band of villeins fresh begon
 That castle to assaile on euery side,
 And lay strong siege about it far and wide
 So huge and infinite their numbers were,
 That all the land they vnder them did hide,
 So fowle and vgly, that exceeding feare
 Their visages imprest, when they approached neare

v

Them in twelue troupes their Captain did dispart
 And round about in fittest steades did place,
 Where each might best offend his proper part,
 And his contrary object most deface,
 As euery one seem'd meetest in that cace
 Seuene of the same against the Castle gate,
 In strong entrenchments he did closely place,
 Which with incessaunt force and endlesse hate,
 They battred day and night, and entraunce did awate

vi

The other fiue, fiue sundry wayes he set,
 Against the fiue great Bulwarkes of that pile,
 And vnto each a Bulwarke did arret,
 T'assayle with open force or hidden guile,
 In hope thereof to win victorious spoile
 They all that charge did feruently apply,
 With greedie malice and importune toyle,
 And planted there their huge artillery,
 With which they dayly made most dreadfull battery.

vii

The first troupe was a monstrous rablement
 Of fowle misshapen wights, of which some were
 Headed like Owles, with beκες vncomely bent,
 Others like Dogs, others like Gryphons dreare,
 And some had wings, and some had clawes to teare,
 And euery one of them had Lynces eyes,
 And euery one did bow and arrowes beare
 All those were lawlesse lustes, corrupt enuies,
 And couetous aspectes, all cruell enimies

viii

Those same against the bulwarke of the *Sight*
 Did lay strong siege, and battailous assault,
 Ne once did yield it respit day nor night,
 But soone as *Titan* gan his head exault,
 And soone againe as he his light with hault,
 Their wicked engins they against it bent
 That is each thing, by which the eyes may fault,
 But two then all more huge and violent,
 Beautie, and money, they that Bulwarke sorely rent

ix

The second Bulwarke was the *Hearing* sence,
 Gainst which the second troupe dessignment makes,
 Deformed creatures, in straunge difference,
 Some hauing heads like Harts, some like to Snakes,
 Some like wild Bores late rouzd out of the brakes,
 Slaunderous reproches, and fowle infamies,
 Leasings, backbyttings, and vaine-glorious crakes,
 Bad counsels, prayses, and false flatteries

x

All those against that fort did bend their batteries

Likewise that same third Fort, that is the *Smell*
 Of that third troupe was cruelly assayd
 Whose hideous shapes were like to feends of hell,
 Some like to hounds, some like to Apes, dismayd,
 Some like to Puttockes, all in plumes arayd
 All shap't according their conditions,
 For by those vgly formes weren pourtrayd,
 Foolish delights and fond abusions,

xi

Which do that sence besiege with light illusions

viii 3 beakes 1609

ix 9 they against that Bulwarke lent 1590

x 2 assignment 1590

xi 4 mismayd cony *Jorin*

And that fourth band, which cruell battry bent, xii
 Against the fourth Bulwarke, that is the *Tast*,
 Was as the rest, a grysie rablement,
 Some mouth'd like greedy Oystreges, some fast
 Like loathly Toades, some fashioned in the wast
 Like swine, for so deformd is luxury,
 Surfeat, misdiet, and vnthrifitie wast,
 Vaine feasts, and idle superfluity

All those this sences Fort assayle incessantly

But the fift troupe most horrible of hew, xiii
 And fierce of force, was dreadfull to report
 For some like Snailes, some did like spyders shew,
 And some like vgly Vrchins thicke and short
 Cruelly they assayled that fift Fort,
 Armed with darts of sensuall delight,
 With stings of carnall lust, and strong effort
 Of feeling pleasures, with which day and night
 Against that same fift bulwarke they continued fight

Thus these twelue troupes with dreadfull puissance xiv
 Against that Castle restlesse siege did lay,
 And euermore their hideous Ordinance
 Vpon the Bulwarkes cruelly did play,
 That now it gan to threaten neare decay
 And euermore their wicked Capitaine
 Prouoked them the breaches to assay,
 Somtimes with threats, somtimes with hope of gaine,
 Which by the ransack of that peece they should attaine

On th'other side, th'assieged Castles ward xv
 Their stedfast stonds did mightily maintaine,
 And many bold repulse, and many hard
 Atchieuement wrought with perill and with paine,
 That goodly frame from ruine to sustaine
 And those two brethren Giants did defend
 The walles so stoutly with their sturdie maine,
 That neuer entrance any durst pretend,
 But they to direfull death their groning ghosts did send

xii 4 fac't 1609 7 Surfait 1609 xiii 2 was] is 1590 5 They cruelly
 1609 assayed 1590

The noble virgin, Ladie of the place,
Was much dismayed with that dreadfull sight
For neuer was she in so euill cace,
Till that the Prince seeing her wofull plight,
Gan her recomfort from so sad affright,
Offering his seruice, and his dearest life
For her defence, against that Carle to fight,
Which was their chiefe and th'author of that strife
She him remerci'd as the Patrone of her life
Eftsoones himselfe in glitterand armes he dight,
And his well proued weapons to him hent,
So taking courteous conge he behight,
Those gates to be vnbar'd, and forth he went
Faire mote he thee, the prowest and most gent,
That euer brandished bright steele on hye
Whom soone as that vnruely rablement,
With his gay Squire issuing did espy,
They reard a most outrageous dreadfull yelling cry
And therewith all attonce at him let fly
Their fluttring arrowes, thicke as flakes of snow,
And round about him focke impetuously,
Like a great water flood, that tombling low
From the high mountaines, threats to ouerflow
With suddein fury all the fertile plaine,
And the sad husbandmans long hope doth throw
A downe the streame, and all his vowes make vaine,
Nor bounds nor banks his headlong ruine may sustaine
Vpon his shield their heaped hayle he bore,
And with his sword disperst the raskall flocks,
Which fled a sunder, and him fell before,
As withered leaues drop from their dried stockes,
When the wroth Western wind does reauē their locks,
And vnder neath him his courageous steed,
The fierce *Spumador* trode them downe like docks,
The fierce *Spumador* borne of heauenly seed
Such as *Laomedon* of *Phæbus* race did breed

xvi

xvii

xvi 1

xix

Which suddaine horroui and confused cry, xx
 When as their Captaine heard, in haste he yode,
 The cause to weet, and fault to remedy,
 Vpon a Tygre swift and fierce he rode,
 That as the winde ran vnderneath his lode,
 Whiles his long legs nigh raught vnto the ground,
 Full large he was of limbe, and shoulders brode,
 But of such subtil substance and vnsound,
 That like a ghost he seem'd, whose graue-clothes were vnbound
 And in his hand a bended bow was seene, xxi
 And many arrowes vnder his right side,
 All deadly daungerous, all cruell keene,
 Headed with flint, and feathers bloudie dide,
 Such as the *Indians* in their quiuers hide,
 Those could he well direct and streight as line,
 And bid them strike the marke, which he had eyde,
 Ne was their salue, ne was their medicine,
 That mote recure their wounds so inly they did tine
 As pale and wan as ashes was his looke, xxii
 His bodie leane and meagre as a rake,
 And skin all withered like a dried rooke,
 Thereto as cold and drery as a Snake,
 That seem'd to tremble euermore, and quake
 All in a canuas thin he was bedight,
 And girded with a belt of twisted brake,
 Vpon his head he wore an Helmet light,
 Made of a dead mans skull, that seem'd a ghastly sight
Maleger was his name, and after him, xxiii
 There follow'd fast at hand two wicked Hags,
 With hoarie lockes all loose, and visage grim,
 Their feet vnshod, their bodies wrapt in rags,
 And both as swift on foot, as chased Stags,
 And yet the one her other legge had lame,
 Which with a staffe, all full of litle snags
 She did support, and *Impotence* her name
 But th'other was *Impatience*, arm'd with raging flame

Soone as the Carle from farre the Prince espyde,
 Glistring in armes and warlike ornament,
 His Beast he felly prickt on either syde,
 And his mischieuous bow full readie bent,
 With which at him a cruell shaft he sent
 But he was waie, and it warded well
 Vpon his shield, that it no further went,
 But to the ground the idle quarrell fell
 Then he another and another did expell

xxiv

Which to preuent, the Prince his mortall speare
 Soone to him raught, and fierce at him did ride,
 To be auenged of that shot whyleare
 But he was not so hardie to abide
 That bitter stownd, but turning quicke aside
 His light-foot beast, fled fast away for feare
 Whom to pursue, the Infant after hide,
 So fast as his good Courser could him beare,
 But labour lost it was, to weene approch him neare

xxv

For as the winged wind his Tigre fled,
 That vew of eye could scarce him ouertake,
 Ne scarce his feet on ground were seene to tread,
 Through hils and dales he speedie way did make,
 Ne hedge ne ditch his readie passage brake,
 And in his flight the villain turn'd his face,
 (As wons the *Tartar* by the *Caspian* lake,
 When as the *Russian* him in fight does chace)
 Vnto his Tygres taile, and shot at him apace

xxvi

Apace he shot, and yet he fled apace,
 Still as the greedy knight nigh to him drew,
 And oftentimes he would relent his pace,
 That him his foe more fiercely should pursew
 Who when his vncouth manner he did vew,
 He gan auize to follow him no more,
 But keepe his standing, and his shaftes eschew,
 Vntill he quite had spent his perlous store,
 And then assayle him fresh, ere he could shift for more

xxvii

But that lame Hag, still as abroad he strew

xxviii

His wicked arrowes, gathered them againe,
And to him brought, fresh battell to renew
Which he espying, cast her to restraine
From yielding succour to that cursed Swaine,
And her attaching, thought her hands to tye,
But soone as him dismounted on the plaine,
That other Hag did farre away espy

Binding her sister, she to him ran hastily

And catching hold of him, as downe he lent,

xxix

Him backward ouerthrew, and downe him stayd
With their rude hands and griesly graplement,
Till that the villain comming to their ayd,
Vpon him fell, and lode vpon him layd,
Full litle wanted, but he had him slaine,
And of the battell balefull end had made,
Had not his gentle Squire beheld his paine,

And commen to his reskew, ere his bitter bane

So greatest and most glorious thing on ground

xxx

May often need the helpe of weaker hand,
So feeble is mans state, and life vnsound,
That in assurance it may neuer stand,
Till it dissolued be from earthly band
Proofe be thou Prince, the prowrest man aloue,
And noblest borne of all in *Britayne* land,
Yet thee fierce Fortune did so nearely driue,

That had not grace thee blest, thou shouldest not suruiue

The Squire arriuing, fiercely in his armes

xxxi

Snatcht first the one, and then the other Iade,
His chiefest lets and authors of his harmes,
And them perforce withheld with threatned blade,
Least that his Lord they should behind inuade,
The whiles the Prince prickt with reprochfull shame,
As one awakt out of long slombring shade,
Reuiuing thought of glorie and of fame,

Vnited all his powres to purge himselfe from blame

xxx 7 *Britom* 1590 corr *F E* *Briton* 1596, 1609 9 reuiue 1590
8c corr *F E*

Like as a fire, the which in hollow caue
 Hath long bene vnderkept, and downe suppress,
 With murmurous disdaine doth inly raue,
 And grudge, in so streight prison to be prest,
 At last breakes forth with furious vnrest,
 And striues to mount vnto his natieue seat,
 All that did earst it hinder and molest,
 It now deuoures with flames and scorching heat,
 And carries into smoake with rage and horror great
 So mightily the *Briton* Prince him rouzd
 Out of his hold, and broke his caitiue bands,
 And as a Beare whom angry cures haue touzd,
 Hauing off-shakt them, and escapt their hands,
 Becomes more fell, and all that him withstands
 Treads downe and ouerthrowes Now had the Carle
 Alighted from his Tigre, and his hands
 Discharged of his bow and deadly quar'le,
 To seize vpon his foe flat lying on the marle
 Which now him turnd to disauantage deare,
 For neither can he fly, nor other harme,
 But trust vnto his strength and manhood meare,
 Sith now he is farre from his monstrous swarme,
 And of his weapons did himselfe disarm
 The knight yet wrothfull for his late disgrace,
 Fiercely aduaunst his valorous right arme,
 And him so sore smote with his yron mace,
 That groueling to the ground he fell, and fild his place
 Well weened he, that field was then his owne,
 And all his labour brought to happie end,
 When suddain vp the vilain ouerthrowne,
 Out of his swowne arose, fresh to contend,
 And gan himselfe to second battell bend,
 As hurt he had not bene Thereby there lay
 An huge great stone, which stood vpon one end,
 And had not bene remoued many a day,
 Some land-marke seem'd to be, or signe of sundry way.

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiv

xxxv

The same he snatcht, and with exceeding sway
 Threw at his foe, who was right well aware
 To shunne the engin of his meant decay,
 It booted not to thinke that throw to beare,
 But ground he gaue, and lightly leapt areare
 Eft fierce retuining, as a Faulcon faire
 That once hath failed of hei souse full neare,
 Remounts againe into the open aire,
 And vnto better foitune doth her selfe prepare
 So braue retuining, with his brandisht blade,
 He to the Carle himselfe againe addrest,
 And strooke at him so sternely, that he made
 An open passage through his riuen brest,
 That halfe the steele behind his back did rest,
 Which drawing backe, he looked euermore
 When the hart bloud should gush out of his chest,
 Or his dead corse should fall vpon the flore,
 But his dead corse vpon the flore fell nathemoie
 Ne drop of bloud appeared shed to bee,
 All were the wounde so wide and wonderous,
 That through his carkasse one might plainly see
 Halfe in a maze with horror hideous,
 And halfe in rage, to be deluded thus,
 Againe through both the sides he strooke him quight,
 That made his spright to grone full piteous
 Yet nathemore forth fled his groning spright,
 But freshly as at first, prepard himselfe to fight
 Thereat he smitten was with great affright,
 And trembling terror did his hart apall,
 Ne wist he, what to thinke of that same sight,
 Ne what to say, ne what to doe at all,
 He doubted, least it were some magicall
 Illusion, that did beguile his sense,
 Or wandring ghost, that wanted funerall,
 Or aerie spirit vnder false pretence,
 Or hellish feend raysd vp through diuelish science

xxxvi

xxxvii

xxxviii

xxxix

His wonder farre exceeded reasons reach,
 That he began to doubt his dazeled sight,
 And oft of error did himselfe appeach
 Flesh without bloud, a person without spright,
 Wounds without hurt, a bodie without might,
 That could doe harme, yet could not harmed bee,
 That could not die, yet seem'd a mortall wight,
 That was most strong in most infirmitee,
 Like did he neuer heare, like did he neuer see
 A while he stood in this astonishment,
 Yet would he not for all his great dismay
 Giue ouer to effect his first intent,
 And th'vtmost meanes of victorie assay,
 Or th'vtmost issew of his owne decay
 His owne good sword *Morddure*, that neuer fayld
 At need, till now, he lightly threw away,
 And his bright shield, that nought him now auayld,
 And with his naked hands him forcibly assayld
 Twixt his two mightie armes him vp he snatcht,
 And crusht his carkasse so against his brest,
 That the disdainfull soule he thence dispatcht,
 And th'idle breath all vtterly exprest
 Tho when he felt him dead, a downe he kest
 The lumpish corse vnto the senselesse grownd,
 Adowne he kest it with so puissant wrest,
 That backe againe it did aloft rebownd,
 And gaue against his mother earth a gronefull sownd
 As when *Ioues* harnesse-bearing Bird from hie
 Stoupes at a flying heron with proud disdaine,
 The stone-dead quarrey fals so forcible,
 That it rebounds against the lowly plaine,
 A second fall redoubling backe againe
 Then thought the Prince all perill sure was past,
 And that he victor onely did remaine,
 No sooner thought, then that the Carle as fast
 Gan heap huge strokes on him, as ere he downe was cast.

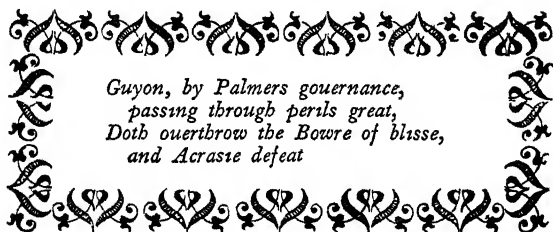
Nigh his wits end then woxe th'amazed knight, xlv
 And thought his labour lost and trauell vaine,
 Against this lifelesse shadow so to fight
 Yet life he saw, and felt his mightie maine,
 That whiles he marueild still, did still him paine
 For thy he gan some other wayes aduize,
 How to take life from that dead-liuing swaine,
 Whom still he marked freshly to arize
 From th'earth, and from her wombe new spirits to reprize
 He then remembred well, that had bene sayd, xlv
 How th'Earth his mother was, and first him bore,
 She eke so often, as his life decayd,
 Did life with vsury to him restore,
 And raysd him vp much stronger then before,
 So soone as he vnto her wombe did fall,
 Therefore to ground he would him cast no more,
 Ne him commit to graue terrestriall,
 But beare him farre from hope of succour vsuall
 Tho vp he caught him twixt his puissant hands, xlvi
 And hauing scruzd out of his carrion corse
 The lothfull life, now loosd from sinfull bands,
 Vpon his shoulders carried him perforce
 Aboue three furlongs, taking his full course,
 Vntill he came vnto a standing lake,
 Him thereinto he threw without remorse,
 Ne stird, till hope of life did him forsake,
 So end of that Charles dayes, and his owne paines did make
 Which when those wicked Hags from farre did spy, xlvii
 Like two mad dogs they ran about the lands,
 And th'one of them with dreadfull yelling cry,
 Throwing away her broken chaines and bands,
 And hauing quencht her burning fier brands,
 Hedlong her selfe did cast into that lake,
 But *Impotence* with her owne wilfull hands,
 One of *Malegers* cursed darts did take,
 So riu'd her trembling hart, and wicked end did make

Thus now alone he conquerour remaines,
 Tho comming to his Squire, that kept his steed,
 Thought to haue mounted, but his feeble vaines
 Him faild thereto, and serued not his need,
 Through losse of bloud, which from his wounds did bleed,
 That he began to faint, and life decay
 But his good Squire him helping vp with speed,
 With stedfast hand vpon his horse did stay,
 And led him to the Castle by the beaten way
 Where many Groomes and Squiers readie were,
 To take him from his steed full tenderly,
 And eke the fairest *Alma* met him there
 With balme and wine and costly spicery,
 To comfort him in his infirmity,
 Eftsoones she causd him vp to be conuayd,
 And of his armes despoyled easily,
 In sumptuous bed she made him to be layd,
 And all the while his wounds were dressing, by him stayd

xlvi

xlix

Cant. XII.



Now gins this goodly frame of Temperance
 Fairely to rise, and her adorned hed
 To pricke of highest praise forth to aduance,
 Formerly grounded, and fast setteled
 On firme foundation of true bountihed,
 And this braue knight, that for that vertue fights,
 Now comes to point of that same perilous sted,
 Where Pleasure dwelles in sensuall delights,
 Mongst thousand dangers, and ten thousand magick mights

Arg 1 by] through 1590 2 through passing 1590 1 4 Formerly]
 Formally 6 that] this 1590 &c corr F E

Two dayes now in that sea he sayled has, 11
 Ne euer land beheld, ne liuing wight,
 Ne ought saue perill, still as he did pas
 Tho when appeared the third *Morrow* bright,
 Vpon the waues to spread her trembling light,
 An hideous roaring farre away they heard,
 That all their senses filled with affright,
 And streight they saw the raging surges reard
 Vp to the skyes, that them of drowning made affeard
 Said then the Boteman, Palmer stere aright, 111
 And keepe an euen course, for yonder way
 We needes must passe (God do vs well acquight,) 111
 That is the *Gulfe of Greednesse*, they say,
 That deepe engorgeth all this woildes pray
 Which hauing swallowd vp excessiuely,
 He soone in vomit vp againe doth lay,
 And belcheth forth his superfluity,
 That all the seas for feare do seeme away to fly
 On th'other side an hideous Rocke is pight, 114
 Of mightie *Magnes* stone, whose craggie clift
 Depending from on high, dreadfull to sight,
 Ouer the waues his rugged armes doth lift,
 And threatneth downe to throw his ragged rift
 On who so commeth nigh, yet nigh it drawes
 All passengers, that none from it can shift
 For whiles they fly that Gulfes deuouring iawes,
 They on this rock are rent, and sunck in helplesse wawes
 Forward they passe, and strongly he them rowes, 115
 Vntill they nigh vnto that Gulfe arriue,
 Where streame more violent and greedy growes
 Then he with all his puissance doth striue
 To strike his oares, and mightily doth driue
 The hollow vessell through the threatfull waue,
 Which gaping wide, to swallow them aliuie,
 In th'huge abysses of his engulging graue,
 Doth rore at them in vaine, and with great terror raue

They passing by, that griesly mouth did see, vi
 Sucking the seas into his entralles deepe,
 That seem'd more horrible then hell to bee,
 Or that darke dreadfull hole of *Tartare* steepe,
 Through which the damned ghosts doen often creepe
 Backe to the world, bad liuers to torment
 But nought that falles into this direfull deepe,
 Ne that approcheth nigh the wide descent,
 May backe returne, but is condemned to be drent

On th'other side, they saw that perilous Rocke, vii
 Threatning it selfe on them to ruinate,
 On whose sharpe clifts the ribs of vessels broke,
 And shiuered ships, which had bene wrecked late,
 Yet stuck, with carkasses exanimate
 Of such, as hauing all their substance spent
 In wanton ioyes, and lustes intemperate,
 Did afterwards make shipwracke violent,
 Both of their life, and fame for euer fowly blent.

For thy, this hight *The Rocke of vile Reproch*, viii
 A daungerous and detestable place,
 To which nor fish nor fowle did once approach,
 But yelling Meawes, with Seagulles hoarse and bace,
 And Cormoyrants, with birds of rauenous race,
 Which still sate waiting on that wastfull clift,
 For spoyle of wretches, whose vnhappie cace,
 After lost credite and consumed thrift,
 At last them driuen hath to this despairefull drift

The Palmer seeing them in safetie past, ix
 Thus said, Behold th'ensamples in our sights,
 Of lustfull luxurie and thriftlesse wast
 What now is left of miserable wights,
 Which spent their looser daies in lewd delights,
 But shame and sad reproch, here to be red,
 By these rent reliques, speaking their ill plights?
 Let all that lue, hereby be counselled,
 To shunne *Rocke of Reproch*, and it as death to dred

viii 6 weiting 1590 corr to wayting in F E ix 2 behold 1590, 1596

So forth they rowed, and that *Ferryman* x
 With his stiffe oares did brush the sea so strong,
 That the hoare waters from his frigot ran,
 And the light bubbles daunced all along,
 Whiles the salt brine out of the billowes sprung
 At last farre off they many Islands spy,
 On euery side floting the floods emong
 Then said the knight, Loe I the land descry,
 Therefore old Syre thy course do thereunto apply
 That may not be, said then the *Ferryman* xi
 Least we vnweeting hap to be fordonne
 For those same Islands, seeming now and than,
 Are not firme lande, nor any certein wonne,
 But stragglng plots, which to and fro do ronne
 In the wide waters therefore are they hight
 The *wandring Islands* Therefore doe them shonne,
 For they haue oft drawne many a wandring wight
 Into most deadly daunger and distressed plight
 Yet well they seeme to him, that farre doth vew, xii
 Both faire and fruitfull, and the ground dispred
 With grassie greene of delectable hew,
 And the tall trees with leaues apparelled,
 Are deckt with blossomes dyde in white and red,
 That mote the passengers thereto allure,
 But whosoeuer once hath fastened
 His foot thereon, may neuer it recure,
 But wandreth euer more vncertein and vnsure
 As th'Isle of *Delos* whylome men report xiii
 Amid th' *Aegæan* sea long time did stray,
 Ne made for shipping any certaine port,
 Till that *Latona* traueiling that way,
 Flying from *Iuno*s wrath and hard assay,
 Of her faire twins was there deliuered,
 Which afterwards did rule the night and day,
 Thenceforth it firmly was established,
 And for *Apolloes* honor highly herried

They to him hearken, as beseemeth meete, xiv
 And passe on forward so their way does ly,
 That one of those same Islands, which doe fleet
 In the wide sea, they needes must passen by,
 Which seemd so sweet and pleasant to the eye,
 That it would tempt a man to touchen there
 Vpon the banck they sitting did espy
 A daintie damzell, dressing of her heare,
 By whom a litle skippet floting did appeare
 She them espying, loud to them can call, xv
 Bidding them nigher draw vnto the shore,
 For she had cause to busie them withall,
 And therewith loudly laught But nathemore
 Would they once turne, but kept on as afore
 Which when she saw, she left her lockes vndight,
 And running to her boat withouten ore
 From the departing land it launched light,
 And after them did driue with all her power and might
 Whom ouertaking, she in merry sort xvi
 Them gan to bord, and purpose diuersly,
 Now faining dalliance and wanton sport,
 Now throwing forth lewd words immodestly,
 Till that the Palmer gan full bitterly
 Her to rebuke, for being loose and light
 Which not abiding, but more scornefully
 Scoffing at him, that did her iustly wite,
 She turnd her bote about, and from them rowed quite
 That was the wanton *Phædria*, which late xvii
 Did ferry him ouer the *Idle lake*
 Whom nought regarding, they kept on their gate,
 And all her vaine allurements did forsake,
 When them the wary Boateman thus bespake,
 Here now behoueth vs well to auyse,
 And of our safetie good heede to take,
 For here before a perlous passage lyes,
 Where many Mermayds haunt, making false melodies

xv i can] gan 1609

But by the way, there is a great Quicksand,
 And a whirlepoole of hidden ieopardy,
 Therefore, Su Palmei, keepe an euen hand,
 For twixt them both the narrow way doth ly
 Scarse had he said, when hard at hand they spy
 That quicksand nigh with water couered,
 But by the checked waue they did descry
 It plaine, and by the sea discoloured

xviii

It called was the quicksand of *Vnthriftyhed*

They passing by, a goodly Ship did see,
 Laden from far with precious merchandize,
 And brauely furnished, as ship might bee,
 Which through great disauenture, or mesprize,
 Her selfe had runne into that hazardize,
 Whose mariners and merchants with much toyle,
 Labour'd in vaine, to haue recur'd their prize,
 And the rich wares to saue from pitteous spoyle,
 But neither toyle nor trauell might her backe recoyle

xix

On th'other side they see that perilous Poole,
 That called was the *Whirlepoole of decay*,
 In which full many had with haplesse doole
 Beene suncke, of whom no memorie did stay
 Whose circled waters rapt with whirling sway,
 Like to a restlesse wheele, still running round,
 Did couet, as they passed by that way,
 To draw their boate within the vtmost bound
 Of his wide *Labyrinth*, and then to haue them dround

xx

But th'heedfull Boateman strongly forth did stretch
 His brawnie armes, and all his body straine,
 That th'vtmost sandy breach they shortly fetch,
 Whiles the dred daunger does behind remaine
 Suddenne they see from midst of all the Maine,
 The surging waters like a mountaine rise,
 And the great sea pufte vp with proud disdaine,
 To swell aboue the measure of his guise,
 As threatening to deuoure all, that his powre despise.

xxi

xix 4 misprize 1609 xx 8 their] the 1596, 1609
 xxi 1 heedfull] earnest 1590

The waues come rolling, and the billowes rore
 Outragiously, as they enraged were,
 Or wrathfull *Neptune* did them driue before
 His whirling charet, for exceeding feare
 For not one puffle of wind there did appeare,
 That all the three thereat woxe much afayd,
 Vnweeting, what such horroure straunge did reate
 Eftsoones they saw an hideous hoast arrayd,
 Of huge Sea monsters, such as liuing sence dismayd

xxii

Most vgly shapes, and horrible aspects,
 Such as Dame Nature selfe mote feare to see,
 Or shame, that euer should so fowle defects
 From her most cunning hand escaped bee,
 All dreadfull pourtraicts of deformitee
 Spring-headed *Hydraes*, and sea-shouldring Whales,
 Great whirlpooles, which all fishes make to flee,
 Bright *Scolopendraes*, aim'd with siluer scales,
 Mighty *Monoceroses*, with immeasured tayles

xxiii

The dreadfull Fish, that hath deseru'd the name
 Of Death, and like him lookes in dreadfull hew,
 The griesly Wasserman, that makes his game
 The flying ships with swiftnesse to pursew,
 The horrible Sea-satyre, that doth shew
 His fearefull face in time of greatest storme,
 Huge *Ziffius*, whom Mariners eschew
 No lesse, then rockes, (as trauellers informe,)

xxiv

And greedy *Rosmarines* with visages deforme

All these, and thousand thousands many more,
 And more deformed Monsters thousand fold,
 With dreadfull noise, and hollow rombling rore,
 Came rushing in the fomy waues enrold,
 Which seem'd to fly for feare, them to behold
 Ne wonder, if these did the knight appall,
 For all that here on earth we dreadfull hold,
 Be but as bugs to fearen babes withall,

xxv

Compared to the creatures in the seas entrall

Feare nought, (then said the Palmer well auiz'd,) xxvi
 For these same Monsteis aie not these in deed,
 But are into these fearefull shapes disguiz'd
 By that same wicked witch, to worke vs dreed,
 And draw from on this iourney to proceede
 Tho lifting vp his vertuous staffe on hye,
 He smote the sea, which calmed was with speed,
 And all that dreadfull Armie fast gan flye
 Into great *Tethys* bosome, where they hidden lye
 Quit from that daunge, foith their course they kept, xxvii
 And as they went, they hea'd a ruefull cry
 Of one, that wayld and pittfully wept,
 That through the sea the resounding plaints did fly
 At last they in an Island did espy
 A seemely Maiden, sitting by the shore,
 That with great sorrow and sad agony,
 Seemed some great misfortune to deplore,
 And lowd to them for succour called euermore
 Which *Guyon* hearing, streight his Palmer bad, xxviii
 To stere the boate towards that dolefull Mayd,
 That he might know, and ease her sorrow sad
 Who him auizing bettei, to him sayd,
 Faire Sir, be not displeasd, if disobayd
 For ill it were to hearken to her cry,
 For she is inly nothing ill apayd,
 But onely womanish fine forgery,
 Your stubborne hart t'affect with fraile infimity
 To which when she your courage hath inclind xxix
 Through foolish pitty, then her guilefull bayt
 She will embosome deeper in your mind,
 And for your ruine at the last awayt
 The knight was ruled, and the Boateman strayt
 Held on his course with stayed stedfastnesse,
 Ne euer shruncke, ne euer sought to bayt
 His tyred armes for toylesome wearinesse,
 But with his oares did sweeppe the watry wildernesse

And now they nigh approched to the sted, xxx
 Where as those Mermayds dwelt it was a still
 And calmy bay, on th'one side sheltered
 With the brode shadow of an hoarie hill,
 On th'other side an high rocke toured still,
 That twixt them both a pleasaunt port they made,
 And did like an halfe Theatre fulfill
 There those fiue sisters had continuall trade,
 And vsd to bath themselues in that deceitfull shade
 They were faire Ladies, till they fondly striu'd xxxii
 With th'*Heliconian* maides for maistery,
 Of whom they ouer-comen, were depriu'd
 Of their proud beautie, and th'one moyity
 Transform'd to fish, for their bold surquedry,
 But th'vpper halfe their hew retained still,
 And their sweet skill in wonted melody,
 Which euer after they abusd to ill,
 T'allure weake trauellers, whom gotten they did kill.
 So now to *Guyon*, as he passed by, xxxiii
 Their pleasaunt tunes they sweetly thus applide,
 O thou faire sonne of gentle Faery,
 That art in mighty armes most magnifide
 Aboue all knights, that euei battell tride,
 O turne thy rudder hither-ward a while
 Here may thy storme-bet vessell safely ride;
 This is the Port of rest from troublous toyle,
 The worlds sweet In, from paine and wearisome turmoyle
 With that the rolling sea resounding soft, xxxiiii
 In his big base them fitly answered,
 And on the rocke the waues breaking aloft,
 A solemne Meane vnto them measured,
 The whiles sweet *Zephrus* lowd whisteled
 His treble, a straunge kinde of harmony,
 Which *Guyons* senses softly tickeled,
 That he the boateman bad row easily,
 And let him heare some part of their rare melody

xxx 6 peasaunt 1596 9 bathe 1609 deceitfull 1609
 xxxii 4 That] Thou 1596

But him the Palmei from that vanity,
 With temperate aduice discourselled,
 That they it past, and shortly gan descry
 The land, to which their course they leueled,
 When suddenly a grosse fog ouer spred
 With his dull vapour all that desert has,
 And heauens chearefull face enueloped,
 That all things one, and one as nothing was,
 And this great Vniuerse seemd one confused mas
 Thereat they greatly were dismayd, ne wist
 How to direct their way in darkenesse wide,
 But feard to wander in that wastfull mist,
 For tomling into mischiefe vnespide
 Worse is the daunger hidden, then descide
 Suddenly an innumerable flight
 Of harmefull fowles about them fluttering, cride,
 And with their wicked wings them oft did smight,
 And sore annoyed, groping in that griesly night
 Euen all the nation of vnfortunate
 And fatall birds about them flocked were,
 Such as by nature men abhorre and hate,
 The ill-faste Owle, deaths dreadfull messengere,
 The hoars Night-rauen, trump of dolefull dreere,
 The lether-winged Bat, dayes enemy,
 The ruefull Strich, still waiting on the bere,
 The Whistler shrill, that who so heares, doth dy,
 The hellish Harpies, prophets of sad destiny.
 All those, and all that else does horroure breed,
 About them flew, and fild their sayles with feare
 Yet stayd they not, but forward did proceed,
 Whiles th'one did row, and th'other stifly steare,
 Till that at last the weather gan to cleare,
 And the faire land it selfe did plainly show
 Said then the Palmer, Lo where does appeare
 The sacred soile, where all our perils grow,
 Therefore, Sir knight, your ready armes about you throw

xxxiv

xxxv

xxxvi

xxxvii

He hearkned, and his armes about him tooke,
 The whiles the nimble boate so well her sped,
 That with her crooked keele the land she strooke,
 Then forth the noble *Guyon* sallied,
 And his sage Palmer, that him gouerned,
 But th'other by his boate behind did stay
 They marched fairly forth, of nought ydred,
 Both firmly armd for euery hard assay,
 With constancy and care, gainst daunger and dismay
 Ere long they heard an hideous bellowing xxxviii
 Of many beasts, that roard outrageously,
 As if that hungers point, or *Venus* sting
 Had them enraged with fell surquedry,
 Yet nought they feard, but past on hardily,
 Vntill they came in vew of those wild beasts
 Who all attonce, gaping full greedily,
 And rearing fiercely their vpstarting crests,
 Ran towards, to deuoure those vnexpected guests
 But soone as they approcht with deadly threat, xl
 The Palmer ouer them his staffe vpheld,
 His mighty staffe, that could all charmes defeat
 Eftsoones their stubborne courages were queld,
 And high aduaunced crests downe meekely feld,
 In stead of fraying, they them selues did feare,
 And trembled, as them passing they beheld
 Such wondrous powre did in that staffe appeare,
 All monsters to subdew to him, that did it beare
 Of that same wood it fram'd was cunningly, xli
 Of which *Caduceus* whilome was made,
Caduceus the rod of *Mercury*,
 With which he wons the *Stygian* realmes inuade,
 Through ghastly horror, and eternall shade,
 Th' infernall feends with it he can asswage,
 And *Orcus* tame, whom nothing can perswade,
 And rule the *Furies*, when they most do rage
 Such vertue in his staffe had eke this Palmer sage
 xxxix 8 vpstarting] vpstaring 1590 xl 1 approch't, 1609 threat 1609

Thence passing forth, they shortly do arriue, xlii
 Whereas the Bowre of *Bhsse* was situate,
 A place pickt out by choice of best aliuie,
 That natures woike by art can imitate
 In which what euer in this worldly state
 Is sweet, and pleasing vnto liuing sense,
 Or that may dayntiest fantasie aggrate,
 Was poured forth with plentifull dispence,
 And made there to abound with lauish affluence
 Goodly it was enclosed round about, xlili
 Aswell their entred gwestes to keepe within,
 As those vnruely beasts to hold without,
 Yet was the fence theieof but weake and thin,
 Nought feard then force, that fortilage to win,
 But wisdomes powre, and temperaunces might,
 By which the mightiest things efforced bin
 And eke the gate was wrought of substaunce light,
 Rather for pleasure, then for battery or fight
 Yt framed was of precious yuory, xliv
 That seemd a woike of admirable wit,
 And therein all the famous history
 Of *Iason* and *Medæa* was ywrit,
 Her mighty charmes, her furious louing fit,
 His goodly conquest of the golden fleece,
 His falsed faith, and loue too lightly flit,
 The wondied *Argo*, which in venturous peece
 First through the *Euxine* seas boie all the flow1 of *Greece*
 Ye might haue seene the frothy billowes fry xlv
 Vnder the ship, as thorough them she went,
 That seemd the waues were into yuory,
 Or yuory into the waues were sent,
 And other where the snowy substaunce sprent
 With vermell, like the boyes blood therein shed,
 A piteous spectacle did represent,
 And otherwhiles with gold besprinkeled,
 Yt seemd th'enchanted flame, which did *Creusa* wed
 xlii 7 dayntest 1590 xliii 5 their] they cony ed 7 migtest 1590

All this, and more might in that goodly gate xlii

Be red, that euer open stood to all,

Which thither came but in the Porch there sate

A comely personage of stature tall,

And semblaunce pleasing, more then naturall,

That trauelleis to him seemd to entize,

His looser garment to the ground did fall,

And flew about his heeles in wanton wize,

Not fit for speedy pace, or manly exercize

They in that place him *Gennus* did call xliii

Not that celestiall powre, to whom the care

Of life, and generation of all

That liues, pertaines in charge particulare,

Who wondrous things concerning our welfare,

And straunge phantomes doth let vs oft forsee,

And oft of secret ill bids vs beware

That is our Selfe, whom though we do not see,

Yet each doth in him selfe it well perceiue to bee

Therefore a God him sage Antiquity xliv

Did wisely make, and good *Agdistes* call

But this same was to that quite contrary,

The foe of life, that good enuyes to all,

That secretly doth vs procure to fall,

Through guilefull semblaunts, which he makes vs see

He of this Gardin had the gouernall,

And Pleasures porter was deuizd to bee,

Holding a staffe in hand for more formaltee

With diuerse flowres he daintily was deckt, xlv

And strowed round about, and by his side

A mighty Mazer bowle of wine was set,

As if it had to him bene sacrificide,

Wherewith all new-come guests he gratifide

So did he eke Sir *Guyon* passing by

But he his idle curtesie defide,

And ouerthrew his bowle disdainfully,

And broke his staffe, with which he charmed semblants sly

Thus being entred, they behold around 1
 A large and spacious plaine, on euery side
 Strowed with pleasauns, whose faire grassy ground
 Mantled with greene, and goodly beautifide
 With all the ornaments of *Floraes* pride,
 Wherewith her mother Art, as halfe in scorne
 Of niggard Nature, like a pompous bride
 Did decke her, and too lauishly adorne,
 When forth from virgin bowre she comes in th'early morne
 Thereto the Heauens alwayes Iouall, 11
 Lookt on them louely, still in stedfast state,
 Ne suffred storme nor frost on them to fall,
 Their tender buds or leaues to violate,
 Nor scorching heat, nor cold intemperate
 T'afflict the creatures, which therein did dwell,
 But the milde aire with season moderate
 Gently attemptred, and disposd so well,
 That still it breathed forth sweet spirit and holesome smell
 More sweet and holesome, then the pleasaunt hill 111
 Of *Rhodope*, on which the Nimphe, that bore
 A gyaunt babe, her selfe for grieve did kill,
 Or the Thessalian *Tempe*, where of yore
 Faire *Daphne Phæbus* hart with loue did gore,
 Or *Ida*, where the Gods lou'd to repaire,
 When euer they their heauenly bowres forlore,
 Or sweet *Parnasse*, the haunt of Muses faire,
 Or *Eden* selfe, if ought with *Eden* mote compare
 Much wondred *Guyon* at the faire aspect 1111
 Of that sweet place, yet suffred no delight
 To sincke into his sence, nor mind affect,
 But passed forth, and lookt still forward right,
 Bridling his will, and maistering his might
 Till that he came vnto another gate,
 No gate, but like one, being goodly dight
 With boughes and braunches, which did broad dilate
 Their clasping armes, in wanton wreathings intricate
 li 1 Therewith 1590 li 9 Of Eden, if ought 1596 Or Eden, if that
 ought 1609

So fashioned a Porch with rare deuice, lii
 Archt ouer head with an embracing vine,
 Whose bounches hanging downe, seemed to entice
 All passers by, to tast their lushious wine,
 And did themselues into theu hands incline,
 As freely offering to be gathered
 Some deepe empurpled as the *Hyacint*,
 Some as the Rubine, laughing sweetly red,
 Some like faire Emeraudes, not yet well ripened
 And them amongst, some were of burnisht gold, lii
 So made by art, to beautifie the rest,
 Which did themselues emongst the leaues enfold,
 As lurking from the vew of couetous guest,
 That the weake bowes, with so rich load opprest,
 Did bow adowne, as ouer-burdened
 Vnder that Porch a comely dame did rest,
 Clad in faire weedes, but fowle disordered,
 And garments loose, that seemd vnmeet for womanhed.
 In her left hand a Cup of gold she held, lii
 And with her right the riper fruit did reach,
 Whose sappy liquor, that with fulnesse sweld,
 Into her cup she scruzd, with daintie breach
 Of her fine fingers, without fowle empeach,
 That so faire wine-presse made the wine more sweet
 Thereof she vsd to giue to drinke to each,
 Whom passing by she happened to meet
 It was her guise, all Straungers goodly so to greet.
 So she to *Guyon* offred it to tast, lii
 Who taking it out of her tender hond,
 The cup to ground did violently cast,
 That all in peeces it was broken fond,
 And with the liquor stained all the lond
 Whereat *Excesse* exceedingly was wroth,
 Yet no'te the same amend, ne yet withstond,
 But suffered him to passe, all were she loth,
 Who nought regarding her displeasure forward goth

There the most daintie Paradise on ground, lviii
 It selfe doth offer to his sober eye,
 In which all pleasures plenteously abound,
 And none does others happinesse enuye
 The painted flowres, the trees vps shooting hye,
 The dales for shade, the hilles for breathing space,
 The trembling groues, the Christall running by,
 And that, which all faire workes doth most aggrace,
 The art, which all that wrought, appeared in no place
 One would haue thought, (so cunningly, the rude, lix
 And scorned parts were mingled with the fine,)
 That nature had for wantonnesse ensude
 Art, and that Art at nature did repine,
 So struing each th' other to vndermine,
 Each did the others worke more beautifie,
 So differing both in willes, agreed in fine
 So all agreed through sweete diuersitie,
 This Gardin to adorne with all varietie
 And in the midst of all, a fountaine stood, lx
 Of richest substaunce, that on earth might bee,
 So pure and shiny, that the siluer flood
 Through euery channell running one might see,
 Most goodly it with curious imageree
 Was ouer-wrought, and shapes of naked boyes,
 Of which some seemd with liuely iollitee,
 To fly about, playing their wanton toyes,
 Whilest others did them selues embay in liquid ioyes
 And ouer all, of purest gold was spread, lxi
 A trayle of yuie in his natue hew
 For the rich mettall was so coloured,
 That wight, who did not well auis'd it vew,
 Would surely deeme it to be yuie trew
 Low his lasciuious armes adown did creepe,
 That themselues dipping in the siluer dew,
 Their fleecy flowres they tenderly did steepe,
 Which drops of Christall seemd for wantones to weepe
 lx 5 curious] pure 1609 lxi 8 tenderly] fearefully 1590

Infinitt streames continually did well Ixii
Out of this fountaine, sweet and faire to see,
The which into an ample lauer fell,
And shortly grew to so great quantitie,
That like a little lake it seemd to bee,
Whose depth exceeded not three cubits hight,
That through the waues one might the bottom see,
All pau'd beneath with Iaspar shining bright,
That seemd the fountaine in that sea did sayle vpright
And all the margent round about was set, Ixiii
With shady Laurell trees, thence to defend
The sunny beames, which on the billowes bet,
And those which therein bathed, mote offend
As *Guyon* hapned by the same to wend,
Two naked Damzelles he therein espyde,
Which therein bathing, seemed to contend,
And wrestle wantonly, ne car'd to hyde,
Their dainty parts from vew of any, which them eyde
Sometimes the one would lift the other quight Ixiv
Aboue the waters, and then downe againe
Her plong, as ouer maistered by might,
Where both awhile would couered remaine,
And each the other from to rise restraine,
The whiles their snowy limbes, as through a vele,
So through the Christall waues appeared plaine
Then suddenly both would themselues vnhele,
And th'amarous sweet spoiles to greedy eyes reuele
As that faire Starre, the messenger of morne, Ixv
His deawy face out of the sea doth reare
Or as the *Cyprian* goddessse, newly borne
Of th'Oceans fruitfull froth, did first appeare
Such seemed they, and so their yellow heare
Christalline humoui dropped downe apace
Whom such when *Guyon* saw, he drew him neare,
And somewhat gan relent his earnest pace,
His stubborne brest gan secret pleasaunce to embrace.

The wanton Maidens him espying, stood lxvi
 Gazing a while at his vnwonted guise,
 Then th'one her selfe low ducked in the flood,
 Abasht, that her a straunger did a vise
 But th'other rather higher did arise,
 And her two lilly paps aloft displayd,
 And all, that might his melting hart entise
 To her delights, she vnto him bewrayd
 The rest hid vnderneath, him more desirous made
 With that, the other likewise vp arose, lxvii
 And her faire lockes, which formerly were bownd
 Vp in one knot, she low adowne did lose
 Which flowing long and thick, her cloth'd arownd,
 And th'yuorie in golden mantle gownd
 So that faire spectacle from him was reft,
 Yet that, which reft it, no lesse faire was fownd
 So hid in lockes and waues from lookers theft,
 Nought but her louely face she for his looking left
 Withall she laughed, and she blusht withall, lxviii
 That blushing to her laughter gaue more grace,
 And laughter to her blushing, as did fall
 Now when they spide the knight to slacke his pace,
 Them to behold, and in his sparkling face
 The secret signes of kindled lust appeare,
 Their wanton meriments they did encrease,
 And to him beckned, to approch more neare,
 And shewd him many sights, that courage cold could reare
 On which when gazing him the Palmer saw, lxix
 He much rebukt those wandring eyes of his,
 And counseld well, him forward thence did draw
 Now are they come nigh to the *Bowre of blis*
 Of her fond fauorites so nam'd amis
 When thus the Palmer, Now Sir, well auisse,
 For here the end of all our trauell is
 Here wonnes *Acrasia*, whom we must surprise,
 Else she will slip away, and all our drift despise.

Eftsoones they heard a most melodious sound,
 Of all that mote delight a daintie eare,
 Such as attonce might not on liuing ground,
 Saue in this Paradise, be heard elsewhere
 Right hard it was, for wight, which did it heare,
 To read, what manner musicke that mote bee
 For all that pleasing is to liuing eare,
 Was there consorted in one haірmonee,
 Birdes, voyces, instruments, windeѕ, waters, all agree
 The ioyous birdes shrouded in chearefull shade,
 Their notes vnto the voyce attempted sweet,
 Th'Angelіcall soft trembling voyces made
 To th'instruments diuine responce meet
 The siluer sounding instruments did meet
 With the base murmure of the waters fall
 The waters fall with difference discreet,
 Now soft, now loud, vnto the wind did call
 The gentle warbling wind low answered to all
 There, whence that Musick seemed heard to bee,
 Was the faire Witch her selfe now solacing,
 With a new Louer, whom through sorcerее
 And witchcraft, she from farre did thither bring
 There she had him now layd a slombering,
 In secret shade, after long wanton ioyes
 Whilst round about them pleasauntly did sing
 Many faire Ladies, and lasciuious boyes,
 That euer mixt their song with light licentious toyes
 And all that while, right ouer him she hong,
 With her false eyes fast fixed in his sight,
 As seeking medicine, whence she was stong,
 Or greedily depasturing delight
 And oft inclining downe with kisses light,
 For feare of waking him, his lips bedewd,
 And through his humid eyes did sucke his spright,
 Quite molten into lust and pleasure lewd,
 Wherewith she sighed soft, as if his case she rewde

lxx

lxxi

lxxii

lxxiii

lxxiii I that] the 1609

Her snowy brest was bare to readie spoyle lxxviii
 Of hungry eies, which n'ote therewith be fild,
 And yet through languour of her late sweet toyle,
 Few drops, more cleare then Nectar, forth distild,
 That like pure Orient perles adowne it trild,
 And her faire eyes sweet smyling in delight,
 Moystened their fierie beames, with which she thrild
 Fraile harts, yet quenched not, like starry light
 Which sparckling on the silent waues, does seeme more bright
 The young man sleeping by her, seemd to bee lxxix
 Some goodly swayne of honorable place,
 That certes it great pittie was to see
 Him his nobilitie so foule deface,
 A sweet regard, and amiable grace,
 Mixed with manly sternnesse did appeare
 Yet sleeping, in his well proportiond face,
 And on his tender lips the downy heare
 Did now but freshly spring, and silken blossomes beare
 His warlike armes, the idle instruments lxxx
 Of sleeping praise, were hong vpon a tree,
 And his braue shield, full of old monuments,
 Was fowly ra'st, that none the signes might see,
 Ne for them, ne for honour cared hee,
 Ne ought, that did to his aduancement tend,
 But in lewd loues, and wastfull luxuree,
 His dayes, his goods, his bodie he did spend
 O horrible enchantment, that him so did blend
 The noble Elfe, and carefull Palmer drew lxxx1
 So nigh them, minding nought, but lustfull game,
 That sudden forth they on them rusht, and threw
 A subtile net, which onely for the same
 The skilfull Palmer formally did frame
 So held them vnder fast, the whiles the rest
 Fled all away for feare of fowler shame
 The faire Enchauntresse, so vnwares opprest,
 Tryde all her arts, and all her sleights, thence out to wrest

lxxx1 4 the] that 1590

And eke her louer stroue but all in vaine, lxxxii
 For that same net so cunningly was wound,
 That neither guile, nor force might it distraine
 They tooke them both, and both them strongly bound
 In captiue bandes, which there they readie found
 But her in chaines of adamant he tyde,
 For nothing else might keepe her safe and sound,
 But *Verdant* (so he hight) he soone vntyde,
 And counsell sage in steed thereof to him applyde
 But all those pleasant bowres and Pallace braue, lxxxiii
Guyon broke downe, with rigour pittlesse,
 Ne ought their goodly workmanship might saue
 Them from the tempest of his wrathfulnesse,
 But that their blisse he turn'd to balefulnesse
 Their groues he feld, their gardins did deface,
 Their aubers spoyle, their Cabinets suppresses,
 Their banket houses burne, their buildings race,
 And of the fairest late, now made the fowlest place
 Then led they her away, and eke that knight lxxxiv
 They with them led, both sorrowfull and sad
 The way they came, the same retourn'd they right,
 Till they arriued, where they lately had
 Charm'd those wild-beasts, that rag'd with furie mad
 Which now awaking, fierce at them gan fly,
 As in their mistresse reskew, whom they lad,
 But them the Palmer soone did pacify
 Then *Guyon* askt, what meant those beastes, which there did ly
 Said he, These seeming beastes are men indeed, lxxxv
 Whom this Enchauntresse hath transformed thus,
 Whylome her louers, which her lusts did feed,
 Now turned into figures hideous,
 According to their mindes like monstrous
 Sad end (quoth he) of life intemperate,
 And mournfull meed of ioyes delicious
 But Palmer, if it mote thee so aggrate,
 Let them returned be vnto their former state.

lxxxiii 7 spoyle] spoyld 1596, 1609 lxxxv 1 these 1590, 1596

Streight way he with his vertuous staffe them strooke, lxxxvi

And streight of beasts they comely men became ,

Yet being men they did vnmanly looke,

And stared ghastly, some for inward shame,

And some for wrath, to see their captiue Dame

But one aboue the rest in speciall,

That had an hog beene late, hight *Grille* by name,

Repined greatly, and did him miscall,

That had from hoggish foime him brought to naturall

Said *Guyon*, See the mind of beastly man, lxxxvii

That hath so soone forgot the excellence

Of his creation, when he life began,

That now he chooseth, with vile difference,

To be a beast, and lacke intelligence

To whom the Palmer thus, The donghill kind

Delights in filth and foule incontinence

Let *Grill* be *Grill*, and haue his hoggish mind,

But let vs hence depart, whilst wether serues and wind



THE THIRD BOOKE OF THE FAERIE QVEENE

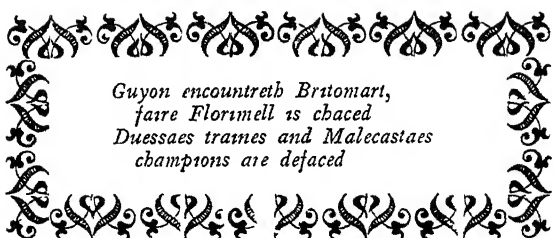
Contayning,
THE LEGEND OF BRITOMARTIS
OR
Of Chastitie

IT falls me here to write of Chastity,
That fairest vertue, farre above the rest,
For which what needs me fetch from *Faery*
Forreine ensamples, it to haue exprest?
Sith it is shrined in my Soueraines brest,
And form'd so liuely in each perfect part,
That to all Ladies, which haue it profest,
Need but behold the pourtraict of her hart,
If pourtrayd it might be by any liuing art
But liuing art may not least part expresse,
Nor life-resembling pencill it can paint,
All were it *Zeuxis* or *Praxiteles*
His dædale hand would faile, and greatly faint,
And her perfections with his error taint
Ne Poets wit, that passeth Painter farre
In picturing the parts of beautie daint,
So hard a workmanship aduenture darre,
For fear through want of words her excellence to marre

Proem 1 2 That] The 1590

How then shall I, Apprentice of the skill,
 That whylome in diuineſt wits did raine,
 Presume ſo high to ſtretch mine humble quill?
 Yet now my luckleſſe lot doth me conſtraine
 Hereto perforce But O dread Soueraigne
 Thus farre forth pardon, ſith that choiceſt wit
 Cannot your glorious pourtraict figure plaine
 That I in colourd ſhowes may ſhadow it,
 And antique praises vnto preſent perſons fit
 But if in liuing colours, and light hew,
 Your ſelfe you couet to ſee pictured,
 Who can it doe more liuely, or more trew,
 Then that ſweet verſe, with *Nectar* ſprinckled,
 In which a gracious ſeruant pictured
 His *Cynthia*, his heauens faireſt light?
 That with his melting ſweetneſſe rauished,
 And with the wonder of her beames bright,
 My ſenſes lulled are in ſlomber of delight
 But let that ſame delitiouſ Poet lend
 A little leaue vnto a ruſticke Muſe
 To ſing his miſtreſſe prayſe, and let him mend,
 If ought amiſ her liking may abuſe
 Ne let his faireſt *Cynthia* reſuſe,
 In mirrours more then one her ſelfe to ſee,
 But either *Gloriana* let her chuſe,
 Or in *Belphæbe* fashioned to bee
 In th'one her rule, in th'other her rare chaſtitee
 iv 2 Thy ſelfe thou 1590

Cant. I.



i
THe famous Briton Prince and Faerie knight,
 After long wayes and perillous paines endued,
 Hauing their wearie limbes to perfect plight
 Restoid, and sory wounds might well recured,
 Of the faire *Alma* greatly were procured,
 To make there lenger sojourne and abode,
 But when thereto they might not be allured,
 From seeking praise, and deeds of armes abiode,
 They courteous conge tooke, and forth together yode
ii
 But the captiu'd *Aciasia* he sent,
 Because of trauell long, a nigher way,
 With a strong gaid, all reskew to preuent,
 And her to Faerie court safe to conuay,
 That her for witnessse of his hard assay,
 Vnto his *Faerie* Queene he might present
 But he him selfe betooke another way,
 To make more triall of his hardiment,
 And seeke aduentures, as he with Prince *Arthur* went
iii
 Long so they trauelled through wastefull wayes,
 Where daungers dwelt, and perils most did wonne,
 To hunt for glorie and renowned praise,
 Full many Countries they did ouerronne,
 From the vprising to the setting Sunne,
 And many hard aduentures did atchieue,
 Of all the which they honour euer wonne,
 Seeking the weake oppressed to relieue,
 And to recouer right for such, as wrong did grieue

Arg. 3 *Malecastaes*] *Malecastaes* 1590 &c 1011 F E

At last as through an open plaine they yode,
They spide a knight, that towards pricked faire,
And him beside an aged Squire there rode,
That seem'd to couch vnder his shield three-square,
As if that age bad him that burden spare,
And yield it those, that stouter could it wield
He them espying, gan himselfe prepare,
And on his arme addresse his goodly shield
That bore a Lion passant in a golden field
Which seeing good Sir *Guyon*, deare besought
The Prince of grace, to let him runne that tūne
He graunted then the Faery quickly raught
His poinant speare, and sharpely gan to spurne
His fomy steed, whose fierie feete did burne
The verdant grasse, as he thereon did tread,
Ne did the other backe his foot returne,
But fiercely forward came withouten dread,
And bent his dreadfull speare against the others head
They bene ymet, and both their points arruied,
But *Guyon* droue so furious and fell,
That seem'd both shield and plate it would haue riued,
Nathelesse it bore his foe not from his sell,
But made him stagger, as he were not well
But *Guyon* selfe, ere well he was aware,
Nigh a speares length behind his crouper fell,
Yet in his fall so well him selfe he baie,
That mischieuous mischance his life and limbes did spare
Great shame and sorrow of that fall he tooke,
For neuer yet, sith warlike armes he bore,
And shuering speare in bloudie field first shooke,
He found himselfe dishonored so sore
Ah gentlest knight, that euer armour bore,
Let not thee grieue dismounted to haue beene,
And brought to ground, that neuer wast before,
For not thy fault, but secret powre vnseene,
That speare enchanted was, which layd thee on the greene

But weenedst thou what wight thee ouerthrew,
Much greater grieve and shamefuller regret
For thy hard fortune then thou wouldst renew,
That of a single damzell thou wert met
On equall plaine, and there so hard beset,
Euen the famous *Britomart* it was,
Whom straunge aduenture did from *Britaine* fet,
To seeke her loue (loue farre sought alas,)
Whose image she had seene in *Venus* looking glas
Full of disdainfull wrath, he fierce vprose,
For to reuenge that foule reprochfull shame,
And snatching his bright sword began to close
With her on foot, and stoutly forward came,
Die rather would he, then endure that same
Which when his Palmer saw, he gan to feare
His toward perill and vntoward blame,
Which by that new rencounter he should reare
For death sate on the point of that enchaunted speare
And hasting towards him gan faire perswade,
Not to prouoke misfortune, nor to weene
His speares default to mend with cruell blade,
For by his mightie Science he had seene
The secret vertue of that weapon keene,
That mortall puissance mote not withstond
Nothing on earth mote alwaies happie beene
Great hazard were it, and aduenture fond,
To loose long gotten honour with one euill hond
By such good meanes he him discourselled,
From prosecuting his reuenging rage,
And eke the Prince like treaty handeled,
His wrathfull will with reason to asswage,
And laid the blame, not to his carriage,
But to his starting steed, that swaru'd asyde,
And to the ill purueyance of his page,
That had his furnitures not firmly tyde
So is his angry courage fairely pacifyde

viii

ix

x

xi

Thus reconclement was betweene them knit, xii
Through goodly temperance, and affection chaste,
And either vowd with all their power and wit,
To let not others honour be defaste,
Of friend or foe, who euer it embaste,
Ne armes to beare against the others syde
In which accord the Prince was also plaste,
And with that golden chaine of concord tye
So goodly all agreed, they forth yfere did ryde
O goodly vsage of those antique times, xiii
In which the sword was seruant vnto right,
When not for malice and contentious crimes,
But all for praise, and prooffe of manly might,
The martiall brood accustomed to fight
Then honour was the meed of victorie,
And yet the vanquished had no despight
Let later age that noble vse enuie,
Vile rancour to auoid, and cruell surquedrie
Long they thus trauelled in friendly wise, xiv
Through countries waste, and eke well edifyde,
Seeking aduentures hard, to exercise
Their puissance, whylome full dernely tryde
At length they came into a forrest wyde,
Whose hideous horror and sad trembling sound
Full griesly seem'd Therein they long did ryde,
Yet tract of liuing creatures none they found,
Saue Beares, Lions, and Buls, which romed them around
All suddenly out of the thickest brush, xv
Vpon a mulk-white Palfrey all alone,
A goodly Ladie did foreby them rush,
Whose face did seeme as cleare as Christall stone,
And eke through feare as white as whales bone
Her garments all were wrought of beaten gold,
And all her steed with tinsell trappings shone,
Which fled so fast, that nothing mote him hold,
And scarce them leasure gaue, her passing to behold

Still as she fled, hei eye she backward thiew, xvi
 As fearing euill, that pursewd her fast,
 And hei faire yellow locks behind her flew,
 Loosely disperst with puffe of eueiy blast
 All as a blazing starre doth farre outcast
 His hearie beames, and flaming lockes dispiend,
 At sight whereof the people stand aghast
 But the sage wisard telles, as he has red,
 That it importunes death and dolefull dierehed
 So as they gazed after hei a while, xvii
 Lo where a griesly Foster forth did rush,
 Breathing out beastly lust hei to defile
 His tyreling iade he fiercely forth did push,
 Through thicke and thin, both ouer banke and bush
 In hope her to attaine by hooke or crooke,
 That from his gorie sides the bloud did gush
 Large were his limbes, and terrible his looke,
 And in his clownish hand a sharp bore speare he shooke
 Which outrage when those gentle knights did see, xviii
 Full of great enuie and fell gealosy,
 They stayd not to aulse, who first should bee,
 But all spurd after fast, as they mote fly,
 To reskew her from shamefull villany
 The Prince and *Guyon* equally byliue
 Her selfe pursewd, in hope to win thereby
 Most goodly meede, the fairest Dame aloue
 But after the foule foster *Timias* did striue
 The whiles faire *Britomart*, whose constant mind, xix
 Would not so lightly follow beauties chace,
 Ne rekt of Ladies Loue, did stay behind,
 And them awayted there a certaine space,
 To weet if they would turne backe to that place
 But when she saw them gone, she forward went,
 As lay her iourney, through that perlous Pace,
 With stedfast courage and stout hardiment,
 Ne euill thing she fear'd, ne euill thing she ment

At last as nigh out of the wood she came, xx
A stately Castle farre away she spyde,
To which her steps directly she did frame
That Castle was most goodly edifyde,
And plaste for pleasure nigh that forrest syde
But faire before the gate a spacious plaine,
Mantled with greene, it selfe did spreadden wyde,
On which she saw sixe knights, that did darraigne
Fierce battell against one, with cruell might and maine
Mainly they all attonce vpon him laid, xxi
And sore beset on euery side around,
That nigh he breathlesse grew, yet nought dismaide,
Ne euer to them yielded foot of ground
All had he lost much bloud through many a wound,
But stoutly dealt his blowes, and euery way
To which he turned in his wrathfull stound,
Made them recoile, and fly from dred decay,
That none of all the sixe before, him durst assay
Like dastard Cures, that hauing at a bay xxii
The saluage beast embost in wearie chace,
Dare not aduenture on the stubborne pray,
Ne byte before, but rome from place to place,
To get a snatch, when turned is his face
In such distresse and doubtfull ieopardy,
When *Britomart* him saw, she ran a pace
Vnto his reskew, and with earnest cry,
Bad those same sixe forbear that single enemy
But to her cry they list not lenden eare, xxiii
Ne ought the more their mightie strokes surceasse,
But gathering him round about more neare,
Their direfull rancour rather did encrease,
Till that she rushing through the thickest preasse,
Perforce disparted their compacted gyre,
And soone compeld to hearken vnto peace
Tho gan she myldly of them to inquire
The cause of their dissention and outrageous yre.

Where to that single knight did answer frame,
 These sixe would me enforce by oddes of might,
 To chaunge my liefe, and loue another Dame,
 That death me liefer were, then such despight,
 So vnto wrong to yield my wrested right
 For I loue one, the truest one on ground,
 Ne list me chaunge, she th' *Errant Damzell* hight,
 For whose deare sake full many a bitter stownd,
 I haue endur'd, and tasted many a bloody wound

xxiv

Certes (said she) then bene ye sixe to blame,
 To weene your wrong by force to iustifie
 For knight to leaue his Ladie were great shame,
 That faithfull is, and better were to die
 All losse is lesse, and lesse the infamie,
 Then losse of loue to him, that loues but one,
 Ne may loue be compeld by maisterie,

xxv

For soone as maisterie comes, sweet loue anone
 Taketh his nimble wings, and soone away is gone

Then spake one of those sixe, There dwelleth here

xxvi

Within this castle wall a Ladie faire,
 Whose soueraine beautie hath no liuing pere,
 Thereto so bounteous and so debonaire,
 That neuer any mote with her compaire
 She hath ordaind this law, which we approue,
 That euery knight, which doth this way repaire,
 In case he haue no Ladie, nor no loue,
 Shall doe vnto her seruice neuer to remoue

But if he haue a Ladie or a Loue,

xxvii

Then must he her forgoe with foule defame,
 Or else with vs by dint of sword approue,
 That she is fairer, then our fairest Dame,
 As did this knight, before ye hither came
 Perdie (said *Brutomart*) the choise is hard
 But what reward had he, that ouercame?
 He should aduanced be to high regard,
 (Said they) and haue our Ladies loue for his reward

Therefore a read Sir, if thou haue a loue xxviii
 Loue haue I sure, (quoth she) but Lady none,
 Yet will I not fro mine owne loue remoue,
 Ne to your Lady will I seruice done,
 But wreake your wrongs wrought to this knight alone,
 And proue his cause With that her mortall speare
 She mightily auentred towards one,
 And downe him smot, ere well aware he weare,
 Then to the next she rode, and downe the next did beare
 Ne did she stay, till three on ground she layd, xxix
 That none of them himselfe could reare againe,
 The fourth was by that other knight dismayd,
 All were he wearie of his former paine,
 That now there do but two of six remaine,
 Which two did yield, before she did them smight
 Ah (said she then) now may ye all see plaine,
 That truth is strong, and trew loue most of might,
 That for his trusty seruants doth so strongly fight
 Too well we see, (said they) and proue too well xxx
 Our faulty weaknesse, and your matchlesse might
 For thy, faire Sir, yours be the Damozell,
 Which by her owne law to your lot doth light,
 And we your liege men faith vnto you plight
 So vnderneath her feet their swords they mard,
 And after her besought, well as they might,
 To enter in, and reape the dew reward
 She graunted, and then in they all together far'd
 Long were it to describe the goodly frame, xxxi
 And stately port of *Castle Ioyeous*,
 (For so that Castle hight by commune name)
 Where they were entertaing with curteous
 And comely glee of many gracious
 Faire Ladies, and of many a gentle knight,
 Who through a Chamber long and spacious,
 Eftsoones them brought vnto their Ladies sight,
 That of them cleeped was the *Lady of delight*

xxx 6 mard] shard 1590 &c corr F E xxxi 6 of om 1596, 1609
 8 sight 1596

But for to tell the sumptuous aray xxxii
 Of that great chamber, should be labour lost
 For liuing wit, I weene, cannot display
 The royall riches and exceeding cost,
 Of euery pillour and of euery post,
 Which all of purest bullion framed were,
 And with great pearles and pretious stones embost,
 That the bright glister of their beames cleare
 Did sparckle forth great light, and glorious did appeare
 These straunger knights through passing, forth were led xxxiii
 Into an inner rowme, whose royaltee
 And rich purueyance might vneath be red,
 Mote Princes place besee me so deckt to bee
 Which stately manner when as they did see,
 The image of superfluous riotize,
 Exceeding much the state of meane degree,
 They greatly wondred, whence so sumptuous guize
 Might be maintaynd, and each gan diuersely deuize
 The wals were round about appparelled xxxiv
 With costly clothes of *Arras* and of *Toure*,
 In which with cunning hand was pourtrahed
 The loue of *Venus* and her Paramoure
 The faire *Adonis*, turned to a flowre,
 A worke of rare deuice, and wondrous wit
 First did it shew the bitter balefull stowre,
 Which her assayd with many a feruent fit,
 When first her tender hart was with his beautie smit
 Then with what sleights and sweet allurements she xxxv
 Entyst the Boy, as well that art she knew,
 And wooed him her Paramoure to be,
 Now making girlonds of each flowre that grew,
 To crowne his golden lockes with honour dew,
 Now leading him into a secret shade
 From his Beauperes, and from bright heauens vew,
 Where him to sleepe she gently would perswade,
 Or bathe him in a fountaine by some couert glade

And whilst he slept, she ouer him would spred
 Her mantle, colour'd like the starry skyes,
 And her soft arme lay vnderneath his hed,
 And with ambrosiall kisses bathe his eyes,
 And whilst he bath'd, with her two crafty spyes,
 She secretly would search each daintie lim,
 And throw into the well sweet Rosemaryes,
 And fragrant violets, and Pances trim,
 And euer with sweet Nectar she did sprinkle him
 So did she steale his heedelesse hart away,
 And ioyd his loue in secret vnespyde
 But for she saw him bent to cruell play,
 To hunt the saluage beast in Forrest wyde,
 Dreadfull of daunger, that mote him betyde,
 She oft and oft aduiz'd him to refraine
 From chase of greater beasts, whose brutish pryde
 Mote breede him scath vnwares but all in vaine,
 For who can shun the chaunce, that dest'ny doth ordaine?
 Lo, where beyond he lyeth languishing,
 Deadly engored of a great wild Bore,
 And by his side the Goddessse groueling
 Makes for him endlesse mone, and euermore
 With her soft garment wipes away the gore,
 Which staines his snowy skin with hatefull hew
 But when she saw no helpe might him restore,
 Him to a dainty flowre she did transmew,
 Which in that cloth was wrought, as if it liuely grew
 So was that chamber clad in goodly wize,
 And round about it many beds were dight,
 As whilome was the antique worldes guize,
 Some for vntimely ease, some for delight,
 As pleased them to vse, that vse it might
 And all was full of Damzels, and of Squires,
 Dauncing and reueling both day and night,
 And swimming deepe in sensuall desires,
 And *Cupid* still emongst them kindled lustfull fires

xxxvi

xxxvii

xxxviii

xxxix

xxxvii 8 scathe 1609

And all the while sweet Musicke did diuide xi
 Her looser notes with *Lydian* haemony,
 And all the while sweet birdes thereto applide
 Then daintie layes and dulcet melody,
 Ay caroling of loue and iollity,
 That wonder was to heare their trim consort
 Which when those knights beheld, with scornefull eye,
 They sdeigned such lasciuious disport,
 And loath'd the loose demeanure of that wanton sort
 Thence they were brought to that great Ladies vew, xii
 Whom they found sitting on a sumptuous bed,
 That glistred all with gold and glorious shew,
 As the proud *Persian* Queenes accustomed
 She seemd a woman of great bountihed,
 And of rare beautie, sauing that askaunce
 Her wanton eyes, ill signes of womanhed,
 Did roll too lightly, and too often glaunce,
 Without regard of grace, or comely amenaunce
 Long worke it were, and needlesse to deuize xiii
 Their goodly entertainment and great glee
 She caused them be led in curteous wize
 Into a bowre, disarmed for to bee,
 And cheared well with wine and spiceree
 The *Redcrosse* Knight was soone disarmed there,
 But the braue Mayd would not disarmed bee,
 But onely vented vp her vmbriere,
 And so did let her goodly visage to appere
 As when faire *Cynthia*, in darkesome night, xlii
 Is in a noyous cloud enueloped,
 Where she may find the substaunce thin and light,
 Breakes forth her siluer beames, and her bright hed
 Discouers to the world discomfited,
 Of the poore traeller, that went astray,
 With thousand blessings she is heried,
 Such was the beautie and the shining ray,
 With which faire *Britomart* gaue light vnto the day
 xli 8 lightly] highly 1590, 1596

And eke those six, which lately with hei fought, xlv
 Now were disarmd, and did them selues present
 Vnto her vew, and company vnsoght,
 For they all seemed curteous and gent,
 And all sixe brethren, borne of one parent,
 Which had them traynd in all ciuiltee,
 And goodly taught to tilt and turnament,
 Now were they liegemen to this Lady free,
 And her knights seruice ought, to hold of her in fee
 The first of them by name *Gardante* hight, xlv
 A iolly person, and of comely vew,
 The second was *Parlante*, a bold knight,
 And next to him *Iocante* did ensew,
Basciante did him selfe most curteous shew,
 But fierce *Bacchante* seemd too fell and keene,
 And yet in armes *Noctante* greater grew
 All were faire knights, and goodly well beseene,
 But to faire *Britomart* they all but shadowes beene
 For she was full of amiable grace, xlvi
 And manly terrour mixed therewithall,
 That as the one stird vp affections bace,
 So th'other did mens rash desires apall,
 And hold them backe, that would in errour fall,
 As he, that hath espide a vermeill Rose,
 To which sharpe thornes and breres the way forstall,
 Dare not for dread his hardy hand expose,
 But wishing it far off, his idle wish doth lose
 Whom when the Lady saw so faire a wight, xlvi
 All ignoraunt of her contrary sex,
 (For she her weend a fresh and lusty knight)
 She greatly gan enamoured to wex,
 And with vaine thoughts her falsed fancy vex
 Her fickle hart conceiued hasty fire,
 Like sparkes of fire, which fall in slender flex,
 That shortly brent into extreme desire,
 And ransackt all her veines with passion entire

xlv 7 briers 1609
 slender 1609

xlv 1 wight 1596 7 which] that 1590

Eftsoones she grew to great impatience
 And into termes of open outrage burst,
 That plaine discovered her incontinence,
 Ne rekt she, who her meaning did mistrust,
 For she was giuen all to fleshly lust,
 And poured forth in sensuall delight,
 That all regard of shame she had discust,
 And meet respect of honour put to flight
 So shamelesse beauty soone becomes a loathly sight

xlvi

Faire Ladies, that to loue captiued arre,
 And chaste desires do nourish in your mind,
 Let not her fault your sweet affections marre,
 Ne blot the bounty of all womankind,
 'Mongst thousands good one wanton Dame to find
 Emongst the Roses grow some wicked weeds,
 For this was not to loue, but lust inclind,
 For loue does alwayes bring forth bounteous deeds,
 And in each gentle hart desire of honour breeds

xlix

Nought so of loue this looser Dame did skill,
 But as a coale to kindle fleshly flame,
 Giuing the bridle to her wanton will,
 And treading vnder foote her honest name
 Such loue is hate, and such desire is shame
 Still did she roue at her with crafty glaunce
 Of her false eyes, that at her hart did ayme,
 And told her meaning in her countenance,
 But *Britomart* dissembled it with ignoraunce

1

Supper was shortly dight and downe they sat,
 Where they were serued with all sumptuous fare,
 Whiles fruitfull *Ceres*, and *Lyæus* fat
 Poured out their plenty, without spight or spare
 Nought wanted there, that dainty was and rare,
 And aye the cups their bancks did ouerflow,
 And aye betweene the cups, she did prepare
 Way to her loue, and secret darts did throw,
 But *Britomart* would not such guilfull message know

11

So when they slaked had the feruent heat lii
Of appetite with meates of euery sort,
The Lady did faire *Britomart* entreat,
Her to disarme, and with delightfull sport
To loose her warlike limbs and strong effort,
But when she mote not thereunto be wonne,
(For she her sexe vnder that straunge purpoit
Did vse to hide, and plaine apparaunce shonne)
In plainer wise to tell her grieuance she begonne
And all attonce discovered her desire liii
With sighes, and sobs, and plaints, and piteous grieve,
The outward sparkes of her in burning fire,
Which spent in vaine, at last she told her brieve,
That but if she did lend her short reliefe,
And do her comfort, she mote algates dye
But the chaste damzell, that had neuer priefe
Of such malengine and fine forgeie,
Did easily belecue her strong extremitie
Full easie was for her to haue beliefe, liiv
Who by self-feeling of her feeble sexe,
And by long triall of the inward grieve,
Wherewith imperious loue her hart did vexe,
Could iudge what paines do louing harts perplexe
Who meanes no guile, be guiled soonest shall,
And to faire semblaunce doth light faith annexe,
The bird, that knowes not the false fowlers call,
Into his hidden net full easily doth fall
For thy she would not in discourteise wise, lv
Scorne the faire offer of good will profest,
For great rebuke it is, loue to despise,
Or rudely sdeigne a gentle harts request,
But with faire countenaunce, as beseemed best,
Her entertaynd, nath'lesse she inly deemd
Her loue too light, to wooe a wandring guest
Which she misconstruing, thereby esteemd
That from like inward fire that outward smoke had steemd

Therewith a while she her flit fancy fed,
 Till she mote winne fit time for her desire,
 But yet her wound still inward freshly bled,
 And through her bones the false instilled fire
 Did spred it selfe, and venime close inspire
 Tho weie the tables taken all away,
 And euery knight, and euery gentle Squire
 Gan choose his dame with *Bascioman* gay,
 With whom he meant to make his sport and courtly play
 Some fell to daunce, some fell to hazardry,
 Some to make loue, some to make meiment,
 As diuerse wits to diuers things apply,
 And all the while faire *Malecasta* bent
 Her crafty engins to her close intent
 By this th'eternall lampes, wherewith high *Ioue*
 Doth light the lower world, were halfe yspent,
 And the moist daughteis of huge *Atlas* stroue
 Into the *Ocean* deepe to driue their weary dioue
 High time it seemed then for euery wight
 Them to betake vnto their kindly rest,
 Eftsoones long waxen torches weren light,
 Vnto their bowres to guiden euery guest
 Tho when the Britonesse saw all the rest
 Auoided quite, she gan her selfe despoile,
 And safe commit to her soft fethered nest,
 Where through long watch, and late dayes weary toile,
 She soundly slept, and carefull thoughts did quite assoile
 Now whenas all the world in silence deepe
 Yshrowded was, and euery mortall wight
 Was diowned in the depth of deadly sleepe,
 Faire *Malecasta*, whose engrieued spright
 Could find no rest in such perplexed plight,
 Lightly arose out of her wearie bed,
 And vnder the blacke vele of guilty Night,
 Her with a scarlot mantle couered,
 That was with gold and Ermines faire enuveloped

lvi

lvii

lviii

lix

Then panting soft, and trembling euerie ioynnt, lx
 Her fearfull feete towards the bowre she moued,
 Where she for secret purpose did appoynt
 To lodge the warlike mayd vnwisely loued,
 And to her bed approching, first she prooued,
 Whether she slept or wakt, with her soft hand
 She softly felt, if any member mooued,
 And lent her wary eare to vnderstand,
 If any puffe of breath, or signe of sence she fond
 Which whenas none she fond, with easie shift, lxi
 For feare least her vnwares she should abrayd,
 Th'embroderd quilt she lightly vp did lift,
 And by her side her selfe she softly layd,
 Of euery finest fingers touch affrayd,
 Ne any noise she made, ne word she spake,
 But inly sigh'd At last the royall Mayd
 Out of her quiet slomber did awake,
 And chaungd her weary side, the better ease to take
 Where feeling one close couched by her side, lxii
 She lightly lept out of her filed bed,
 And to her weapon ran, in minde to gride
 The loathed leachour But the Dame halfe ded
 Through sudden feare and ghastly drerihed,
 Did shrieke alowd, that through the house it rong,
 And the whole family therewith adred,
 Rashly out of their rouzed couches sprong,
 And to the troubled chamber all in armes did throng
 And those six Knights that Ladies Champions, lxiii
 And eke the *Redcrosse* knight ran to the stownd,
 Halfe armd and halfe vnarmd, with them attons
 Where when confusedly they came, they fownd
 Their Lady lying on the sencelesse grownd,
 On th'other side, they saw the warlike Mayd
 All in her snow-white smocke, with locks vnbownd,
 Threatning the point of her auenging blade,
 That with so troublous terrour they were all dismayde

About then Lady first they flockt arownd,
 Whom hauing laid in comfortable couch,
 Shortly they reard out of her frozen swownd,
 And afterwards they gan with fowle reproch
 To stirre vp strife, and troublous contecke broch
 But by ensample of the last dayes losse,
 None of them rashly durst to her approach,
 Ne in so glorious spoile themselues embosse,
 Her succourd eke the Champion of the bloody Crosse

lxiv

But one of those sixe knights, *Gardante* hight,
 Drew out a deadly bow and arrow keene,
 Which forth he sent with felonous despight,
 And fell intent against the virgin sheene
 The mortall steele stayd not, till it was seene
 To gore her side, yet was the wound not deepe,
 But lightly rased her soft silken skin,
 That drops of purple blood thereout did weepe,
 Which did her lilly smock with staines of vermeil steepe

lxv

Wherewith enrag'd she fiercely at them flew,
 And with her flaming sword about her layd,
 That none of them foule mischief could eschew,
 But with her dreadfull strokes were all dismayd
 Here, there, and euery where about her swayd
 Her wrathfull steele, that none mote it abide,
 And eke the *Redcrosse* knight gaue her good aid,
 Ay ioyning foot to foot, and side to side,
 That in short space their foes they haue quite terrifide

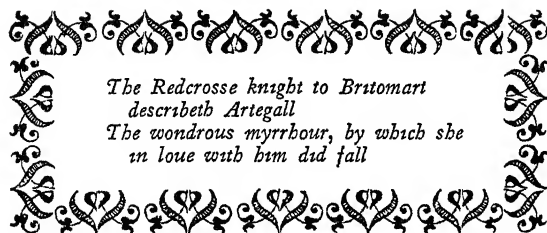
lxvi

Tho whenas all were put to shamefull flight,
 The noble *Britomartus* her arayd,
 And her bright armes about her body dight
 For nothing would she lenger there be stayd,
 Where so loose life, and so vngentle trade
 Was vsd of Knights and Ladies seeming gent
 So earely ere the grosse Earthes gryesy shade
 Was all disperst out of the firmament,

lxvii

They tooke their steeds, and forth vpon their iourney went

Cant. II.



HERE haue I cause, in men iust blame to find,
 That in their proper prayse too partiall bee,
 And not indifferent to woman kind,
 To whom no share in armes and cheualrie
 They do impart, ne maken memorie
 Of their braue gestes and prowesse martiall,
 Scarce do they spare to one or two or three,
 Rowme in their writs, yet the same writing small
 Does all their deeds deface, and dims their glories all

i

But by record of antique times I find,
 That women wont in warres to beare most sway,
 And to all great exploits them selues inclind
 Of which they still the girlond bore away,
 Till enuious Men fearing their rules decay,
 Gan coyne streight lawes to curb their liberty,
 Yet sith they warlike armes haue layd away,
 They haue exceld in artes and pollicy,
 That now we foolish men that prayse gin eke t'enuy

ii

Of warlike puissaunce in ages spent,
 Be thou faire *Britomart*, whose prayse I write,
 But of all wisdom be thou precedent,
 O soueraigne Queene, whose prayse I would endite,
 Endite I would as dewtie doth excite,
 But ah my rimes too rude and rugged arre,
 When in so high an obiect they do lite,
 And struing, fit to make, I feare do marre
 Thy selfe thy prayses tell, and make them knownen farre

iii

She traueilling with *Guyon* by the way, iv
 Of sundry things faie purpose gan to find,
 T'abridg their iourney long, and lingring day,
 Mongst which it fell into that Faeries mind,
 To aske this Briton Mayd, what vncouth wind,
 Brought her into those parts, and what inquest
 Made her dissemble her disguised kind
 Faire Lady she him seemd, like Lady drest,
 But fairest knight alue, when armed was hei brest
 Thereat she sighing softly, had no powre v
 To speake a while, ne ready answere make,
 But with hart-thrilling throbs and bitter stowie,
 As if she had a feuer fit, did quake,
 And euery daintie limbe with horrou shake,
 And euer and anone the rosy red,
 Flasht through her face, as it had been a flake
 Of lightning, through bight heauen fulmined,
 At last the passion past she thus him answered
 Faire Sir, I let you weete, that from the howre vi
 I taken was from nourses tender pap,
 I haue beene trained vp in warlike stowre,
 To tossen speare and shield, and to affrap
 The warlike ryder to his most mishap,
 Sithence I loathed haue my life to lead,
 As Ladies wont, in pleasures wanton lap,
 To finger the fine needle and nyce thread,
 Me leuer were with point of foemans speare be dead
 All my delight on deedes of armes is set, vii
 To hunt out perils and aduentures hard,
 By sea, by land, where so they may be met,
 Onely for honour and for high regard,
 Without respect of richesse or reward
 For such intent into these parts I came,
 Withouten compasse, or withouten card,
 Far fro my natue soyle, that is by name
 The greater *Britame*, here to seeke for prayse and fame

Fame blazed hath, that here in Faery lond viii
Do many famous Knightes and Ladies wonne,
And many straunge aduentures to be fond,
Of which great worth and worship may be wonne,
Which I to proue, this voyage haue begonne
But mote I weet of you, right curteous knight,
Tydings of one, that hath vnto me donne
Late foule dishonour and reprochfull spight,
The which I seeke to wreake, and *Arthegall* he hight
The word gone out, she backe againe would call, ix
As her repenting so to haue missayd,
But that he it vp-taking ere the fall,
Her shortly answered, Faire martiall Mayd
Certes ye misauised beene, t'vpbrayd
A gentle knight with so vnknightly blame
For weet ye well of all, that euer playd
At tilt or tourney, or like wailike game,
The noble *Arthegall* hath euer boine the name
For thy great wonder were it, if such shame x
Should euer enter in his bounteous thought,
Or euer do, that mote deseruen blame
The noble courage neuer weeneth ought,
That may vnworthy of it selfe be thought
Therefore, faire Damzell, be ye well aware,
Least that too farre ye haue your sorrow sought
You and your countrey both I wish welfare,
And honour both, for each of other worthy are
The royall Mayd woxe inly wondrous glad, xi
To heare her Loue so highly magnifide,
And ioyd that euer she affixed had,
Her hart on knight so goodly glorifide,
How euer finely she it faind to hide
The louing mother, that nine monethes did beare,
In the deare closet of her painefull side,
Her tender babe, it seeing safe appeare,
Doth not so much reioyce, as she reioyced theare

But to occasion him to further talke,

xii

To feed her humour with his pleasing stile,
 Her list in strifull teimes with him to balke,
 And thus replide, How euer, Sir, ye file
 Your cuiteous tongue, his prayes to compile,
 It ill beseemes a knight of gentle sort,
 Such as ye haue him boasted, to beguile

A simple mayd, and worke so haynous tort,
 In shame of knighthood, as I largely can report

Let be therefore my vengeaunce to disswade,

xiii

And iead, where I that faytour false may find
 Ah, but if reason faire might you perswade,
 To slake your wrath, and mollifie your mind,
 (Said he) perhaps ye should it better find
 For hardy thing it is, to weene by might,
 That man to hard conditions to bind,
 Or euer hope to match in equall fight,

Whose prowesse paragon saw neuer liuing wight

Ne soothlich is it easie for to read,

xiv

Where now on earth, or how he may be found,
 For he ne wonneth in one certaine stead,
 But restlesse walketh all the world around,
 Ay doing things, that to his fame redound,
 Defending Ladies cause, and Orphans right,
 Where so he heares, that any doth confound

Them comfortlesse, through tyranny or might,
 So is his soueraine honour raisde to heauens hight

His feeling words her feeble sence much pleased,

xv

And softly sunck into her molten hart,
 Hart that is inly hurt, is greatly eased
 With hope of thing, that may allegge his smart,
 For pleasing words are like to Magick art,
 That doth the charmed Snake in slomber lay
 Such secret ease felt gentle *Britomart*,

Yet list the same efforce with faind gainesay,
 So dischord oft in Musick makes the sweeter lay

And said, Sir knight, these idle termes forbeare, xvi
 And sith it is vneath to find his haunt,
 Tell me some markes, by which he may appeare,
 If chaunce I him encounter parauaunt,
 For perdie one shall other slay, or daunt
 What shape, what shield, what armes, what steed, what sted,
 And what so else his person most may vaunt?
 All which the *Redcrosse* knight to point ared,
 And him in euery part before her fashioned
 Yet him in euery part before she knew, xvii
 How euer list her now her knowledge faine,
 Sith him whilome in *Britaine* she did vew,
 To her reuealed in a mirrhour plaine,
 Whereof did grow her first engrafted paine,
 Whose root and stalke so bitter yet did tast,
 That but the fruit more sweetnesse did containe,
 Her wretched dayes in dolour she mote wast,
 And yield the pray of loue to lothsome death at last
 By strange occasion she did him behold, xviii
 And much more strangely gan to loue his sight,
 As it in bookes hath written bene of old
 In *Deheubarth* that now South-wales is hight,
 What time king *Ryence* raig'n'd, and dealed right,
 The great Magitian *Merlin* had deuiz'd,
 By his deepe science, and hell-dreaded might,
 A looking glasse, right wondrously aguiz'd,
 Whose vertues through the wyde world soone were solemniz'd
 It vertue had, to shew in perfect sight, xix
 What euer thing was in the world contaynd,
 Betwixt the lowest earth and heauens hight,
 So that it to the looker appertaynd,
 What euer foe had wrought, or frend had faynd,
 Therein discouered was, ne ought mote pas,
 Ne ought in secret from the same remaynd,
 For thy it round and hollow shaped was,
 Like to the world it selfe, and seem'd a world of glas

Who wonders not, that reads so wonderous worke?^{xx}
But who does wonder, that has red the Towre,
Wherein th'Ægyptian *Phao* long did lurke
From all mens vew, that none might her discourse,
Yet she might all men vew out of her bowre?
Great *Ptolomæe* it for his lemans sake
Ybuided all of glasse, by Magicke powre,
And also it impregnable did make,
Yet when his loue was false, he with a peaze it brake
Such was the glassie globe that *Merlin* made,^{xxi}
And gaue vnto king *Ryence* for his gard,
That neuer foes his kingdome might inuade,
But he it knew at home before he hard
Tydings thereof, and so them still debar'd
It was a famous Present for a Prince,
And worthy worke of infinite reward,
That treasons could bewray, and foes conuince,
Happie this Realme, had it remained euer since
One day it fortun'd, faire *Britomart*^{xxii}
Into her fathers closet to repayre;
For nothing he from her reseru'd apart,
Being his onely daughter and his hayre
Where when she had espyde that mirrhour fayre,
Her selfe a while therein she vewd in vaine,
Tho her auizing of the vertues rare,
Which thereof spoken were, she gan againe
Her to bethinke of, that mote to her selfe pertaine
But as it falleth, in the gentlest harts^{xxiii}
Imperious Loue hath highest set his throne,
And tyrannizeth in the bitter smarts
Of them, that to him buxome are and prone
So thought this Mayd (as maydens vse to done)
Whom fortune for her husband would allot,
Not that she lusted after any one;
For she was pure from blame of sinfull blot,
Yet wist her life at last must lincke in that same knot

Eftsoones there was presented to her eye xxiv

A comely knight, all arm'd in complete wize,
Through whose bright ventayle lifted vp on hye
His manly face, that did his foes agrize,
And friends to termes of gentle truce entize,
Lookt foorth, as *Phæbus* face out of the east,
Betwixt two shadie mountaines doth arize,
Portly his person was, and much increast
Through his Heroicke grace, and honorable gest

His crest was couered with a couchant Hound, xxv
And all his armour seem'd of antique mould,
But wondrous massie and assured sound,
And round about yfretted all with gold,
In which there written was with cyphers old,
Achilles armes, which Arthegall did win
And on his shield enueloped seuenfold
He bore a crowned litle Ermilin,

That deckt the azure field with her faire pouldred skin

The Damzell well did vew his personage, xxvi
And liked well, ne further fastned not,
But went her way, ne her vngulity age
Did weene, vnwares, that her vnlucky lot
Lay hidden in the bottome of the pot,
Of hurt vnwist most daunger doth redound
But the false Archer, which that arrow shot
So slyly, that she did not feele the wound,
Did smyle full smoothly at her weetlesse wofull stound

Thenceforth the feather in her loftie crest, xxvii
Ruffed of loue, gan lowly to auaile,
And her proud portance, and her princely gest,
With which she earst tryumphed, now did quaile
Sad, solemne, sowre, and full of fancies fraile
She woxe, yet wist she neither how, nor why,
She wist not, silly Mayd, what she did aile,
Yet wist, she was not well at ease perdy,
Yet thought it was not loue, but some melancholy

So soone as Night had with her pallid hew xxviii
 Defast the beautie of the shining sky,
 And reft from men the worlds desired vew,
 She with her Nourse adowne to sleepe did lye,
 But sleepe full farre away from her did fly
 In stead thereof sad sighes, and sorrowes deepe
 Kept watch and ward about her warily,
 That nought she did but wayle, and often steepe
 Her daintie couch with teares, which closely she did weepe
 And if that any drop of slombring rest xxix
 Did chaunce to still into her wearie spright,
 When feeble nature felt her selfe opprest,
 Streight way with dreames, and with fantasticke sight
 Of dreadfull things the same was put to flight,
 That oft out of her bed she did astait,
 As one with vew of ghastly feends affright
 Tho gan she to renew her former smart,
 And thinke of that faire visage, written in her hart
 One night, when she was tost with such vnrest, xxx
 Her aged Nurse, whose name was *Glauce* hight,
 Feeling her leape out of her loathed nest,
 Betwixt her feeble armes her quickly keight,
 And downe againe in her warme bed her dight,
 Ah my deare daughter, ah my dearest dread,
 What vncouth fit (said she) what euill plight
 Hath thee opprest, and with sad drearyhead
 Chaunged thy liuely cheare, and liuing made thee dead?
 For not of nought these suddeine ghastly feares xxx1
 All night afflict thy naturall repose,
 And all the day, when as thine equall peares
 Their fit disports with faire delight doe chose,
 Thou in dull corners doest thy selfe inclose,
 Ne tastest Princes pleasures, ne doest spred
 Abroad thy fresh youthes fairest flowre, but lose
 Both leafe and fruit, both too vntimely shed,
 As one in wilfull bale for euer buried

The time, that mortall men their weary cares
 Do lay away, and all wilde beastes do rest,
 And euery riuier eke his course forbeares,
 Then doth this wicked euill thee infest,
 And riuie with thousand throbs thy thrilled brest,
 Like an huge *Aetn'* of deepe engulfed grieve,
 Sorrow is heaped in thy hollow chest,
 Whence forth it breakes in sighes and anguish rife,
 As smoke and sulphure mingled with confused strife
 Aye me, how much I feare, least loue it bee,
 But if that loue it be, as sure I read
 By knowen signes and passions, which I see,
 Be it worthy of thy race and royall sead,
 Then I auow by this most sacred head
 Of my deare foster child, to ease thy grieve,
 And win thy will Therefore away doe dread,
 For death nor daunger from thy dew reliefe
 Shall me debarre, tell me therefore my liefest liefe
 So hauing said, her twixt her armes twaine
 She straightly straynd, and colled tenderly,
 And euery trembling ioynt, and euery vaine
 She softly felt, and iubbed busily,
 To doe the frozen cold away to fly,
 And her faire deawy eies with kisses deare
 She oft did bath, and oft againe did dry,
 And euer her importund, not to feare
 To let the secret of her hart to her appeare
 The Damzell pauzd, and then thus fearefully,
 Ah Nurse, what needeth thee to eke my paine?
 Is not enough, that I alone doe dye,
 But it must doubled be with death of twaine?
 For nought for me but death there doth remaine.
 O daughter deare (said she) despaire no whit,
 For neuer sore, but might a salue obtaine
 That blinded God, which hath ye blindly smit,
 Another arrow hath your louers hart to hit

xxxii

xxxiii

xxxiv

xxxv

xxxii 3 forbeares 1596

But mine is not (quoth she) like others wound , xxxvi
 For which no reason can find remedy
 Was neuer such, but mote the like be found,
 (Said she) and though no reason may apply
 Salue to your sore, yet loue can higher sty,
 Then reasons reach, and oft hath wonders donne
 But neither God of loue, nor God of sky
 Can doe (said she) that, which cannot be donne
 Things oft impossible (quoth she) seeme, ere begonne
 These idle words (said she) doe nought assuage xxxvii
 My stubborne smart, but more annoyance breed,
 For no no vsuall fire, no vsuall rage
 It is, O Nurse, which on my life doth feed,
 And suckes the bloud, which from my hart doth bleed
 But since thy faithfull zeale lets me not hyde
 My crime, (if crime it be) I will it reed
 Nor Prince, nor pere it is, whose loue hath gryde
 My feeble brest of late, and launched this wound wyde
 Nor man it is, nor other liuing wight, xxxviii
 For then some hope I might vnto me draw,
 But th'only shade and semblant of a knight,
 Whose shape or person yet I neuer saw,
 Hath me subiected to loues cruell law
 The same one day, as me misfortune led,
 I in my fathers wondrous mirrhour saw,
 And pleased with that seeming goodly-hed,
 Vnwares the hidden hooke with baite I swallowed
 Sithens it hath infixed faster hold xxxix
 Within my bleeding bowels, and so sore
 Now ranckleth in this same fraile fleshly mould,
 That all mine entrailes flow with poysnous gore,
 And th'vicer groweth daily more and more,
 Ne can my running sore find remedie,
 Other then my hard fortune to deplore,
 And languish as the leafe falne from the tree,
 Till death make one end of my dayes and miserie
xxxvi i other 1590 xxxvii 9 launced 1609

Daughter (said she) what need ye be dismayd,
 Or why make ye such Monster of your mind?^{xli}
 Of much more vncouth thing I was affrayd,
 Of filthy lust, contrarie vnto kind
 But this affection nothing straunge I find,
 For who with reason can you aye reprove,
 To loue the semblant pleasing most your mind,
 And yield your heart, whence ye cannot remoue?²
 No guilt in you, but in the tyranny of loue
 Not so th' *Arabian Myrrhe* did set her mind,
 Nor so did *Bibhs* spend hei pining hart,
 But lou'd their natue flesh against all kind,
 And to their purpose vsed wicked art
 Yet playd *Pasphae* a more monstrous part,
 That lou'd a Bull, and learnd a beast to bee,
 Such shamefull lusts who loaths not, which depart
 From course of nature and of modestie?
 Sweet loue such lewdnes bands from his faue companie
 But thine my Deare (welfare thy heart my deare)
 Though strange beginning had, yet fixed is
 On one, that worthy may perhaps appeare,
 And certes seemes bestowed not amis
 Ioy thereof haue thou and eternall blis
 With that vpleaning on her elbow weake,
 Her alablaster brest she soft did kis,
 Which all that while she felt to pant and quake,
 As it an Earth-quake were, at last she thus bespake
 Beldame, your words doe worke me litle ease,
 For though my loue be not so lewdly bent,
 As those ye blame, yet may it nought appease
 My raging smart, ne ought my flame relent,
 But rather doth my helpelesse grieve augment
 For they, how euer shamefull and vnkind,
 Yet did possesse their horrible intent
 Short end of sorrowes they thereby did find,
 So was their fortune good, though wicked were their mind

xli 2 Not 1590 &c corr F E xlii 7 alablaster 1596

xliii 3 nought] not 1609

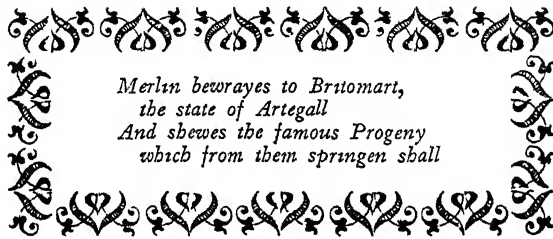
But wicked fortune mine, though mind be good, xlii
 Can haue no end, nor hope of my desire,
 But feed on shadowes, whiles I die for food,
 And like a shadow wexe, whiles with entire
 Affection, I doe languish and expire
 I fonder, then *Cephus* foolish child,
 Who hauing vewed in a fountaine shere
 His face, was with the loue thereof beguild,
 I fonder loue a shade, the bodie farre exild
 Nought like (quoth she) for that same wretched boy xliii
 Was of himselfe the idle Paramoure,
 Both loue and louer, without hope of ioy,
 For which he faded to a watry flowre
 But better fortune thine, and better howre,
 Which lou'st the shadow of a warlike knight,
 No shadow, but a bodie hath in powre
 That bodie, wheresoeuer that it light,
 May learned be by cyphers, or by Magicke might
 But if thou may with reason yet repress xlvi
 The growing euill, ere it strength haue got,
 And thee abandond wholly doe possesse,
 Against it strongly strue, and yield thee not,
 Till thou in open field adowne be smot
 But if the passion mayster thy fraile might,
 So that needs loue or death must be thy lot,
 Then I auow to thee, by wrong or right
 To compasse thy desire, and find that loued knight
 Her chearefull words much cheard the feeble spright xlvii
 Of the sicke virgin, that her downe she layd
 In her warme bed to sleepe, if that she might,
 And the old-woman carefully displayd
 The clothes about her round with busie ayd,
 So that at last a little creeping sleepe
 Surprisd her sense She therewith well apayd,
 The drunken lampe downe in the oyle did steepe,
 And set her by to watch, and set her by to weepe

Earely the morrow next, before that day xlviu
 His ioyous face did to the world reueale,
 They both vprose and tooke their readie way
 Vnto the Church, their prayers to appeale,
 With great deuotion, and with litle zeale
 For the faire Damzell from the holy herse
 Her loue-sicke hart to other thoughts did steale,
 And that old Dame said many an idle verse,
 Out of her daughters hart fond fancies to reuerse
 Returned home, the royall Infant fell xlix
 Into her former fit, for why, no powre
 Nor guidance of hei selfe in her did dwell
 But th'aged Nurse her calling to her bowre,
 Had gathered Rew, and Sauine, and the flowre
 Of *Camphora*, and Calamint, and Dill,
 All which she in a earthen Pot did pouie,
 And to the brim with Colt wood did it fill,
 And many drops of milke and bloud through it did spill
 Then taking thrise three haire from off her head, 1
 Them trebly breaded in a threefold lace,
 And round about the pots mouth, bound the thread,
 And after hauing whispered a space
 Certaine sad words, with hollow voice and bace,
 She to the virgin said, thrise said she it,
 Come daughter come, come, spit vpon my face,
 Spit thrise vpon me, thrise vpon me spit,
 Th'vneuen number for this businesse is most fit
 That sayd, her round about she from her turnd, ii
 She turned her contrarie to the Sunne,
 Thrise she her turnd contrary, and returnd,
 All contrary, for she the right did shunne,
 And euer what she did, was streight vndonne
 So thought she to vndoe her daughters loue
 But loue, that is in gentle brest begonne,
 No idle charmes so lightly may remoue,
 That well can wnesse, who by triall it does proue

xlix 6 *Camphara* 1596, 1609 7 a] an 1609 1 2 Them] Then
 1590 corr F E braided 1609

Ne ought it mote the noble Mayd auayle,
 Ne slake the furie of her cruell flame,
 But that she still did waste, and still did wayle,
 That through long languour, and hart-burning brame
 She shortly like a pyned ghost became,
 Which long hath waited by the Stygian stiond
 That when old *Glauce* saw, for feare least blame
 Of her miscarriage should in her be fond,
 She wist not how t'amend, nor how it to withstond

Cant. III.



Most sacred fire, that burnest mightily
 In liuing brests, ykindled first aboue,
 Emongst th'eternall spheres and lamping sky,
 And thence pourd into men, which men call Loue,
 Not that same, which doth base affections moue
 In brutish minds, and filthy lust inflame,
 But that sweet fit, that doth true beautie loue,
 And choseth vertue for his dearest Dame,
 Whence spring all noble deeds and neuer dying fame
 Well did Antiquitie a God thee deeme,
 That ouer mortall minds hast so great might,
 To order them, as best to thee doth seeme,
 And all their actions to direct aright,
 The fatall purpose of diuine foresight,
 Thou doest effect in destined descents,
 Through deepe impression of thy secret might,
 And stirredst vp th'Heroes high intents,
 Which the late world admyres for wondrous monuments

But thy dread darts in none doe triumph more, iii
 Ne brauer pioofe in any, of thy powre
 Shew'dst thou, then in this royall Maid of yore,
 Making her seeke an vnknowne Paramoure,
 From the worlds end, through many a bitter stowre
 From whose two loynes thou afterwards did rayse
 Most famous fruits of matrimoniall bowre,
 Which through the earth haue spred their liuing prayse,
 That fame in trompe of gold eternally displays

Begin then, O my dearest sacred Dame, iv
 Daughter of *Phæbus* and of *Memorie*,
 That doest ennoble with immortall name
 The warlike Worthies, from antiquitie,
 In thy great volume of Eternitie
 Begin, O *Cho*, and recount from hence
 My glorious Soueraines goodly auncestrie,
 Till that by dew degrees and long protense,
 Thou haue it lastly brought vnto her Excellence

Full many wayes within her troubled mind, v
 Old *Glauce* cast, to cure this Ladies grieve
 Full many waies she sought, but none could find,
 Nor herbes, nor charmes, nor counsell, that is chiefe
 And choisest med'cine for sicke harts reliefe
 For thy great care she tooke, and greater feare,
 Least that it should her turne to foule repriefe,
 And sore reproch, when so her father deare
 Should of his dearest daughters hard misfortune heare

At last she her auisd, that he, which made vi
 That mirrhour, wherein the sicke Damosell
 So straungely vewed her straunge louers shade,
 To weet, the learned *Merlin*, well could tell,
 Vnder what coast of heauen the man did dwell,
 And by what meanes his loue might best be wrought
 For though beyond the *Africk Ismaell*,
 Or th'Indian *Peru* he were, she thought
 Him forth through infinite endeuour to haue sought

1v 3 Thou 1590 7 auncestrie 1596 8 pretence 1596, 1609

Forthwith themselues disguising both in straunge vii
 And base attyre, that none might them bewray,
 To *Maridunum*, that is now by chaunge
 Of name *Cayr-Merlin* cald, they tooke their way
 There the wise *Merlin* whylome wont (they say)
 To make his wonne, low vnderneath the ground,
 In a deepe delue, farie from the vew of day,
 That of no liuing wight he mote be found,
 When so he counseld with his sprights encompass round
 And if thou euer happen that same way viii
 To trauell, goe to see that dreadfull place
 It is an hideous hollow caue (they say)
 Vnder a rocke that lyes a little space
 From the swift *Barry*, tombling downe apace,
 Emongst the woodie hilles of *Dyneuorwe*
 But dare thou not, I charge, in any cace,
 To enter into that same balefull Bowre,
 For fear the cruell Feends should thee vnwares deuowre
 But standing high aloft, low lay thine eare, ix
 And there such ghastly noise of yron chaines,
 And brasen Caudrons thou shalt rombling heare,
 Which thousand sprights with long enduring paines
 Doe tosse, that it will stonne thy feeble braines,
 And oftentimes great grones, and grievous stounds,
 When too huge toile and labour them constraines
 And oftentimes loud strokes, and ringing sounds
 From vnder that deepe Rocke most horribly rebounds
 The cause some say is this A litle while x
 Before that *Merlin* dyde, he did intend,
 A brasen wall in compas to compile
 About *Cairmardin*, and did it commend
 Vnto these Sprights, to bring to perfect end
 During which worke the Ladie of the Lake,
 Whom long he lou'd, for him in hast did send,
 Who thereby forst his workemen to forsake,
 Them bound till his returne, their labour not to slake

In the meane time through that false Ladies taine, xi
He was surprisd, and buried vnder beare,
Ne euer to his worke returnd againe
Nath'lesse those feends may not their worke forbear,
So greatly his commaundement they feare,
But there doe toyle and trauell day and night,
Vntill that brasen wall they vp doe reare
For *Merlin* had in Magicke more insight,
Then euer him before or after liuing wight
For he by words could call out of the sky xii
Both Sunne and Moone, and make them him obay
The land to sea, and sea to maineland dry,
And darkesome night he eke could turne to day
Huge hostes of men he could alone dismay,
And hostes of men of meanest things could frame,
When so him list his enimies to fray
That to this day for terror of his fame,
The feends do quake, when any him to them does name
And sooth, men say that he was not the sonne xiii
Of mortall Syre, or other liuing wight,
But wondrously begotten, and begonne
By false illusion of a guilefull Spright,
On a faire Ladie Nonne, that whilome hight
Manlda, daughter to *Pubidius*,
Who was the Lord of *Mathrauall* by right,
And coosen vnto king *Ambrosius*
Whence he indued was with skill so maruellous
They here ariuing, staid a while without, xiv
Ne durst aduenture rashly in to wend,
But of their first intent gan make new dout
For dread of daunger, which it might portend
Vntill the hardie Mayd (with loue to frend)
First enterig, the dreadfull Mage there found
Deepe busied bout worke of wondrous end,
And writing strange characters in the ground,
With which the stubborn feends he to his seruice bound

He nought was moued at thei entrance bold xv
 Foi of their comming well he wist afore,
 Yet list them bid thei businesse to vnfold,
 As if ought in this world in secret store
 Were from him hidden, or vnknowne of yore
 Then *Glauce* thus, Let not it thee offend,
 That we thus rashly through thy darkesome doie,
 Vnwares haue prest foi either fatall end,
 Or other mightie cause vs two did hither send
 He bad tell on, And then she thus began xvi
 Now haue three Moones with borrow'd brothers light,
 Thrice shined faire, and thrice seem'd dim and wan,
 Sith a sore euill, which this virgin bight
 Tormenteth, and doth plunge in dolefull plight,
 First rooting tooke, but what thing it mote bee,
 Or whence it sprong, I cannot read aright
 But this I read, that but if remedee
 Thou her afford, full shortly I her dead shall see
 Therewith th'Enchaunter softly gan to smyle xvii
 At her smooth speeches, weeting inly well,
 That she to him dissembled womanish guyle,
 And to her said, Beldame, by that ye tell,
 More need of leach-craft hath your Damozell,
 Then of my skill who helpe may haue elsewhere,
 In vaine seekes wonders out of Magicke spell
 Th'old woman wox half blanck, those words to heare,
 And yet was loth to let her purpose plaine appeare
 And to him said, If any leaches skill, xviii
 Or other learned meanes could haue redrest
 This my deare daughters deepe engrafted ill,
 Certes I should be loth thee to molest
 But this sad euill, which doth her infest,
 Doth course of naturall cause farre exceed,
 And housed is within her hollow brest,
 That either seemes some cursed witches deed,
 Or euill spright, that in her doth such torment breed

The wisard could no lenger beare her bord,
 But brusting forth in laughter, to her sayd,
Glauce, what needs this colourable word,
 To cloke the cause, that hath it selfe bewrayd?
 Ne ye faire *Britomartis*, thus arayd,
 More hidden are, then Sunne in cloudy vele,
 Whom thy good fortune, hauing fate obayd,
 Hath hither brought, for succour to appele
 The which the powres to thee are pleased to reuele
 The doubtfull Mayd, seeing her selfe descryde,
 Was all abasht, and her pure yuory
 Into a cleare Carnation suddeine dyde,
 As faire *Aurora* rising hastily,
 Doth by her blushing tell, that she did lye
 All night in old *Tithonus* frosen bed,
 Whereof she seemes ashamed inwardly
 But her old Nourse was nought dishartened,
 But vauntage made of that, which *Merlin* had ared
 And sayd, Sith then thou knowest all our griefe,
 (For what doest not thou know?) of grace I pray,
 Pitty our plaint, and yield vs meet reliefe
 With that the Prophet still awhile did stay,
 And then his spirite thus gan forth display,
 Most noble Virgin, that by fatall lore
 Hast learn'd to loue, let no whit thee dismay
 The hard begin, that meets thee in the dore,
 And with sharpe fits thy tender hart oppresseth soie
 For so must all things excellent begin,
 And eke enrooted deepe must be that Tree,
 Whose big embodied braunches shall not lin,
 Till they to heauens hight forth stretched bee
 For from thy wombe a famous Progenie
 Shall spring, out of the auncient *Troian* blood,
 Which shall reuiue the sleeping memorie
 Of those same antique Peres, the heauens brood,
 Which *Greece* and *Asian* riuers stained with their blood

xix

xx

xxi

xxii

Renowned kings, and sacred Emperours, xxiii
 Thy fruitfull Offspring, shall from thee descend,
 Braue Captaines, and most mighty warriours,
 That shall their conquests through all lands extend,
 And then decayed kingdomes shall amend
 The feeble Britons, broken with long warre,
 They shall vpeare, and mightily defend
 Against their foirein foe, that comes from farie,
 Till vniuersall peace compound all ciuill iarie

It was not, *Britomart*, thy wandring eye, xxiv
 Glauncing vnwares in charmed looking glas,
 But the streight course of heauenly destiny,
 Led with eternall prouidence, that has
 Guided thy glaunce, to bring his will to pas
 Ne is thy fate, ne is thy fortune ill,
 To loue the prowest knight, that euer was
 Therefore submit thy wayes vnto his will,
 And do by all dew meanes thy destiny fulfill

But read (said *Glauce*) thou Magitian xxv
 What meanes shall she out seeke, or what wayes take?
 How shall she know, how shall she find the man?
 Or what needs her to toyle, sith fates can make
 Way for themselues, their purpose to partake?
 Then *Merlin* thus, Indeed the fates are firme,
 And may not shrinck, though all the world do shake
 Yet ought mens good endeouours them confirme,
 And guide the heauenly causes to their constant terme

The man whom heauens haue ordaynd to bee xxvi
 The spouse of *Britomart*, is *Arthegall*
 He wonneth in the land of *Fayeree*,
 Yet is no *Fary* borne, ne sib at all
 To Elfes, but sprong of seed terrestriall,
 And whilome by false *Faries* stolne away,
 Whiles yet in infant cradle he did crall,
 Ne other to himselfe is knowne this day,
 But that he by an Elfe was gotten of a *Fay*

But sooth he is the sonne of *Gorlois*,
 And brother vnto *Cador* Cornish king,
 And for his warlike feates renowned is,
 From where the day out of the sea doth spring,
 Vntill the closure of the Euening
 From thence, him firmly bound with faithfull band,
 To this his natue soyle thou backe shalt bring,
 Strongly to aide his countrey, to withstand
 The powre of forrein Paynims, which inuade thy land
 Great aid thereto his mighty puissance,
 And dreaded name shall giue in that sad day
 Where also prooffe of thy prow valiaunce
 Thou then shalt make, t'increase thy louers pray
 Long time ye both in armes shall beare great sway,
 Till thy wombes burden thee from them do call,
 And his last fate him from thee take away,
 Too rathe cut off by practise criminall
 Of secret foes, that him shall make in mischief fall
 With thee yet shall he leaue for memory
 Of his late puissance, his Image dead,
 That liuing him in all actiuity
 To thee shall represent He from the head
 Of his coosin *Constantius* without dread
 Shall take the crowne, that was his fathers right,
 And therewith crowne himselfe in th'others stead
 Then shall he issew forth with dreadfull might,
 Against his Saxon foes in bloudy field to fight
 Like as a Lyon, that in drowsie caue
 Hath long time slept, himselfe so shall he shake,
 And comming forth, shall spred his banner braue
 Ouer the troubled South, that it shall make
 The warlike *Mertians* for feare to quake
 Thrise shall he fight with them, and twise shall win,
 But the third time shall faire accordaunce make
 And if he then with victorie can lin,
 He shall his dayes with peace bring to his earthly In

xxvii

xxviii

xxix

xxx

His sonne, hight *Tortipore*, shall him succede xxxI
 In kingdome, but not in felicity,
 Yet shall he long time warre with happy speed,
 And with great honour many battels try
 But at the last to th'importunity
 Of froward fortune shall be forst to yield
 But his sonne *Malgo* shall full mightily
 Auenge his fathers losse, with speare and shield,
 And his proud foes discomfit in victorious field
 Behold the man, and tell me *Britomart*, xxxII
 If ay moie goodly creature thou didst see,
 How like a Gyaunt in each manly part
 Beares he himselfe with portly maiestee,
 That one of th'old *Heroes* seemes to bee
 He the six Islands, comprounciall
 In auncient times vnto great Britamee,
 Shall to the same reduce, and to him call
 Their sundry kings to do their homage seuerall
 All which his sonne *Careticus* awhile xxxIII
 Shall well defend, and *Saxons* powre suppresses,
 Vntill a straunger king from vnknowne soyle
 Arriuing, him with multitude oppresse,
 Great *Gormond*, hauing with huge mightnesse
 Ireland subdewd, and therein fixt his throne,
 Like a swift Otter, fell through emptinesse,
 Shall ouerswim the sea with many one
 Of his Noiueyses, to assist the Britons fone
 He in his furie all shall ouerrunne, xxxIV
 And holy Church with faithlesse hands deface,
 That thy sad people vtterly fordonne,
 Shall to the vtmost mountaines fly apace
 Was neuer so great wast in any place,
 Nor so fowle outrage doen by liuing men
 For all thy Cities they shall sacke and race,
 And the greene grasse, that groweth, they shall bren,
 That euen the wild beast shall dy in starued den.

Whiles thus thy Britons do in languour pine,
Proud *Etheldred* shall from the North arise,
Seruing th'ambitious will of *Augustine*,
And passing *Dee* with hardy enterprise,
Shall backe repulse the valiaunt *Brockwell* twice,
And *Bangor* with massacred Martyrs fill,
But the third time shall rew his foolhardise
For *Cadwan* pittying his peoples ill,
Shall stoutly him defeat, and thousand *Saxons* kill

But after him, *Cadwallin* mightily
On his sonne *Edwin* all those wrongs shall wreake,
Ne shall auale the wicked sorcery
Of false *Pellite*, his purposes to breake,
But him shall slay, and on a gallowes bleake
Shall giue th'enchauter his vnhappy hie,
Then shall the Britons, late dismayd and weake,
From their long vassalage gin to respire,
And on their Paynim foes auenge their ranckled ire

Ne shall he yet his wrath so mitigate,
Till both the sonnes of *Edwin* he haue slaine,
Offricke and *Osricke*, twinnes vnfortunate,
Both slaine in battell vpon *Layburne* plaine,
Together with the king of *Louthiane*,
Hight *Adm*, and the king of *Orkeny*,
Both ioynt partakers of their fatall paine
But *Penda*, fearefull of like desteny,
Shall yield him selfe his liegeman, and swear fealty

Him shall he make his fatall Instrument,
T'afflict the other *Saxons* vnsubdewd,
He marching forth with fury insolent
Against the good king *Oswald*, who indewd
With heauenly powre, and by Angels reskewd,
All holding crosses in their hands on hye,
Shall him defeate withouten bloud imbrewd
Of which, that field for endlesse memory,
Shall *Heuenfield* be cald to all posterity.

xxxv i thy] the 1596, 1609 xxxvi 6 hire 1596
xxxvii 7 their] the 1596, 1609

Where at *Cadwallin* wroth, shall forth issew, xxxix
 And an huge hoste into Northumber lead,
 With which he godly *Oswald* shall subdew,
 And crowne with martyrdome his sacred head
 Whose brother *Oswin*, daunted with like dread,
 With price of siluer shall his kingdome buy,
 And *Penda*, seeking him adowne to tread,
 Shall tread adowne, and do him fowly dye,
 But shall with gifts his Lord *Cadwallin* pacify
 Then shall *Cadwallin* dye, and then the raine xi
 Of *Britons* eke with him attonce shall dye,
 Ne shall the good *Cadwallader* with paine,
 Or powre, be hable it to remedy,
 When the full time prefixt by destiny,
 Shalbe expird of *Britons* regiment
 For heauen it selfe shall their successe enuy,
 And them with plagues and murrins pestilent
 Consume, till all their warlike puissaunce be spent
 Yet after all these sorrowes, and huge hills xli
 Of dying people, during eight yeares space,
Cadwallader not yielding to his ills,
 From *Armorike*, where long in wretched cace
 He liu'd, retuining to his natue place,
 Shalbe by vision staid from his intent
 For th'heauens haue decreed, to displace
 The *Britons*, for their sinnes dew punishment,
 And to the *Saxons* ouer-giue their gouernment
 Then woe, and woe, and euerlasting woe, xlii
 Be to the Briton babe, that shalbe borne,
 To liue in thraldome of his fathers foe,
 Late King, now captiue, late Lord, now forlorne,
 The worlds reproch, the cruell victors scorne,
 Banisht from Princely bowre to wastfull wood
 O who shall helpe me to lament, and mourne
 The royall seed, the antique *Troian* blood,
 Whose Empire lenger here, then euer any stood

The Damzell was full deepe empassioned,
 Both for his grieve, and for her peoples sake,
 Whose future woes so plaine he fashioned,
 And sighing sore, at length him thus bespake,
 Ah but will heauens fury neuer slake,
 Nor vengeaunce huge relent it selfe at last ?
 Will not long misery late mercy make,
 But shall their name for euer be defast,
 And quite from of the earth their memory be rast ?

xliii

Nay but the terme (said he) is limited,
 That in this thraldome *Britons* shall abide,
 And the iust reuolution measured,
 That they as Straungers shalbe notifide
 For twise foure hundredth yeares shalbe supplide,
 Ere they to forme rule restor'd shalbee,
 And their impoitune fates all satisfide
 Yet during this their most obscuritee, (see
 Their beames shall oft breake forth, that men them faire may

xliv

For *Rhodoricke*, whose surname shalbe Great,
 Shall of him selfe a braue ensample shew,
 That Saxon kings his friendship shall intreat,
 And *Howell Dha* shall goodly well indew
 The saluage minds with skill of iust and trew,
 Then *Griffyth Conan* also shall vp reare
 His dreaded head, and the old sparkes renew
 Of natue courage, that his foes shall feare,
 Least backe againe the kingdome he from them should beare

xlv

Ne shall the Saxons selues all peaceably
 Enioy the crowne, which they from Britons wonne
 First ill, and after ruled wickedly
 For ere two hundred yeares be full outronne,
 There shall a Rauen far from rising Sunne,
 With his wide wings vpon them fiercely fly,
 And bid his faithlesse chickens ouerronne
 The fruitfull plaines, and with fell cruelty,
 In their auenge, tread downe the victours surquedry

xlvi

xliii 9 from th'earth 1590 &c corr F E xlv 5 yeares om 1596,
 1609 shall be full supplide 1609 6 to] vnto their 1590 xlv 7 th'olde
 1609 xlv 4 outronne] ouerronne 1596

Yet shall a third both these, and thine subdew, xivii
 There shall a Lyon from the sea-bord wood
 Of *Neustria* come roing, with a crew
 Of hungry whelpes, his battailous bold brood,
 Whose claws were newly dipt in cruddy blood,
 That from the Daniske Tyrants head shall rend
 Th'vsurped crowne, as if that he were wood,
 And the spoile of the countrey conquered
 Emongst his young ones shall diuide with bountyhed
 Tho when the terme is full accomplishid, xiviii
 There shall a sparke of fire, which hath long-while
 Bene in his ashes raked vp, and hid,
 Be freshly kindled in the fruitfull Ile
 Of *Mona*, where it lurked in exile,
 Which shall breake foith into bright burning flame,
 And reach into the house, that beares the stile
 Of royall maiesty and soueraigne name,
 So shall the Briton bloud then crowne againe reclame
 Thenceforth eternall vnion shall be made xlix
 Betweene the nations different afore,
 And sacred Peace shall louingly perswade
 The warlike minds, to learne her goodly loie,
 And ciuile armes to exercise no more
 Then shall a royall virgin raine, which shall
 Stretch her white rod ouer the *Belgicke* shore,
 And the great Castle smite so sore with all,
 That it shall make him shake, and shortly learne to fall
 But yet the end is not There *Merlin* stayd, 1
 As ouercomen of the spirites powre,
 Or other ghastly spectacle dismayd,
 That secretly he saw, yet note discoure
 Which sudden fit, and halfe extaticke stoure
 When the two fearefull women saw, they grew
 Greatly confused in behauioure;
 At last the fury past, to former hew
 Hee turnd againe, and chearefull looks <as earst> did shew
 19 Shee 1590 &c corr F E <as earst> om 1590, 1596 add 1609

Then, when them selues they well instructed had li
 Of all, that needed them to be inquired,
 They both conceiuing hope of comfort glad,
 With lighter hearts vnto their home retir'd,
 Where they in secret counsell close conspird,
 How to effect so hard an enterprize,
 And to possesse the purpose they desird
 Now this, now that twixt them they did deuise,
 And diuerse plots did frame, to maske in strange disguise
 At last the Nourse in her foolhardy wit lii
 Conceiu'd a bold deuise, and thus bespake,
 Daughter, I deeme that counsell aye most fit,
 That of the time doth dew aduauntage take,
 Ye see that good king *Vther* now doth make
 Strong warre vpon the Paynim brethren, hight
Octa and *Oza*, whom he lately brake
 Beside *Cayr Verolame*, in victorious fight,
 That now all *Britanie* doth burne in armes bright
 That therefore nought our passage may empeach, liii
 Let vs in feigned armes our selues disguise,
 And our weake hands (whom need new strength shall teach)
 The dreadfull speare and shield to exercize
 Ne certes daughter that same warlike wize
 I weene, would you misseeme, for ye bene tall,
 And large of limbe, t'atchieue an hard emprize,
 Ne ought ye want, but skill, which practize small
 Will bring, and shortly make you a mayd Martiall
 And sooth, it ought your courage much inflame, liiv
 To heare so often, in that royall hous,
 From whence to none inferiour ye came,
 Bards tell of many women valorous
 Which haue full many feats aduenturous
 Performd, in paragone of proudest men
 The bold *Bunduca*, whose victorious
 Exploits made *Rome* to quake, stout *Guendolen*,
 Renowned *Martia*, and redoubted *Emmilen*

li 9 disguise] deuise 1596, 1609 liii 3 (need makes good schollers)
 teach 1590 liiv 3 came 1590 &c
 c c 2

And that, which more then all the rest may sway, lv
 Late dayes ensample, which these eyes beheld,
 In the last field befoie *Meneua*
 Which *Ither* with those foriein Pagans held,
 I saw a *Saxon* Vigin, the which feld
 Great *Wfn* thrise vpon the bloody plaine,
 And had not *Carados* hei hand withheld
 From rash reuenge, she had him suieley slaine,
 Yet *Carados* himselfe from her escapt with paine
 Ah read, (quoth *Britomart*) how is she hight? lvi
 Faire *Angeli* (quoth she) men do her call,
 No whit lesse faire, then terrible in fight
 She hath the leading of a Martiall
 And mighty people, dreaded more then all
 The other *Saxons*, which do for her sake
 And loue, themselues of her name *Angles* call
 Therefore faire Infant her ensample make
 Vnto thy selfe, and equall courage to thee take
 Her harty words so deepe into the mynd lvii
 Of the young Damzell sunke, that great desire
 Of warlike armes in her forthwith they tynd,
 And generous stout courage did inspire,
 That she resolu'd, vnweeting to her Sire,
 Aduent'rous knighthood on her selfe to don,
 And counseld with her Nourse, her Maides attire
 To turne into a massy habergeon,
 And bad her all things put in readinesse anon
 Th'old woman nought, that needed, did omit, lviii
 But all things did conueniently puruay
 It fortun'd (so time their turne did fit)
 A band of Britons ryding on forray
 Few dayes before, had gotten a great pray
 Of Saxon goods, emongst the which was seene
 A goodly Armour, and full rich aray,
 Which long'd to *Angela*, the Saxon Queene,
 All fretted round with gold, and goodly well besene
 lvii 5 vnmeeting 1596 lviii 2 conuiently 1596 5 dayes 1596

The same, with all the other ornaments,
 King *Ryence* caused to be hanged hy
 In his chiefe Church, for endlesse monuments
 Of his successe and gladfull victory
 Of which her selfe auising readily,
 In th'euening late old *Glauce* thither led
 Faire *Britomart*, and that same Armory
 Downe taking, her therein appareled,
 Well as she might, and with braue bauldrick garnished

lxv

Beside those armes there stood a mighty speare,
 Which *Bladud* made by Magick art of yore,
 And vsd the same in battell aye to beare,
 Sith which it had bin here preseru'd in store,
 For his great vertues proued long afore
 For neuer wight so fast in sell could sit,
 But him perforce vnto the ground it bore
 Both speare she tooke, and shield, which hong by it
 Both speare and shield of great powie, for her purpose fit

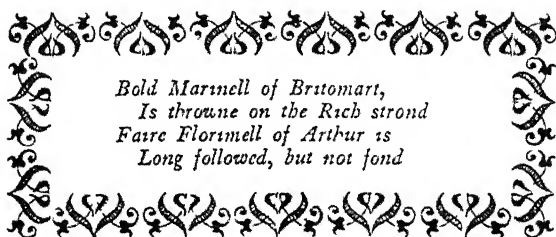
lx

Thus when she had the virgin all arayd,
 Another harnesse, which did hang thereby,
 About her selfe she dight, that the young Mayd
 She might in equall armes accompany,
 And as her Squire attend her carefully
 Tho to their ready Steeds they clombe full light,
 And through back wayes, that none might them espy,
 Couered with secret cloud of silent night,
 Themselues they forth conuayd, and passed forward right

lxix

Ne rested they, till that to Faery lond
 They came, as *Merlin* them directed late
 Where meeting with this *Redcrosse* knight, she fond
 Of diuerse things discourses to dilate,
 But most of *Arthegall*, and his estate
 At last their wayes so fell, that they mote part
 Then each to other well affectionate,
 Friendship professed with vnfaigned hart,
 The *Redcrosse* knight diuerst, but forth rode *Britomart*

lxxi

Cant. IIII.

WHere is the Antique gloiy now become,
 That whilome wont in women to appeare?
 Where be the braue atchieuements doen by some?
 Where be the battels, where the shield and speare,
 And all the conquests, which them high did reare,
 That matter made for famous Poets verse,
 And boastfull men so oft abasht to heare?
 Bene they all dead, and laid in dolfull herse?
 Or doen they onely sleepe, and shall againe reuise?
 If they be dead, then woe is me therefore
 But if they sleepe, O let them soone awake
 For all too long I burne with enuy sore,
 To heare the warlike feates, which *Homere* spake
 Of bold *Penthesilee*, which made a lake
 Of *Greekish* bloud so oft in *Trouan* plaine,
 But when I read, how stout *Debora* striake
 Proud *Sisera*, and how *Camill'* hath slaine
 The huge *Orsilochus*, I swell with great disdaine
 Yet these, and all that else had puissaunce,
 Cannot with noble *Brutomart* compare,
 Aswell for glory of great valiaunce,
 As for pure chastitie and vertue rare,
 That all her goodly deeds do well declare
 Well worthy stock, from which the branches sprong,
 That in late yeares so faire a blossome bare,
 As thee, O Queene, the matter of my song,
 Whose lignage from this Lady I deriue along

i

ii

iii

Who when through speaches with the *Redcrosse* knight, 1v
 She learned had th'estate of *Arihegall*,
 And in each point her selfe informd aright,
 A friendly league of loue perpetuall
 She with him bound, and *Congé* tooke withall.
 Then he forth on his iourney did proceede,
 To seeke aduentures, which mote him befall,
 And win him worship through his warlike deed,
 Which alwayes of his paines he made the chiefest meed.

But *Britomart* kept on her former course, v
 Ne euer dofte her armes, but all the way
 Grew pensive through that amorous discourse,
 By which the *Redcrosse* knight did earst display
 Her louers shape, and cheualrous aray,
 A thousand thoughts she fashioned in her mind,
 And in her feigning fancie did pourtiay
 Him such, as fittest she for loue could find,
 Wise, warlike, personable, curteous, and kind

With such selfe-pleasing thoughts her wound she fed, vi
 And thought so to beguile her grievous smart,
 But so her smart was much more grievous bred,
 And the deepe wound more deepe engord her hart,
 That nought but death her dolour mote depart
 So forth she rode without repose or rest,
 Searching all lands and each remotest part,
 Following the guidaunce of her blinded guest,
 Till that to the sea-coast at length she her addrest

There she alighted from her light-foot beast, vii
 And sitting downe vpon the rocky shore,
 Bad her old Squire vnlace her lofty creast,
 Tho hauing vewd a while the surges hore,
 That gainst the craggy clifts did loudly rore,
 And in their raging surquedry disdaynd,
 That the fast earth affronted them so sore,
 And their deuouring couetize restraynd,
 Thereat she sighed deepe, and after thus complaynd

v 8 she] he 1590 vi 9 her] had 1609 vii 8 deuoring 1596

Huge sea of sorrow, and tempestuous griefe,
 Wherein my feeble baike is tossed long,
 Far from the hoped hauen of reliefe,
 Why do thy cruell billowes beat so strong,
 And thy moyst mountaines each on others throng,
 Threathing to swallow vp my fearefull life?
 O do thy cruell wiath and spightfull wrong
 At length allay, and stint thy stormy strife,
 Which in these troubled bowels raignes, and rageth rife
 For else my feeble vessell crazd, and crackt
 Through thy strong buffets and outrageous blowes,
 Cannot endure, but needs it must be wrackt
 On the rough rocks, or on the sandy shallowes,
 The whiles that loue it steres, and fortune rowes,
 Loue my lewd Pilot hath a restlesse mind
 And fortune Boteswaine no assuraunce knowes,
 But saile withouten staires gainst tide and wind
 How can they other do, sith both are bold and blind?
 Thou God of winds, that raigest in the seas,
 That raigest also in the Continent,
 At last blow vp some gentle gale of ease,
 The which may bring my ship, ere it be rent,
 Vnto the gladsome port of her intent
 Then when I shall my selfe in safety see,
 A table for eternall monument
 Of thy great grace, and my great leopardee,
 Great *Neptune*, I auow to hallow vnto thee
 Then sighing softly sore, and inly deepe,
 She shut vp all her plaint in priuy griefe,
 For her great courage would not let her weepe,
 Till that old *Glauce* gan with sharpe reprieue,
 Her to restraine, and giue her good reliefe,
 Through hope of those, which *Merlin* had her told
 Should of her name and nation be chiefe,
 And fetch their being from the sacred mould
 Of her immortall wombe, to be in heauen enrolld.

Thus as she her recomfoited, she spyde, xii
 Where farre away one all in armour bright,
 With hastie gallop towards her did ryde,
 Her dolour soone she ceast, and on her dight
 Her Helmet, to her Courser mounting light
 Her former sorrow into sudden wrath,
 Both coosen passions of distroubled spright,
 Conuerting, foith she beates the dustie path,
 Loue and despight attonce her courage kindled hath

As when a foggy mist hath ouercast xiii
 The face of heauen, and the cleare aire engrost,
 The world in darkenesse dwels, till that at last
 The watry Southwinde from the seabord cost
 Vpblowing, doth disperse the vapour lo'st,
 And poures it selfe forth in a stormy showre,
 So the faire *Britomart* hauing disclo'st
 Her clowdy care into a wrathfull stowre,
 The mist of griefe dissolu'd, did into vengeance powre

Eftsoones her goodly shield addressing faire, xiv
 That mortall speare she in her hand did take,
 And vnto battell did her selfe prepaire
 The knight approching, sternely her bespake,
 Sir knight, that doest thy voyage rashly make
 By this forbidden way in my despight,
 Ne doest by others death ensample take,
 I read thee soone retyre, whiles thou hast might,
 Least afterwards it be too late to take thy flight

Ythrild with deepe disdain of his proud threat, xv
 She shortly thus, Fly they, that need to fly,
 Words fearen babes I meane not thee entreat
 To passe, but maugre thee will passe or dy
 Ne lenger stayd for th'other to reply,
 But with sharpe speare the rest made dearly knowne
 Strongly the straunge knight ran, and sturdily
 Strooke her full on the brest, that made her downe
 Decline her head, and touch her crouper with her crowne

- But she againe him in the shield did smite xvi
 With so fierce furie and great puissaunce,
 That through his threesquare scuchin percing quite,
 And through his mayled hauberque, by mischaunce
 The wicked steele through his left side did glaunce,
 Him so transfixed she befoie her bore
 Beyond his croupe, the length of all her launce,
 Till sadly soucing on the sandie shore,
 He tumbled on an heape, and wallowd in his gore
- Like as the sacred Oxe, that carelesse stands, xvii
 With gilden hornes, and flowry girlonds crownd,
 Proud of his dying honor and deare bands,
 Whiles th'altars fume with flankincense arownd,
 All suddenly with mortall stroke astownd,
 Doth groueling fall, and with his streaming gore
 Distaines the pillours, and the holy grownd,
 And the faire flowres, that decked him afore,
 So fell proud *Marinell* vpon the pretious shore
- The martiall Mayd stayd not him to lament, xviii
 But forward rode, and kept her readie way
 Along the strond, which as she ouer-went,
 She saw bestrowed all with rich aray
 Of pearles and pretious stones of great assay,
 And all the grauell mixt with golden owre,
 Whereat she wondred much, but would not stay
 For gold, or perles, or pretious stones an howre,
 But them despised all, for all was in her powre
- Whiles thus he lay in deadly stonishment, xix
 Tydings hereof came to his mothers eare,
 His mother was the blacke-browd *Cymoent*,
 The daughter of great *Nereus*, which did beare
 This warlike sonne vnto an earthly peare,
 The famous *Dumarin*, who on a day
 Finding the Nymph a sleepe in secret wheare,
 As he by chaunce did wander that same way,
 Was taken with her loue, and by her closely lay

There he this knight of her begot, whom borne xx
She of his father *Marmell* did name,
And in a rocky caue as wight forlorne,
Long time she fostred vp, till he became
A mightie man at armes, and mickle fame
Did get through great aduentures by him donne
For neuer man he suffied by that same
Rich strond to trauell, whereas he did wonne,
But that he must do battell with the Sea-nymphes sonne

An hundred knights of honorable name xxi
He had subdew'd, and them his vassals made,
That through all Farie lond his noble fame
Now blazed was, and feare did all inuade,
That none durst passen through that peulious glade
And to aduance his name and glorie more,
Her Sea-god syre she dearely did perswade,
T'endow her sonne with treasure and rich store,
Boue all the sonnes, that were of earthly wombes ybore

The God did graunt his daughters deare demaund, xxii
To doen his Nephew in all riches flow,
Eftsoones his heaped waues he did commaund,
Out of their hollow bosome forth to throw
All the huge treasure, which the sea below
Had in his greedie gulfe deuoured deepe,
And him enriched through the ouerthrow
And wreckes of many wretches, which did weepe,
And often waile their wealth, which he from them did keepe

Shortly vpon that shore there heaped was, xxiii
Exceeding riches and all pretious things,
The spoyle of all the world, that it did pas
The wealth of th'East, and pompe of *Persian* kings,
Gold, amber, yuorie, perles, owches, rings,
And all that else was pretious and deare,
The sea vnto him voluntary brings,
That shortly he a great Lord did appeare,
As was in all the lond of Faery, or elsewheare

Thereto he was a doughtie dreading knight,
 Tyde often to the scath of many deare,
 That none in equall aimes him matchen might,
 The which his mother seeing, gan to feare
 Least his too haughtie hardines might reare
 Some hard mishap, in hazard of his life
 For thy she oft him counseld to forbeare
 The bloudie battell, and to stirie vp strife,
 But after all his warre, to rest his wearie knife

xxiv

And for his more assurance, she inquit
 One day of *Proteus* by his mightie spell,
 (For *Proteus* was with prophecie inspir'd)
 Her deare sonnes destinie to her to tell,
 And the sad end of her sweet *Marmell*
 Who through foresight of his eternall skill,
 Bad her from womankind to keepe him well
 For of a woman he should haue much ill,

xxv

A virgin strange and stout him should dismay, or kill
 For thy she gaue him warning euery day,
 The loue of women not to entertaine,
 A lesson too too hard for liuing clay,
 From loue in course of nature to refraine
 Yet he his mothers loie did well retaine,
 And euer from faire Ladies loue did fly,
 Yet many Ladies faue did oft complaine,
 That they for loue of him would algates dy
 Dy, who so list for him, he was loues enemy

xxvi

But ah, who can deceiue his destiny,
 Or weene by warning to auoyd his fate?
 That when he sleepes in most security,
 And safest seemes, him soonest doth amate,
 And findeth dew effect or soone or late
 So feeble is the powre of fleshly arme
 His mother bad him womens loue to hate,
 For she of womans force did feare no harme,
 So weening to haue arm'd him, she did quite disarme

xxvii

This was that woman, this that deadly wound,
 That *Proteus* prophecide should him dismay,
 The which his mother vainely did expound,
 To be hart-wounding loue, which should assay
 To bring her sonne vnto his last decay
 So tickle be the termes of mortall state,
 And full of subtile sophismes, which do play
 With double senses, and with false debate,
 T'approue the vnknown purpose of eternall fate
 Too true the famous *Marnell* it fownd,
 Who through late tiall, on that wealthy Strond
 Inglorious now lies in senselesse swownd,
 Through heauy stroke of *Britomartis* hond
 Which when his mother deare did vnderstond,
 And heauy tydings heard, wheleas she playd
 Amongst her watry sisters by a pond,
 Gathering sweet daffadillyes, to haue made
 Gay girlonds, from the Sun then forheads faire to shade,
 Eftsoones both flowres and gilonds farre away
 She flong, and her faire deawy lockes yrent,
 To sorrow huge she tuind her former play,
 And gamesom merth to grieuous dreriment
 She threw her selfe downe on the Continent,
 Ne word did speake, but lay as in a swowne,
 Whiles all her sisters did for her lament,
 With yelling outcries, and with shrieking sowne,
 And euery one did teare her girlond from her crowne
 Soone as she vp out of her deadly fit
 Arose, she bad her charet to be brought,
 And all her sisters, that with her did sit,
 Bad eke attonce their charets to be sought,
 Tho full of bitter griefe and pensiue thought,
 She to her wagon clombe, clombe all the rest,
 And forth together went, with sorrow fraught
 The waues obedient to their behest,
 Them yielded readie passage, and their rage surceast

xxviii

xxix

xxx

xxxi

xxix 9 shade 1590, 1596 xxx 4 gameson 1590, 1596 gamesome
 1609 6 swownd 1590 xxxi 5 pensife 1590

Great *Neptune* stood amazed at their sight, xxxii
 Whiles on his broad round backe they softly slid
 And eke himselfe mounnd at their mournfull plight,
 Yet wist not what their wailing ment, yet did
 For great compassion of their sorrow, bid
 His mightie waters to them buxome bee
 Eftsoones the roaring billowes still abid,
 And all the guesly Monsters of the See
 Stood gaping at their gate, and wondred them to see
 A tene of Dolphins raunged in aray, xxxiii
 Drew the smooth chalet of sad *Cymoent*,
 They were all taught by *Triton*, to obay
 To the long raynes, at her commaundement
 As swift as swallowes, on the waues they went,
 That their broad flaggie finnes no fome did reare,
 Ne bubbling roundell they behind them sent,
 The rest of other fishes drawen weare,
 Which with their finny oars the swelling sea did sheare
 Soone as they bene arriu'd vpon the brim xxxiv
 Of the *Rich strond*, their charets they forlore,
 And let their temed fishes softly swim
 Along the maigent of the fomy shore,
 Least they their finnes should bruze, and surbate soie
 Their tender feet vpon the stony ground
 And comming to the place, where all in gore
 And cruddy bloud enwallowed they found
 The lucklesse *Marmell*, lying in deadly swound,
 His mother swowned thrise, and the third time xxxv
 Could scarce recouered be out of her paine,
 Had she not bene deuoyd of mortall slime,
 She should not then haue bene reliu'd againe,
 But soone as life recouered had the raine,
 She made so piteous mone and deare wayment,
 That the hard rocks could scarce from teares refraine,
 And all her sister Nymphes with one consent
 Supplide her sobbing breaches with sad complement

Deare image of my selfe (she said) that is, xxxvi

The wretched sonne of wretched mother borne,
Is this thine high aduancement, O is this
Th'immortall name, with which thee yet vnborne
Thy Gransire *Nereus* promist to adorne?
Now lvest thou of life and honor reft,
Now lvest thou a lumpe of earth forlorne,
Ne of thy late life memory is left,
Ne can thy irieucable destiny be weft?

Fond *Proteus*, father of false prophecis, xxxvii

And they more fond, that credit to thee giue,
Not this the worke of womans hand ywis,
That so deepe wound through these deare members driue
I feared loue but they that loue do lue,
But they that die, doe neither loue nor hate
Nath'lesse to thee thy folly I forgiue,
And to my selfe, and to accursed fate

The guilt I doe ascribe deare wisdoms bought too late

O what auailes it of immortall seed xxxviii

To beene ybied and neuer borne to die?
Farre better I it deeme to die with speed,
Then waste in woe and wailefull miserie
Who dyes the vtmost dolour doth aby, e,
But who that lues, is left to waile his losse
So life is losse, and death felicitie
Sad life worse then glad death and greater crosse

To see friends graue, then dead the graue selfe to engrosse

But if the heauens did his dayes enue, xxxix

And my short blisse maligne, yet mote they well
Thus much afford me, ere that he did die
That the dim eyes of my deare *Marinell*
I mote haue closed, and him bed farewell,
Sith other offices for mother meet
They would not graunt

Yet maulgre them farewell, my sweetest sweet,
Farewell my sweetest sonne, sith we no more shall meet

xxxix 5 bid 1609 9 sith we no more shall meet] till we againe may
meet 1590

- Thus when they all had sorrowed their fill, xi
 They softly gan to seach his griesly wound
 And that they might him handle more at will,
 They him disaim'd, and spredding on the ground
 Their watchet mantles findgd with siluer ound,
 They softly wipt away the gelly blood
 From th'orifice, which hauing well vpbound,
 They poured in soueraine balme, and Nectar good,
 Good both for earthly med'cine, and for heavenly food
- Tho when the lilly handed *Liagore*, xii
 (This *Liagore* whylome had learned skill
 In leaches craft, by great *Appolloes* lore,
 Sith her whylome vpon high *Pindus* hill,
 He loued, and at last her wombe did fill
 With heavenly seed, whereof wise *Pæon* sprong)
 Did feele his pulse, she knew then staid still
 Some litle life his feeble sprites emong,
 Which to his mother told, despeire she from her flong
- Tho vp him taking in their tender hands, xlii
 They easily vnto her charet beare
 Her teme at her commaundement quiet stands,
 Whiles they the corse into her wagon reare,
 And strow with flowres the lamentable beare
 Then all the rest into their coches clim,
 And through the brackish waues their passage sheare,
 Vpon great *Neptunes* necke they softly swim,
 And to her watry chamber swiftly carry him
- Deepe in the bottome of the sea, her bowre xliii
 Is built of hollow billowes heaped hye,
 Like to thicke cloudes, that threat a stormy showre,
 And vaulted all within, like to the sky,
 In which the Gods do dwell eternally
 There they him laid in easie couch well dight,
 And sent in haste for *Tryphon*, to apply
 Salues to his wounds, and medicines of might
 For *Tryphon* of sea gods the soueraine leach is hight
- xlii 1 vp him] him vp 1609 xliii 4 vaulted 1609

The whiles the *Nymphes* sit all about him round, xlii
 Lamenting his mishap and heauy plight,
 And oft his mother vewing his wide wound,
 Cursed the hand, that did so deadly smight
 Her dearest sonne, her dearest harts delight
 But none of all those curses ouertooke
 The warlike Maid, th'ensample of that might,
 But fairely well she thriu'd, and well did brooke
 Her noble deeds, ne her right course for ought forsooke

Yet did false *Archimage* her still pursew, xlii
 To bring to passe his mischieuous intent,
 Now that he had her singled from the crew
 Of courteous knights, the Prince, and Faery gent,
 Whom late in chace of beautie excellent
 She left, pursewing that same foster strong,
 Of whose foule outrage they impatient,
 And full of fiery zeale, him followed long,
 To reskew her from shame, and to reuenge her wrong

Through thick and thin, through mountaines and through xlii
 Those two great champions did attonce pursew (plains,
 The fearefull damzell, with incessant paines
 Who from them fled, as light-foot hare from vew
 Of hunter swift, and sent of houndes trew.
 At last they came vnto a double way,
 Where, doubtfull which to take, her to reskew,
 Themselves they did dispart, each to assay,
 Whether more happie were, to win so goodly pray

But *Timias*, the Princes gentle Squire, xliii
 That Ladies loue vnto his Lord forlent,
 And with proud enuy, and indignant ire,
 After that wicked foster fiercely went
 So beene they three three sundry wayes ybent
 But fairest fortune to the Prince befell,
 Whose chaunce it was, that soone he did repent,
 To take that way, in which that Damozell
 Was fled afore, affraid of him, as feend of hell

xlii 5 hunters 1609 xliii 7 repent 1609

At last of hei farre off he gamed vew xlvi
 Then gan he freshly pricke his fomy steed,
 And euer as he nigher to hei drew,
 So euermore he did increase his speed,
 And of each turning still kept wile heed
 Aloud to hei he oftentimes did call,
 To doe away vaine doubt, and needlesse dreed
 Full myld to her he spake, and oft let fall
 Many meeke wordes, to stay and comfort her withall
 But nothing might relent hei hastie flight, xlix
 So deepe the deadly feare of that foule swaine
 Was earst impressed in her gentle spright
 Like as a fearefull Doue, which through the raine,
 Of the wide aire her way does cut amaine,
 Hauing farre off espyde a Tassell gent,
 Which after her his nimble wings doth straine,
 Doubleth her haste for feare to be for-hent,
 And with her pineons cleaues the liquid firmament
 With no lesse haste, and eke with no lesse dreed, 1
 That fearefull Ladie fled from him, that ment
 To her no euill thought, nor euill deed,
 Yet former feare of being fowly shent,
 Carried her forward with her first intent
 And though oft looking backward, well she vewd,
 Her selfe fied from that foster insolent,
 And that it was a knight, which now her sewd,
 Yet she no lesse the knight feard, then that vilain rude
 His vncouth shield and straunge armes her dismayd, 11
 Whose like in Faery lond were seldome seene,
 That fast she from him fled, no lesse affrayd,
 Then of wilde beastes if she had chased beene
 Yet he her followd still with courage keene,
 So long that now the golden *Hesperus*
 Was mounted high in top of heauen sheene,
 And warnd his other brethren ioyeous,
 To light their blessed lamps in *Ioues* eternall hous

All suddenly dim woxe the dampish ayre, lii
 And griesly shadowes couered heauen bright,
 That now with thousand starres was decked fayre,
 Which when the Prince beheld, a lothfull sight,
 And that perforce, for want of lenger light,
 He mote surcease his suit, and lose the hope
 Of his long labour, he gan fowly wyte
 His wicked fortune, that had turnd aslope,
 And cursed night, that reft from him so goodly scope
 Tho when her wayes he could no more descry, liii
 But to and fro at disauenture strayd,
 Like as a ship, whose Lodestarre suddenly
 Couered with cloudes, her Pilot hath dismayd,
 His wearisome pursuit perforce he stayd,
 And from his loftie steed dismounting low,
 Did let him forage Downe himselfe he layd
 Vpon the grassie ground, to sleepe a throw,
 The cold earth was his couch, the hard steele his pillow
 But gentle Sleepe enuyde him any rest, liiv
 In stead thereof sad sorrow, and disdain
 Of his hard hap did vex his noble brest,
 And thousand fancies bet his idle braine
 With their light wings, the sights of semblants vaine
 Oft did he wish, that Lady faire mote bee
 His Faery Queene, for whom he did complaine
 Or that his Faery Queene were such, as shee
 And euer hastie Night he blamed bitterlie
 Night thou foule Mother of annoyance sad, lv
 Sister of heaue death, and nourse of woe,
 Which wast begot in heauen, but for thy bad
 And brutish shape thrust downe to hell below,
 Where by the grim flood of *Cocytus* slow
 Thy dwelling is, in *Herebus* blacke hous,
 (Blacke *Herebus* thy husband is the foe
 Of all the Gods) where thou vngratious,
 Halfe of thy dayes doest lead in horroure hideous.

What had th'eternall Maker need of thee, lvi
 The world in his continuall course to keepe,
 That doest all things deface, ne lettest see
 The beautie of his woike ? Indeed in sleepe
 The slouthfull bodie, that doth loue to steepe
 His lustlesse limbes, and drowne his baser mind,
 Doth praise thee oft, and oft from *Stygian* deepe
 Calles thee, his goddesse in his error blind,
 And great Dame Natures handmaide, chearing euery kind
 But well I wote, that to an heauy hart lvii
 Thou art the root and nurse of bitter cares,
 Breeder of new, renewer of old smarts
 In stead of rest thou lendest rayling teares,
 In stead of sleepe thou sendest troublous feares,
 And dreadfull visions, in the which alieue
 The drearie image of sad death appeares
 So from the wearie spirit thou doest driue
 Desired rest, and men of happinesse deprive
 Vnder thy mantle blacke there hidden lye, lviii
 Light-shonning theft, and traiterous intent,
 Abhorred bloudshed, and vile felony,
 Shamefull deceit, and daunger imminent,
 Foule horror, and eke hellish dreriment
 All these I wote in thy protection bee,
 And light doe shonne, for feare of being shent
 For light ylike is loth'd of them and thee,
 And all that lewdnesse loue, doe hate the light to see
 For day discouers all dishonest wayes, lix
 And sheweth each thing, as it is indeed
 The prayes of high God he faire displayes,
 And his large bountie rightly doth areed
 Dayes dearest children be the blessed seed,
 Which darknesse shall subdew, and heauen win
 Truth is his daughter, he her first did breed,
 Most sacred virgin, without spot of sin
 Our life is day, but death with darknesse doth begin
 lxx 5 Dayes dearest children] The children of day 1590

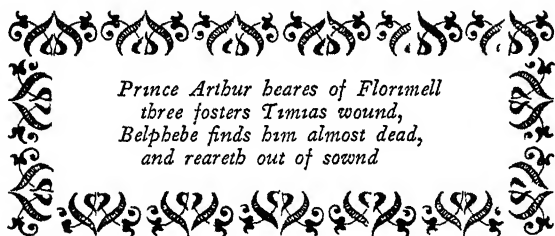
O when will day then turne to me againe,
 And bring with him his long expected light?
 O *Titan*, haste to reare thy ioyous waine
 Speed thee to spread abroad thy beames bright,
 And chase away this too long lingring night,
 Chase her away, from whence she came, to hell
 She, she it is, that hath me done despight
 There let her with the damned spirits dwell,
 And yeeld her roome to day, that can it gouerne well

lx

Thus did the Prince that wearie night outweare,
 In restlesse anguish and vnquiet paine
 And earely, ere the morrow did vpreare
 His deawy head out of the *Ocean* maine,
 He vp arose, as halfe in great disdaine,
 And clombe vnto his steed So forth he went,
 With heaue looke and lumpish pace, that plaine
 In him bewraide great grudge and maltalent
 His steed eke seem'd t'apply his steps to his intent

lx1

Cant. V.



W onder it is to see, in diuerse minds,
 How diuersly loue doth his pageants play,
 And shewes his powre in variable kinds
 The baser wit, whose idle thoughts alway
 Are wont to cleaue vnto the lowly clay,
 It stirreth vp to sensuall desire,
 And in lewd slouth to wast his carelesse day
 But in braue sprite it kindles goodly fire,
 That to all high desert and honour doth aspire

lx 4 bright? 1590, 1596 Arg 4 sround 1609

Ne suffereth it vncomely idlenesse, ii
 In his free thought to build her sluggish nest
 Ne suffereth it thought of vngentlenesse,
 Euer to creepe into his noble brest,
 But to the highest and the worthiest
 Lifteth it vp, that else would lowly fall
 It lets not fall, it lets it not to rest
 It lets not scarce this Prince to breath at all,
 But to his first poursuit him forward still doth call
 Who long time wandred through the forrest wyde, iii
 To finde some issue thence, till that at last
 He met a Dwarfe, that seemed terrifyde
 With some late perill, which he hardly past,
 Or other accident, which him aghast,
 Of whom he asked, whence he lately came,
 And whither now he trauelled so fast
 For sore he swat, and running through that same
 Thicke forest, was bescratcht, and both his feet nigh lame
 Panting for breath, and almost out of hart, iv
 The Dwarfe him answerd, Sir, ill mote I stay
 To tell the same I lately did depart
 From Faery court, where I haue many a day
 Serued a gentle Lady of great sway,
 And high accompt through out all Elfin land,
 Who lately left the same, and tooke this way
 Her now I seeke, and if ye vnderstand
 Which way she fared hath, good Sir tell out of hand
 What mister wight (said he) and how arayd? v
 Royally clad (quoth he) in cloth of gold,
 As meetest may beseeme a noble mayd,
 Her faire lockes in rich circlet be enrold,
 A fairer wight did neuer Sunne behold,
 And on a Palfrey rides more white then snow,
 Yet she her selfe is whiter manifold
 The surest signe, whereby ye may her know,
 Is, that she is the fairest wight aloue, I trow

ii 8 breathe 1609

iii 2 till at the last 1609

iv 6 account 1609

v 5 A] And 1596, 1609

Now certes swaine (said he) such one I weene, vi
 Fast flying through this forest from her fo,
 A foule ill fauoured foster, I haue seene,
 Her selfe, well as I might, I reskewd tho,
 But could not stay, so fast she did foregoe,
 Carried away with wings of speedy feare
 Ah dearest God (quoth he) that is great woe,
 And wondrous ruth to all, that shall it heare
 But can ye read Sir, how I may her find, or where ?

Perdy me leuer were to weeten that, vii
 (Said he) then ransome of the richest knight,
 Or all the good that euer yet I gat
 But froward fortune, and too forwaide Night
 Such happinesse did, maulgre, to me spight,
 And fro me reft both life and light attone
 But Dwarfe aread, what is that Lady bright,
 That through this forest wandreth thus alone,
 For of her errour straunge I haue great ruth and mone

That Lady is (quoth he) where so she bee, viii
 The bountiest virgin, and most debonaire,
 That euer liuing eye I weene did see,
 Lues none this day, that may with her compare
 In stedfast chastitie and vertue rare,
 The goodly ornaments of beautie bright,
 And is ycleped *Florimell* the faire,
 Faire *Florimell* belou'd of many a knight,
 Yet she loues none but one, that *Marnell* is hight

A Sea-nymphes sonne, that *Marnell* is hight, ix
 Of my deare Dame is loued dearely well,
 In other none, but him, she sets delight,
 All her delight is set on *Marnell*,
 But he sets nought at all by *Florimell*
 For Ladies loue his mother long ygoe
 Did him, they say, forwarne through sacred spell.
 But fame now flies, that of a forreine foe
 He is yslaine, which is the ground of all our woe.

Fieue dayes there be, since he (they say) was slaine, x
 And foure, since *Florimell* the Court for-went,
 And vowed neuer to retorne againe,
 Till him alieue or dead she did inuent
 Therefore, faire Sir, for loue of knighthood gent,
 And honour of trew Ladies, if ye may
 By your good counsell, or bold hardiment,
 Or succour hei, or me direct the way,
 Do one, or other good, I you most humbly pray

So may ye gaine to you full great ienowme, xi
 Of all good Ladies through the world so wide,
 And haply in her hart find highest rowme,
 Of whom ye seeke to be most magnifide
 At least eternall meede shall you abide
 To whom the Prince, Dwarfe, comfort to thee take,
 For till thou tidings learne, what her betide,
 I here auow thee neuer to forsake

Ill weares he armes, that nill them vse for Ladies sake

So with the Dwarfe he backe return'd againe, xii
 To seeke his Lady, where he mote her find,
 But by the way he greatly gan complaine
 The want of his good Squire late left behind,
 For whom he wondrous pensieue grew in mind,
 For doubt of daunger, which mote him betide,
 For him he loued aboue all mankind,
 Hauing him trew and faithfull euer tride,

And bold, as euer Squire that waited by knights side

Who all this while full hardly was assayd xiii
 Of deadly daunger, which to him betid,
 For whiles his Lord pursewd that noble Mayd,
 After that foster fowle he fiercely rid,
 To bene auenged of the shame, he did
 To that faire Damzell Him he chaced long
 Through the thicke woods, wherein he would haue hid
 His shamefull head from his auengement strong,
 And oft him threatned death for his outrageous wrong

x1 i ye] you 1596, 1609 xii 6 doubt 1596 8 faithfall 1596

xiii 8 strong 1596

Nathlesse the villen sped him selfe so well, xiv
 Whether through swiftnesse of his speedy beast,
 Or knowledge of those woods, where he did dwell,
 That shortly he from daunger was releast,
 And out of sight escaped at the least,
 Yet not escaped from the dew reward
 Of his bad deeds, which dayly he increast,
 Ne ceased not, till him oppressed hard
 The heauy plague, that for such leachours is prepard
 For soone as he was vanisht out of sight, xv
 His coward courage gan emboldned bee,
 And cast t'auenge him of that fowle despight,
 Which he had borne of his bold enimee
 Tho to his brethren came for they were three
 Vngratious children of one gracelesse sire,
 And vnto them complained, how that he
 Had vsed bene of that foolehardy Squire,
 So them with bitter words he stird to bloudy ire
 Forthwith themselues with their sad instruments xvi
 Of spoyle and murder they gan arme byliue,
 And with him forth into the forest went,
 To wreake the wrath, which he did earst reuiue
 In their sterne breasts, on him which late did driue
 Their brother to reproch and shamefull flight
 For they had vow'd, that neuer he aliue
 Out of that forest should escape their might,
 Vile rancour their rude harts had fild with such despight
 Within that wood there was a couert glade, xvii
 Foreby a narrow foord, to them well knowne,
 Through which it was vneath for wight to wade,
 And now by fortune it was ouerflowne
 By that same way they knew that Squire vnknowne
 Mote algates passe, for thy themselues they set
 There in await, with thicke woods ouer growne,
 And all the while their malice they did whet
 With cruell threats, his passage through the ford to let

It fortun'd, as they deuiz'd had,
 The gentle Squire came ryding that same way, xviii
 Vnweeting of their wile and treason bad,
 And through the ford to passen did assay,
 But that fierce foster, which late fled away,
 Stoutly forth stepping on the further shore,
 Him boldly bad his passage there to stay,
 Till he had made amends, and full restore
 For all the damage, which he had him doen afore

With that at him a quiu'ring dait he threw, xix
 With so fell force and villeinous despighte,
 That through his haberieon the forkehead flew,
 And through the linked mayles emperced quite,
 But had no powre in his soft flesh to bite
 That stroke the hardy Squire did sore displease,
 But more that him he could not come to smite,
 For by no meanes the high banke he could sease,
 But labour'd long in that deepe ford with vaine disease

And still the foster with his long bore-speare xx
 Him kept from landing at his wished will,
 Anone one sent out of the thicket neare
 A cruell shaft, headed with deadly ill,
 And fethered with an vnlucky quill,
 The wicked steele stayd not, till it did light
 In his left thigh, and deeply did it thrill
 Exceeding grieve that wound in him empight,
 But more that with his foes he could not come to fight

At last through wrath and vengeaunce making way, xxi
 He on the bancke arriu'd with mickle paine,
 Where the thud brother him did sore assay,
 And droue at him with all his might and maine
 A forrest bill, which both his hands did straine,
 But warily he did auoide the blow,
 And with his speare requited him againe,
 That both his sides were thrilled with the throw,
 And a large streame of bloud out of the wound did flow

xix 3 habericon 1590 5 no] now 1590 xxi 9 bloud] flood 1590

He tombling downe, with gnashing teeth did bite
The bitter earth, and bad to let him in
Into the balefull house of endlesse night,
Where wicked ghosts do waile their former sin
Tho gan the battell freshly to begin,
For nathemore for that spectacle bad,
Did th'other two their cruell vengeance blin,
But both attonce on both sides him bestad,
And load vpon him layd, his life for to haue had
Tho when that villain he auiz'd, which late
Affrighted had the fairest *Florimell*,
Full of fiers fury, and indignant hate,
To him he turned, and with rigour fell
Smote him so rudely on the Pannikell,
That to the chin he cleft his head in twaine
Downe on the ground his carkas groueling fell,
His sinfull soule with desperate disdaine,
Out of her fleshly ferme fled to the place of paine
That seeing now the onely last of three,
Who with that wicked shaft him wounded had,
Trembling with horreur, as that did foresee
The fearefull end of his auengement sad,
Through which he follow should his brethren bad,
His bootelesse bow in feeble hand v pcaught,
And therewith shot an arrow at the lad,
Which faintly fluttring, scarce his helmet raught,
And glauncing fell to ground, but him annoyed naught
With that he would haue fled into the wood,
But *Timias* him lightly ouerhent,
Right as he entring was into the flood,
And strooke at him with force so violent,
That headlesse him into the foord he sent
The carkas with the streame was carried downe,
But th'head fell backward on the Continent.
So mischief fel vpon the meaners crowne,
They three be dead with shame, the Squire lues with renowne.

xxii

xxiii

xxiv

xxv

He liues, but takes small ioy of his renowne, xxvi
 For of that cruell wound he bled so sore,
 That from his steed he fell in deadly swowne,
 Yet still the bloud forth gusht in so great store,
 That he lay wallowd all in his owne gore
 Now God thee keepe, thou gentlest Squire aliue,
 Else shall thy louing Lord thee see no more,
 But both of comfort him thou shalt depriue,
 And eke thy selfe of honour, which thou didst atchiue
 Prouidence heavenly passeth liuing thought, xxvii
 And doth for wretched mens reliefe make way,
 For loe great grace or fortune thither brought
 Comfort to him, that comfortlesse now lay
 In those same woods, ye well remember may,
 How that a noble hunteresse did wonne,
 She, that base *Braggadocchio* did affray,
 And made him fast out of the Forrest runne,
Belphæbe was her name, as faire as *Phæbus* sunne
 She on a day, as she pursewd the chace xxviii
 Of some wild beast, which with her arrowes keene
 She wounded had, the same along did trace
 By tract of bloud, which she had freshly seene,
 To haue besprinckled all the grassy greene,
 By the great persue, which she there perceau'd,
 Well hoped she the beast engor'd had beene,
 And made more hast, the life to haue bereau'd
 But ah, her expectation greatly was deceau'd
 Shortly she came, whereas that woefull Squire xxix
 With bloud deformed, lay in deadly swownd.
 In whose faire eyes, like lamps of quenched fire,
 The Christall humour stood congealed rownd,
 His locks, like faded leaues fallen to grownd,
 Knotted with bloud, in bounces rudely ran,
 And his sweete lips, on which before that stownd
 The bud of youth to blossome faire began,
 Spoild of their rosie red, were woxen pale and wan

Saw neuer liuing eye more heauy sight, xxx
 That could haue made a rocke of stone to rew,
 Or riue in twaine which when that Lady bright
 Besides all hope with melting eyes did vew,
 All suddenly abasht she chaunged hew,
 And with sterne horroure backward gan to start
 But when she better him beheld, she grew
 Full of soft passion and vnwonted smart
 The point of pittie perced through her tender hart
 Meekely she bowed downe, to weete if life xxx1
 Yet in his frosen members did remaine,
 And feeling by his pulses beating rife,
 That the weake soule her seat did yet retaine,
 She cast to comfort him with busie paine
 His double folded necke she reard vpright,
 And rubd his temples, and each trembling vaine,
 His mayled haberieon she did vndight,
 And from his head his heauy burganet did light
 Into the woods thenceforth in hast she went, xxxii
 To seeke for hearbes, that mote him remedy,
 For she of hearbes had great intendiment,
 Taught of the Nymphe, which from her infancy
 Her nourced had in trew Nobility
 There, whether it diuine *Tobacco* were,
 Or *Panachæa*, or *Polygony*,
 She found, and brought it to her patient deare
 Who al this while lay bleeding out his hart-bloud neare
 The soueraigne weede betwixt two marbles plaine xxxiii
 She pownded small, and did in peeces bruze,
 And then atweene her lilly handes twaine,
 Into his wound the iuyce thereof did scruze,
 And round about, as she could well it vze,
 The flesh therewith she suppld and did steepe,
 T'abate all spasme, and soke the swelling bruze,
 And after hauing searcht the intuse deepe,
 She with her scarfe did bind the wound from cold to keepe
xxx 7 better] bitter 1590 xxxii 5 nursed 1609

By this he had sweete life recur'd againe, xxxiv
 And groning inly deepe, at last his eyes,
 His watry eyes, drizling like deawy raine,
 He vp gan lift toward the azure skies,
 From whence descend all hopelesse remedies
 Therewith he sigh'd, and turning him aside,
 The goodly Mayd full of diuinities,
 And gifts of heauenly grace he by him spide,
 Her bow and gilden quiuier lying him beside
 Mercy deare Lord (said he) what grace is this, xxxv
 That thou hast shewed to me sinfull wight,
 To send thine Angell from her bowre of blis,
 To comfort me in my distressed plight?
 Angell, or Goddesse do I call thee right?
 What seruice may I do vnto thee meete,
 That hast from darkenesse me returnd to light,
 And with thy heauenly salues and med'cines sweete,
 Hast drest my sinfull wounds? I kisse thy blessed feete
 Thereat she blushing said, Ah gentle Squire, xxxvi
 Nor Goddesse I, nor Angell, but the Mayd,
 And daughter of a woody Nymphe, desire
 No seruice, but thy safety and ayd,
 Which if thou gaine, I shalbe well apayd
 We mortall wights, whose liues and fortunes bee
 To commun accidents still open layd,
 Are bound with commun bond of frailtee,
 To succour wretched wights, whom we captiued see
 By this her Damzels, which the former chace xxxvii
 Had vndertaken after her, arriu'd,
 As did *Belphebe*, in the bloody place,
 And thereby deemd the beast had bene depriu'd
 Of life, whom late their Ladies arrow ryu'd
 For thy the bloody tract they follow fast,
 And euery one to runne the swiftest stryu'd;
 But two of them the rest far ouerpast,
 And where their Lady was, arriued at the last.

xxxvi 7, 8 common 1609 xxxvii 2 undertaken after her arriu'd
 1596. undertaken, after her arriu'd 1609

Where when they saw that goodly boy, with blood xxxviii
 Defowled, and then Lady dresse his wovnd,
 They wondred much, and shortly vnderstood,
 How him in deadly case their Lady fownd,
 And reskewed out of the heauy stownd
 Eftsoones his warlike course, which was strayed
 Farre in the woods, whiles that he lay in swownd,
 She made those Damzels search, which being stayd,
 They did him set thereon, and forth with them conuayd

Into that forest farre they thence him led, xxxix
 Where was their dwelling, in a pleasant glade,
 With mountaines round about enuironed,
 And mighty woods, which did the valley shade,
 And like a stately Theatre it made,
 Spreading it selfe into a spatious plaine
 And in the midst a little riuer plaide
 Emongst the pumy stones, which seemd to plaine
 With gentle murmure, that his course they did restraine

Beside the same a dainty place there lay, xl
 Planted with mirtle trees and laurels greene,
 In which the birds song many a louely lay
 Of gods high prayse, and of their loues sweet teene,
 As it an earthly Paradize had beene
 In whose enclosed shadow there was pight
 A faire Paultion, scarcely to be seene,
 The which was all within most richly dight,
 That greatest Princes liuing it mote well delight

Thither they brought that wounded Squire, and layd xli
 In easie couch his feeble limbes to rest,
 He rested him a while, and then the Mayd
 His ready wound with better salues new drest,
 Dayly she dressed him, and did the best
 His grieuous hurt to garish, that she might,
 That shortly she his dolour hath redrest,
 And his foule sore reduced to faire plight
 It she reduced, but himselfe destroyed quight

xxxviii 9 forthwith 1596 xxxix 9 his] their 1590 xl 4 loues
 sweet] sweet loues 1590 9 liuing] liking 1590 xli 6 guarish 1590

O foolish Physick, and vnfruitfull paine, xlii
 That heales vp one and makes another wound
 She his hurt thigh to him recur'd againe,
 But hurt his hart, the which before was sound,
 Through an vnwary dart, which did rebound
 From her faire eyes and gracious countenaunce
 What bootes it him from death to be vnbound,
 To be captiued in endlesse duraunce
 Of sorrow and despaire without aleggeaunce?
 Still as his wound did gather, and grow hole, xliii
 So still his hart woxe sore, and health decayd
 Madnesse to saue a part, and lose the whole
 Still whenas he beheld the heauenly Mayd,
 Whiles dayly plaisters to his wound she layd,
 So still his Malady the more increast,
 The whiles her matchlesse beautie him dismayd
 Ah God, what other could he do at least,
 But loue so faire a Lady, that his life releast?
 Long while he stroue in his courageous brest, xliv
 With reason dew the passion to subdew,
 And loue for to dislodge out of his nest
 Still when her excellencies he did vew,
 Her soueraigne bounty, and celestially hew,
 The same to loue he strongly was constraind
 But when his meane estate he did reuew,
 He from such hardy boldnesse was restraind,
 And of his lucklesse lot and cruell loue thus plained
 Vnthankfull wretch (said he) is this the meed, xlv
 With which her soueraigne mercy thou doest quight?
 Thy life she saued by her gracious deed,
 But thou doest weene with velleinous despight,
 To blot her honour, and her heauenly light
 Dye rather, dye, then so disloyally
 Deeme of her high desert, or seeme so light
 Faire death it is to shonne more shame, to dy
 Dye rather, dy, then euer loue disloyally.

But if to loue disloyalty it bee,
 Shall I then hate her, that from deathes dore
 Me brought? ah farre be such reproch fro mee
 What can I lesse do, then her loue therefore,
 Sith I her dew reward cannot restore?
 Dye rather, dye, and dying do her serue,
 Dying her serue, and liuing her adore,
 Thy life she gaue, thy life she doth deserue
 Dye rather, dye, then euer from her seruice swerue
 But foolish boy, what bootes thy seruice bace
 To her, to whom the heauens do serue and sew?
 Thou a meane Squire, of meeke and lowly place,
 She heauenly borne, and of celestiall hew
 How then? of all loue taketh equall vew
 And doth not highest God vouchsafe to take
 The loue and seruice of the basest crew?
 If she will not, dye meekly for her sake,
 Dye rather, dye, then euer so faire loue forsake
 Thus warreid he long time against his will,
 Till that through weaknesse he was forst at last,
 To yield himselfe vnto the mighty ill
 Which as a victour proud, gan ransack fast
 His inward parts, and all his entrayles wast,
 That neither bloud in face, nor life in hart
 It left, but both did quite drye vp, and blast,
 As percing leuin, which the inner part
 Of euery thing consumes, and calcineth by art
 Which seeing faire *Belphæbe*, gan to feare,
 Least that his wound were inly well not healed,
 Or that the wicked steele empoysned were
 Little she weend, that loue he close concealed,
 Yet still he wasted, as the snow congealed,
 When the bright sunne his beams thereon doth beat,
 Yet neuer he his hart to her reuealed,
 But rather chose to dye for sorrow great,
 Then with dishonorable termes her to entreat

xlvi

xlvii

xlviii

xlix

xlvi 5 restore 1590 &c

She gracious Lady, yet no paines did spare, 1
 To do him ease, or do him remedy
 Many Restoratiues of vertues rare,
 And costly Cordialles she did apply,
 To mitigate his stubborne mallady
 But that sweet Cordiall, which can restore
 A loue-sick hart, she did to him enuy,
 To him, and to all th'vnworthy world forlore
 She did enuy that soueraigne salue, in secret store
 That dainty Rose, the daughter of her Morne, ii
 More deare then life she tendered, whose flowre
 The girland of her honour did adorne
 Ne suffred she the Middayes scorching powre,
 Ne the sharp Noitherne wind thereon to showre,
 But lapped vp her silken leaues most chaire,
 When so the froward skye began to lowre
 But soone as calmed was the Christall aire,
 She did it faire dispred, and let to florish faire
 Eternall God in his almighty powre, iii
 To make ensample of his heauenly grace,
 In Paradize whilome did plant this flowre,
 Whence he it fetcht out of her natue place,
 And did in stocke of earthly flesh enrace,
 That mortall men her glory should admire
 In gentle Ladies brest, and bounteous race
 Of woman kind it fairest flowre doth spire,
 And beareth fruit of honour and all chast desire
 Faire ympes of beautie, whose bright shining beames iiii
 Adorne the world with like to heauenly light,
 And to your willes both royalties and Realmes
 Subdew, through conquest of your wondrous might,
 With this faire flowre your goodly girlonds dight,
 Of chastity and vertue virginall,
 That shall embellish more your beautie bright,
 And crowne your heades with heauenly coronall,
 Such as the Angels weare before Gods tribunall

1 8 To him and all 1609

liii 3 Reames 1590

li 6 admire 1590, 1596

9 weare] were 1590

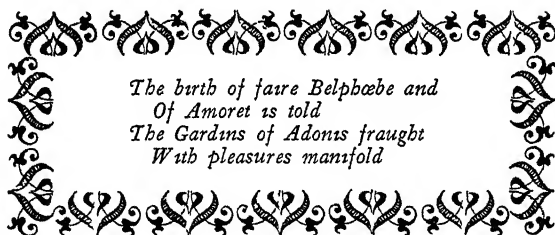
To youre faire selues a faire ensample frame,
 Of this faire virgin, this *Belphebe* faire,
 To whom in perfect loue, and spotlesse fame
 Of chastitie, none liuing may compaire
 Ne poysnous Enuy iustly can empaire
 The prayse of her fresh flowring Maidenhead,
 For thy she standeth on the highest staire
 Of th'honorable stage of womanhead,
 That Ladies all may follow her ensample dead

liv

In so great prayse of stedfast chastity,
 Nathlesse she was so curteous and kind,
 Tempred with grace, and goodly modesty,
 That seemed those two vertues stroue to find
 The higher place in her Heroick mind
 So struiuing each did other more augment,
 And both encreast the prayse of woman kind,
 And both encreast her beautie excellent,
 So all did make in her a perfect complement

lv

Cant. VI.



WELL may I weene, faire Ladies, all this while
 Ye wonder, how this noble Damozell
 So great perfections did in her compile,
 Sith that in saluage forests she did dwell,
 So farre from court and royall Citadell,
 The great schoolmistresse of all curtesy
 Seemeth that such wild woods should far expell
 All ciuill vsage and gentility,
 And gentle sprite deforme with rude rusticity

But to this faire *Belphebe* in her berth ii
 The heauens so fauourable were and free,
 Looking with myld aspect vpon the earth,
 In th'*Horoscope* of her natiuitee,
 That all the gifts of giace and chastitee
 On her they poured foith of plenteous horne,
Ioue laught on *Venus* from his soueraigne see,
 And *Phæbus* with faire beames did her adorne,
 And all the *Graces* rockt her cradle being borne
 Her berth was of the wombe of Morning dew, iii
 And her conception of the ioyous Prime,
 And all her whole creation did hei shew
 Pure and vnspotted from all loathly crime,
 That is ingenerate in fleshly slime
 So was this virgin borne, so was she bied,
 So was she trayned vp from time to time,
 In all chast vertue, and true bounti-hed
 Till to her dew perfection she was ripened
 Her mother was the faire *Chrysogonee*, iv
 The daughter of *Amphisa*, who by race
 A Faerie was, yborne of high degree,
 She bore *Belphebe*, she bore in like cace
 Faire *Amoretta* in the second place
 These two were twinnes, and twixt them two did share
 The heritage of all celestiall grace
 That all the rest it seem'd they robbed bare
 Of bountie, and of beautie, and all vertues rare
 It were a goodly storie, to declare, v
 By what straunge accident faire *Chrysogone*
 Conceu'd these infants, and how them she bare,
 In this wild forrest wandring all alone,
 After she had nine moneths fulfilled and gone.
 For not as other wemens commune brood,
 They were enwombed in the sacred throne
 Of her chaste bodie, nor with commune food,
 As other wemens babes, they sucked vitall blood

But wondrously they were begot, and bred vi
 Through influence of th'heauens fruitfull ray,
 As it in antique bookes is mentioned
 It was vpon a Sommers shynie day,
 When *Titan* faire his beames did display,
 In a fresh fountaine, farre from all mens vew,
 She bath'd her brest, the boyling heat t'allay,
 She bath'd with roses red, and violets blew,
 And all the sweetest flowres, that in the forrest grew
 Till faint through irkesome wearinesse, adowne vii
 Vpon the grassie ground her selfe she layd
 To sleepe, the whiles a gentle slombring swowne
 Vpon her fell all naked bare displayd,
 The sunne-beames bright vpon her body playd,
 Being through former bathing mollifide,
 And pierst into her wombe, where they embayd
 With so sweet sence and secret power vnspide,
 That in hei pregnant flesh they shortly fructifide
 Miraculous may seeme to him, that reades viii
 So straunge ensample of conception,
 But reason teacheth that the fruitfull seades
 Of all things liuing, through impression
 Of the sunbeames in moyst complexion,
 Doe life conceiue and quickned are by kynd
 So after *Nilus* inuudation,
 Infinite shapes of creatures men do fynd,
 Informed in the mud, on which the Sunne hath shynd
 Great father he of generation ix
 Is rightly cald, th'author of life and light,
 And his faire sister for creation
 Ministreth matter fit, which tempred right
 With heate and humour, breeds the liuing wight
 So sprong these twinnes in wombe of *Chrysogone*,
 Yet wist she nought thereof, but sore affright,
 Wondred to see her belly so vpblone,
 Which still increast, till she her terme had full outgone

Whereof conceiuing shame and foule disgrace, x
 Albe hei guiltlesse conscience hei cleard,
 She fled into the wildernesse a space,
 Till that vnweeldy burden she had reard,
 And shund dishonor, which as death she feard
 Where wearie of long trauell, downe to rest
 Her selfe she set, and comfortably cheard,
 There a sad cloud of sleepe her ouerkest,
 And seized euery sense with sorrow sore opprest
 It fortun'd, faire *Venus* hauing lost xi
 Her little sonne, the winged god of loue,
 Who for some light displeasure, which him crost,
 Was from her fled, as flit as ayerie Doue,
 And left her blisfull bowre of ioy aboue,
 (So from her often he had fled away,
 When she for ought him sharply did repioue,
 And wandred in the world in strange aray,
 Disguiz'd in thousand shapes, that none might him bewray)
 Him for to seeke, she left her heavenly hous, xii
 The house of goodly formes and faire aspects,
 Whence all the world deriuues the glorious
 Features of beautie, and all shapes select,
 With which high God his workmanship hath deckt,
 And searched euery way, through which his wings
 Had borne him, or his tract she mote detect
 She promist kisses sweet, and sweetest things
 Vnto the man, that of him tydings to her brings
 First she him sought in Court, where most he vsed xiii
 Whylome to haunt, but there she found him not,
 But many there she found, which sore accused
 His falsehood, and with foule infamous blot
 His cruell deedes and wicked wyles did spot
 Ladies and Lords she euery where mote heare
 Complayning, how with his empoysned shot
 Their wofull harts he wounded had whyleare,
 And so had left them languishing twixt hope and feare

She then the Citties sought from gate to gate, xiv
 And euery one did aske, did he him see,
 And euery one her answerd, that too late
 He had him seene, and felt the crueltie
 Of his sharpe darts and whot artillerie,
 And euery one threw forth reproches rife
 Of his mischieuous deedes, and said, That hee
 Was the disturber of all ciuill life,
 The enemy of peace, and author of all strife

Then in the countrey she abroad him sought, xv
 And in the rurall cottages inquired,
 Where also many plaints to her were brought,
 How he their heedlesse harts with loue had fyred,
 And his false venim through their veines inspyred,
 And eke the gentle shepheard swaynes, which sat
 Keeping their fleecie flockes, as they were hyred,
 She sweetly heard complaine, both how and what
 Her sonne had to them doen, yet she did smile thereat

But when in none of all these she him got, xvi
 She gan auize, where else he mote him hyde
 At last she her bethought, that she had not
 Yet sought the saluage woods and forrests wyde,
 In which full many louely Nymphes abyde,
 Mongst whom might be, that he did closely lye,
 Or that the loue of some of them him tyde
 For thy she thither cast her course t'apply,
 To search the secret haunts of *Dianes* company.

Shortly vnto the wastefull woods she came, xvii
 Whereas she found the Goddesse with her crew,
 After late chace of their embrewed game,
 Sitting beside a fountaine in a rew,
 Some of them washing with the liquid dew
 From off their dainty limbes the dustie sweat,
 And soyle which did deforme their luely hew,
 Others lay shaded from the scorching heat,
 The rest vpon her person gaue attendance great

She hauing hong vpon a bough on high xviii
Her bow and painted quiver, had vnlaste
Her siluer buskins from her nimble thigh,
And her lancke loynes vngirt, and breasts vnbraste,
After her heat the breathing cold to taste,
Her golden lockes, that late in tresses bright
Embreaded were for hindring of her haste,
Now loose about her shoulders hong vndight,
And were with sweet *Ambrosia* all besprinkled light
Soone as she *Venus* saw behind her backe, xix
She was asham'd to be so loose surprized,
And woxe halfe wroth against her damzels slacke,
That had not her thereof before auized,
But suffred her so carelesly disguised
Be ouertaken Soone her garments loose
Vpgath'ring, in her bosome she compizzed,
Well as she might, and to the Goddesse rose,
Whiles all her Nymphes did like a girlond her enclose
Goodly she gan faire *Cytherea* greet, xx
And shortly asked her, what cause her brought
Into that wilderness for her vnmeet,
From her sweete bowres, and beds with pleasures fraught
That sudden change she strange aduenture thought
To whom halfe weeping, she thus answered,
That she her dearest sonne *Cupido* sought,
Who in his frowardnesse from her was fled,
That she repented sore, to haue him angered
Thereat *Diana* gan to smile, in scorne xxi
Of her vaine plaint, and to her scoffing sayd,
Great pittie sure, that ye be so forlorne
Of your gay sonne, that giues ye so good ayd
To your disports ill mote ye bene apayd
But she was more engrieued, and replide,
Faie sister, ill beseeemes it to vpbrayd
A dolefull heart with so disdainfull pride,
The like that mine, may be your paine another tide.

As you in woods and wanton wildernesse xxii
 Your glory set, to chace the saluage beasts,
 So my delight is all in ioyfulnesse,
 In beds, in bowres, in banckets, and in feasts
 And ill becomes you with your loftie creasts,
 To scorne the ioy, that *Ioue* is glad to seeke,
 We both are bound to follow heauens beheasts,
 And tend our charges with obeisance meeke
 Spare, gentle sister, with reproch my paine to eeke
 And tell me, if that ye my sonne haue heard, xxiii
 To lurke emongst your Nymphes in secret wize,
 Or keepe their cabins much I am affeard,
 Least he like one of them him selfe disguize,
 And turne his arrowes to their exercize
 So may he long himselfe full easie hide
 For he is faire and fresh in face and guize,
 As any Nymph (let not it be enuyde)
 So saying euery Nymph full nariowly she eyde
 But *Phæbe* therewith sore was angered, xxiv
 And sharply said, Goe Dame, goe seeke your boy,
 Where you him lately left, in *Mars* his bed,
 He comes not here, we scorne his foolish ioy,
 Ne lend we leisure to his idle toy
 But if I catch him in this company,
 By *Stygian* lake I vow, whose sad annoy
 The Gods doe dread, he dearely shall aby
 Ile clip his wanton wings, that he no more shall fly
 Whom when as *Venus* saw so sore displeased, xxv
 She inly sory was, and gan relent,
 What she had said so her she soone appeased,
 With sugred words and gentle blandishment,
 Which as a fountaine from her sweet lips went,
 And welled goodly forth, that in short space
 She was well pleasd, and forth her damzels sent,
 Through all the woods, to search from place to place,
 If any tract of him or tydings they mote trace

xxv 5 Which as] From which 1590, 1596 corr 1609 Of which cony Church

To search the God of loue, hei Nymphes she sent xxvi
 Throughout the wandring forrest euery where
 And after them her selfe eke with her went
 To seeke the fugitiue, both farre and nere,
 So long they sought, till they arriued were
 In that same shadie couert, whereas lay
 Faire *Crysgone* in slombry traunce whilere
 Who in her sleepe (a wondrous thing to say)
 Vnwares had borne two babes, as faire as springing day.

Vnwares she them conceiu'd, vnwares she bore xxvii
 She bore withouten paine, that she conceiued
 Withouten pleasure ne her need implore
Lucinaes aide which when they both perceiued,
 They were through wonder nigh of sense bereaued,
 And gazing each on other, nought bespake
 At last they both agreed, her seeming grieued
 Out of her heauy swowne not to awake,
 But from her louing side the tender babes to take

Vp they them tooke, each one a babe vptooke, xxviii
 And with them carried, to be fostered,
 Dame *Phæbe* to a Nymph her babe betooke,
 To be vpbrought in perfect Maydenhed,
 And of her selfe her name *Belphebe* red
 But *Venus* hers thence farre away conuayd,
 To be vpbrought in goodly womanhed,
 And in her litle loues stead, which was strayd,
 Her *Amoretta* cald, to comfort her dismayd

She brought her to her ioyous ParadiZe, xxix
 Where most she wonnes, when she on earth does dwel
 So faire a place, as Nature can deuize
 Whether in *Paphos*, or *Cytheron* hill,
 Or it in *Gnidus* be, I wote not well,
 But well I wote by tryall, that this same
 All other pleasant places doth excell,
 And called is by her lost louers name,
 The *Gardin* of *Adonis*, farre renowmd by fame

xxvi 4 both fane and nere om 1590 xxviii 6 thence] hence 1596, 1609
 xxix 5 *Gnidus* 1590

In that same Gardin all the goodly flowres,
 Wherewith dame Nature doth her beautifie,
 And decks the girlonds of her paramoures,
 Are fetcht there is the first seminarie
 Of all things, that are borne to liue and die,
 According to their kindes Long worke it were,
 Here to account the endlesse progenie
 Of all the weedes, that bud and blossome there,
 But so much as doth need, must needs be counted here

xxx

It sited was in fruitfull soyle of old,
 And girt in with two walles on either side,
 The one of yron, the other of bright gold,
 That none might thorough breake, nor ouer-stride
 And double gates it had, which opened wide,
 By which both in and out men moten pas,
 Th'one faire and fresh, the other old and dride
 Old *Genius* the porter of them was,
 Old *Genius*, the which a double nature has

xxxix

He letteth in, he letteth out to wend,
 All that to come into the world desire,
 A thousand thousand naked babes attend
 About him day and night, which doe require,
 That he with fleshly weedes would them attire
 Such as him list, such as eternall fate
 Ordained hath, he clothes with sinfull mire,
 And sendeth forth to liue in mortall state,
 Till they againe returne backe by the hinder gate

xxxix

After that they againe returned beene,
 They in that Gardin planted be againe,
 And grow afresh, as they had neuer seene
 Fleshly corruption, nor mortall paine
 Some thousand yeares so doen they there remaine;
 And then of him are clad with other hew,
 Or sent into the chaungefull world againe,
 Till thither they returne, where first they grew
 So like a wheele around they runne from old to new

xxxix

Ne needs there Gardiner to set, or sow, xxxiv
 To plant or prune for of their owne accord
 All things, as they created were, doe grow,
 And yet remember well the mightie word,
 Which first was spoken by th'Almightie lord,
 That bad them to increase and multiply
 Ne doe they need with water of the ford,
 Or of the clouds to moysten their roots dry,
 For in themselues eternall moisture they imply
 Infinite shapes of creatures there aie bred, xxxv
 And vncouth formes, which none yet euer knew,
 And euery sort is in a sundry bed
 Set by it selfe, and ranckt in comely rew
 Some fit for reasonable soules t'indew,
 Some made for beasts, some made for birds to weare,
 And all the fruitfull spawne of fishes hew
 In endlesse rancks along enraunged were,
 That seem'd the *Ocean* could not containe them there.
 Daily they grow, and daily forth are sent xxxvi
 Into the world, it to replenish more,
 Yet is the stocke not lessened, nor spent,
 But still remaines in euerlasting store,
 As it at first created was of yore
 For in the wide wombe of the world there lyes,
 In hatefull darkenesse and in deepe horrore,
 An huge eternall *Chaos*, which supplyes
 The substances of natures fruitfull progenyes
 All things from thence doe their first being fetch, xxxvii
 And borrow matter, whereof they are made,
 Which when as forme and feature it does ketch,
 Becomes a bodie, and doth then inuade
 The state of life, out of the griesly shade
 That substance is eterne, and bideth so,
 Ne when the life decays, and forme does fade,
 Doth it consume, and into nothing go,
 But chaunged is, and often altered to and fro
xxxiv 2 of prune 1596

The substance is not chaunged, nor altered,
 But th'only forme and outward fashion,
 For euery substance is conditioned
 To change her hew, and sundry formes to don,
 Meet for her temper and complexion
 For formes are variable and decay,
 By course of kind, and by occasion,
 And that faire flowre of beautie fades away,
 As doth the lilly fresh before the sunny ray

xxxviii

Great enemy to it, and to all the rest,
 That in the *Gardin* of *Adonis* springs,
 Is wicked *Time*, who with his scyth addrest,
 Does mow the flowring herbes and goodly things,
 And all their glory to the ground downe flings,
 Where they doe wither, and are fowly mard
 He flies about, and with his flaggy wings
 Beates downe both leaues and buds without regard,
 Ne euer pittie may relent his malice hard

xxxix

Yet pittie often did the gods relent,
 To see so faire things mard, and spoyled quight
 And their great mother *Venus* did lament
 The losse of her deare brood, her deare delight
 Her hart was pierst with pittie at the sight,
 When walking through the *Gardin*, them she spyde,
 Yet no'te she find redresse for such despight
 For all that liues, is subiect to that law
 All things decay in time, and to their end do draw

xl

But were it not, that *Time* their troubler is,
 All that in this delightfull *Gardin* growes,
 Should happie be, and haue immortall blis
 For here all plentie, and all pleasure flowes,
 And sweet loue gentle fits emongst them throwes,
 Without fell rancor, or fond gealosie,
 Franckly each paramour his leman knowes,
 Each bird his mate, ne any does enuie
 Their goodly meriment, and gay felicitie

xli

xl 6 spyde] saw corr edd But cf II viii 29 l 7 &c

There is continuall spring, and haruest there xlii
 Continuall, both meeting at one time
 For both the boughes doe laughing blossomes beare,
 And with fresh colours decke the wanton Prime,
 And eke attonce the heauy trees they clime,
 Which seeme to labour vnder their fruits lode
 The whiles the ioyous birdes make their pastime
 Emongst the shadie leaues, their sweet abode,
 And their true loues without suspition tell abroad
 Right in the midst of that Paradise, xliii
 There stood a stately Mount, on whose round top
 A gloomy groue of mirtle trees did rise,
 Whose shadie boughes sharpe steele did neuer lop,
 Nor wicked beasts their tender buds did crop,
 But like a girland compassed the hight,
 And from their fruitfull sides sweet gum did drop,
 That all the ground with precious dew bedight,
 Threw forth most dainty odours, and most sweet delight.
 And in the thickest couert of that shade, xliv
 There was a pleasant arbour, not by art,
 But of the trees owne inclination made,
 Which knitting their rancke braunches part to part,
 With wanton yuie twyne entrayld athwait,
 And Eglantine, and Caprifole emong,
 Fashiond aboue within their inmost part,
 That nether *Phæbus* beams could through them throng,
 Nor *Aeolus* sharp blast could worke them any wrong
 And all about grew euery sort of flowre, xlv
 To which sad louers were transformd of yore,
 Fresh *Hyacinthus*, *Phæbus* paramoure,
 And dearest loue,
 Foolish *Narcisse*, that likes the watry shore,
 Sad *Amaranthus*, made a flowre but late,
 Sad *Amaranthus*, in whose purple gore
 Me seemes I see *Amintas* wretched fate,
 To whom sweet Poets verse hath giuen endlesse date

xlii 5 heauy] heauenly 1590
 add 1609 5 *Marcisse* 1590

xlv 4 And dearest loue, om 1590, 1596

There wont faire *Venus* often to enioy xli
 Her deare *Adonis* ioyous company,
 And reape sweet pleasure of the wanton boy,
 There yet, some say, in secret he does ly,
 Lapped in flowres and pretious spycery,
 By her hid from the world, and from the skill
 Of *Stygian* Gods, which doe her loue enuy,
 But she her selfe, when euer that she will,
 Possesses him, and of his sweetnesse takes her fill
 And sooth it seemes they say for he may not xlii
 For euer die, and euer buried bee
 In balefull night, where all things are forgot,
 All be he subiect to mortalitie,
 Yet is eterne in mutabilitie,
 And by succession made perpetuall,
 Transformed oft, and chaunged diuerslie
 For him the Father of all formes they call,
 Therefore needs mote he lue, that liuing giues to all
 There now he lueth in eternall blis, xliiii
 Ioying his goddesse, and of her enioyd
 Ne feareth he henceforth that foe of his,
 Which with his cruell tuske him deadly cloyd
 For that wilde Bore, the which him once annoyd,
 She firmly hath emprisoned for ay,
 That her sweet loue his malice mote auoyd,
 In a strong rocky Caue, which is they say,
 Hewen vnderneath that Mount, that none him losen may
 There now he liues in euerlasting ioy, xlix
 With many of the Gods in company,
 Which thither haunt, and with the winged boy
 Sporting himselfe in safe felicity
 Who when he hath with spoiles and cruelty
 Ransackt the world, and in the wofull harts
 Of many wretches set his triumphes hye,
 Thither resorts, and laying his sad darts
 Aside, with faire *Adonis* playes his wanton parts

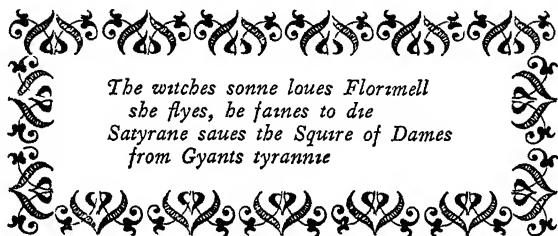
And his true loue faire *Psyche* with him playes, 1
 Faire *Psyche* to him lately reconcyld,
 After long troubles and vnmeet vpbrayes,
 With which his mother *Venus* her reuyld,
 And eke himselfe her cruelly exyld
 But now in stedfast loue and happy state
 She with him liues, and hath him borne a chyld,
Pleasure, that doth both gods and men aggrate,
Pleasure, the daughter of *Cupid* and *Psyche* late
 Hither great *Venus* brought this infant faire, li
 The younger daughter of *Chrysogonee*,
 And vnto *Psyche* with great trust and care
 Committed her, yfostered to bee,
 And trained vp in true feminitee
 Who no lesse carefully her tendered,
 Then her owne daughter *Pleasure*, to whom shee
 Made her companion, and her lessoned
 In all the lore of loue, and goodly womanhead
 In which when she to perfect ripenesse grew, lii
 Of grace and beautie noble Paragone,
 She brought her forth into the worldes vew,
 To be th'ensample of true loue alone,
 And Lodestarre of all chaste affectione,
 To all faire Ladies, that doe liue on ground
 To Faery court she came, where many one
 Admyrd her goodly haueour, and found
 His feeble hart wide launched with loues cruell wound.
 But she to none of them her loue did cast, liii
 Saue to the noble knight Sir *Scudamore*,
 To whom her louing hart she linked fast
 In faithfull loue, t'abide for euermore,
 And for his dearest sake endured sore,
 Sore trouble of an hainous enemy,
 Who her would forced haue to haue forlore
 Her former loue, and stedfast loialty,
 As ye may elsewhere read that ruefull history

li 9 launched] launch 1590 launced 1609 liii 4 fathful 1596

But well I weene, ye first desire to learne,
 What end vnto that fearefull Damozell,
 Which fled so fast from that same foster stearne,
 Whom with his brethren *Timias* slew, befell
 That was to weet, the goodly *Florimell*,
 Who wandring for to seeke her loue deare,
 Her loue deare, her dearest *Marimell*,
 Into misfortune fell, as ye did heare,
 And from Prince *Arthur* fled with wings of idle feare

liv

Cant. VII.



The witches sonne loues *Florimell*
 she flyes, he faines to die
 Satyrane saues the Squire of Dames
 from Gyants tyrannie

Like as an Hynd forth singled from the heard,
 That hath escaped from a rauinous beast,
 Yet flyes away of her owne feet affeard,
 And euery leafe, that shaketh with the least
 Murmure of winde, her terror hath encreast,
 So fled faire *Florimell* from her vaine feare,
 Long after she from perill was releast
 Each shade she saw, and each noyse she did heare,
 Did seeme to be the same, which she escapt whyleare
 All that same euening she in flying spent,
 And all that night her course continewd
 Ne did she let dull sleepe once to relent,
 Nor wearinesse to slacke her hast, but fled
 Euer alike, as if her former dred
 Were hard behind, her readie to arrest
 And her white Palfrey hauing conquered
 The maistring raines out of her weary wrest,
 Perforce her carried, where euer he thought best

i

ii

Arg 4 *Gynunt*, 1590 18 she did] he did 1590

SPENSER II

F f

So long as breath, and hable puissance iii
 Did natue courage vnto him supply,
 His pace he freshly forwaide did aduaunce,
 And carried hei beyond all ieopardy,
 But nought that wanteth rest, can long aby
 He hauing through incessant trauell spent
 His force, at last perforce a downe did ly,
 Ne foot could further moue The Lady gent
 Thereat was sudden strooke with great astonishment
 And forst t'alight, on foot mote algates fare, iv
 A traeller vnwonted to such way
 Need teacheth her this lesson hard and rare,
 That fortune all in equall launce doth sway,
 And mortall miseries doth make her play
 So long she trauelled, till at length she came
 To an hilles side, which did to her bewray
 A little valley, subiect to the same,
 All couerd with thick woods, that quite it ouercame
 Through the tops of the high trees she did descry v
 A litle smoke, whose vapour thin and light,
 Reeking aloft, yprolled to the sky
 Which, chearefull signe did send vnto her sight,
 That in the same did wonne some liuing wight
 Eftsoones her steps she thereunto applyde,
 And came at last in weary wretched plight
 Vnto the place, to which her hope did guyde,
 To find some refuge there, and rest her weary syde
 There in a gloomy hollow glen she found vi
 A little cottage, built of stickes and reedes
 In homely wize, and wald with sods around,
 In which a witch did dwell, in loathly weedes,
 And wilfull want, all carelesse of her needes,
 So choosing solitarie to abide,
 Far from all neighbours, that her deuilish deedes
 And hellish arts from people she might hide,
 And hurt far off vnknowne, whom euer she enuide

The Damzell there arriuing entred in, vii
 Where sitting on the flore the Hag she found,
 Busie (as seem'd) about some wicked gin
 Who soone as she beheld that suddain stound,
 Lightly vpstarted from the dustie ground,
 And with fell looke and hollow deadly gaze
 Stared on her awhile, as one astound,
 Ne had one word to speake, for great amaze,
 But shewd by outward signes, that dread her sence did daze
 At last turning her feare to foolish wrath, viii
 She askt, what deuill had her thither brought,
 And who she was, and what vnwonted path
 Had guided her, vnwelcomed, vnsought?
 To which the Damzell full of doubtfull thought,
 Her mildly answer'd, Beldame be not wroth
 With silly Virgin by aduenture brought
 Vnto your dwelling, ignorant and loth,
 That craue but rowme to rest, while tempest ouerblo'th
 With that adowne out of her Christall eyne ix
 Few trickling teares she softly forth let fall,
 That like two Orient pearles, did purely shyne
 Vpon her snowy cheeke, and therewithall
 She sighed soft, that none so bestiall,
 Nor saluage hart, but ruth of her sad plight
 Would make to melt, or pitteously appall,
 And that vile Hag, all were her whole delight
 In mischiefe, was much moued at so pitteous sight
 And gan recomfort her in her rude wyse, x
 With womanish compassion of her plaint,
 Wiping the teares from her suffused eyes,
 And bidding her sit downe, to rest her faint
 And wearie limbs a while She nothing quaint
 Nor s'deignfull of so homely fashion,
 Sith brought she was now to so hard constraint,
 Sate downe vpon the dusty ground anon,
 As glad of that small rest, as Bird of tempest gon.

vii 8 amaze 1596

ix 3 two] to *cony* Hughes

- Tho gan she gather vp her garments rent, xi
And her loose lockes to dight in order dew,
With golden wreath and gorgeous oinament,
Whom such whenas the wicked Hag did vew,
She was astonisht at her heauenly hew,
And doubted her to deeme an earthly wight,
But or some Goddesse, or of *Dianes* crew,
And thought her to adore with humble spright,
T'adore thing so diuine as beauty, were but right
- This wicked woman had a wicked sonne, xii
The comfort of her age and weary dayes,
A laesie loord, for nothing good to donne,
But stretched forth in idlenesse alwayes,
Ne euer cast his mind to couet prayse,
Or ply him selfe to any honest trade,
But all the day before the sunny rayes
He vs'd to slug, or sleepe in slothfull shade
Such laesinesse both lewd and poore attonce him made
- He comming home at vndertime, there found xiii
The fairest creature, that he euer saw,
Sitting beside his mother on the ground,
The sight whereof did greatly him adaw,
And his base thought with terrour and with aw
So inly smot, that as one, which had gazed
On the bright Sunne vnwares, doth soone withdraw
His feeble eyne, with too much brightnesse dazed,
So stared he on her, and stood long while amazed
- Softly at last he gan his mother aske, xiv
What muster wight that was, and whence deriued,
That in so straunge disguizement there did maske,
And by what accident she there arriued
But she, as one nigh of her wits depriued,
With nought but ghastly lookes him answered,
Like to a ghost, that lately is reuiued
From *Stygian* shores, where late it wandered,
So both at her, and each at other wondered

But the faire Virgin was so meeke and mild,
 That she to them vouchsafed to embrace
 Her goodly port, and to their senses vild,
 Her gentle speach applide, that in short space
 She grew familiare in that desert place
 During which time, the Chorle through her so kind
 And curteise vse conceiu'd affection bace,
 And cast to loue her in his brutish mind,
 No loue, but brutish lust, that was so beastly tind
 Closely the wicked flame his bowels brent,
 And shortly grew into outrageous fire,
 Yet had he not the hart, nor hardiment,
 As vnto her to vtter his desire,
 His caytiue thought durst not so high aspire,
 But with soft sighes, and louely semblaunces,
 He ween'd that his affection entire
 She should aread, many resembaunces
 To her he made, and many kind remembraunces
 Oft from the forrest wildings he did bring,
 Whose sides empurpled were with smiling red,
 And oft young birds, which he had taught to sing
 His mistresse prayses, sweetly caroled,
 Girllonds of flowres sometimes for her faire hed
 He fine would dight, sometimes the squirell wild
 He brought to her in bands, as conquered
 To be her thrall, his fellow seruant vild,
 All which, she of him tooke with countenance meeke and mild
 But past awhile, when she fit season saw
 To leaue that desert mansion, she cast
 In secret wize her selfe thence to withdraw,
 For feare of mischiefe, which she did forecast
 Might be by the witch or that her sonne compast
 Her wearie Palfrey closely, as she might,
 Now well recouered after long repast,
 In his proud furnitures she freshly dight,
 His late miswandred wayes now to remeasure right

xv

xvi

xvii

xviii

xvii 4 maistresse 1590
 that] by 1590

xviii 5 be by] by 1590 be 1596, 1609

And earely ere the dawning day appeard, xix
 She forth issewed, and on her iourney went,
 She went in perill, of each noyse affeard,
 And of each shade, that did it selfe present,
 For still she feared to be ouerhent,
 Of that vile hag, or her vnciuile sonne
 Who when too late awaking, well they kent,
 That their faire guest was gone, they both begonne
 To make exceeding mone, as they had bene vndonne
 But that lewd louer did the most lament xx
 For her depart, that euery man did heare,
 He knockt his brest with desperate intent,
 And scratcht his face, and with his teeth did teare
 His rugged flesh, and rent his ragged heare
 That his sad mother seeing his sore plight,
 Was greatly woe begon, and gan to feare,
 Least his fraile senses were emperisht quight,
 And loue to frenzy turnd, sith loue is franticke hight
 All wayes she sought, him to restore to plight, xxi
 With herbs, with charms, with counsell, and with teares,
 But tears, nor charms, nor herbs, nor counsell might
 Asswage the fuy, which his entrails teares
 So strong is passion, that no reason heares
 Tho when all other helps she saw to faile,
 She turnd her selfe backe to her wicked leares
 And by her deuilish arts thought to preuaile,
 To bring her backe againe, or worke her finall bale
 Eftsoones out of her hidden caue she cald xxii
 An hideous beast, of horrible aspect,
 That could the stoutest courage haue appald,
 Monstrous mishapt, and all his backe was spect
 With thousand spots of colours queint elect,
 Thereto so swift, that it all beasts did pas
 Like neuer yet did liuing eye detect,
 But likest it to an *Hyena* was,
 That feeds on womens flesh, as others feede on gras
xix 6 her] that 1609
xxii 4 Monstrous, 1590

It forth she cald, and gaue it streight in charge,
 Through thicke and thin her to pursew apace,
 Ne once to stay to rest, or breath at large,
 Till her he had attaind, and brought in place,
 Or quite deuourd her beauties scornefull grace
 The Monster swift as word, that from her went,
 Went forth in hast, and did her footing trace
 So sure and swiftly, through his perfect sent,
 And passing speede, that shortly he her ouerhent

xxiii

Whom when the fearefull Damzell nigh espide,
 No need to bid her fast away to flie,
 That vgly shape so sore her terrifide,
 That it she shund no lesse, then dread to die,
 And her flit Palfrey did so well apply
 His nimble feet to her conceiued feare,
 That whilst his breath did strength to him supply,
 From perill free he her away did beare

xxiv

But when his force gan faile, his pace gan wex areare

Which whenas she perceu'd, she was dismayd
 At that same last extremitie full sore,
 And of her safetie greatly grew afraid,
 And now she gan approch to the sea shore,
 As it befell, that she could flie no more,
 But yield her selfe to spoile of greedinesse
 Lightly she leaped, as a wight forlore,
 From her dull horse, in desperate distresse,
 And to her feet betooke her doubtfull sicknesse

xxv

Not halfe so fast the wicked *Myrrha* fled
 From dread of her reuenging fathers hond
 Nor halfe so fast to saue her maidenhed,
 Fled fearefull *Daphne* on th' *Egean* strond,
 As *Florimell* fled from that Monster yond,
 To reach the sea, ere she of him were raught
 For in the sea to drowne her selfe she fond,
 Rather then of the tyrant to be caught
 Thereto feare gaue her wings, and neede her courage taught

xxvi

- It fortun'd (high God did so ordaine) xxvii
 As she arriv'd on the roling shore,
 In minde to leape into the mighty maine,
 A little boate lay hoving her before,
 In which there slept a fisher old and pore,
 The whiles his nets were drying on the sand
 Into the same she leapt, and with the ore
 Did thrust the shallop from the floting strand
 So safetie found at sea, which she found not at land
- The Monster ready on the pray to sease, xxviii
 Was of his forward hope deceu'd quight,
 Ne durst assay to wade the perlous seas,
 But greedily long gaping at the sight,
 At last in vaine was forst to turne his flight,
 And tell the idle tidings to his Dame
 Yet to auenge his deuilish despight,
 He set vpon her Palfrey tired lame,
 And slew him ciuelly, ere any reskew came
- And after hauing him embowelled, xxix
 To fill his hellish gorge, it chaunst a knight
 To passe that way, as forth he trauelled,
 It was a goodly Swaine, and of great might,
 As euer man that bloudy field did fight,
 But in vaine sheows, that wont yong knights bewitch,
 And courtly seruices tooke no delight,
 But rather ioyd to be, then seemen sich
 For both to be and seeme to him was labour lich.
- It was to weete the good Sir *Satyrane*, xxx
 That raungd abroad to seeke aduentures wilde,
 As was his wont in forrest, and in plaine,
 He was all armd in rugged steele vnfilde,
 As in the smoky forge it was compilde,
 And in his Scutchin bore a Satyres hed
 He comming present, where the Monster vilde
 Vpon that milke-white Palfreyes carkas fed,
 Vnto his reskew ran, and greedily him sped

There well perceiu'd he, that it was the horse,
 Whereon faire *Florimell* was wont to ride,
 That of that feend was rent without remorse
 Much feared he, least ought did ill betide
 To that faire Mayd, the flowre of womens pride,
 For her he dearely loued, and in all
 His famous conquests highly magnifide
 Besides her golden girdle, which did fall
 From her in flight, he found, that did him sore apall
 Full of sad feare, and doubtfull agony,
 Fiercely he flew vpon that wicked feend,
 And with huge strokes, and cruell battery
 Him forst to leaue his pray, for to attend
 Him selfe from deadly daunger to defend
 Full many wounds in his corrupted flesh
 He did engraue, and muchell blood did spend,
 Yet might not do him dye, but aye more fresh
 And fierce he still appeard, the more he did him thresh
 He wist not, how him to despoile of life,
 Ne how to win the wished victory,
 Sith him he saw still stronger grow through strife,
 And him selfe weaker through infirmity,
 Greatly he grew enrag'd, and furiously
 Hurling his sword away, he lightly lept
 Vpon the beast, that with great cruelty
 Rored, and raged to be vnder-kept
 Yet he perforce him held, and strokes vpon him hept
 As he that struiues to stop a sudden flood,
 And in strong banckes his violence enclose,
 Forceth it swell aboue his wonted mood,
 And largely ouerflow the fruitfull plaine,
 That all the countrey seemes to be a Maine,
 And the rich furrowes flote, all quite fordonne
 The wofull husbandman doth lowd complaine,
 To see his whole yeares labour lost so soone,
 For which to God he made so many an idle boone

xxxix

xxxix

xxxix

xxxix

So him he held, and did through might amate xxxv
 So long he held him, and him bet so long,
 That at the last his fiercenesse gan abate,
 And meekely stoup vnto the victour strong
 Who to auenge the implacable wrong,
 Which he supposed donne to *Florimell*,
 Sought by all meanes his dolour to prolong,
 Sith dint of steele his carcas could not quell
 His maker with her charmes had framed him so well

The golden ribband, which that virgin wore xxxvi
 About her sclender wast, he tooke in hand,
 And with it bound the beast, that lowd did rore
 For great despight of that vnwonted band,
 Yet dared not his victou to withstand,
 But trembled like a lambe, fled from the pray,
 And all the way him followd on the strand,
 As he had long bene learned to obay,
 Yet neuer learned he such seruice, till that day

Thus as he led the Beast along the way, xxxvii
 He spide far off a mighty Giauntesse,
 Fast flying on a Courser dapled gray,
 From a bold knight, that with great hardinesse
 Her hard pursewd, and sought for to suppresse,
 She bore before her lap a dolefull Squire,
 Lying athwart her horse in great distresse,
 Fast bounden hand and foote with cords of wire,
 Whom she did meane to make the thrall of her desire

Which whenas *Satyrane* beheld, in hast xxxviii
 He left his captiue Beast at liberty,
 And crost the nearest way, by which he cast
 Her to encounter, ere she passed by
 But she the way shund nathemore for thy,
 But forward gallopt fast, which when he spyde,
 His mighty speare he couched warily,
 And at her ran she hauing him descryde,
 Her selfe to fight addrest, and threw her lode aside

Like as a Goshauke, that in foote doth beare
 A trembling Culuer, hauing spide on hight
 An Egle, that with plummy wings doth sheare
 The subtil ayre, stouping with all his might,
 The quarrey throwes to ground with fell despight,
 And to the battell doth her selfe prepare
 So ran the Geauntesse vnto the fight,
 Her fire eyes with furious sparkes did stare,
 And with blasphemous bannes high God in peeces tare

xxxix

She caught in hand an huge great yron mace,
 Wherewith she many had of life depriued,
 But ere the stroke could seize his aymed place,
 His speare amids her sun-broad shield arriued,
 Yet nathemore the steele a sunder riued,
 All were the beame in bignesse like a mast,
 Ne her out of the stedfast sadle driued,
 But glauncing on the tempred mettall, brast
 In thousand shiuers, and so forth beside her past

xli

Her Steed did stagger with that puissaunt strooke,
 But she no more was moued with that might,
 Then it had lighted on an aged Oke,
 Or on the marble Pillour, that is pight
 Vpon the top of Mount *Olympus* hight,
 For the braue youthly Champions to assay,
 With burning charet wheelles it nigh to smite
 But who that smites it, mars his ioyous play,
 And is the spectacle of ruinous decay

xlii

Yet therewith sore enrag'd, with sterne regard
 Her dreadfull weapon she to him addrest,
 Which on his helmet martelled so hard,
 That made him low incline his lofty crest,
 And bowd his battred visour to his brest
 Wherewith he was so stund, that he n'ote ryde,
 But reeled to and fro from East to West
 Which when his cruell enemy espyde,
 She lightly vnto him adioyned side to syde,

xlii

xlii 6 he was] she was 1590 corr to hee F E stuned 1590 corr F E

- And on his collar laying puissant hand, xliii
 Out of his wauering seat him pluckt perforce,
 Perforce him pluckt, vnable to withstand,
 Or helpe himselfe, and laying thwart her horse,
 In loathly wise like to a carion corse,
 She bore him fast away Which when the knight,
 That her pursewed, saw, with great remorse
 He neare was touched in his noble spright,
 And gan encrease his speed, as she encreast her flight
- Whom when as nigh approaching she espyde, xliv
 She threw away her burden angrily,
 For she list not the battell to abide,
 But made her selfe more light, away to fly
 Yet her the hardy knight pursewd so nye,
 That almost in the backe he oft her strake
 But still when him at hand she did espy,
 She turnd, and semblaunce of faire fight did make,
 But when he stayd, to flight againe she did her take
- By this the good Sir *Satyrane* gan wake xlv
 Out of his dreame, that did him long entraunce,
 And seeing none in place, he gan to make
 Exceeding mone, and curst that cruell chaunce,
 Which reft from him so faire a cheuisaunce
 At length he spide, whereas that wofull Squire,
 Whom he had reskewed from captiuaunce
 Of his strong foe, lay tumbled in the myre,
 Vnable to arise, or foot or hand to styre
- To whom approaching, well he mote perceiue xlvi
 In that foule plight a comely personage,
 And louely face, made fit for to deceiue
 Fraile Ladies hart with loues consuming rage,
 Now in the blossome of his freshest age
 He reard him vp, and loosd his yron bands,
 And after gan inquire his parentage,
 And how he fell into that Gyaunts hands,
 And who that was, which chaced her along the lands
- xliii 7 saw 1590, 1596 remorse, 1590, 1596 8 neare] were 1590 *corr*
 to nere *F. E* - xlv 1 the *om* 1596, 1609 wake] awake 1609
 5 him from 1609 xlv 8 that] the 1590

Then trembling yet through feare, the Squire bespake, xlvii
 That Geauntesse *Argante* is behight,
 A daughter of the *Titans* which did make
 Warre against heauen, and heaped hils on hight,
 To scale the skyes, and put *Ioue* from his right
 Her sire *Typhæus* was, who mad through merth,
 And drunke with bloud of men, slaine by his might,
 Through incest, her of his owne mother Earth
 Whilome begot, being but halfe twin of that berth

For at that berth another Babe she bore, xlviii
 To weet the mighty *Ollyphant*, that wrought
 Great wreake to many errant knights of yore,
 And many hath to foule confusion brought
 These twinnes, men say, (a thing far passing thought)
 Whiles in their mothers wombe enclosed they were,
 Ere they into the lightsome world were brought,
 In fleshly lust were mingled both yfere,
 And in that monstrous wise did to the world appere

So lu'd they euer after in like sin, xlix
 Gainst natures law, and good behauioure
 But greatest shame was to that maiden twin,
 Who not content so fowly to deuoure
 Her natue flesh, and staine her brothers bowre,
 Did wallow in all other fleshly myre,
 And suffred beasts her body to deflowre
 So whot she burned in that lustfull fyre,
 Yet all that might not slake her sensuall desyre

But ouer all the countrey she did raunge, 1
 To seeke young men, to quench her flaming thrust,
 And feed her fancy with delightfull chaunge
 Whom so she fittest finds to serue her lust,
 Through her maine strength, in which she most doth trust,
 She with her brings into a secret Ile,
 Where in eternall bondage dye he must,
 Or be the vassall of her pleasures vile,
 And in all shamefull sort him selfe with her defile

xlviii 4 And many hath to foule] Till him Chylde *Thopas* to 1590

xlix 5 staine] straine 1596, 1609 1 2 thrust 1596, 1609

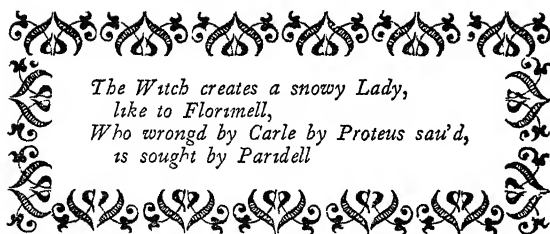
y wretch she so at vauntage caught, li
 she long in waite for me did lye,
 meant vnto her prison to haue brought,
 lothsome pleasure there to satisfye,
 thousand deathes me leuer were to dye,
 I breake the vow, that to faire *Columbell*
 ghted haue, and yet keepe stedfastly
 or my name, it mistreth not to tell,
 the *Squyre of Dames*, that me beseemeth well
 it bold knight, whom ye pursuing saw lii
 t Geantesse, is not such, as she seemed,
 a faire virgin, that in martiall law,
 deedes of armes aboue all Dames is deemed,
 aboue many knights is eke esteemed,
 her great worth, She *Palladine* is hight
 you from death, you me from dread redeemed
 any may that Monster match in fight,
 e, or such as she, that is so chaste a wight
 ell beseemes that Quest (quothe *Satyrane*) liii
 read, thou *Squyre of Dames*, what vow is this,
 ich thou vpon thy selfe hast lately ta'ne?
 t shall I you recount (quothe he) ywis,
 be ye pleasd to pardon all amis
 it gentle Lady, whom I loue and serue,
 er long suit and weary seruicis,
 I aske me, how I could her loue deserue,
 ow she might be sure, that I would neuer swerue
 by any meanes her grace to gaine, liiv
 I her commaund my life to saue, or spill
 soones she bad me, with incessaunt paine
 wander through the world abroad at will,
 and euery where, where with my power or skill
 might do seruice vnto gentle Dames,
 hat I the same should faithfully fulfill,
 and at the twelue monethes end should bring their names
 pledged, as the spoiles of my victorious games

So well I to faire Ladies seruice did, lv
And found such fauour in their louing hartes,
That ere the yeare his course had compassid,
Three hundred pledges for my good desartes,
And thrise three hundred thanks for my good partes
I with me brought, and did to her present
Which when she saw, more bent to eke my smartes,
Then to reward my trusty true intent,
She gan for me deuise a grieuous punishment
To weet, that I my trauell should resume, lvi
And with like labour walke the world around,
Ne euer to her presence should presume,
Till I so many other Dames had found,
The which, for all the suit I could propound,
Would me refuse their pledges to afford,
But did abide for euer chast and sound
Ah gentle Squire (quoth he) tell at one word,
How many foundst thou such to put in thy record?
In deed Sir knight (said he) one word may tell lvii
All, that I euer found so wisely stayd,
For onely three they were disposd so well,
And yet three yeares I now abroad haue strayd,
To find them out Mote I (then laughing sayd
The knight) inquire of thee, what were those three,
The which thy proffred curtesie denayd?
Or ill they seemed sure auizd to bee,
Or brutishly brought vp, that neu'r did fashions see
The first which then refused me (said hee) lviii
Certes was but a common Courtisane,
Yet flat refusd to haue a do with mee,
Because I could not giue her many a lane
(Thereat full hartely laughed *Satyrane*)
The second was an holy Nunne to chose,
Which would not let me be her Chappellane,
Because she knew, she said, I would disclose
Her counsell, if she should her trust in me repose

The third a Damzell was of low degree, lix
 Whom I in countrey cottage found by chaunce,
 Full little weened I, that chastitee
 Had lodging in so meane a maintenaunce,
 Yet was she faire, and in her countenance
 Dwelt simple truth in seemely fashion
 Long thus I woo'd her with dew obseruance,
 In hope vnto my pleasure to haue won,
 But was as farre at last, as when I first begon
 Safe her, I neuer any woman found, lx
 That chastity did for it selfe embrace,
 But were for other causes firme and sound,
 Either for want of handsome time and place,
 Or else for feare of shame and fowle disgrace
 Thus am I hopelesse euer to attaine
 My Ladies loue, in such a desperate case,
 But all my dayes am like to wast in vaine,
 Seeking to match the chaste with th'vnochaste Ladies traine
 Perdy, (said *Satyrane*) thou *Squire of Dames*, lxi
 Great labour fondly hast thou hent in hand,
 To get small thankes, and therewith many blames,
 That may emongst *Alcides* labours stand
 Thence backe returning to the former land,
 Where late he left the Beast, he ouercame,
 He found him not, for he had broke his band,
 And was return'd againe vnto his Dame,
 To tell what tydings of faire *Florimell* became

lxi 4 emongst] among 1609 5 backe] bace 1590

Cant. VIII.



SO oft as I this history record,
My hart doth melt with meere compassion,
To thinke, how causelesse of her owne accord
This gentle Damzell, whom I write vpon,
Should plunged be in such affliction,
Without all hope of comfort or reliefe,
That sure I weene, the hardest hart of stone,
Would hardly find to aggrauate her griefe,
For misery craues rather mercie, then reprieue
But that accursed Hag, her hostesse late,
Had so enranckled her malicious hart,
That she desyrd th'abridgement of her fate,
Or long enlargement of her painefull smart
Now when the Beast, which by her wicked art
Late forth she sent, she backe returning spyde,
Tyde with her broken girdle, it a part
Of her rich spoyles, whom he had earst destroyd,
She weend, and wondrous gladnesse to her hart applyde
And with it running hast'ly to her sonne,
Thought with that sight him much to haue reliued,
Who thereby deeming sure the thing as donne,
His former griefe with furie fresh reuiued,
Much more then earst, and would haue algates riued
The hart out of his brest for sith her ded
He surely dempt, himselfe he thought depriued
Quite of all hope, wherewith he long had fed
His foolish maladie, and long time had misled

i

ii

iii

ii 7 broken] golden 1590 iii 2 reliued 1609

With thought whereof, exceeding mad he grew, iv
 And in his rage his mother would haue slaine,
 Had she not fled into a secret mew,
 Where she was wont her Sprights to entertaine
 The maisters of her art there was she faine
 To call them all in order to her ayde,
 And them coniure vpon eternall paine,
 To counsell her so carefully dismayd,
 How she might heale her sonne, whose senses were decayd
 By their aduse, and her owne wicked wit, v
 She there deuiz'd a wondrous worke to frame,
 Whose like on earth was neuer framed yit,
 That euen Nature selfe enuide the same,
 And grudg'd to see the counterfet should shame
 The thing it selfe In hand she boldly tooke
 To make another like the former Dame,
 Another *Florimell*, in shape and looke
 So liuely and so like, that many it mistooke
 The substance, whereof she the bodie made, vi
 Was purest snow in massie mould congeald,
 Which she had gathered in a shadie glade
 Of the *Riphaean* hils, to her reueald
 By errant Sprights, but from all men conceald
 The same she tempred with fine Mercury,
 And virgin wax, that neuer yet was seald,
 And mingled them with perfect vermily,
 That like a liuely sanguine it seem'd to the eye
 In stead of eyes two burning lampes she set vii
 In siluer sockets, shynning like the skyes,
 And a quicke mouing Spirit did arret
 To stirre and roll them, like a womans eyes,
 In stead of yellow lockes she did deuise,
 With golden wyre to weaue her curled head,
 Yet golden wyre was not so yellow thrise
 As *Florimells* faire haire and in the stead
 Of life, she put a Spright to rule the carkasse dead

iv 5 masters 1609 v 1 aduse] deuice 1590 vi 7 wax 1609
 vii 4 a womans] to womens 1590

A wicked Spright yfraught with fawning guile, viii
 And faire resemblance aboue all the rest,
 Which with the Prince of Darknesse fell somewhile,
 From heauens blisse and euerlasting rest,
 Him needed not instruct, which way were best
 Himselfe to fashion likest *Florimell*,
 Ne how to speake, ne how to vse his gest,
 For he in counterfeisance did excell,
 And all the wyles of wemens wits knew passing well
 Him shaped thus, she deckt in garments gay, ix
 Which *Florimell* had left behind her late,
 That who so then her saw, would suely say,
 It was her selfe, whom it did imitate,
 Or fairer then her selfe, if ought algate
 Might fairer be And then she forth her brought
 Vnto her sonne, that lay in feeble state,
 Who seeing her gan streight vpstart, and thought
 She was the Lady selfe, whom he so long had sought
 Tho fast her clipping twixt his armes twaine, x
 Extremely ioyed in so happie sight,
 And soone forgot his former sickly paine,
 But she, the more to seeme such as she hight,
 Coyly rebutted his embracement light,
 Yet still with gentle countenance retained,
 Enough to hold a foole in vaine delight
 Him long she so with shadowes entertained,
 As her Creatresse had in charge to her ordained
 Till on a day, as he disposed was xi
 To walke the woods with that his Idole faire,
 Her to disport, and idle time to pas,
 In th'open freshnesse of the gentle aire,
 A knight that way there chaunced to repaire,
 Yet knight he was not, but a boastfull swaine,
 That deedes of armes had euer in despaire,
 Proud *Braggadocchio*, that in vaunting vaine
 His glory did repose, and credit did maintaine

viii 3 lomewhyle 1590 lomewhile 1596 ix 9 whom] who 1590, 1596

x 6 countenance] countenant 1596 xi 6 he om 1596

He seeing with that Chorle so faire a wight, xii
 Decked with many a costly ornament,
 Much merueiled thereat, as well he might,
 And thought that match a fowle disparagement
 His bloudie speare eftsoones he boldly bent
 Against the silly clowne, who dead through feare,
 Fell streight to ground in great astonishment,
 Villein (said he) this Ladie is my deare,
 Dy, if thou it gamesay I will away her beare
 The fearefull Chorle durst not gamesay, nor dooe, xiii
 But trembling stood, and yielded him the pray,
 Who finding litle leasure her to wooe,
 On *Tromparts* steed her mounted without stay,
 And without reskew led her quite away
 Proud man himselfe then *Braggadocchio* deemed,
 And next to none, after that happie day,
 Being possessed of that spoyle, which seemed
 The fairest wight on ground, and most of men esteemed
 But when he saw himselfe free from poursute, xiv
 He gan make gentle purpose to his Dame,
 With termes of loue and lewdnesse dissolute,
 For he could well his glozing speaches frame
 To such vaine vses, that him best became
 But she thereto would lend but light regard,
 As seeming sory, that she euer came
 Into his powre, that vsed her so hard,
 To reauce her honor, which she more then life prefard
 Thus as they two of kindnesse treated long, xv
 There them by chaunce encountred on the way
 An armed knight, vpon a courser strong,
 Whose trampling feet vpon the hollow lay
 Seemed to thunder, and did nigh affray
 That Capons courage yet he looked grim,
 And fain'd to cheare his Ladie in dismay,
 Who seem'd for feare to quake in euery lim,
 And her to saue from outrage, meekely prayed him

Fiercelly that stranger forward came, and nigh xvi
Approching, with bold words and bitter threat,
Bad that same boaster, as he mote, on high
To leaue to him that Lady for excheat,
Or bide him battell without further treat
That challenge did too peremptory seeme,
And fild his senses with abashment great,
Yet seeing nigh him ieopardy extreme,
He it dissembled well, and light seem'd to esteeme
Saying, Thou foolish knight, that weenst with words xvii
To steale away, that I with blowes haue wonne,
And brought throgh points of many perilous swords
But if thee list to see thy Courser ronne,
Or proue thy selfe, this sad encounter shonne,
And seeke else without hazard of thy hed
At those proud words that other knight begonne
To wexe exceeding wroth, and him ared
To turne his steede about, or sure he should be ded
Sith then (said *Braggadocchio*) needes thou wilt xviii
Thy dayes abridge, through prooffe of puissance,
Turne we our steedes, that both in equall tilt
May meet againe, and each take happie chance
This said, they both a furlongs mountenance
Retyrd their steeds, to ronne in euen race
But *Braggadocchio* with his bloudie lance
Once hauing turnd, no more returnd his face,
But left his loue to losse, and fled himselfe apace
The knight him seeing fly, had no regard xix
Him to poursew, but to the Ladie rode,
And hauing her from *Trompart* lightly reard,
Vpon his Courser set the louely lode,
And with her fled away without abode
Well weened he, that fairest *Florimell*
It was, with whom in company he yode,
And so her selfe did alwaies to him tell,
So made him thinke him selfe in heauen, that was in hell.

But *Florimell* her selfe was farre away, xx
 Driuen to great distresse by Fortune stiaunge,
 And taught the carefull Marinei to play,
 Sith late mischaunce had her compeld to chaunge
 The land for sea, at randon there to raunge
 Yet there that cruell Queene auengeresse,
 Not satisfide so farre her to estraunge
 From courtly blisse and wonted happinesse,
 Did heape on her new waues of weary wretchednesse
 For being fled into the fishers bote, xxi
 For refuge from the Monsters crueltie,
 Long so she on the mightie maine did flote,
 And with the tide droue forward careleslie,
 For th'aire was milde, and cleared was the skie,
 And all his windes *Dan Aeolus* did keepe,
 From stirring vp their stormy enmitie,
 As pittying to see her waile and weepe,
 But all the while the fisher did securely sleepe
 At last when droncke with diowsinesse, he woke, xxii
 And saw his drouer driue along the streame,
 He was dismayd, and thrise his breast he stroke,
 For maruell of that accident extreame,
 But when he saw that blazing beauties beame,
 Which with rare light his bote did beautifie,
 He maueild more, and thought he yet did dreame
 Not well awakt, or that some extasie
 Assotted had his sense, or dazed was his eie
 But when her well auizing, he perceiued xxiii
 To be no vision, nor fantasticke sight,
 Great comfort of her presence he conceiued,
 And felt in his old courage new delight
 To gin awake, and stirie his frozen spright
 Tho rudely askt her, how she thither came
 Ah (said she) father, I note read aright,
 What hard misfortune brought me to the same,
 Yet am I glad that here I now in safety am

But thou good man, sith farre in sea we bee, xxiv
 And the great waters gin apace to swell,
 That now no more we can the maine-land see,
 Haue care, I pray, to guide the cock-bote well,
 Least worse on sea then vs on land befell
 Thereat th'old man did nought but fondly grin,
 And said, his boat the way could wisely tell
 But his deceitfull eyes did neuer lin,
 To looke on her faire face, and marke her snowy skin
 The sight whereof in his congealed flesh, xxv
 Infixt such secret sting of greedy lust,
 That the drie withered stocke it gan refresh,
 And kindled heat, that soone in flame forth burst
 The driest wood is soonest burnt to dust
 Rudely to her he lept, and his rough hand
 Where ill became him, rashly would haue thrust,
 But she with angry scorne him did withstond,
 And shamefully reprov'd for his rudenesse fond
 But he, that neuer good nor maners knew, xxvi
 Her sharpe rebuke full litle did esteeme,
 Hard is to teach an old horse amble trew
 The inward smoke, that did before but steeme,
 Broke into open fire and rage extreme,
 And now he strength gan adde vnto his will,
 Forcing to doe, that did him fowle misseeme
 Beastly he threw her downe, ne car'd to spill
 Her garments gay with scales of fish, that all did fill
 The silly virgin stroue him to withstand, xxvii
 All that she might, and him in vaine reuild
 She struggled strongly both with foot and hand,
 To saue her honor from that villaine vild,
 And cride to heauen, from humane helpe exild
 O ye braue knights, that boast this Ladies loue,
 Where be ye now, when she is nigh defild
 Of filthy wretch? well may shee you reprove
 Of falshood or of slouth, when most it may behoue

But if that thou, Sir *Satyrus*, didst weete, xxviii
 Or thou, Sir *Peridure*, hei some state,
 How soone would yee assemble many a fleete,
 To fetch from sea, that ye at land lost late,
 Towres, Cities, Kingdomes ye would ruinate,
 In your auengement and dispiteous rage,
 Ne ought your burning fury mote abate,
 But if Sir *Caldore* could it presage,
 No liuing creature could his cruelty asswage
 But sith that none of all her knights is nye, xxix
 See how the heauens of voluntary grace,
 And soueraine fauour towards chastity,
 Doe succour send to her distressed cace
 So much high God doth innocence embrace
 It fortun'd, whilest thus she stifly stroue,
 And the wide sea importuned long space
 With shrilling shriekes, *Proteus* abroad did roue,
 Along the fomy waues driuing his finny droue
Proteus is Shepheard of the seas of yore, xxx
 And hath the charge of *Neptunes* mightie heard,
 An aged sire with head all frory hore,
 And sprinckled frost vpon his deawy beard
 Who when those pittifull outcries he heard,
 Through all the seas so ruefully iesound,
 His charet swift in haste he thither steard,
 Which with a teeme of scaly *Phocas* bound
 Was drawne vpon the waues, that fomed him around
 And comming to that *Fisheis* wandring bote, xxxi
 That went at will, withouten carde or sayle,
 He therein saw that yikesome sight, which smote
 Deepe indignation and compassion frayle
 Into his hart attonce streight did he hayle
 The greedy villein from his hoped pray,
 Of which he now did very litle fayle,
 And with his staffe, that diuies his Heard astray,
 Him bet so sore, that life and sense did much dismay.

The whiles the pitteous Ladie vp did ryse,
 Ruffled and fowly raid with filthy soyle,
 And blubbred face with teares of her faire eyes
 Her heart nigh broken was with weary toyle,
 To saue her selfe from that outrageous spoyle,
 But when she looked vp, to weet, what wight
 Had her from so infamous fact assoyld,
 For shame, but more for feare of his grim sight,
 Downe in her lap she hid her face, and loudly shrigh^t.

xxxii

Her selfe not saued yet from daunger dred
 She thought, but chaung'd from one to other feare,
 Like as a fearefull Partridge, that is fled
 From the sharpe Hauke, which her attached neare,
 And fals to ground, to seeke for succour theare,
 Whereas the hungry Spaniels she does spy,
 With greedy iawes her readie for to teare,
 In such distresse and sad perplexity
 Was *Florimell*, when *Proteus* she did see thereby

xxxiii

But he endeuoured with speeches milde
 Her to recomfort, and accourage bold,
 Bidding her feare no more her foeman vilde,
 Nor doubt himselfe, and who he was, her told
 Yet all that could not from affright her hold,
 Ne to recomfort her at all preuayld;
 For her faint heart was with the frozen cold
 Benumbd so inly, that her wits nigh fayld,
 And all her senses with abashment quite were quayld

xxxiv

Her vp betwixt his rugged hands he reard,
 And with his frory lips full softly kist,
 While the cold ysickles from his rough beard,
 Diopped adowne vpon her yuorie brest
 Yet he himselfe so busily addrest,
 That her out of astonishment he wrought,
 And out of that same fishers filthy nest
 Remouing her, into his charet brought,
 And there with many gentle termes her faire besought

xxxv

But that old leachour, which with bold assault xxxvi
 That beautie durst piesume to violate,
 He cast to punish for his hainous fault,
 Then tooke he him yet trembling sith of late,
 And tyde behind his charet, to aggrate
 The virgin, whom he had abusde so sore
 So drag'd him through the waues in scornefull state,
 And after cast him vp, vpon the shore,
 But *Florimell* with him vnto his bowre he bore

His bowre is in the bottome of the maine, xxxvii
 Vnder a mightie rocke, gainst which do raue
 The roaring billowes in their proud disdaine,
 That with the angly working of the waue,
 Therein is eaten out an hollow caue,
 That seemes rough Masons hand with engines keene
 Had long while laboured it to engraue
 There was his wonne, ne liuing wight was seene,
 Saue one old *Nymph*, hight *Panope* to keepe it cleane

Thither he brought the sory *Florimell*, xxxviii
 And entertained her the best he might
 And *Panope* her entertaind eke well,
 As an immortall mote a mortall wight,
 To winne hei liking vnto his delight
 With flattering words he sweetly wooed her,
 And offered faire gifts t'allure her sight,
 But she both offers and the offerer
 Despysde, and all the fawning of the flatterer

Daily he tempted her with this or that, xxxix
 And neuer suffred her to be at rest
 But euermore she him refused flat,
 And all his fained kindnesse did detest,
 So fimmely she had sealed vp her brest
 Sometimes he boasted, that a God he hight
 But she a mortall creature loued best
 Then he would make himselfe a mortall wight,
 But then she said she lou'd none, but a Faerie knight

Then like a Faerie knight himselfe he drest, xl
 For euery shape on him he could endew
 Then like a king he was to her exprest,
 And offred kingdomes vnto her in vew,
 To be his Leman and his Ladie trew
 But when all this he nothing saw preuaile,
 With harder meanes he cast her to subdew,
 And with sharpe threatens her often did assaile,
 So thinking for to make her stubborne courage quail
 To dreadfull shapes he did himselfe transfoime, xli
 Now like a Gyant, now like to a feend,
 Then like a Centaure, then like to a storme,
 Raging within the waues thereby he weend
 Her will to win vnto his wished end
 But when with feare, nor fauour, nor with all
 He else could doe, he saw himselfe esteemd,
 Downe in a Dongeon deepe he let her fall,
 And threatned there to make her his eternall thrall
 Eternall thraldome was to her more lief, xlii
 Then losse of chastitie, or chaunge of loue
 Die had she rather in tormenting grieffe,
 Then any should of falsenesse her reproue,
 Or loosenesse, that she lightly did remoue
 Most vertuous virgin, glory be thy meed,
 And crowne of heauenly praise with Saints aboue,
 Where most sweet hymmes of this thy famous deed
 Are still amongst them song, that far my rymes exceed
 Fit song of Angels caroled to bee, xliii
 But yet what so my feeble Muse can frame,
 Shall be t'aduance thy goodly chastitee,
 And to enroll thy memorable name,
 In th'heart of euery honourable Dame,
 That they thy vertuous deedes may imitate,
 And be partakers of thy endlesse fame
 It yrkes me, leaue thee in this wofull state,
 To tell of *Satyrane*, where I him left of late

Who hauing ended with that *Squire of Dames*

xliv

A long discourse of his aduentures vaine,
 The which himselfe, then Ladies more defames,
 And finding not th' *Hyena* to be slaine,
 With that same *Squire*, returned backe againe
 To his first way And as they forward went,
 They spyde a knight faire pricking on the plaine,
 As if he were on some aduenture bent,
 And in his port appeared manly hardiment.

Sir *Satyrane* him towards did addresse,

xlv

To weet, what wight he was, and what his quest
 And comming nigh, eftsoones he gan to gesse
 Both by the burning hart, which on his brest
 He bare, and by the colours in his crest,
 That *Paridell* it was Tho to him yode,
 And him saluting, as beseemed best,
 Gan first inquire of tydings farre abrode,
 And afterwarde, on what aduenture now he rode

Who thereto answering, said, The tydings bad,

xlvi

Which now in Faerie court all men do tell,
 Which turned hath great mirth, to mourning sad,
 Is the late ruine of proud *Marinell*,
 And sudden parture of faire *Florimell*,
 To find him forth and after her are gone
 All the braue knights, that doen in armes excell,
 To sauegard her, ywandred all alone,
 Emongst the rest my lot (vnworthy) is to be one

Ah gentle knight (said then Sir *Satyrane*)

xlvii

Thy labour all is lost, I greatly dread,
 That hast a thanklesse seruice on thee ta'ne,
 And offrest sacrifice vnto the dead
 For dead, I surely doubt, thou maist aiead
 Henceforth for euer *Florimell* to be,
 That all the noble knights of *Maydenhead*,
 Which her ador'd, may sore repent with me,
 And all faire Ladies may for euer sory be

xliv 2 his] hu 1609

xlv 3 ghesse 1609

xlvi 9 vnworthy' 1590

Which words when *Paridell* had heard, his hew
 Gan greatly chaunge, and seem'd dismayd to bee,
 Then said, Faire Sir, how may I weene it trew,
 That ye doe tell in such vncertaintee?
 Or speake ye of report, or did ye see
 Iust cause of dread, that makes ye doubt so sore?
 For perdie else how mote it euer bee,
 That euer hand should dare for to engore
 Her noble blood? the heauens such crueltie abhore
 These eyes did see, that they will euer rew
 T'haue seene, (quoth he) when as a monstros beast
 The Palfrey, whereon she did trauell, slew,
 And of his bowels made his bloudie feast
 Which speaking token sheweth at the least
 Her certaine losse, if not her sure decay
 Besides, that more suspition encreast,
 I found her golden girdle cast astray,
 Distaynd with durt and blood, as relique of the pray
 Aye me, (said *Paridell*) the signes be sad,
 And but God turne the same to good soothsay,
 That Ladies safetie is sore to be drad
 Yet will I not forsake my forward way,
 Till triall doe more certaine truth bewray
 Faire Sir (quoth he) well may it you succeed,
 Ne long shall *Satyrane* behind you stay,
 But to the rest, which in this Quest proceed
 My labour adde, and be partaker of their speed
 Ye noble knights (said then the *Squire of Dames*)
 Well may ye speed in so praiseworthy paine
 But sith the Sunne now ginnes to slake his beames,
 In dewy vapours of the westerne maine,
 And lose the teme out of his weary waine,
 Mote not mislike you also to abate
 Your zealous hast, till morrow next againe
 Both light of heauen, and strength of men relate
 Which if ye please, to yonder castle turne your gate
 xlix 2 To haue 1590 4 his bloudie] a bloody 1609

xlviii

xlix

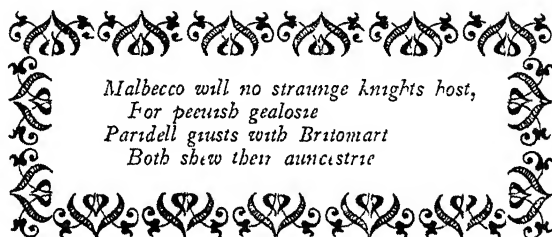
i

ii

That counsell pleased well , so all yfere
 Forth marched to a Castle them before,
 Where soone arriuing, they restained were
 Of readie entrance, which ought euermore
 To errant knights be commun wondrous sore
 Thereat displeasd they were, till that young Squire
 Gan them informe the cause, why that same dore
 Was shut to all, which lodging did desue
 The which to let you weet, will further time require

lii

Cant. IX.



REdoubted knights, and honorable Dames,
 To whom I leuell all my labours end,
 Right sore I feare, least with vnworthy blames
 This odious argument my rimes should shend,
 Or ought your goodly patience offend,
 Whiles of a wanton Lady I do wite,
 Which with her loose incontinence doth blend
 The shyning glory of your soueraigne light,
 And knighthood fowle defaced by a faithlesse knight
 But neuer let th'ensample of the bad
 Offend the good for good by paragone
 Of euill, may more notably be rad,
 As white seemes fairer, macht with blacke attone,
 Ne all are shamed by the fault of one
 For lo in heauen, whereas all goodnesse is,
 Amongst the Angels, a whole legione
 Of wicked Sprights did fall from happy blis,
 What wonder then, if one of women all did mis?

i

ii

Then listen Lordings, if ye list to weete iii
 The cause, why *Satyrane* and *Paridell*
 Mote not be entertaynd, as seemed meet,
 Into that Castle (as that Squire does tell)
 Therein a cancred crabbed Carle does dwell,
 That has no skill of Court nor courtesie,
 Ne cares, what men say of him ill or well,
 For all his dayes he drownes in priuitie,
 Yet has full large to liue, and spend at libertie
 But all his mind is set on mucky pelfe, iv
 To hoord vp heapes of euill gotten masse,
 For which he others wrongs, and wreckes himselfe,
 Yet is he lincked to a louely lasse,
 Whose beauty doth her bounty far surpasses,
 The which to him both far vnequall yeares,
 And also far vnlike conditions has,
 For she does ioy to play emongst her peares,
 And to be free from hard restraint and gealous feares
 But he is old, and withered like hay, v
 Vnfit faire Ladies seruice to supply,
 The priue guilt whereof makes him alway
 Suspect her truth, and keepe continuall spy
 Vpon her with his other blinkt eye,
 Ne suffreth he resort of liuing wight
 Approch to her, ne keepe her company,
 But in close bowre her mewes from all mens sight,
 Depriu'd of kindly ioy and naturall delight
Malbecco he, and *Hellenore* she hight, vi
 Vnfitly yokt together in one teeme,
 That is the cause, why neuer any knight
 Is suffred here to enter, but he seeme
 Such, as no doubt of him he neede misdeeme
 Thereat Sir *Satyrane* gan smile, and say,
 Extremely mad the man I surely deeme,
 That weenes with watch and hard restraint to stay
 A womans will, which is disposd to go astray

In vaine he feares that, which he cannot shonne vii
 For who wotes not, that womans subtiltyes
 Can guilen *Argus*, when she list misdonne?
 It is not yron bandes, nor hundied eyes,
 Nor brasen walls, noi many wakefull spyes,
 That can withhold her wilfull wandring feet,
 But fast good will with gentle curtesyes,
 And timely seruice to her pleasures meet
 May her perhaps containe, that else would algates fleet

Then is he not more mad (said *Paridell*) viii
 That hath himselfe vnto such seruice sold,
 In dolefull thraldome all his dayes to dwell?
 For sure a foole I do him firmly hold,
 That loues his fetters, though they were of gold
 But why do we deuise of others ill,
 Whiles thus we suffer this same dotard old,
 To keepe vs out, in scoine of his owne will,
 And rather do not ransack all, and him selfe kill?

Nay let vs first (said *Satyrane*) entreat ix
 The man by gentle meanes, to let vs in,
 And afterwarde affray with cruell threat,
 Ere that we to efforce it do begin
 Then if all fayle, we will by force it win,
 And eke reward the wretch for his mesprise,
 As may be worthy of his haynous sin
 That counsell pleasd then *Paridell* did rise,
 And to the Castle gate approcht in quiet wise

Whereat soft knocking, entrance he desyrd x
 The good man selfe, which then the Porter playd,
 Him answered, that all were now retyrd
 Vnto their rest, and all the keyes conuayd
 Vnto their maister, who in bed was layd,
 That none him durst awake out of his dreame,
 And therefore them of patience gently prayd
 Then *Paridell* began to chaunge his theme,
 And threatned him with force and punishment extreme

But all in vaine, for nought mote him relent, xi
 And now so long before the wicket fast
 They wayted, that the night was forward spent,
 And the faire welkin fowly ouercast,
 Gan blowen vp a bitter stormy blast,
 With shoure and hayle so horrible and dred,
 That this faire many were compeld at last,
 To fly for succour to a little shed,
 The which beside the gate for swine was ordered
 It fortun'd, soone after they were gone, xii
 Another knight, whom tempest thither brought,
 Came to that Castle, and with earnest mone,
 Like as the rest, late entrance deare besought,
 But like so as the rest he prayd for nought,
 For flatly he of entrance was refusd,
 Sorely thereat he was displeasd, and thought
 How to auenge himselfe so sore abusd,
 And euermore the Carle of curtesie accusd
 But to auoyde th'intollerable stowie, xiii
 He was compeld to seeke some refuge neare,
 And to that shed, to shrowd him from the showre,
 He came, which full of guests he found whyleare,
 So as he was not let to enter there
 Whereat he gan to wex exceeding wroth,
 And swore, that he would lodge with them yfere,
 Or them dislodge, all were they lief or loth,
 And so defide them each, and so defide them both
 Both were full loth to leaue that needfull tent, xiv
 And both full loth in darkenesse to debate,
 Yet both full lief him lodging to haue lent,
 And both full lief his boasting to abate,
 But chiefly *Paridell* his hart did grate,
 To heare him threaten so despightfully,
 As if he did a dogge to kenell rate,
 That durst not barke, and iather had he dy,
 Then when he was defide, in coward corner ly

xiii 9 And defide them each 1596 And them defied each 1609

xiv 7 to] in 1590

H h

Tho hastily remounting to his steed, xv
 He forth issew'd, like as a boistrous wind,
 Which in th'earth's hollow caues hath long bin hid,
 And shut vp fast within her prisons blind,
 Makes the huge element against her kind
 To moue, and tremble as it were agast,
 Vntill that it an issew forth may find,
 Then forth it breakes, and with his furious blast
 Confounds both land and seas, and skyes doth ouercast
 Their steel-hed speares they strongly coucht, and met xvi
 Together with impetuous rage and forse,
 That with the terrour of their fierce affret,
 They rudely droue to ground both man and horse,
 That each awhile lay like a sencelesse corse
 But *Paridell* sore brused with the blow,
 Could not arise, the counterchaunge to scoise,
 Till that young Squire him reared from below,
 Then drew he his bright sword, and gan about him throw
 But *Satyrane* forth stepping, did them stay xvii
 And with faire treatie pacifide their ire,
 Then when they were accorded from the fray,
 Against that Castles Lord they gan conspire,
 To heape on him dew vengeance for his hire
 They bene agreed, and to the gates they goe
 To burne the same with vnquenchable fire,
 And that vncurteous Carle their commune foe
 To do fowle death to dye, or wrap in grieuous woe
Malbecco seeing them resolu'd in deed xviii
 To flame the gates, and hearing them to call
 For fire in earnest, ran with fearefull speed,
 And to them calling from the castle wall,
 Besought them humbly, him to beare with all,
 As ignoraunt of seruants bad abuse,
 And slacke attendaunce vnto straungers call
 The knights were willing all things to excuse,
 Though nought beleu'd, and entraunce late did not refuse

They bene ybrought into a comely bowre, xx
 And seru'd of all things that mote needfull bee,
 Yet secretly their hoste did on them lowre,
 And welcomde more for feare, then charitee,
 But they dissembled, what they did not see,
 And welcomed themselues Each gan vndight
 Their garments wet, and weary armour free,
 To dry them selues by *Vulcanes* flaming light,
 And eke their lately bruized parts to bring in plight

And eke that straunger knight emongst the rest xx
 Was for like need enforst to disaray
 Tho whenas vailed was her loftie crest,
 Her golden locks, that were in tramels gay
 Vpbounden, did them selues adowne display,
 And raught vnto her heeles, like sunny beames,
 That in a cloud their light did long time stay,
 Their vapour vaded, shew their golden gleames,
 And through the persant aire shoote forth their azure streames

She also dofte her heauy haberieon, xxi
 Which the faire feature of her limbs did hyde,
 And her well plighted frock, which she did won
 To tucke about her short, when she did ryde,
 She low let fall, that flowd from her lanck syde
 Downe to her foot, with carelesse modestee
 Then of them all she plainly was espyde,
 To be a woman wight, vnwist to bee,
 The fairest woman wight, that euer eye did see

Like as *Minerua*, being late returnd xxii
 From slaughter of the Giaunts conquered,
 Where proud *Encelade*, whose wide nosethrils burnd
 With breathed flames, like to a furnace red,
 Transfixed with the speare, downe tombled ded
 From top of *Hemus*, by him heaped hye,
 Hath loosd her helmet from her lofty hed,
 And her *Gorgonian* shield gins to vntye
 From her left arme, to rest in glorious victorye

xx i rest, 1590, 1596 9 percent 1609 xxii i *Minerua*] *Bellona* 1590
 5 the] her 1590

- Which whenas they beheld, they smitten were xxiii
 With great amazement of so wondrous sight,
 And each on other, and they all on her
 Stood gazing, as if sudden great affright
 Had them surprised At last auizing right,
 Her goodly personage and glorious hew,
 Which they so much mistooke, they tooke delight
 In their first erroure, and yet still anew
 With wonder of her beauty fed their hungry vew
- Yet note their hungry vew be satisfide, xxiv
 But seeing still the more desir'd to see,
 And euer firmly fixed did abide
 In contemplation of diuinitie
 But most they meruaild at her cheualree,
 And noble prowess, which they had approued,
 That much they faynd to know, who she mote bee,
 Yet none of all them her thereof amoued,
 Yet euery one her likte, and euery one her loued
- And *Paridell* though partly discontent xxv
 With his late fall, and fowle indignity,
 Yet was soone wonne his malice to relent,
 Through gracious regard of her faire eye,
 And knightly worth, which he too late did try,
 Yet tried did adore Supper was dight,
 Then they *Malbecco* prayd of curtesy,
 That of his Lady they might haue the sight,
 And company at meat, to do them more delight
- But he to shift their curious request, xxvi
 Gan causen, why she could not come in place,
 Her crased health, her late recourse to rest,
 And humid euening ill for sicke folkes cace
 But none of those excuses could take place,
 Ne would they eate, till she in presence came
 She came in presence with right comely grace,
 And fairely them saluted, as became,
 And shewd her selfe in all a gentle curteous Dame
- xxiii 9 hongry 1590 xxiv 5 most om 1596

They sate to meat, and *Satyrane* his chaunce
 Was hei before, and *Paridell* besyde,
 But he him selfe sate looking still askaunce,
 Gainst *Britomart*, and euer closely eyde
 Sir *Satyrane*, that glaunces might not glyde
 But his blind eye, that syded *Paridell*,
 All his demeasnure from his sight did hyde
 On her faire face so did he feede his fill,
 And sent close messages of loue to her at will

xxvii

And euer and anone, when none was ware,
 With speaking lookes, that close embassage bore,
 He rou'd at her, and told his secret care
 For all that art he learned had of yore
 Ne was she ignoraunt of that lewd lore,
 But in his eye his meaning wisely red,
 And with the like him answerd euermore
 She sent at him one fire dart, whose hed
 Empoised was with priuy lust, and gealous dred

xxviii

He from that deadly throw made no defence,
 But to the wound his weake hart opened wyde,
 The wicked engine through false influence,
 Past through his eyes, and secretly did glyde
 Into his hart, which it did sorely gryde
 But nothing new to him was that same paine,
 Ne paine at all, for he so oft had tryde
 The powre thereof, and lou'd so oft in vaine,
 That thing of course he counted, loue to entertaine

xxix

Thenceforth to her he sought to intimate
 His inward griefe, by meanes to him well knowne,
 Now *Bacchus* fruit out of the siluer plate
 He on the table dasht, as ouerthrowne,
 O^r of the fruitfull liquor ouerflowne,
 And by the dauncing bubbles did diuine,
 Or therein write to let his loue be showne,
 Which well she red out of the learned line,
 A sacrament prophane in mistery of wine.

xxx

And when so of his hand the pledge she raught, xxxix
 The guilty cup she fained to mistake,
 And in her lap did shed her idle draught,
 Shewing desire her inward flame to slake
 By such close signes they secret way did make
 Vnto their wils, and one eyes watch escape,
 Two eyes him needeth, for to watch and wake,
 Who louers will deceiue Thus was the ape,
 By their faire handling, put into *Malbecco*s cape
 Now when of meats and drinks they had their fill, xxxixi
 Purpose was moued by that gentle Dame,
 Vnto those knights aduenturous, to tell
 Of deeds of armes, which vnto them became,
 And euery one his kindred, and his name
 Then *Paridell*, in whom a kindly pryde
 Of gracious speach, and skill his words to frame
 Abounded, being glad of so fit tyde
 Him to commend to her, thus spake, of all well eyde
Troy, that art now nought, but an idle name, xxxixii
 And in thine ashes buried low dost lie,
 Though whilome far much greater then thy fame,
 Before that angry Gods, and cruell skye
 Vpon thee heapt a direfull destinie,
 What boots it boast thy glorious descent,
 And fetch from heauen thy great Genealogie,
 Sith all thy worthy prayses being blent,
 Their of-spring hath embaste, and later glory shent
 Most famous Worthy of the world, by whome xxxixiv
 That warre was kindled, which did *Troy* inflame,
 And stately towres of *Iliou* whilome
 Brought vnto balefull ruine, was by name
 Sir *Paris* far renowmd through noble fame,
 Who through great prowesse and bold hardinesse,
 From *Lacedæmon* fetcht the fairest Dame,
 That euer *Greece* did boast, or knight possesse,
 Whom *Venus* to him gaue for meed of worthinesse

Faire *Helene*, flowre of beautie excellent,
And girlond of the mighty Conquerours,
That madest many Ladies deare lament
The heauie losse of their braue Paramours,
Which they far off beheld from *Troian* touies,
And saw the fieldes of faire *Scamander* strowne
With carcasses of noble warrioures,
Whose fruitlesse liues were vnder furrow sowne,
And *Xanthus* sandy bankes with bloud all ouerflowne
From him my linage I deriue aright, xxxv
Who long before the ten yeares siege of *Troy*,
Whiles yet on *Ida* he a shepheard hight,
On faire *Oenone* got a louely boy,
Whom for remembraunce of her passed ioi,
She of his Father *Parus* did name,
Who, after *Greekes* did *Priams* realme destroy,
Gathred the *Troian* reliques sau'd from flame,
And with them sayling thence, to th'Isle of *Paros* came
That was by him cald *Paros*, which befoie xxxvii
Hight *Nausa*, there he many yeares did raine,
And built *Nausicle* by the *Pontick* shore,
The which he dying left next in remaine
To *Paridas* his sonne
From whom I *Paridell* by kin descend,
But for faire Ladies loue, and glories gaine,
My natue soile haue left, my dayes to spend
In sewing deeds of armes, my liues and labours end
Whenas the noble *Briemart* heard tell xxxviii
Of *Troian* warres, and *Priams* Citie sackt,
The ruefull story of Sir *Paridell*,
She was empassiond at that piteous act,
With zelous enuy of *Greekes* cruell fact,
Against that nation, from whose race of old
She heard, that she was lineally extract
For noble *Britons* sprong from *Troians* bold,
And *Troynouant* was built of old *Troyes* ashes cold
xxxvii 9 sewing 1590, 1596

Then sighing soft awhile, at last she thus xxxix
 O lamentable fall of famous towne,
 Which raignd so many yeares victorious,
 And of all *Asie* bore the soueraigne crowne,
 In one sad night consumd, and throwen downe
 What stony hart, that heales thy haplesse fate,
 Is not empierst with deepe compassiowne,
 And makes ensample of mans wretched state,
 That floures so fresh at morne, and fades at euening late?
 Behold, Sir, how your pitfull complaint xl
 Hath found another partner of your payne
 For nothing may impresse so deare constraint,
 As countries cause, and commune foes disdayne
 But if it should not grieue you, backe agayne
 To turne your course, I would to heare desyre,
 What to *Aeneas* fell, sith that men sayne
 He was not in the Cities wofull fyre
 Consum'd, but did him selfe to safetie retyre
Anchyses sonne begot of *Venus* faire, xli
 (Said he,) out of the flames for safegard fled,
 And with a remnant did to sea repaire,
 Where he through fatall errour long was led
 Full many yeares, and weetlesse wandered
 From shore to shore, emongst the Lybicke sands,
 Ere rest he found Much there he suffered,
 And many perils past in forreine lands,
 To saue his people sad from victours vengefull hands
 At last in *Latium* he did arriue, xlii
 Where he with cruell warre was entertaind
 Of th'inland folke, which sought him backe to driue,
 Till he with old *Latnus* was constrained,
 To contract wedlock (so the fates ordaind)
 Wedlock contract in bloud, and eke in blood
 Accomplished, that many deare complaind
 The riual slaine, the victour through the flood
 Escaped hardly, hardly praisd his wedlock good

Yet after all, he victour did suruiue, xliii
 And with *Lamius* did the kingdome part
 But after, when both nations gan to striue,
 Into their names the title to conuart,
 His sonne *Iulus* did from thence depart,
 With all the warlike youth of *Troians* bloud,
 And in long *Alba* plast his throne apart,
 Where faire it florished, and long time stoud,
 Till *Romulus* renewing it, to *Rome* remoud
 There there (said *Brutomart*) a fresh appeared xlii
 The glory of the later world to spring,
 And *Troy* againe out of her dust was reard,
 To sit in second seat of soueraigne king,
 Of all the world vnder her gouerning
 But a third kingdome yet is to arise,
 Out of the *Troians* scattered of-spring,
 That in all glory and great enterprise,
 Both first and second *Troy* shall dare to equalise
 It *Troynouant* is hight, that with the waues xlii
 Of wealthy *Thamis* washed is along,
 Vpon whose stubborne neck, whereat he raues
 With roring rage, and sore him selfe does throng,
 That all men feare to tempt his billowes strong,
 She fastned hath her foot, which standes so hy,
 That it a wonder of the world is song
 In forreine landes, and all which passen by,
 Beholding it from far, do thinke it threatens the skye
 The *Troian Brute* did first that Citie found, xlii
 And Hygate made the meare thereof by West,
 And *Ouert* gate by North that is the bound
 Toward the land, two riuers bound the rest
 So huge a scope at first him seemed best,
 To be the compasse of his kingdomes seat
 So huge a mind could not in lesser rest,
 Ne in small meares containe his glory great,
 That *Albion* had conquered first by warlike feat

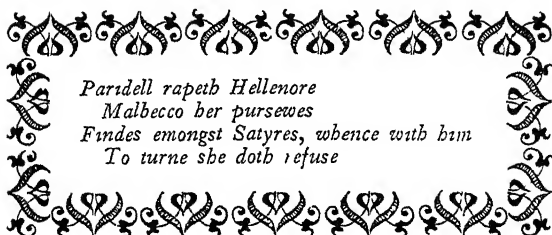
Ah fairest Lady knight, (said *Paridell*) xlvii
 Pardon I pray my heedlesse ouersight,
 Who had forgot, that whilome I heard tell
 From aged *Mnemon*, for my wits bene light
 Indeed he said (if I remember right,)
 That of the antique *Troian* stocke, there grew
 Another plant, that raught to wondrous hight,
 And far abroad his mighty branches threw,
 Into the vtmost Angle of the world he knew
 For that same *Brute*, whom much he did aduance xlvi
 In all his speach, was *Syluius* his sonne,
 Whom hauing slaine, through luckles arrowes glaunce
 He fled for feare of that he had misdonne,
 Or else for shame, so fowle reproch to shonne,
 And with him led to sea an youthly trayne,
 Where wearie wandring they long time did wonne,
 And many fortunes prou'd in th'*Ocean* mayne,
 And great aduentures found, that now were long to sayne
 At last by fatall course they driuen were xlix
 Into an Island spacious and brode,
 The furthest North, that did to them appeare
 Which after rest they seeking far abode,
 Found it the fittest soyle for their abode,
 Fruitfull of all things fit for liuing foode,
 But wholly wast, and void of peoples trode,
 Saue an huge nation of the *Geaunts* broode,
 That fed on liuing flesh, and diuncke mens vitall blood.
 Whom he through wearie wars and labours long, 1
 Subdewd with losse of many *Britons* bold
 In which the great *Goemagot* of strong
Corneus, and *Coulin* of *Debon* old
 Were ouerthrowne, and layd on th'earth full cold,
 Which quaked vnder their so hideous masse,
 A famous history to be enrold
 In euerlasting monuments of brasse,
 That all the antique *Worthies* merits far did passe
 xlvii 3 hard 1590 xlviii 6 to the sea 1596 xlix 4 Which] And 1609

His worke great *Troynouant*, his worke is eke li
Faire *Lincolne*, both renowned fai away,
That who from East to West will endlong seeke,
Cannot two fairer Cities find this day,
Except *Cleopolis* so heard I say
Old *Mnemon* Therefore Sir, I greet you well
Your countrey kin, and you entirely pray
Of pardon for the strife, which late befell
Betwixt vs both vnknowne So ended *Paridell*

But all the while, that he these speaches spent, lii
Vpon his lips hong faire Dame *Hellenore*,
With vigilant regard, and dew attent,
Fashioning worlds of fancies euermore
In her fraile wit, that now hei quite forlore
The whiles vnwares away her wondring eye,
And greedy eares her weake hart from her bore
Which he perceiuing, euer priuily

In speaking, many false belgardes at her let fly
So long these knights discoursed diuersly, liii
Of straunge affaires, and noble hardiment,
Which they had past with mickle ieopardy,
That now the humid night was farforth spent,
And heauenly lampes were halfendeale ybrent
Which th'old man seeing well, who too long thought
Euery discourse and euery argument,
Which by the houres he measured, besought
Them go to rest So all vnto their bowres were brought

Cant. X.



THE morow next, so soone as *Phabus* Lamp
 Bewrayed had the world with early light,
 And fresh *Aurora* had the shady damp
 Out of the goodly heauen amoued quight,
 Faire *Britomart* and that same *Faerie* knight
 Vprose, forth on their iourney for to wend
 But *Paridell* complaynd, that his late fight
 With *Britomart*, so sore did him offend,
 That ryde he could not, till his huits he did amend
 So forth they far'd, but he behind them stayd,
 Maulgre his host, who grudged grieuously,
 To house a guest, that would be needes obayd,
 And of his owne him left not liberty
 Might wanting measure moueth surquedry
 Two things he feared, but the third was death,
 That fierce youngmans vnruly maistry,
 His money, which he lou'd as liuing breath,
 And his faire wife, whom honest long he kept vneath
 But patience perforce he must abie,
 What fortune and his fate on him will lay,
 Fond is the feare, that findes no remedie,
 Yet warily he watcheth euery way,
 By which he feareth euill happen may
 So th'euill thinkes by watching to preuent,
 Ne doth he suffer her, nor night, nor day,
 Out of his sight her selfe once to absent
 So doth he punish her and eke himselfe torment

1

11

111

But *Paridell* kept better watch, then hee,
A fit occasion for his turne to find
False loue, why do men say, thou canst not see,
And in their foolish fancie feigne thee blind,
That with thy charmes the sharpest sight doest bind,
And to thy will abuse? Thou walkest free,
And seest euery secret of the mind,
Thou seest all, yet none at all sees thee,
All that is by the working of thy Deitee
So perfect in that art was *Paridell*,
That he *Malbecco*s halfen eye did wyle,
His halfen eye he wiled wondrous well,
And *Hellenors* both eyes did eke beguyle,
Both eyes and hart attonce, during the whyle
That he there sojourned his wounds to heale,
That *Cupid* selfe it seeing, close did smyle,
To weet how he her loue away did steale,
And bad, that none their ioyous treason should reueale
The leained louer lost no time nor tyde,
That least auantage mote to him afford,
Yet bore so faire a saile, that none espyde
His secret drift, till he her layd aboard
When so in open place, and commune bord,
He fortun'd her to meet, with commune speach
He courted her, yet bayted euery word,
That his vngentle hoste n'ote him appeach
Of vile vngentlenesse, or hospitages breach
But when apart (if euer her apart)
He found, then his false engins fast he plyde,
And all the sleights vnbosomd in his hart,
He sigh'd, he sobd, he swownd, he perdy dyde,
And cast himselfe on ground her fast besyde
Tho when againe he him bethought to liue,
He wept, and wayld, and false laments belyde,
Saying, but if she Mercie would him giue
That he mote algates dye, yet did his death forgiue

And otherwhiles with amorous delights, viii
 And pleasing toyes he would hei entertaïne,
 Now singing sweetly, to surprise hei sprights,
 Now making layes of loue and louers paine,
 Bransles, Ballads, virelayes, and verses vaine,
 Oft purposes, oft riddles he deuysd,
 And thousands like, which flowed in his braine,
 With which he fed her fancie, and entysd
 To take to his new loue, and leaue her old despysd
 And euery where he might, and euery while ix
 He did her seruice dewtifull, and sewed
 At hand with humble pride, and pleasing guile,
 So closely yet, that none but she it vewed,
 Who well perceiued all, and all indewed
 Thus finely did he his false nets dispred,
 With which he many weake harts had subdewed
 Of yore, and many had ylike misled
 What wonder then, if she were likewise carried?
 No fort so fensible, no wals so strong, x
 But that continuall battery will riue,
 Or daily siege through dispuruayance long,
 And lacke of reskewes will to parley driue,
 And Peece, that vnto parley eare will giue,
 Will shortly yeeld it selfe, and will be made
 The vassall of the victors will byliue
 That stratageme had oftentimes assayd
 This crafty Paramoure, and now it plaine displayd
 For through his traines he her intrapped hath, xi
 That she her loue and hart hath wholly sold
 To him, without regard of gaine, or scath,
 Or care of credite, or of husband old,
 Whom she hath vow'd to dub a faire Cucquold
 Nought wants but time and place, which shortly shee
 Deuized hath, and to her louer told
 It pleased well So well they both agree,
 So readie rype to ill, ill wemens counsels bee

Darke was the Euening, fit for louers stealth, xii

When chaunst *Malbecco* busie be elsewhere,
 She to his closet went, where all his wealth
 Lay hid thereof she countlesse summes did reare,
 The which she meant away with her to beare,
 The rest she fyr'd for sport, or for despight,
 As *Hellene*, when she saw aloft appeare

The *Troiane* flames, and reach to heauens hight
 Did clap her hands, and ioyed at that dolefull sight

This second *Hellene*, faire Dame *Hellenore*, xiii

The whiles her husband ranne with sory haste,
 To quench the flames, which she had tyn'd before,
 Laught at his foolish labour spent in waste,
 And ranne into her louers armes right fast,
 Where streight embraced, she to him did cry,
 And call aloud for helpe, ere helpe were past,
 For loe that Guest would beare her forcibly,
 And meant to rauish her, that rather had to dy

The wretched man hearing her call for ayd, xiv

And readie seeing him with her to fly,
 In his disquiet mind was much dismayd
 But when againe he backward cast his eye,
 And saw the wicked fire so furiously
 Consume his hart, and scorch his Idoles face,
 He was therewith distressed diuersly,

Ne wist he how to turne, nor to what place,
 Was neuer wretched man in such a wofull cace

Ay when to him she cryde, to her he turnd, xv

And left the fire, loue money ouercame
 But when he marked, how his money burnd,
 He left his wife, money did loue disclame
 Both was he loth to loose his loued Dame,
 And loth to leaue his liefest pelfe behind,
 Yet sith he n'ote saue both, he sau'd that same,
 Which was the dearest to his donghill mind,
 The God of his desire, the ioy of misers blind

Thus whilst all things in troublous vpror were, xvi
 And all men busie to suppress the flame,
 The louing couple need no reskew feare,
 But leasurie had, and libertie to frame
 Their purpost flight, free from all mens reclame,
 And Night, the pationesse of loue-stealth faire,
 Gaue them safe conduct, till to end they came
 So bene they gone yfeare, a wanton paire
 Of louers loosely knyt, where list them to repaire
 Soone as the cruell flames yslaked were, xvii
Malbecco seeing, how his losse did lye,
 Out of the flames, which he had quencht whylere
 Into huge waues of grieve and gealosye
 Full deepe emplonged was, and drowned nye,
 Twixt inward doole and felonous despight,
 He rau'd, he wept, he stampt, he lowd did cry,
 And all the passions, that in man may light,
 Did him attonce oppresse, and vex his caytue spright
 Long thus he chawd the cud of inward grieve, xviii
 And did consume his gall with anguish sore,
 Still when he mused on his late mischiefe,
 Then still the smart thereof increased more,
 And seem'd more grieuous, then it was before
 At last when sorrow he saw booted nought,
 Ne grieve might not his loue to him restore,
 He gan deuise, how her he reskew mought,
 Ten thousand wayes he cast in his confused thought
 At last resoluing, like a pilgrim pore, xix
 To search her forth, where so she might be fond,
 And bearing with him treasure in close store,
 The rest he leaues in ground So takes in hond
 To seeke her endlong, both by sea and lond
 Long he her sought, he sought her farre and nere,
 And euery where that he mote vnderstand,
 Of knights and ladies any meetings were,
 And of eachone he met, he tydings did inquire.

But all in vaine, his woman was too wise,
 Euer to come into his clouch againe,
 And he too simple euer to surprise
 The iolly *Paridell*, for all his paine
 One day, as he forpassed by the plaine
 With weary pace, he farre away espide
 A couple, seeming well to be his twaine,
 Which houed close vnder a forrest side,
 As if they lay in wait, or else themselues did hide

xx

Well weened he, that those the same mote bee,
 And as he better did their shape auize,
 Him seemed more their manner did agree,
 For th'one was armed all in warlike wize,
 Whom, to be *Paridell* he did deuize,
 And th'other all yclad in garments light,
 Discolour'd like to womanish disguise,
 He did resemble to his Ladie bright,
 And euer his faint hart much eained at the sight.

xxi

And euer faine he towards them would goe,
 But yet durst not for dread approchen nie,
 But stood aloofe, vnweeting what to doe,
 Till that prickt forth with loues extremitie,
 That is the father of foule gealosy,
 He closely nearer crept, the truth to weet
 But, as he nigher drew, he easily
 Might scerne, that it was not his sweetest sweet,
 Ne yet her Belamour, the partner of his sheet

xxii

But it was scornefull *Braggadocchio*,
 That with his seruant *Trompart* houerd there,
 Sith late he fled from his too earnest foe
 Whom such when as *Malbecco* spyed clere,
 He turned backe, and would haue fled arere,
 Till *Trompart* ronning hastily, him did stay,
 And bad before his soueraine Lord appere
 That was him loth, yet durst he not ganesay,
 And comming him before, low louted on the lay

xxiii

xxi 9 yeained 1609

The Boister at him steinely bent his browe,
 As if he could haue kild him with his looke,
 That to the ground him meekely made to bowe,
 And awfull terror deepe into him strooke,
 That euery member of his bodie quooke
 Said he, Thou man of nought, what doest thou here,
 Vnfitly furnisht with thy bag and booke,
 Where I expected one with shield and spere,
 To proue some deedes of armes vpon an equall pere
 The wretched man at his imperious speach,
 Was all abasht, and low prostrating, said,
 Good Sir, let not my rudenesse be no breach
 Vnto your patience, ne be ill ypaid,
 For I vnwares this way by fortune straid,
 A silly Pilgrim driuen to distresse,
 That seeke a Lady, There he suddain staid,
 And did the rest with grieuous sighes suppress,
 While teares stood in his eies, few drops of bitternesse
 What Ladie, man? (said *Trompart*) take good hart,
 And tell thy griefe, if any hidden lye,
 Was neuer better time to shew thy smart,
 Then now, that noble succour is thee by,
 That is the whole worlds commune remedy
 That cheareful word his weake hart much did cheare,
 And with vaine hope his spirits faint supply,
 That bold he said, O most redoubted Pere,
 Vouchsafe with mild regard a wretches cace to heare
 Then sighing sore, It is not long (said hee)
 Sith I enioyd the gentlest Dame aliue,
 Of whom a knight, no knight at all perdee,
 But shame of all, that doe for honor striue,
 By treacherous deceit did me depriue,
 Through open outrage he her bore away,
 And with fowle force vnto his will did driue,
 Which all good knights, that armes do beare this day,
 Are bound for to reuenge, and punish if they may

And you most noble Lord, that can and dare
 Redresse the wrong of miserable wight,
 Cannot employ your most victorious speare
 In better quarrell, then defence of right,
 And for a Ladie gainst a faithlesse knight,
 So shall your glory be aduanced much,
 And all faire Ladies magnifie your might,
 And eke my selfe, albe I simple such,
 Your worthy paine shall well rewaid with gueidon rich

xxviii

With that out of his bouget forth he drew
 Great store of treasure, therewith him to tempt,
 But he on it lookt scornefully askew,
 As much disdeigning to be so misdempt,
 Or a war-monger to be basely nempt,
 And said, Thy offers base I greatly loth,
 And eke thy words vncourteous and vnkempt,
 I tread in dust thee and thy money both,
 That, were it not for shame, So turned from him wroth

xxix

But *Trompart*, that his maisters humor knew,
 In lofty lookes to hide an humble mind,
 Was inly tickled with that golden vew,
 And in his eare him rounded close behind
 Yet stoupt he not, but lay still in the wind,
 Waiting aduantage on the pray to sease,
 Till *Trompart* lowly to the ground inclind,
 Besought him his great courage to appease,
 And pardon simple man, that rash did him displease

xxx

Bigge looking like a doughtie Doucepere,
 At last he thus, Thou clod of vilest clay,
 I pardon yield, and with thy rudenesse beare,
 But weete henceforth, that all that golden pray,
 And all that else the vaine world vaunten may,
 I loath as dounge, ne deeme my dew reward
 Fame is my meed, and glory vertues pray
 But minds of mortall men are muchell mard,
 And mou'd amisse with massie mucks vnmeet regard

xxxi

xxix 2 threasurie 1607 6 thy 1590, 1596 xxx 4 grounded 1596
 xxxi 3 with thy] that with 1590 7 vertues] vertuous 1590 pray] pay 1609

And more, I graunt to thy great miserie xxxii
 Gracious respect, thy wife shall backe be sent,
 And that vile knight, who euer that he bee,
 Which hath thy Iady reft, and knighthood shent,
 By *Sanglamort* my sword, whose deadly dent
 The bloud hath of so many thousands shed,
 I sweare, ere long shall dearely it repent,
 Ne he twixt heauen and earth shall hide his hed,
 But soone he shall be found, and shortly doen be ded
 The foolish man thereat woxe wondrous blith, xxxiii
 As if the word so spoken, were halfe donne,
 And humbly thanked him a thousand sith,
 That had from death to life him newly wonne
 Tho forth the Boaster marching, biaue begonne
 His stolen steed to thunder furiously,
 As if he heauen and hell would oueronne,
 And all the world confound with cruelty,
 That much *Malbecco* ioyed in his iollity
 Thus long they three together traueiled, xxxiv
 Through many a wood, and many an vncouth way,
 To seeke his wife, that was farie wandered
 But those two sought nought, but the present play,
 To weete the treasure, which he did bewray,
 On which their eies and harts were wholly set,
 With purpose, how they might it best betray,
 For sith the houre, that first he did them let
 The same behold, therewith their keene desires were whet
 It fortun'd as they together far'd, xxxv
 They spide, where *Paridell* came pricking fast
 Vpon the plaine, the which himselfe prepar'd
 To giust with that braue straunger knight a cast,
 As on aduenture by the way he past.
 Alone he rode without his Paragone,
 For hauing filcht her bells, her vp he cast
 To the wide world, and let her fly alone,
 He nould be clogd. So had he serued many one.

The gentle Lady, loose at randon left,
 The greene-wood long did walke, and wander wide
 At wilde aduenture, like a forlorne weft,
 Till on a day the *Satyres* her espide
 Straying alone withouten groome or guide;
 Her vp they tooke, and with them home her led,
 With them as housewife euer to abide,
 To milk their gotes, and make them cheese and bred,
 And euery one as commune good her handeled

xxxvi

That shortly she *Malbecco* has forgot,
 And eke Sir *Paridell*, all were he deare;
 Who from her went to seeke anothei lot,
 And now by fortune was arriued here,
 Where those two guilers with *Malbecco* were
 Soone as the oldman saw Sir *Paridell*,
 He fainted, and was almost dead with feare,
 Ne word he had to speake, his grieve to tell,
 But to him louted low, and greeted goodly well

xxxvii

And after asked him for *Hellenore*,
 I take no keepe of her (said *Paridell*)
 She wonneth in the forrest there before
 So forth he rode, as his aduenture fell,
 The whiles the Boaster from his loftie sell
 Faynd to alight, something amisse to mend,
 But the fresh Swayne would not his leasure dwell,
 But went his way, whom when he passed kend,
 He vp remounted light, and after faind to wend

xxxviii

Perdy nay (said *Malbecco*) shall ye not
 But let him passe as lightly, as he came
 For litle good of him is to be got,
 And mickle perill to be put to shame.
 But let vs go to seeke my dearest Dame,
 Whom he hath left in yonder forrest wyld.
 For of her safety in great doubt I am,
 Least saluage beastes her person haue despoild
 Then all the world is lost, and we in vaine haue toyl'd

xxxix

They all agree, and forward them address xli
 Ah but (said craftie *Trompart*) weete ye well,
 That yonder in that wastefull wilderness
 Huge monsters haunt, and many dangers dwell,
 Dragons, and Minotaures, and feendes of hell,
 And many wilde woodmen, which robbe and rend
 All traueellers, therefore aduise ye well,
 Before ye enterprise that way to wend
 One may his iourney bring too soone to euill end

Malbecco stopt in great astonishment, xlii
 And with pale eyes fast fixed on the rest,
 Their counsell crau'd, in daunger imminent
 Said *Trompart*, You that are the most opprest
 With burden of great treasure, I thinke best
 Here for to stay in safetie behind,
 My Lord and I will search the wide forrest
 That counsell pleased not *Malbeccoes* mind,
 For he was much affraid, himselfe alone to find

Then is it best (said he) that ye doe leaue xliii
 Your treasure here in some securitie,
 Either fast closed in some hollow greaue,
 Or buried in the ground from ieopardie,
 Till we returne againe in safetie
 As for vs two, least doubt of vs ye haue,
 Hence farre away we will blindfolded lie,
 Ne priuie be vnto your treasures graue

It pleased so he did Then they march forward braue

Now when amid the thickest woods they were, xliii
 They heard a noyse of many bagpipes shrill,
 And shrieking Hububs them approaching nere,
 Which all the forrest did with horror fill
 That dreadfull sound the boasters hart did thrill,
 With such amazement, that in haste he fled,
 Ne euer looked backe for good or ill,
 And after him eke fearefull *Trompart* sped,
 The old man could not fly, but fell to ground halfe ded

xli i They] The 1596 3 wastefull] faithfull 1590 7 advise 1609
 xli 4 you 1590, 1596 xlii 9 did, 1596

Yet afterwards close creeping, as he might, xlii
 He in a bush did hide his fearefull hed,
 The iolly *Satyres* full of fresh delight,
 Came dauncing forth, and with them nimbly led
 Faire *Hellenore*, with girlonds all bespred,
 Whom their May-lady they had newly made
 She proud of that new honou, which they red,
 And of their louely fellowship full glade,
 Daunst liuely, and her face did with a Lawrell shade

The silly man that in the th cket lay xlii
 Saw all this goodly sport, and griued sore,
 Yet durst he not against it doe or say,
 But did his hart with bitter thoughts engore,
 To see th'vncindnesse of his *Hellenore*
 All day they daunced with great lustihed,
 And with their horned feet the greene grasse wore,
 The whiles their Gotes vpon the brouzes fed,
 Till drouping *Phæbus* gan to hide his golden hed

Tho vp they gan their merry pypes to trusse, xlii
 And all their goodly heards did gather round,
 But euery *Satyre* first did giue a busse
 To *Hellenore* so busses did abound
 Now gan the humid vapour shed the ground
 With perly deaw, and th'Earthes gloomy shade
 Did dim the brightnesse of the welkin round,
 That euery bird and beast awarned made,
 To shrowd themselues, whiles sleepe then senses did inuade

Which when *Malbecco* saw, out of his bush xlii
 Vpon his hands and feete he crept full light,
 And like a Gote emongst the Gotes did rush,
 That through the helpe of his faire hornes on hight,
 And misty dampe of misconceruing night,
 And eke through likenesse of his gotish beard,
 He did the better counterfeite aright
 So home he marcht emongst the horned heard,
 That none of all the *Satyres* him espyde or heard

xlii 8 fed 1596 xlii 6 the Earthes 1609
 xlii 1 his] the 1609 2 hand 1596

At night, when all they went to sleepe, he vewd,
 Whereas his louely wife emongst them lay,
 Embraced of a *Satyre* rough and rude,
 Who all the night did minde his ioyous play
 Nine times he heard him come aloft ere day,
 That all his hart with gealosie did swell,
 But yet that nights ensample did bewray,
 That not for nought his wife them loued so well,
 When one so oft a night did ring his matins bell

xlvi

So closely as he could, he to them crept,
 When wearie of their spott to sleepe they fell,
 And to his wife, that now full soundly slept,
 He whispered in her eare, and did her tell,
 That it was he, which by her side did dwell,
 And therefore prayd her wake, to heare him plaine
 As one out of a dreame not waked well,
 She turned her, and returned backe againe
 Yet her for to awake he did the more constraîne

xlii

At last with irkesome trouble she abrayd,
 And then perceiuing, that it was indeed
 Her old *Malbecco*, which did her vpbrayd,
 With loosenesse of her loue, and loathly deed,
 She was astonisht with exceeding dreed,
 And would haue wakt the *Satyre* by her syde,
 But he her prayd, for mercy, or for meed,
 To saue his life, ne let him be descryde,
 But hearken to his lore, and all his counsell hyde

i

Tho gan he her perswade, to leaue thát lewd
 And loathsome life, of God and man abhord,
 And home returne, where all should be renewd
 With perfect peace, and bandes of fresh accord,
 And she receu'd againe to bed and bord,
 As if no trespasse euer had bene donne
 But she it all refused at one word,
 And by no meanes would to his will be wonne,
 But chose emongst the iolly *Satyres* still to wonne.

ii

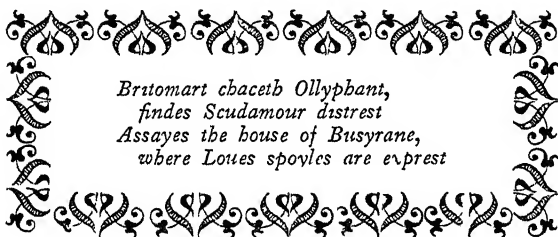
He wooed her, till day spring he espyde; lii
 But all in vaine and then turnd to the heard,
 Who butted him with hornes on euery syde,
 And trode downe in the durt, where his hore beard
 Was fowly dight, and he of death afeard
 Early before the heauens fairest light
 Out of the ruddy East was fully reard,
 The heardees out of their foldes were loosed quight,
 And he emongst the rest crept forth in sory plight
 So soone as he the Prison dore did pas, liii
 He ran as fast, as both his feete could beare,
 And neuer looked, who behind him was,
 Ne scarcely who before like as a Beare
 That creeping close, amongst the hiues to reare
 An hony combe, the wakefull dogs espy,
 And him assaying, sore his carkasse teare,
 That hardly he with life away does fly,
 Ne stayes, till safe himselfe he see from ieopardy
 Ne stayd he, till he came vnto the place, liiv
 Where late his treasure he entombed had,
 Where when he found it not (for *Trompart* bace
 Had it purloyned for his maister bad)
 With extreme fury he became quite mad,
 And ran away, ran with himselfe away:
 That who so straungely had him seene bestad,
 With vpstart haire, and staring eyes dismay,
 From Limbo lake him late escaped sure would say.
 High ouer hilles and ouer dales he fled, lv
 As if the wind him on his winges had borne,
 Ne banck nor bush could stay him, when he sped
 His nimble feet, as treading still on thorne
 Griefe, and despight, and gealosie, and scorne
 Did all the way him follow hard behind,
 And he himselfe himselfe loath'd so forlorne,
 So shamefully forlorne of womankind;
 That as a Snake, still lurked in his wounded mind

Still fled he forward, looking backward still, lvi
 Ne stayd his flight, nor fearefull agony,
 Till that he came vnto a rockie hill,
 Ouer the sea, suspended dreadfully,
 That liuing creature it would teirify,
 To looke adowne, or vpward to the hight
 From thence he threw himselfe dispiteously,
 All desperate of his fore-damned spright,
 That seem'd no helpe for him was left in liuing sight
 But through long anguish, and selfe-murdring thought lvii
 He was so wasted and forpined quight,
 That all his substance was consum'd to nought,
 And nothing left, but like an aery Spright,
 That on the rockes he fell so flit and light,
 That he thereby receiu'd no hurt at all,
 But chaunced on a craggy cliff to light,
 Whence he with crooked clawes so long did crall,
 That at the last he found a caue with entrance small
 Into the same he creepes, and thenceforth there lviii
 Resolu'd to build his balefull mansion,
 In drery darkenesse, and continuall feare
 Of that rockes fall, which euer and anon
 Threates with huge ruine him to fall vpon,
 That he dare neuer sleepe, but that one eye
 Still ope he keepes for that occasion,
 Ne euer rests he in tranquillity,
 The roring billowes beat his bowre so boystrously
 Ne euer is he wont on ought to feed,^r lix
 But toades and frogs, his pasture poysonous,
 Which in his cold complexion do breed
 A filthy bloud, or humour rancorous,
 Matter of doubt and dread suspitious,
 That doth with curelesse care consume the hart,
 Corrupts the stomacke with gall vitious,
 Croscuts the liuer with internall smart,
 And doth transfixe the soule with deathes eternall dart

Yet can he neuer dye, but dying lues,
 And doth himselfe with sorrow new sustaine,
 That death and life attonce vnto him giues
 And painefull pleasure turnes to pleasing paine
 There dwels he euer, miserable swaine,
 Hatefull both to him selfe, and euery wight,
 Where he through pitty grieffe, and horiour vaine,
 Is woxen so deform'd, that he has quight
 Forgot he was a man, and *Gealosie* is hight

12

Cant. XI.



O Hatefull hellish Snake, what furie furst
 Brought thee from balefull house of *Proserpine*,
 Where in her bosome she thee long had nurst,
 And fostred vp with bitter milke of tine,
 Fowle *Gealosie*, that turnest loue diuine
 To ioylesse dread, and mak'st the louing hart
 With hatefull thoughts to languish and to pine,
 And feed it selfe with selfe-consuming smart?
 Of all the passions in the mind thou vilest art

1

O let him far be banished away,
 And in his stead let Loue for euer dwell,
 Sweet Loue, that doth his golden wings embay
 In blessed Nectar, and pure Pleasures well,
 Vntroubled of vile feare, or bitter fell
 And ye faire Ladies, that your kingdomes make
 In th'harts of men, them gouerne wisely well,
 And of faire *Britomart* ensample take,
 That was as trew in loue, as Turtle to her make

11

Who with Sir *Satyrane*, as eaist ye red,
 Forth ryding from *Malbeccoes* hostlesse hous,
 Far off aspyde a young man, the which fled
 From an huge *Geaunt*, that with hideous
 And hatefull outrage long him chaced thus,
 It was that *Ollyphant*, the brother deare
 Of that *Argante* vile and vitious,
 From whom the *Squire of Dames* was left whylere,
 This all as bad as she, and worse, if worse ought were
 For as the sister did in feminine
 And filthy lust excede all woman kind,
 So he surpassed his sex masculine,
 In beastly vse that I did euer find,
 Whom when as *Britomart* beheld behind
 The fearefull boy so greedily pursew,
 She was emmoued in her noble mind,
 T'employ her puissaunce to his reskew,
 And pricked fiercely forward, where she him did vew
 Ne was Sir *Satyrane* her far behinde,
 But with like fiercenesse did ensew the chace
 Whom when the *Gyaunt* saw, he soone resinde
 His former suit, and from them fled apace,
 They after both, and boldly bad him bace,
 And each did striue the other to out-goe,
 But he them both outran a wondrous space,
 For he was long, and swift as any Roe,
 And now made better speed, t'escape his feared foe
 It was not *Satyrane*, whom he did fearê,
 But *Britomart* the flowre of chastity,
 For he the powre of chast hands might not beare,
 But alwayes did their dread encounter fly
 And now so fast his feet he did apply,
 That he has gotten to a forrest neare,
 Where he is shrowded in security
 The wood they enter, and seârch euery where,
 They searched diuersely, so both diuided were.

iii 3 espyde 1609
 did] did him 1590

iv 4 that I did euer] all, that I cuer 1590

9 him

Faire *Brutomart* so long him followed, vii
 That she at last came to a fountaine sheare,
 By which there lay a knight all wallowed
 Vpon the grassy ground, and by him neare
 His haberieon, his helmet, and his speare,
 A little off, his shield was rudely throwne,
 On which the winged boy in colours cleare
 Depeincted was, full easie to be knowne,
 And he thereby, where euer it in field was showne
 His face vpon the ground did groueling ly, viii
 As if he had bene slombring in the shade,
 That the braue Mayd would not for courtesy,
 Out of his quiet slomber him abrade,
 Nor seeme too suddenly him to inuade
 Still as she stood, she heard with grieuous throb
 Him grone, as if his hait were peeces made,
 And with most painefull pangs to sigh and sob,
 That pittty did the Virgins hart of patience iob
 At last forth breaking into bitter plaintes ix
 He said, O soueraigne Lord that sit'st on hye,
 And raignt in blis emongst thy blessed Saintes,
 How suffrest thou such shamefull cruelty,
 So long vnwreaked of thine enemy?
 Or hast thou, Lord, of good mens cause no heed?
 Or doth thy iustice sleepe, and silent ly?
 What booteth then the good and righteous deed,
 If goodnesse find no grace, nor righteousnesse no meed?
 If good find grace, and righteousnesse reward, x
 Why then is *Amoret* in caytiue band,
 Sith that more bounteous creature neuer far'd
 On foot, vpon the face of liuing land?
 Or if that heauenly iustice may withstand
 The wrongfull outiage of vnrighteous men,
 Why then is *Busirane* with wicked hand
 Suffred, these seuen monethes day in secret den
 My Lady and my loue so cruelly to pen?

My Lady and my loue is cruelly pend

xi

In dolefull darkenesse from the vew of day,
 Whilest deadly torments do hei chast brest rend,
 And the sharpe steele doth rive hei hart in tway,
 All for she *Scudamore* will not deny
 Yet thou vile man, vile *Scudamore* art sound,
 Ne canst her ayde, ne canst her foe dismay,
 Vnworthy wretch to tread vpon the ground,
 For whom so faire a Lady feesles so sore a wound

There an huge heape of singultes did oppresse

xii

His struggling soule, and swelling throbs empeach
 His foltring tounge with pangs of drerinesse,
 Choking the remnant of his plaintife speach,
 As if his dayes were come to their last reach
 Which when she heard, and saw the ghastly fit,
 Threatning into his life to make a breach,
 Both with great ruth and teriour she was smit,
 Fearing least from her cage the wearie soule would flit

Tho stooping downe she him amoued light,

xiii

Who therewith somewhat starting, vp gan looke,
 And seeing him behind a straunger knight,
 Whereas no liuing creature he mistooke,
 With great indignaunce he that sight forsooke,
 And downe againe himselfe disdainefully
 Abiecting, th'earth with his faire forehead strooke
 Which the bold Virgin seeing, gan apply
 Fit medicine to his grieve, and spake thus courtesly

Ah gentle knight, whose deepe conceaued grieve

xiv

Well seemes t'exceede the powre of patience,
 Yet if that heauenly grace some good reliefe
 You send, submit you to high prouidence,
 And euer in your noble hart prepense,
 That all the sorrow in the world is lesse,
 Then vertues might, and values confidence,
 For who nill bide the burden of distresse,
 Must not here thinke to liue for life is wretchednesse.

xi i cruel' 1609

xii i singulfes 1590, 1596

xiv i cencerued 1596

Therefore, faire Sir, do comfort to you take, xv
And freely read, what wicked felon so
Hath outrag'd you, and thrald your gentle make
Perhaps this hand may helpe to ease your woe,
And wreake your sorrow on your cruell foe,
At least it faire endeuour will apply
Those feeling wordes so neare the quicke did goe,
That vp his head he reared easily,
And leaning on his elbow, these few wordes let fly
What boots it plaine, that cannot be redrest, xvi
And sow vaine sorrow in a fruitlesse eare,
Sith powre of hand, nor skill of learned brest,
Ne worldly price cannot redeeme my deare,
Out of her thraldome and continuall feare?
For he the tyraunt, which her hath in ward
By strong enchauntments and blacke Magicke leare,
Hath in a dungeon deepe her close embard,
And many dreadfull feends hath pointed to her gard
There he tormenteth her most terribly, xvii
And day and night afflicts with mortall paine,
Because to yield him loue she doth deny,
Once to me yold, not to be yold againe
But yet by torture he would her constraine
Loue to conceiue in her disdainfull brest,
Till so she do, she must in doole remaine,
Ne may by liuing meanes be thence relest
What boots it then to plaine, that cannot be redrest?
With this sad hersall of his heauy stresse, xviii
The warlike Damzell was empassiond sore,
And said, Sir knight, your cause is nothing lesse,
Then is your sorrow, certes if not more,
For nothing so much pittie doth implore,
As gentle Ladies helplesse misery
But yet, if please ye listen to my lore,
I will with prooffe of last extremity,
Deliuie her fro thence, or with her for you dy.

Ah gentlest knight alieue, (said *Scudamore*)

xix

What huge heroicke magnanimity

Dwels in thy bounteous brest? what couldst thou more,

If she were thine, and thou as now am I?

O spare thy happy dayes, and them apply

To better boot, but let me dye, that ought,

More is more losse one is enough to dy

Life is not lost, (said she) for which is bought

Endlesse renowm, that more then death is to be sought

Thus she at length perswaded him to rise,

xx

And with her wend, to see what new successe

Mote him befall vpon new enterprize,

His aimes, which he had vowed to disprofesse,

She gathered vp and did about him dresse,

And his forwandred steed vnto him got

So forth they both yfere make their progresse,

And march not past the mountenaunce of a shot,

Till they arriu'd, whereas their purpose they did plot

There they dismounting, drew their weapons bold

xxi

And stoutly came vnto the Castle gate,

Whereas no gate they found, them to withhold,

Nor ward to wait at morne and euening late,

But in the Porch, that did them sore amate,

A flaming fire, ymixt with smouldry smoke,

And stinking Sulphure, that with griesly hate

And dreadfull horiour did all entraunce choke,

Enforced them their forward footing to reuoke

Greatly thereat was *Britomart* dismayd,

xxii

Ne in that stownd wist, how her selfe to beare,

For daunger vaine it were, to haue assayd

That cruell element, which all things feare,

Ne none can suffer to approchen neare

And turning backe to *Scudamour*, thus sayd,

What monstrous enmity prouoke we heare,

Foolhardy as th'Earthes children, the which made

Battell against the Gods? so we a God inuade

xix 9 death] life *conj. Jortin* xx 6 for wandred 1596

xxii 8 th'Earthes] the Earthes 1590 the which] which 1590

Daunger without discretion to attempt, xxiii
 Inglorious and beastlike is therefore Sir knight,
 Aread what course of you is safest dempt,
 And how we with our foe may come to fight
 This is (quoth he) the dolorous despight,
 Which earst to you I playnd for neither may
 This fire be quencht by any wit or might,
 Ne yet by any meanes remou'd away,
 So mighty be th'enchautments, which the same do stay
 What is there else, but cease these fruitlesse paines, xxiv
 And leaue me to my former languishing?
 Faire *Amoret* must dwell in wicked chaines,
 And *Scudamore* here dye with sorrowing
 Perdy not so, (said she) for shamefull thing
 It were t'abandon noble cheuisaunce,
 For shew of perill, without venturing
 Rather let try extremities of chaunce,
 Then enterprised prayse for dread to disauaunce
 Therewith resolu'd to proue her vtmost might, xxv
 Her ample shield she threw before her face,
 And her swords point directing forward right,
 Assayld the flame, the which eftsoones gaue place,
 And did it selfe diuide with equall space,
 That through she passed, as a thunder bolt
 Perceth the yielding ayre, and doth displace
 The soring clouds into sad showres ymolt,
 So to her yold the flames, and did their force reuolt
 Whom whenas *Scudamour* saw past the fire, xxvi
 Safe and vntoucht, he likewise gan assay,
 With greedy will, and enuious desire,
 And bad the stubborne flames to yield him way
 But cruell *Mulciber* would not obay
 His threatfull pride, but did the more augment
 His mighty rage, and with imperious sway
 Him forst (maulgre) his fiercenesse to relent,
 And backe retire, all scorcht and pitifully brent.

xxiii 3 dempt 1590 5 is om 1596 xxiv 2 languishing, 1596

xxv 7 Perceth 1609 xxvi 7 with om 1596 and his 1609

With huge impatience he inly swelt, xxvii
 More for great sorrow, that he could not pas,
 Then for the burning torment, which he felt,
 That with fell woodnesse he effierced was,
 And wilfully him throwing on the gras,
 Did beat and bounse his head and brest full soie,
 The whiles the Championesse now entred has
 The vtmost rowme, and past the foimest doie,
 The vtmost rowme, abounding with all precious stoe
 For round about, the wals yclothed were xxviii
 With goodly arras of great maesty,
 Wouen with gold and silke so close and nere,
 That the rich metall lurked priuily,
 As faining to be hid from enuious eye,
 Yet here, and there, and euery where vnwares
 It shewd it selfe, and shone vnwillingly,
 Like a discolourd Snake, whose hidden snaies
 Through the greene grass his long bright burnisht backe declares
 And in those Tapets weren fashioned xxix
 Many faire pourtraicts, and many a faire feate,
 And all of loue, and all of lusty-hed,
 As seemed by their semblaunt did entreat,
 And eke all *Cupids* waires they did repeate,
 And cruell battels, which he whilome fought
 Gainst all the Gods, to make his empire great,
 Besides the huge massacres, which he wrought
 On mighty kings and kesais, into thialdome brought
 Therein was writ, how often thundring *Ioue* xxx
 Had felt the point of his hart-percing dart,
 And leauing heauens kingdome, here did ioue
 In straunge disguise, to slake his scalding smart;
 Now like a Ram, faire *Helle* to peruart,
 Now like a Bull, *Europa* to withdraw
 Ah, how the fearefull Ladies tender hart
 Did liuely seeme to tremble, when she saw
 The huge seas vnder her t'obay her seruants law
 xxvii 7 entred] decked 1590 8 formost 1609 xxviii 8 Like] Like
 to 1590 9 Throgh 1609

Soone after that into a golden showre

xxxix

Him selfe he chaung'd faire *Danae* to vew,
 And through the roofe of her strong brasen towre
 Did raine into her lap an hony dew,
 The whiles her foolish garde, that little knew
 Of such deceit, kept th'yr on dore fast bard,
 And watcht, that none should enter nor issew,
 Vaine was the watch, and bootlesse all the ward,
 Whenas the God to golden hew him selfe transfard

Then was he turnd into a snowy Swan,

xxxix

To win faire *Leda* to his louely trade
 O wondrous skill, and sweet wit of the man,
 That her in daffadillies sleeping made,
 From scorching heat her daintie limbes to shade
 Whiles the proud Bird ruffing his fethers wyde,
 And brushing his faire brest, did her inuade,
 She slept, yet twixt her eyelids closely spyde,

How towards her he rusht, and smiled at his pryde

Then shewd it, how the *Thebane Semelee*

xxxix

Decei'd of gealous *Iuno*, did require
 To see him in his soueraigne maiestee,
 Armd with his thunderbolts and lightning fire,
 Whence dearely she with death bought her desire
 But faire *Alcmena* better match did make,
 Ioying his loue in likenesse more entire,
 Three nights in one, they say, that for her sake

He then did put, her pleasures lenger to partake

Twise was he seene in soaring Eagles shape,

xxxix

And with wide wings to beat the buxome ayre,
 Once, when he with *Asterie* did scape,
 Againe, when as the *Troiane* boy so faire
 He snatcht from *Ida* hill, and with him bare
 Wondrous delight it was, there to behould,
 How the rude Shepheards after him did stare,
 Trembling through feare, least down he fallen should,
 And often to him calling, to take surer hould.

xxxix 9 her] his 1609

xxxix 8 should 1590, 1596

In *Satyres* shape *Antiope* he snatcht xxxv
 And like a fire, when he *Aegin'* assayd
 A shepheard, when *Mnemosyne* he catcht
 And like a Serpent to the *Thracian* mayd
 Whiles thus on earth great *Ioue* these pageaunts playd,
 The winged boy did thrust into his thione,
 And scoffing, thus vnto his mother sayd,
 Lo now the heauens obey to me alone,
 And take me for their *Ioue*, whiles *Ioue* to earth is gone
 And thou, faire *Phæbus*, in thy colours bright xxxvi
 Wast there enwouen, and the sad distiesse,
 In which that boy thee plonged, for despight,
 That thou bewray'dst his mothers wantonnesse,
 When she with *Mars* was meynt in ioyfulnesse
 For thy he thrild thee with a leaden dait,
 To loue faire *Daphne*, which thee loued lesse
 Lesse she thee lou'd, then was thy iust desait,
 Yet was thy loue her death, and her death was thy smait
 So louedst thou the lusty *Hyacinth*, xxxvii
 So louedst thou the faire *Coronis* deare
 Yet both are of thy haplesse hand extinct,
 Yet both in flowres do lue, and loue thee beare,
 The one a Pounce, the other a sweet breare
 For grieve whereof, ye mote haue liuely seene
 The God himselfe rending his golden heare,
 And breaking quite his gyrlond euer greene,
 With other signes of sorrow and impatient teene -
 Both for those two, and for his owne deare sonne, xxxviii
 The sonne of *Clumene* he did repent,
 Who bold to guide the charet of the Sunne,
 Himselfe in thousand peeces fondly rent,
 And all the world with flashing fier brent,
 So like, that all the walles did seeme to flame.
 Yet cruell *Cupid*, not herewith content,
 Forst him eftsoones to follow other game,
 And loue a Shepheards daughter for his dearest Dame

He loued *Isse* for his dearest Dame, xxxix
 And for her sake her cattell fed a while,
 And for her sake a cowheard vile became,
 The seruant of *Admetus* cowheard vile,
 Whiles that from heauen he suffered exile
 Long were to tell each other louely fit,
 Now like a Lyon, hunting after spoile,
 Now like a Stag, now like a faulcon flit
 All which in that faire arras was most liuely writ
 Next vnto him was *Neptune* pictured, xl
 In his diuine resemblance wondrous lyke
 His face was rugged, and his hoarie hed
 Dropped with brackish deaw, his three-forkt Pyke
 He stearnly shooke, and therewith fierce did stryke
 The raging billowes, that on euery syde
 They tiembling stood, and made a long broad dyke,
 That his swift charet might haue passage wyde,
 Which foure great *Hippodames* did draw in temewise tyde
 His sea-horses did seeme to snort amayne, xli
 And from their nosethilles blow the brynie streame,
 That made the sparckling waues to smoke agayne,
 And flame with gold, but the white fomy creame,
 Did shine with siluer, and shoot forth his beame
 The God himselfe did pensiue seeme and sad,
 And hong adowne his head, as he did dreame
 For priuy loue his brest empierced had,
 Ne ought but deare *Bisaltus* ay could make him glad
 He loued eke *Iphimeia* deare, xlii
 And *Aeolus* faire daughter *Arne* hight,
 For whom he tuind him selfe into a Steare,
 And fed on fodder, to beguile her sight
 Also to win *Deucalions* daughter bright,
 He turnd him selfe into a Dolphin fayre,
 And like a winged horse he tooke his flight,
 To snaky-locke *Medusa* to repayre,
 On whom he got faire *Pegasus*, that flitteth in the ayre

xxxix 6 each] his 1590 8 Stag conj Jortin Hag 1590 &c

xlii 6 Hei 1609 8 snaly 1596

Next *Saturne* was, (but who would euer weene,
 That sullen *Saturne* euer weend to loue?
 Yet loue is sulle n, and *Saturnlike* seene,
 As he did for *Erigone* it proue,)
 That to a *Centaure* did him selfe transmoue
 So proou'd it eke that gracious God of wine,
 When for to compasse *Phyllis* hard loue,
 He turnd himselfe into a fruitfull vine,
 And into her faire bosome made his grapes decline
 Long were to tell the amorous assayes,
 And gentle pangues, with which he maked meeke
 The mighty *Mars*, to leaine his wanton playes
 How oft for *Venus*, and how often eek
 For many other Nymphes he sore did shieek,
 With womanish teares, and with vnwailike smarts,
 Priuily moystening his horrid cheek
 There was he painted full of burning daits,
 And many wide woundes launched through his inner parts
 Ne did he spaie (so cruell was the Elfe)
 His owne deare mother, (ah why should he so?)
 Ne did he spaie sometime to pricke himselfe,
 That he might tast the sweet consuming woe,
 Which he had wrought to many others moe
 But to declare the mounifull Tragedyes,
 And spoiles, wherewith he all the ground did strow,
 More eath to number, with how many eyes
 High heauen beholds sad loueis nightly theeueryes
 Kings Queenes, Lords Ladies, Knights and Damzels gent
 Were heap'd together with the vulgai sort,
 And mingled with the raskall rablement,
 Without respect of person or of port,
 To shew Dan *Cupids* powre and great effort
 And round about a border was entrayld,
 Of broken bowes and arrowes shiuered short,
 And a long bloudy riuier through them rayld,
 So liuely and so like, that liuing sence it fayld

xlii 4 proue] 1596

xlii 9 inner] inward 1609 parts, 1596

xlv 2 so' 1596

And at the vpper end of that faire rowme, xlii

There was an Altar built of pretious stone,
Of passing vaw, and of great renowne,
On which there stood an Image all alone,
Of massy gold, which with his owne light shone,
And wings it had with sundry colours dight,
More sundry colours, then the proud *Pauone*
Beares in his boasted fan, or *Iris* bright,

When her discoloured bow she spreads through heauen bright

Blindfold he was, and in his cruell fist xliii

A mortall bow and arrowes keene did hold,
With which he shot at randon, when him list,
Some headed with sad lead, some with pure gold,
(Ah man beware, how thou those darts behold)
A wounded Dragon vnder him did ly,
Whose hideous tayle his left foot did enfold,
And with a shaft was shot through either eye,

That no man forth might draw, ne no man remedye

And vnderneath his feet was written thus, xliv

Vnto the Victor of the Gods thus bee
And all the people in that ample hous
Did to that image bow their humble knee,
And oft committed fowle Idolatree
That wondrous sight faire *Britomart* amazed,
Ne seeing could her wonder satisfie,
But euermore and more vpon it gazed,

The whiles the passing brightnes her fraile senses dazed

Tho as she backward cast her busie eye, 1

To search each secret of that goodly sted,
Ouer the dore thus written she did spye
Be bold she oft and oft it ouer-red,
Yet could not find what sence it figured
But what so were therein or writ or ment,
She was no whit thereby discouraged
From prosecuting of her first intent,

But forward with bold steps into the next roome went.

xlvi 9 heauens hight *cony Church* xlviii 7 ensold 1596 xlix 8 euer
more 1609 1 2 sted 1590, 1596

Much fairer, then the former, was that roome, li
 And richlier by many partes arayd
 For not with arias made in painefull loome,
 But with pure gold it all was ouerlayd,
 Wrought with wilde Antickes, which then follies playd,
 In the rich metall, as they liuing were
 A thousand monstrous formes therein were made,
 Such as false loue doth oft vpon him weare,
 For loue in thousand monstrous formes doth oft appeare
 And all about, the glistring walles were hong lii
 With warlike spoiles, and with victorious prayes,
 Of mighty Conquerours and Captaines strong,
 Which were whilome captiued in their dayes
 To cruell loue, and wrought their owne decayes
 Their swerds and speres were broke, and hauberques rent,
 And their proud girlonds of tryumphant bayes
 Troden in dust with fury insolent,
 To shew the victors might and mercilesse intent
 The warlike Mayde beholding earnestly liii
 The goodly ordinance of this rich place,
 Did greatly wonder, ne could satisfie
 Her greedy eyes with gazing a long space,
 But more she meruaild that no footings trace,
 Nor wight appear'd, but wastefull emptinesse,
 And solemne silence ouer all that place
 Stiaunge thing it seem'd, that none was to possesse
 So rich purueyance, ne them keepe with carefulnesse
 And as she lookt about, she did behold, liiv
 How ouer that same dore was likewise writ,
Be bold, be bold, and euery where *Be bold*,
 That much she muz'd, yet could not construe it
 By any ridling skill, or commune wit
 At last she spyde at that roomes vpper end,
 Another yron dore, on which was writ,
Be not too bold, whereto though she did bend
 Her earnest mind, yet wist not what it might intend.

li 8 weare? 1596

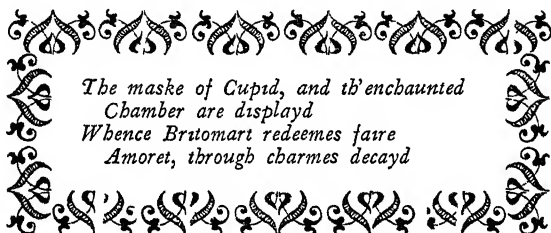
lii 6 swords 1609

liii 3 wonder 1596

Thus she there waited vntill euentide,
 Yet liuing creature none she saw appeare
 And now sad shadowes gan the world to hyde,
 From mortall vew, and wrap in darkenesse dreare,
 Yet nould she d'off her weary armes, for feare
 Of secret daunger, ne let sleepe oppresse
 Her heauy eyes with natures burdein deare,
 But drew her selfe aside in sickernesse,
 And her welpointed weapons did about her dresse

1v

Cant. XII.



THo when as chearelesse Night ycouered had
 Faire heauen with an vniuersall cloud,
 That euery wight dismayd with darknesse sad,
 In silence and in sleepe themselues did shroud,
 She heard a shrilling Trompet sound aloud,
 Signe of nigh battell, or got victory,
 Nought therewith daunted was her courage proud,
 But rather stird to cruell enmity,

1

Expecting euer, when some foe she might descry
 With that, an hideous storme of winde arose,
 With dreadfull thunder and lightning atwixt,
 And an earth-quake, as if it streight would lose
 The worlds foundations from his centre fixt,
 A direfull stench of smoke and sulphure mixt
 Ensewd, whose noyance fild the fearefull sted,
 From the fourth houre of night vntill the sixt,
 Yet the bold *Britonesse* was nought ydred,
 Though much emmou'd, but stedfast still perseuered

11

All suddenly a stormy whulwind blew 111
 Throughout the house, that clapped euery dore,
 With which that yron wicket open flew,
 As it with mightie leuers had bene tore
 And forth issewd, as on the ready floie
 Of some Theatre, a graue personage,
 That in his hand a branch of lauell bore,
 With comely haucour and count'nance sage,
 Yclad in costly gaiments, fit for tragicke Stage
 Proceeding to the midst, he still did stand, 11v
 As if in mind he somewhat had to say,
 And to the vulgai beckning with his hand,
 In signe of silence, as to heare a play,
 By liuely actions he gan bewray
 Some argument of matter passioned,
 Which doen, he backe retyred soft away,
 And passing by, his name discovered,
Ease, on his robe in golden letters cyphered
 The noble Mayd, still standing all this vewd, v
 And merueild at his strange intendment,
 With that a ioyous fellowship issewd
 Of Minstrals, making goodly meriment,
 With wanton Bardes, and Rymers impudent,
 All which together sung full cheaiefully
 A lay of loues delight, with sweet concent
 After whom marcht a iolly company,
 In manner of a maske, enranged orderly.
 The whiles a most delitious harmony, vi
 In full straunge notes was sweetly heard to sound,
 That the rare sweetnesse of the melody
 The feeble senses wholly did confound,
 And the fraile soule in deepe delight nigh dround
 And when it ceast, shrill trompets loud did bray,
 That their report did farre away rebound,
 And when they ceast, it gan againe to play,
 The whiles the maskers marched forth in trim aray.

The first was *Fancy*, like a louely boy,
 Of rare aspect, and beautie without peare;
 Matchable either to that ympe of *Troy*,
 Whom *Ioue* did loue, and chose his cup to beare,
 Or that same daintie lad, which was so deare
 To great *Alcides*, that when as he dyde,
 He wailed womanlike with many a teare,
 And euery wood, and euery valley wyde
 He fild with *Hylas* name, the Nymphes eke *Hylas* cryde

vii

His garment neither was of silke nor say,
 But painted plumes, in goodly order dight,
 Like as the sunbunt *Indians* do aray
 Their tawney bodies, in their proudest plight
 As those same plumes, so seemd he vaine and light,
 That by his gate might easily appeare,
 For still he far'd as dauncing in delight,
 And in his hand a windy fan did beare,
 That in the idle aie he mou'd still here and there

viii

And him beside marcht amorous *Desyre*,
 Who seemd of riper yeares, then th'other Swaine,
 Yet was that other swayne this elders syre,
 And gaue him being, commune to them twaine
 His garment was disguised very vaine,
 And his embrodered Bonet sat awry,
 Twixt both his hands few sparkes he close did straine,
 Which still he blew, and kindled busily,
 That soone they life conceiu'd, and forth in flames did fly

ix

Next after him went *Doubt*, who was yclad
 In a discolour'd cote, of straunge disguyse,
 That at his backe a brode Capuccio had,
 And sleeues dependant *Albanese*-wyse
 He lookt askew with his mistrustfull eyes,
 And nicely trode, as thornes lay in his way,
 Or that the flore to shrinke he did auyse,
 And on a broken reed he still did stay
 His feeble steps, which shrunke, when hard theron he lay

x

vii 3 ethei 1590 8 wood,] word, 1590 viii 1 nethei 1590
 ix 3 other] others 1590, 1596

With him went *Daunger*, cloth'd in ragged weed, xi
 Made of Beares skin, that him more dreadfull made,
 Yet his owne face was dreadfull, ne did need
 Straunge horiour, to deforme his griesly shade,
 A net in th'one hand, and a rustie blade
 In th'other was, this Mischiefe, that Mishap,
 With th'one his foes he threatned to inuade,
 With th'other he his friends ment to enwiap
 For whom he could not kill, he practis'd to entrap

Next him was *Feare*, all arm'd from top to toe, xii
 Yet thought himselfe not safe enough thereby,
 But feard each shadow mouing to and fro,
 And his owne armes when glittering he did spy,
 Or clashing heard, he fast away did fly,
 As ashes pale of hew, and wingyheeld,
 And euermore on daunger fixt his eye,
 Gaunst whom he alwaies bent a brasen shield,
 Which his right hand vnarmed fearefully did wield

With him went *Hope* in rancke, a handsome Mayd, xiii
 Of chearefull looke and louely to behold;
 In silken samite she was light arayd,
 And hei faire lockes were wouen vp in gold,
 She alway smyld, and in hei hand did hold
 An holy water Sprinckle, dipt in deowe,
 With which she sprinckled fauours manifold,
 On whom she list, and did great liking sheowe,
 Great liking vnto many, but true loue to feowe

And after them *Dissemblance*, and *Suspect* xiv
 Marcht in one rancke, yet an vnequall paire
 For she was gentle, and of milde aspect,
 Courteous to all, and seeming debonaire,
 Goodly adorned, and exceeding faire
 Yet was that all but painted, and purloynd,
 And her bright browes were deckt with borrowed haire
 Her deedes were forged, and her words false coynd,
 And alwaies in her hand two clewes of silke she twynd

But he was foule, ill fauoured, and grim,
 Vnder his eyebrowes looking still askaunce,
 And euer as *Dissemblance* laught on him,
 He lowrd on her with daungeious eyeglaunce,
 Shewing his nature in his countenance;
 His rolling eyes did neuer rest in place,
 But walkt each where, for feare of hid mischaunce,
 Holding a lattice still before his face,
 Through which he still did peepe, as forward he did pace

xv

Next him went *Griefe*, and *Fury* matcht yfere,
Griefe all in sable sorrowfully clad,
 Downe hanging his dull head, with heauy chere,
 Yet inly being more, then seeming sad
 A paire of Pincers in his hand he had,
 With which he pinched people to the hart,
 That from thenceforth a wretched life they lad,
 In wilfull languor and consuming smart,
 Dying each day with inward wounds of dolours dart

xvi

But *Fury* was full ill appareled
 In rags, that naked nigh she did appeare,
 With ghastly lookes and dreadfull drented,
 For from her backe her garments she did teare,
 And from her head oft rent her snarled heare
 In her right hand a firebrand she did tosse
 About her head, still roming here and there,
 As a dismayed Deare in chace embost,
 Forgetfull of his safety, hath his right way lost

xvii

After them went *Displeasure* and *Pleasance*,
 He looking lompish and full sullein sad,
 And hanging downe his heauy countenance,
 She chearefull fresh and full of ioyance glad,
 As if no sorrow she ne felt ne drad,
 That euill matched paire they seemd to bee
 An angry Waspe th'one in a viall had
 Th'other in hers an hony-lady Bee,
 Thus marched these sixe couples forth in faire degree

xviii

xvii 6 a fierbrand she tost *cony Church* xviii 5 dread 1590 8 hony-laden *Morris*

After all these there maicht a most faire Dame, xix
 Led of two gysie villeins, th'one *Despight*,
 The othei cleped *Cruelty* by name
 She dolefull Lady, like a dreary Spright,
 Cald by strong charmes out of eternall night,
 Had deathes owne image figurd in her face,
 Full of sad signes, fearefull to liuing sight,
 Yet in that horror shewd a seemely grace,
 And with her feeble feet did moue a comely pace
 Her brest all naked, as net iuory, xx
 Without adorne of gold or siluer bright,
 Wherewith the Craftesman wons it beautify,
 Of her dew honour was despoyled quight,
 And a wide wound therein (O ruefull sight)
 Entienched deepe with knife accursed keene,
 Yet freshly bleeding forth her fainting spright,
 (The worke of cruell hand) was to be seene,
 That dyde in sanguine red her skin all snowy cleene
 At that wide orifice her trembling hair xxi
 Was drawne forth, and in siluer basin layd,
 Quite through transfixed with a deadly dart,
 And in her bloud yet steeming fiesh embayd
 And those two villeins, which her steps vpstayd,
 When her weake feete could scaicely hei sustaine,
 And fading vitall powers gan to fade,
 Her forward still with torture did constraene,
 And euermore encreased her consuming paine
 Next after her the winged God himselfe xxii
 Came riding on a Lion rauenuous,
 Taught to obay the menage of that Elfe,
 That man and beast with powre imperious
 Subdeweth to his kingdome tyrannous
 His blindfold eyes he bad a while vnbind,
 That his proud spoyle of that same dolorous
 Faire Dame he might behold in perfect kind,
 Which seene, he much reioyced in his cruell mind.

xxi 7 fading] failing cony Church 8 still | skill 1590

xxii 5 knigdome 1596

Of which full proud, himselfe vp rearing hye,
 He looked round about with sterne disdaine,
 And did suruay his goodly company
 And marshalling the euill ordered traine,
 With that the darts which his right hand did straine,
 Full dreadfully he shooke that all did quake,
 And clapt on hie his coulourd winges twaine,
 That all his many it affraide did make
 Tho blinding him againe, his way he forth did take

xxiii

Behinde him was *Reproch*, *Repentance*, *Shame*,
Reproch the first, *Shame* next, *Repent* behind
Repentance feeble, sorrowfull, and lame
Reproch despightfull, carelesse, and vnkind,
Shame most ill fauourd, bestiall, and blind
Shame lowrd, *Repentance* sigh'd, *Reproch* did scould,
Reproch sharpe stings, *Repentance* whips entwind,
Shame buining brond-yions in her hand did hold
 All three to each vnlike, yet all made in one mould

xxiv

And after them a rude confused rout
 Of persons flockt, whose names is hard to read
 • Emongst them was sterne *Strife*, and *Anger* stout,
 Vnquiet *Care*, and fond *Vnthrifthead*,
 Lewd *Losse of Time*, and *Sorrow* seeming dead,
 Inconstant *Chaunge*, and false *Disloyaltie*,
 Consuming *Riotse*, and guilty *Dread*
 Of heauenly vengeance, faint *Infirmite*,
 Vile • *Pouertie*, and lastly *Death* with infamie

xxv

There were full many moe like maladies,
 Whose names and natures I note readen well,
 So many moe, as there be phantasies
 In waueing wemens wit, that none can tell,
 Or paines in loue, or punishments in hell,
 All which disguised marcht in masking wise,
 About the chamber with that Damozell,
 And then returned, hauing marched thrise,
 Into the inner roome, from whence they first did rise

xxvi

xxiii 5 ight did 1590, 1596. corr F E xxvi 6 All] And 1596,
 1609 7 with that] by the 1590

So soone as they were in, the dore streight way xxvii
 Fast locked, driuen with that stormy blast,
 Which first it opened, and bore all away
 Then the braue Maid, which all this while was plast
 In secret shade, and saw both first and last,
 Issewed forth, and went vnto the dore,
 To enter in, but found it locked fast
 It vaine she thought with rigorous vpore
 For to efforce, when charmes had closed it afore
 Where force might not auaile, there sleights and art xxviii
 She cast to vse, both fit for hauid emprize,
 For thy from that same roome not to depart
 Till morrow next, she did her selfe auize,
 When that same Maske againe should forth arise
 The morrow next appeared with ioyous cheare,
 Calling men to their daily exercise,
 Then she, as morrow fresh, her selfe did reare
 Out of her secret stand, that day for to out weare
 All that day she outwore in wandering, xxix
 And gazing on that Chambers ornament,
 Till that againe the second euening
 Her couered with her sable vestiment,
 Wherewith the worlds faire beautie she hath blent
 Then when the second watch was almost past,
 That brasen dore flew open, and in went
 Bold *Britomart*, as she had late forecast,
 Neither of idle shewes, nor of false charmes aghast
 So soone as she was entred, round about xxx
 She cast her eies, to see what was become
 Of all those persons, which she saw without
 But lo, they streight were vanisht all and some,
 Ne liuing wight she saw in all that roome,
 Saue that same woefull Ladie, both whose hands
 Were bounden fast, that did her ill become,
 And her small wast girt round with yron bands,
 Vnto a brasen pillour, by the which she stands

xxvii 3 and bore all away] nothing did remayne 1590 4 plast, 1590, 1596
 xxviii 1 there] their 1590, 1596 xxix 9 shewes 1590

And her before the vile Enchaunter sate,
 Figuring straunge characters of his art,
 With liuing bloud he those characters wrate,
 Dreadfully dropping from her dying hart,
 Seeming transfixed with a cruell dart,
 And all perforce to make her him to loue
 Ah who can loue the worker of her smart?
 A thousand charmes he formerly did proue,
 Yet thousand charmes could not her stedfast heart remoue

xxx1

Soone as that virgin knight he saw in place,
 His wicked bookes in hast he ouerthrew,
 Not caring his long labours to deface,
 And fiercely ronning to that Lady trew,
 A murdrous knife out of his pocket drew,
 The which he thought, for villeinous despight,
 In her tormented bodie to embrew
 But the stout Damzell to him leaping light,
 His cursed hand withheld, and maistered his might

xxx11

From her, to whom his fury first he ment,
 The wicked weapon rashly he did wrest,
 And turning to her selfe his fell intent,
 Vnwares it strooke into her snowie chest,
 That little drops empurpled her faire brest
 Exceeding wroth therewith the virgin grew,
 Albe the wound were nothing deepe imprest,
 And fiercely forth her mortall blade she drew,
 To giue him the reward for such vile outrage dew

xxx111

So mightily she smote him, that to ground
 He fell halfe dead, next stroke him should haue slaine,
 Had not the Lady, which by him stood bound,
 Dernely vnto her called to abstaine,
 From doing him to dy For else her paine
 Should be remedillesse, sith none but hee,
 Which wrought it, could the same recure againe
 Therewith she stayd her hand, loth stayd to bee,
 For life she him enuyde, and long'd reuenge to see

xxxiv

xxx1 3 wrote 1609 xxxiii 3 her selfe] the next 1590

xxxiv 4 her] him 1590, 1596

And to him said, Thou wicked man, whose meed xxxv
 For so huge mischiefe, and vile villany
 Is death, or if that ought do death exceed,
 Be sure, that nought may saue thee from to dy,
 But if that thou this Dame doe presently
 Restore vnto hei health, and former state,
 This doe and liue, else die vndoubtedly
 He glad of life, that lookt for death but late,
 Did yield himselfe right willing to prolong his date
 And rising vp, gan streight to ouerlooke xxxvi
 Those cursed leaues, his chaimes backe to reuerse,
 Full dreadfull things out of that balefull booke
 He red, and measur'd many a sad verse,
 That horror gan the virgins hart to perse,
 And her faire locks vp stared stiffe on end,
 Hearing him those same bloody lines iherse,
 And all the while he red, she did extend
 Her sword high ouer him, if ought he did offend
 Anon she gan perceiue the house to quake, xxxvii
 And all the dores to rattle round about,
 Yet all that did not her dismaied make,
 Nor slacke her threatfull hand for daungers dout,
 But still with stedfast eye and courage stout
 Abode, to weet what end would come of all
 At last that mightie chaine, which round about
 Her tender waste was wound, adowne gan fall,
 And that great brasen pillour broke in peeces small
 The cruell steele, which thild her dying hart, xxxviii
 Fell softly forth, as of his owne accord,
 And the wyde wound, which lately did dispart
 Her bleeding brest, and ruen bowels gor'd,
 Was closed vp, as it had not bene bor'd,
 And euery part to safety full sound,
 As she were neuer hurt, was soone restor'd
 Tho when she felt her selfe to be vnbound,
 And perfect hole, prostrate she fell vnto the ground.

Before faire *Britomart*, she fell prostrate,
 Saying, Ah noble knight, what worthy meed
 Can wretched Lady, quit from wofull state,
 Yield you in liew of this your gracious deed?
 Your vertue selfe her owne reward shall breed,
 Euen immortall praise, and glory wyde,
 Which I your vassall, by your prowesse freed,
 Shall through the world make to be notifyde,
 And goodly well aduance, that goodly well was tryde
 But *Britomart* vprearing her from ground, xi
 Said, Gentle Dame, reward enough I weene
 For many labours more, then I haue found,
 This, that in safety now I haue you seene,
 And meane of your deliuerance haue beene
 Henceforth faire Lady comfort to you take,
 And put away remembrance of late teene,
 In stead thereof know, that your louing Make,
 Hath no lesse grieve endured for your gentle sake.
 She much was cheard to heare him mentiond, xii
 Whom of all liuing wights she loued best
 Then laid the noble Championesse strong hond
 Vpon th'enchauter, which had her distrest
 So sore, and with foule outrages opprest
 With that great chaine, wherewith not long ygo
 He bound that pitteous Lady prisoner, now relest,
 Himselfe she bound, more worthy to be so,
 And captiue with her led to wretchednesse and wo
 Returning backe, those goodly roomes, which erst xiii
 She saw so rich and Royally arayd,
 Now vanisht vtterly, and cleane subuerst
 She found, and all their glory quite decayd,
 That sight of such a chaunge her much dismayd
 Thence forth descending to that perlous Porch,
 Those dreadfull flames she also found delayd,
 And quenched quite, like a consumed torch,
 That erst all entlers wont so cruelly to scorch

xlii 2 She] He 1590 4 She] He 1590 corr F E 5 her] him
 1590 corr F E

More easie issew now, then entrance late xliii
 She found for now that fained dreadfull flame,
 Which chokt the porch of that enchaunted gate,
 And passage bard to all, that thither came,
 Was vanisht quite, as it were not the same,
 And gaue her leaue at pleasure forth to passe.
 Th'Enchaunter selfe, which all that fraud did frame,
 To haue efforst the loue of that faire lasse,
 Seeing his worke now wasted deepe engrieued was
 But when the victoresse arriued there, xlii
 Where late she left the pensife *Scudamore*,
 With her owne trusty Squire, both full of feare,
 Neither of them she found where she them lore
 Thereat her noble hart was stonisht sore,
 But most faire *Amoret*, whose gentle spright
 Now gan to feede on hope, which she before
 Conceiued had, to see her owne deare knight,
 Being thereof beguyld was fild with new affright
 But he sad man, when he had long in drede xlii
 Awayted there for *Britomartis* returne,
 Yet saw her not nor signe of her good speed,
 His expectation to despaire did turne,
 Misdeeming sure that her those flames did burne;
 And therefore gan aduize with her old Squire,
 Who her deare nourslings losse no lesse did mourne,
 Thence to depart for further aide t'enquire
 Where let them wend at will, whilest here I doe respire.

Stanzas xliii-xlv were first inserted in the 1596 quarto, displacing the following stanzas which concluded Book III in the first edition

At last she came vnto the place, where late
She left Sir *Scudamour* in great distresse,
Twixt dolour and despight halfe desperate,
Of his loues succour, of his owne redresse,
And of the hardie *Britomarts* successe
There on the cold earth him now thrown she found,
In wilfull anguish, and dead heaunnesse,
And to him cald, whose voices knowen sound
Soone as he heard, himself he reared light from ground

There did he see, that most on earth him ioyd,
His dearest loue, the comfort of his dayes,
Whose too long absence him had sore annoyd,
And wearied his life with dull delayes
Straight he vpstart from the loathed layes,
And to her ran with hasty egernesse,
Like as a Deare, that greedily embayes
In the coole soile, after long thirstinesse,
Which he in chace endured hath, now nigh breathlesse

Lightly he clipt her twixt his armes twaine,
And streightly did embrace her body bright,
Her body, late the prison of sad paine,
Now the sweet lodge of loue and deare delight
But she faire Lady ouercommen quight
Of huge affection, did in pleasure melt,
And in sweete raushment pourd out her spright
No word they spake, nor earthly thing they felt,
But like two senceles stocks in long embracement dwelt

Had ye them seene, ye would haue surely thought,
That they had beene that faire *Hermaphrodite*,
Which that rich *Romane* of white marble wrought,
And in his costly Bath causd to bee site
So seemd those two, as growne together quite,
That *Britomart* halfe enuying their blesse,
Was much empassiond in her gentle sprite,
And to her selfe oft wisht like happinesse,
In vaine she wisht, that fate n'ould let her yet possesse

Thus doe those louers with sweet counteruayle,
Each other of loues bitter fruit despoile
But now my time begins to funt and tyle,
All woxen weary of their iournill toyle
Therefore I will their swettie vokes assoyle
At this same furrowes end, till a new day
And venture swains after your long turmoyle,
Now cease your worke, and at your pleasure play,
Now cease your worke, to morrow is in holy day